

# THE DISPATCH.

VOL. 7. NO. 24.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., NOVEMBER 14, 1900.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## Suits, Reefers, Ulsters, Overcoats.

Good Enough for the Rich. Cheap Enough for the Poor.

A magnificent range of Child's, Boys', Youths' and Men's Clothing, which we would commend to your careful consideration.

### John McLauchlan,

Woodstock's Up-to-date Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher.

## WE MUST SELL

and when you see our again REDUCED PRICES you will almost be forced to buy.

This store will be occupied by a new business concern the moment we leave it.

## OVERSHOES AND CAITERS,

New and First-Class stock at Rock Bottom. Much cheaper than wholesale.

## Heavy Boots and Rubber Boots

AWAY DOWN.

Men's and Boys' Shoes at a SACRIFICE.

SKATING BOOTS in Ladies' and Gents, at prices you will never see again.

## COX & GIBSON,

Main Street, Woodstock.

Next door above Bank of Nova Scotia.

SEE THE RECORD FOR '99.

## THE TEMPERANCE AND GENERAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

without a dollar of interest overdue, an unbroken record for 6 years.  
without a dollar's worth of real estate ever having been owned by the company.  
without ever having foreclosed a mortgage.  
with much stronger reserves than the law requires with a much larger new business than in any previous year.  
with the lowest death rate on record for so long a period in our Temperance Section of any company anywhere.  
with a premium income for '99 of \$215,755.57  
with an interest income of 27,212.20  
with an increase in total income of 30,263.10  
with an increase in assets of 127,291.44  
with total assets amounting to 794,505.66  
with an increase of 1,263 policies and 1,117 lives.  
with an increase of insurance in force of \$1,452,441

with insurance of \$7,265,469 under 6,593 policies on lives of total abstainers classed by themselves, with a new business applied for of \$2,966,836 with a total insurance in force of 9,436,800 with a death rate in our fourteen year of only \$5.00 for each \$1,000 of average risk carried during the year.  
with a record for care and economy unexcelled.  
with experience to show that abstainers are better risks than non-abstainers.  
with a recognized standing as the total abstainers company in Canada.  
Such has been our record. It is a record of steady, solid progress, and we are proud of it. Where is there a clearer record, or one that can beat it in any respect? Surely The T. & G. is the Best Company for the Best Risks.

T. A. LINDSAY,  
Special Agent, Woodstock, N. B.

E. R. MACHUM,  
Mgr. Maritime Provinces, St. John, N. B.

### Election and Declaration.

The Dominion Election, as far as Carleton County was concerned, was the hottest fight known in history, and Fred H. Hale the Conservative candidate defeated Frank B. Carvell, Liberal, by a majority of 259.

Mr. Hale spent election day at Fort Kent and Mr. Carvell at Grafton. On Mr. Hale's arrival in the evening he was met by a crowd of enthusiastic friend and the Woodstock Band who escorted him to the Opera House where they held a meeting.

Mr. Carvell's friends met him at the Liberal Club room where they solaced themselves with the news of a magnificent victory throughout the Dominion.

Declaration was held at the Court house on Saturday in the presence of a fairly large audience. After the formal proceedings were over Mr. Hale M. P., addressed the electors, thanking them heartily for the grand support they had given him. He looked upon the



F. H. HALE.

vote they had given him as a vindication of the course he had followed and he would work in their interest in the future as he had in the past. He felt deeply indebted to some places in particular for the support they had given him, namely, Northampton, the Town of Woodstock, Lower Woodstock, Lakeville. Any measures introduced into parliament for the benefit of the county Mr. Hale said he would support.

Mr. Carvell said he stood in a different position from Mr. Hale, but he thanked the 2400 men who had voted for him. He could not pick out any particular supporter whom he could thank more than others for all had worked with amazing energy. He thought the votes at Northampton and Lakeville could not be much gratification to Mr. Hale because the Liberals had made gains in both places over their votes at the last general election. The Liberal administration had a majority of about 60 votes in the house, and in referring to the canvas that the Liberals could not hold power without the French vote, Mr. Carvell said that leaving the Province of Quebec out of the count we still had a clear majority. The Conservatives had never found fault with the Quebec vote when they had it. It was only when Quebec became Liberal that the race cry arose. Before that the Conservatives thought a French vote as good as an English vote. The return of the Liberals to power was a final answer in Canada to that pernicious cry and he was glad of it, though he regretted that he had fallen by the way as a result of that cry. It was a remarkable thing that while not a prominent Liberal had been defeated in the election, not a prominent Conservative had been elected. He quoted the opinion of Hon. A. G. Blair that the next leader of the Conservative party was not in public life today.

The result for Carleton County by parishes is as follows:

POLLING PLACE	HALE	CARVELL
Woodstock—Town	406	252
North	45	59
South	180	124
Simonds	100	66
Wilmot	231	220
Richmond—Debec	109	133
Corner	87	115
Wakefield—Victoria Corner	48	89
Jacksonville	133	132
Wicklow—Front	117	118
Tracy's Mills	128	119
Brighton—Rockland—Carlisle	167	154
Hartland	131	165
Kent—Johnville	23	148
Bath	283	201
Northampton	156	132
Peel	181	85
Aberdeen—Glassville	121	94
Beaufort	57	49
Non-Residents	13	11
Total	2716	2457
Majority for Hale		259

The result in the Province of New Brunswick is as follows:

Albert—Lewis, Ind.  
Carleton—Hale, Con.  
Charlotte—Ganong, Con.  
Gloucester—Turgeon, Lib.  
Kent—LeBlanc, Lib.  
Kings—Fowler, Con.  
Northumberland—Robinson, Con.  
Queens and Sunbury—Wilmot, Con.  
Restigouche—Reid, Lib.  
St. John City—Blair, Lib.  
St. John City and County—Tucker, Lib.  
Victoria—Costigan, Lib.  
Westmorland—Emmerson, Lib.  
York—Gibson, Lib.

The general result in the Dominion of

Canada as nearly as can be ascertained at the present date is as follows:

	Lib.	Con.	Ind.
Ontario	33	52	3
Quebec	56	7	1
Nova Scotia	15	5	
New Brunswick	9	5	
Manitoba	3	2	2
N. W. Territories	3	1	1
Brit. Columbia	1	2	
Prince Edward Island	4	1	
Totals	124	75	7

The Liberals did not lose a single Cabinet Minister, while many prominent Conservative leaders fell in the fight. Among the defeated Conservative leaders are Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Hon. George E. Foster, Hon. Sir Adolph Caron, Hon. Dr. Montague, Hon. Hugh John Macdonald, H. A. Powell, G. V. McInerney and Mr. Bergeron.

Some features of the election in Carleton County would be very amusing if they were not rather sorrowful.

The tin box played a part in the fight. Now the tin box is a shallow box just the size of a ballot, and it contains a piece of carbon paper with the black side down. The free and independent elector who contracts to deliver his vote for a pecuniary remuneration is given the box and instructed that if he will lay his ballot in the box and mark it for the right man he will receive his money on coming out of the booth. When he marks of course the carbon paper registers on a piece of white paper beneath it where he marked and the purchaser of votes on looking below can tell if the goods have been delivered. Several men were caught, in this way, selling to one party and voting for the other. But they got no money. One man, thought the tin box was part of the legal paraphernalia of the election and he pulled his box out of his pocket and asked the deputy returning officer to show him how it worked.

An amusing story comes from one polling booth. A voter had been paid \$10 to stay at home on election day, but when the day arrived he went to the poll and took \$10 from the other side to vote for them. The man who had paid the first ten had the man challenged and he could not swear. He came out and thinking to place himself in a position to vote gave back the \$20.00 and went in again, but he found that the law had made provision for such cases and he could not exercise his free and independent franchise. His remarks on this occasion may give some idea of his feelings. "Now who's going to pay me for all my trouble by G—." He went outside and tried to recover some of the money he had given back but he couldn't do it.

The price of votes was high in Woodstock. One man showed up \$24 which he said he got for his vote. He was a poor ignorant old chap who couldn't earn that much money in his most prosperous months work. Fifteen dollars is said to have been the prevailing price in town.

### Robert E. Stephenson is warmly received at Home.

"The Herald of Ontonagon, has the following appreciation of Robert E. Stephenson a native of Carleton County:—

As we intimated at the time Mr. R. E. Stephenson (better known as "Bob Ridley") left here several weeks ago when he returned it would not be aforesaid. "Bob" got back on Friday of last week and with him was Miss Margaret E. Stephenson, the young lady who had been living with him as kousekeeper for the past year. She is now Mrs. Stephenson, the marriage having taken place at the home of her mother in Woodstock, New Brunswick on Tuesday, Oct. 9th. It was very sly of "Bob" to fool his friends that way and they thought they would play even with him, so on Friday night last they called around to pay their respects and brought with them everything they could find to make a noise from a brass band to a circular saw. In fact they gave the newly married couple what might be termed a regular old fashioned "charivari" modernized. People a mile distant heard the noise and it is asserted that it woke up a sick man at Rockland. Residents of the village thought Dewey's naval battle was being enacted in the harbor and it did not cease until the elongated form of the groom appeared on the scene. The three mighty cheers went up which "Bob" stopped by asking the party to come inside. He was loaded for them in the line of refreshments and soon the pop of corks could be heard and everybody "smiled" and congratulated the newly wedded pair. It was past mid night before the party dispersed after showering more congratulations upon "Bob" and his bride.

The groom needs no introduction to the people of this peninsula as he is known far and wide as big hearted "Bobs," who will go father to do a person a favor than any man in the country. He is superintendent at this point for the Diamond Match Co., and counts his friends by the thousands. The bride has not resided here long but her kind disposition and pleasant manners has made her many friends who are pleased to know that she has come to reside with us permanently. The Herald wishes Mr. and Mrs. Stephenson a long and happy wedded life.

### DEATH OF JOHN C. FRIPP

in the Sinking of the Steamer City of Monticello, on Saturday Morning.

The people of Woodstock were horrified on Saturday evening to learn that John C. Fripp had lost his life in the sinking of a steamer off the port of Yarmouth, N. S. He represented D. McGee & Sons, St. John, in Nova Scotia and had come to Woodstock Wednesday to vote. He left here on Thursday morning to resume his work. Mr. Fripp was the eldest son of J. M. Fripp of Woodstock. He had been a clerk in the store of Hugh Hay & Son and when they opened a branch store in Hartland he went there as manager. Afterwards he had been in the employment of a dry goods concern doing business in Houlton and in Caribou. About two months ago he started to represent D. McGee & Sons on the road. He was about 30 years old, bright and active, and had a good future before him. He leaves a father, mother, and one sister, all of whom live in Woodstock, and a brother, George M. Fripp, who is manager of the Merchants' Bank of Halifax at Grands Forks, B. C. The deepest sympathy is felt for the members of his family and for the young lady whom he was to marry.

E. B. Manzer went to St. John on Monday to accompany the remains of Mr. Fripp to Woodstock, returning on Monday night. The members of the Utopia Club and many other friends met the remains at Queen street station and followed them to the house. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon at three o'clock. Rev. H. D. Marr conducted the service. The pall bearers were E. B. Manzer, George W. Gibson, J. Arch Connell, Arthur H. M. Hay, Charles F. Claze and Claude M. Aughterton. Wreaths of flowers were sent by the Utopia Club, by some of the young ladies of Woodstock and by the employees of D. McGee's Sons, of St. John.

Following is an account of the loss of the ship telegraphed from Halifax:

In sight of the house-tops of Yarmouth the steamer City of Monticello foundered at sea Saturday, and thirty three persons were drowned or were dashed to death on the rock bound coast. All on board, except four, perished in the furious storm that sent the old side-wheeler to the bottom. The disaster occurred off Cranberry Head, just outside Yarmouth light and almost within rifle shot of the shore. The Monticello, battered by the gale that lashed the Bay of Fundy into fury, sprang a leak off Yarmouth Saturday morning. Unavailing efforts were made to head the doomed vessel for the home port. She lay in the grip of the storm plunging in the rough of the sea. Lifeboats were quickly cleared and passengers and crew attempted to get ashore. One boat with seven people got safely away, but was dashed to pieces in the surf and only four occupants got to land. Three minutes later the Monticello creened and sank.

The passengers were Captain N. A. Smith of the S. S. Pharsalia, Yarmouth (saved).

A. E. S. Eldridge, crockery merchant, Yarmouth, leaves wife and two children.

Robert E. Olive, purser of S. S. Prince Edward, St. John, leaves wife.

Miss Elsie McDonald, Yarmouth.

Miss Ida May Lawrence, Yarmouth (colored).

Odbur W. Coleman, Moncton, N. B., commercial traveller, wife and two children.

John Richmond, Sussex, N. B., commercial traveller, wife.

John C. Fripp, Woodstock, N. B., commercial traveller, single.

Of these only Captain Smith was saved. Three of the crew were also saved. Mr. Coleman, who represented Levy Bros. of Montreal, spent Wednesday evening in H. V. Dalling's store, watching the election returns.

The following is Captain Norman A. Smith's account of the terrible disaster:

"We left St. John at 11 o'clock Friday morning. The weather was not very bad. The sea was comparatively smooth until we got to Petite Passage. I had some conversation with Captain Harding before we got to Petite. He had some idea of putting into Digby. But shortly before we reached Petite the weather cleared some and there were indications of wind hauling to northwest, which would give us fair wind for Yarmouth, and Captain Harding decided to run for that port. By the time we reached Cape St. Mary's the wind was blowing strong, but the steamer was making good weather and continued going so all night. About 7 o'clock on Saturday morning we were about five miles west of Cape Fourchu and Captain Harding, after locating his position, decided to run for Yarmouth harbour. He then attempted to bring the steamer before the wind and used every possible means of doing so but found it impossible. The ship was now lying in the

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