

Two severe cases that were completely cured by the Great Blood Purifier and Healer,



**Suffered** For over eleven years I 11 Years. suffered with Dyspepsia and tried everything I could think of, but was unable to get relief until I took Burdock Blood Bitters. I had only taken one bottle when I commenced to feel better, and after taking five or six bottles was entirely well, and have remained so ever since, and feel as though B. B. B. had saved my life.—Mrs. T. G. Joyce, Stanhope, P. Q.

**Covered** My little boy, aged 10 With Sores. years, was a complete mass of sores, caused, the doctor said, by bad blood. His head and body were entirely covered with sores, and we could find no cure. Finally I got a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and before one-half the bottle was gone he began to improve and by the time it was finished there was not a sore on him.

I used the B. B. B. as a wash as well as internally, and it seemed to give great relief as soon as it was put on.—Mrs. Philip Mitchell, St. Mary's, Ont.

**SOLDIERS IN BATTLE.**

The Peculiar Way Some Men Act When They Are Wounded.

If you take a dozen soldiers as like each other as peas so far as height, weight, strength, age, courage and general appearance go and wound them all in precisely the same way, you will find that scarcely any two of them are affected alike.

One man on receiving a bullet in his leg will go on fighting as if nothing had happened. He does not know, in fact, that he now contains a bullet. But perhaps in two or three minutes he will grow faint and fall.

Another man, without feeling the slightest pain, will tremble all over, totter and fall at once, even though the wound is really very slight.

A third will cry out in a way to frighten his comrades and will forget everything in his agony. A fourth will grow stupid and look like an idiot.

Some soldiers wounded in the slightest manner will have to be carried off the field. Others, although perhaps fatally injured, can easily walk to the ambulance. Many die quickly from the shock to the nervous system.

A very curious case is recorded in the surgical history of the American civil war, in which three officers were hit just at the same time. One had his leg from the knee down carried away, but he rode ten miles to the hospital. Another lost his little finger, and he became a raving maniac while a third was shot through the body and, though he did not shed a drop of blood externally, he dropped dead from the shock.—New York Telegram.

**FEVERISH FROM WORMS.**

Two of my little boys were troubled with worms. They would wake up in the night and vomit and through the day would sometimes be very feverish. I gave them Dr. Low's Worm Syrup and it completely cured them.

Mrs. Wm. Mercel, Teeterville, Ont.

**The Glass of Fashion.**

One revival of fashion is the white tulle bow worn at the back of the neck of light silk theater waists.

The bandannas ties worn a few months ago are supplanted by the softer and lighter tones of the Persian patterns.

Lace boleros with black velvet ribbon run through them are a useful as well as effective addition to the bodice needing a fresh touch. Embroidery on chiffon and other thin materials is a great feature of the new trimmings. Open embroidery, lace, beads, gold and silver thread and silk are all employed and variously combined in these pretty novelties.

One point in favor of the new spring hats is their lightness. Tulle is a new variety which is very durable, chiffon and lace straw are the leading materials, with the most exquisite colored ribbons, flowers and fruits imaginable.

Black velvet ribbon in narrow widths is strikingly in evidence on many of the new gowns in the form of straight bands, rosettes or latticework designs forming the vest, a portion of the sleeve or possibly fan shaped division on the lower half of the skirt.

Mercerized canvas, and cotton grenadines treated with the same alkali solution, add variety to the extensive array of cotton dress fabrics. They are checked, striped of covered with waved lines of varying soft colors and very pliable without being easily mussed. The pretty gloss which gives them a silky appearance is their chief attraction.—New York Sun.

**Asthma**

Mrs. George Budden, Putnamville, Ont., says: "I feel it my duty to recommend Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, as I had the Asthma very bad; could get nothing to do me any good. A friend of mine persuaded me to try this remedy, as he had tried it, and it proved successful. I tried it and it cured me. I am thankful today to say I am a well woman through the use of this remedy. 25 cents a bottle. Family size 60 cents."

**Bill Explained.**

The following letter reprinted from the Telegraph explains itself.

Woodstock, N. B., March 31, 1900.  
Editor of the Daily Telegraph, St. John, N. B.:

Dear Sir: Referring to the Carleton Co-operative Fire Insurance bill now before the house, permit my calling attention to section five, which reads: "Every person who shall become a member of this association by effecting insurance therein, shall before obtaining his policy, deposit his promissory note for such a sum of money, as shall be determined by the directors, a portion not exceeding five per cent, of said note shall be immediately paid, and the remainder of said deposit note shall be payable in part, or whole, at any time when the directors shall deem the same requisite for payment for losses or other expenses, and at the expiration of the term of insurance, the said note, or such part of the same as shall remain unpaid after deducting all losses and expenses occurring during the said term, shall be relinquished and given up to the signer thereof."

The amount of the note depends on the nature and amount of the risk. Insurance for \$1,000, the risk being first class, would require a deposit note of \$50, the cost, would depend on circumstances, in the Mutual of Vermont, a company similar to that under consideration, it averages \$1.75 annually.

Yours truly,  
JOHN McCORMAC.

**GLAD SPRING TIDINGS.**

Paine's Celery Compound Makes Sick People Well.

The Great Banisher of All Troubles Brought on By Careless Living.

The cities and towns of Canada in spring-time are full of people who are in a thoroughly wornout, "unstrung" nervous condition, brought on by careless and heedless living. Sleeplessness, irritability and despondency help to make the cup of wretchedness more complete.

This army of broken-down men and women should know that new and vigorous health depends on purified blood, regulated nerves, sound sleep and perfect digestion.

These happy conditions come only by the use of Paine's Celery Compound.

If you have thus far failed to get rid of nervous diseases, impure blood, kidney and liver troubles and dyspepsia, it is because you have not used Paine's Celery Compound. The past testimonies of clergymen, lawyers, physicians, merchants and people of responsible positions who have been made well by Paine's Celery Compound, should induce every ailing man and woman to carry home a bottle of nature's life-giver, so that they may test it for their own satisfaction.

Do not allow any dealer to offer you a substitute. Insist upon getting "Paine's," the kind that "makes sick people well."

**The Prince and "Fighting Mac."**

There have been many versions of the conversation said to have taken place between the Prince of Wales and General Hector Macdonald when the latter returned to England after Omdurman, but a correspondent, on the faith of a friend of the General's, vouches for the following as being the correct version: The Prince asked "Fighting Mac" how it was that they had not met before. "Pardon me, sir, I think we have," was the reply. "Where can that have been?" asked the prince, surprised. "When you were in India, sir. I did sentry-go outside your tent." "But why was a sentry needed outside my tent?" The answer, which need not be reported here, caused his Royal Highness considerable amusement, but when he had regained control of his features he held out his hand and said, "General Macdonald you were doing sentry-go in 1875, and now you are a general in the British army. I am proud to have met you." Those who know the Prince of Wales's felicity of phrase will have no difficulty in accepting the final remark, at all event, as authentic.

**How One Gets Bilious**

A sluggish liver fails to filter the bile from the blood, and when the poisonous matter goes through the body in the circulation, the whole system is tainted and deranged. This is called biliousness and can be completely cured by Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, which act directly on the liver, making it healthy and active. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box. The cheapest medicine in the world

**WHAT BOERS CONTEMPLATES.**

By an English Army Veteran.

The passage of the southern commandoes through the narrow strip of territory between Lord Roberts' army and the Basuto border appears to have been a remarkable achievement, and could only have been accomplished by men full of resource. The British cavalry and mounted troops sent out to intercept them nowhere came in contact with any of their detachments or patrols, while the pursuing forces seem to have been easily left behind. The place, Smalldeel, in the neighbourhood of which General Olivier's commando of 6,000 men is reported to have arrived, is on the north side of the Vet river at the junction of the railway from Winburg with the main line to Pretoria, and is under actual circumstances a point of strategic importance, being in the centre of the line stretching from Bloemhof to Ficksburg at right angles across the railway. The maintenance of this line by the Boers is urgent so long as they continue to hold the Drakensburg passes, for once the left of it is turned by a considerable British force, the passes will become untenable, their garrisons being exposed to attack from front and rear. Some fighting therefore may be looked for between Winburg and Ficksburg when the British forward movement begins. The object of Lord Roberts will be to obtain possession of the railway from Bethlehem through Harrismith to the Van Reenen's pass, which would enable him to draw supplies for his army direct from Durban, which is only 249 miles from Harrismith and 290 from Bethlehem as compared with the 750 from Cape Town and 450 from Port Elizabeth to Bloemfontein. The Boer main position at Kroustad is about equidistant from Bethlehem and Smalldeel to the south east and south west, and by the railway to Viersfontein to the north-west, is in easy reach of Klerksdorp north of the Vaal from where a railway runs to Johannesburg. There is no means of estimating the number of troops the Boers have now south of the Vaal, but they must be relatively considerable, having been reinforced both from Natal and Pretoria. The country between the Vet and the Vaal is peculiarly adapted to defensive operations, being hilly and broken, and, with the fighting experience which they have now gained, the Boers should be able to make the British advance a tedious and costly affair.

If the money squandered on soup kitchens and clothing clubs, and such like schemes for the maintenance of mendicants and their families, were employed for the erection of a proper church where honest people among the poor might worship God with self-respect, or for sanitary property where working people might live in decency at moderate rents, or for the creation of a scholarship by which lads poor in money but rich in brains could obtain the higher education, then social reformers would have cause to bless the church and the church would be a means of far greater good in the community—Iun Maclaren in the April Ladies' Home Journal.



These pills are a specific for all diseases arising from disordered nerves, weak heart or watery blood. They cure palpitation, dizziness, smothering, faint and weak spells, shortness of breath, swelling of feet and ankles, nervousness, sleeplessness, anaemia, hysteria, St. Vitus' dance, partial paralysis, brain fag, female complaints, general debility, and lack of vitality. Price 50c. a box.

**MONEY TO LOAN**

On Real Estate. APPLY TO D. McLEOD VINCE, Barrister-at-Law, Woodstock, N. B.

**HOTELS**

**QUEEN HOTEL,** J. W. SMITH, Proprietor. St. Stephen, - - - N. B.

Opposite Post Office, two minute's walk from C. P. R. Depot. Newly Painted and Renovated, most convenient Hotel in St. Stephen for Commercial Men. \$1.50 PER DAY.

**VICTORIA HOTEL,** Carleton Street, - - Woodstock, N. B. T. J. BOYER, Proprietor.

Within a stone throw of Queen Street Station, overlooking the St. John River. Sample rooms in Opera House Block and in hotel. 25¢ Terms \$1.50 per day.

**Queen Hotel,** J. A. EDWARDS, - - Proprietor. QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON, - N. B.

**VICTORIA HOTEL,** ST. JOHN, N. B.

D. W. McCORMICK, - Proprietor

**JUNCTION HOUSE,** Newburg Junction. Meals on arrival of all trains—First-class fare. R. B. OWENS, Proprietor

**FRESH GROCERIES.**

Of all kinds. Prices away down, and a Liberal Discount for cash

**W. R. WRIGHT,** UPPER WOODSTOCK. **CHARLES P. PARKER,** Painter & Grainer, PAPER HANGER, SIGN PAINTER, & C.

Hard Wood Finishing, Pine Wood Finished in its natural color, or painted in tints to suit. Also, Staining, Graining, Marbleing, Kalsomining, etc.

First-class work—lowest prices. Shop and Residence: Richmond Street, Woodstock, N. B.

**House Painting, Decorating, Alabastine, Frescoing, Marbling, Gilding.**

All kinds of Exterior and Interior Work.

**TURNER & FIELDS.** Orders left at W. F. Dibblee & Sons or at the Town Hall promptly attended to.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC**

**Easter Holidays.**

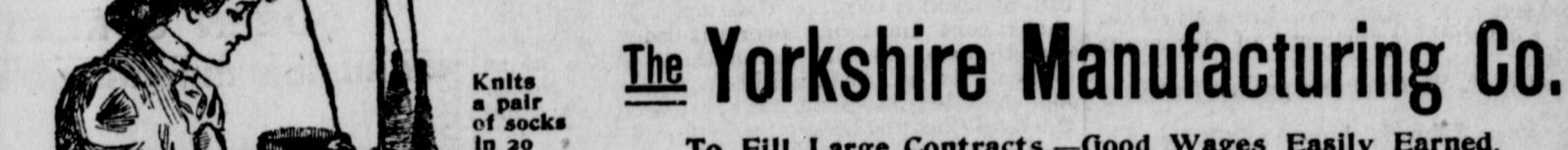
Excursion tickets will be sold for the public at one way lowest first-class fare April 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th, good for return until April 17th, 1900. For school vacations to pupils and teachers of school and colleges, on surrender of Standard form of School Vacation Railway Certificate signed by the principal, sell round trip tickets as under.

To stations on the Atlantic Division and on the Ontario and Quebec Division as far as and including Montreal, at one way lowest first-class fare from April 6th to 14th, inclusive, good to return until April 24th, 1900. To stations west of Montreal at one way lowest first-class fare to Montreal added to one way first-class fare and one third from Montreal, from April 6th to 14th, and inclusive, good to return until April 24th, 1900.

A. J. HEATH, D. P. A., C. P. R. St. John, N. B.

**MORE HOME KNITTERS WANTED**

To Work at Their Homes Under the Direction of



**The Yorkshire Manufacturing Co.** To Fill Large Contracts.—Good Wages Easily Earned.

**OUR METHOD OF DOING BUSINESS.**

We wish to secure the service of families to do knitting for us in their homes. Our method is the same as adopted in England. We are the largest knitting concern in Canada. Our plan is to send out each machine to beginners with a sock or stocking partially knitted, and remaining in the machine ready to be continued, and also enough yarn to knit one pair of simple socks or stockings, and a simple and complete instruction Guide, showing how the work is to be done. When the samples have been finished and returned to us one pair of simple socks or stockings, and a simple and complete instruction Guide, showing how the work is to be done. We pay charges on all work one way, and our workers pay return charges. The work, satisfactory, we send a quantity of yarn, which you knit and return likewise when finished. We pay charges on all work one way, and our workers pay return charges. The work, as we have stated, is simple and rapidly done, the machine having a capacity of ten thousand stitches a minute, will turn out a pair of socks or stockings in 20 minutes. We have many persons now in our employ who can knit from twenty-five to thirty pairs of socks or stockings a day; and where the time of a family is devoted to the work, you can readily see that good wages are easily earned.

**THE YORKSHIRE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, TORONTO.**

Our References—EXPRESS COMPANIES, BANKS, OR TORONTO BUSINESS HOUSES.

If you wish to examine the machine and see the material before undertaking the work, you can do so by sending \$3.00 as a guarantee of good faith, and to defray expense of shipping and we will send everything to your nearest express company, leaving a balance of twelve dollars to pay the agent and 25c. for the return charges on the money to us. We are so frequently and unnecessarily asked if one can learn to knit without a teacher. We say, yes; it requires no teacher; any person of ordinary intelligence who can read the instruction Guide can learn to knit at once.

**ORDER FORM.—\$15.00 CASH CONTRACT ORDER FORM.** To the YORKSHIRE MANUFACTURING CO., 130 YONGE ST., TORONTO, ONT.

Gentlemen—I desire to do the work as described in this advt. and enclose \$15.00 to pay for one of your regular price \$20.00 Automatic Knitting Machine, together with material, instructions and everything necessary for the work, the same to be sent to me by EXPRESS CHARGES PREPAID. It is understood and agreed that any time I wish to discontinue working for the company they will take back the machine and outfit after deducting their expense, refund to me the amount paid for same.

Nearest Express Office is at \_\_\_\_\_ Full Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Sender or head of family (if possible) must sign here.  
P. O. \_\_\_\_\_ Street \_\_\_\_\_  
County \_\_\_\_\_ Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

Mention **WOODSTOCK DISPATCH.** Name of Reference \_\_\_\_\_

Be sure to use this form when sending your remittance for the machine and outfit, which you must fill in and then tear off and return to us and also state here how much time you can devote to the work; also how you wish to be paid, weekly, monthly or as you send in the work

You can send by Express Money Order by any Express Company and obtain a RECEIPT for your money, or Registered Letter or P. O. Order.