# THE DISPATCH



The Croup.

It's a terrible thing, isn't it? Somehow, that awful cough, that hard struggle for air, can never be forgotten. Be a little forehanded and prevent it.

Keep Vapo-Cresolene in the house, and when the children take cold let them breathe-in the vapor during the evening. It goes right to the throat, just where the croup lies. All irritation subsides, the cough quiets down and serious trouble is prevented. It never fails to cure whooping cough. 12

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lamo, which should last a life-time, and a bottle of Cr solene, complete, \$1.50; extra supplies of Creso-l-ne25 cents and 50 cents illustrated booklet contain-ing physicians' testimonials free upon request. VAPO-CRESOLENE Co., 180 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

#### Ocean Gamblers and Their Ways.

There has just passed away in New York an individual who for nearly twenty-five years had amassed an extensive income by card playing for high stakes on trans-Alantic steamers. The methods of this marine gambler were simple to a degree. Having engaged one of the saloon berths on the vessel, he would proceed to fraternize with wealthy passengers, using the first pretext that came to hand for the purpose.

A casual remark about the weather, a light for a cigarette in the smoking-room, or a chat concerning the speed of the ship would serve as an informal introduction, and thenceforward all was wonderfully easy. Card-games would follow-for low stakes at first-and at the outset the wily sharper would allow his opponents to win, but directly the stakes were increased the "luck" would turn and the unwary pigeons would be mercilessly plucked. Somehow, he always contrived to bring off his best "coups" toward the termination of the voyage, so that the departure of his victims prevented his actions gaining a notoriety which might otherwise have been the case.

So successful were the devices of this ocean card-sharper that for the space of years named above Le not only maintained himself in ease and luxury, but supported also a wife in an elegant home in New York. From time to time he paid the lady flying visits, but it would seem that he closely concealed from her the source of his income; and it was only when he lay on his death-bed that the facts regarding his extraordinary career were brought to light. Cases of this kind might be multiplied, though few have run on such sensational lines as the foregoing. There can be little doubt that an enormous amount of "professional" gambling is indulged in on all sorts and conditions of ocean liners and it is very hard for the companies concerned to interfere, seeing that the line of demarcation between friendly card-playing and professional "rookery" is often hard to define. Not so very long ago a steward attached to an Indian liner told the writer that many hundreds of pounds often changed hands in the course of a single evening's card-playing on his shiptwo of the players, to his personal knowledge, being men who had no other object for their presence on the vessel save the fleecing of their fellow-passengers. Facts of this kind should make all persons very wary regarding their partners at cards in ship smoking-rooms. Very ingenious were the methods of a card-sharper who for several years patronized the ocean ferry between Marseilles and Delagoa Bay-a passage extending over six weeks. Possessing a fine baritone voice, he was in the habit of making himself popular by singing at all the concerts promoted by the passengers; so that in a few days he had made the acquaintance of the majority of the occupants of the saloon. This first step having been taken, card-games followed by natural sequence; and it was then discovered that the singer's vocal powers were more than surpassed by his skill with cards. On one occasion this enterprising person netted no less a sum than 25,000 trancs (£1,000) in the course of a single evening, his partner being a Johannesburg millionaire who had dined and wined heavily. On another occasion he doubled that sum, but soon afterwards he was discovered in a flagrant piece of trickery, and his career on board the vessel in question came to an abrupt end. He died soon afterwards in a French hospital, admitting in his last moments that he had made over a million francs (£40,000) in the course of his matine trips. On board the Mississippi steamboats, in the United States of America, professional gambling is carried on to an extent undreamt of on this side of the Atlantic. Not only are the gamblers known to the authorities, but they are tacitly encouraged to continue their nefarious practices, for the steamer proprietors believe that many passengers are attracted to the boats by means of the cardplaying facilities afforded them thereon. Cases of suicide on such vessels are quite the other would her butter product cost more common, and some years ago a youth who than the other. had been unmercifully rooked by a couple of saloon sharpers drew his revolver and shot

put in the legislature regarding the evils of river gambling; but nothing came of them, and to this day one may find more gambling dens on the Mississippi than one would find in any city in the Union.

Women are sometimes used as decoys on board ocean liners, and very successfully do they play their parts.

A Chicago sharper was in the habit of taking his wife with him on his "professional" trips, introducing her to passengers as his sister. The lady being very attractive, many of the male passengers sought her society, whereupon she would immediately make them known to her "brother," who, when the time was ripe, would propose a "quiet game of cards." Aided by his spouse, this worthy succeeded in netting an enormous sum of money, upon which the hopeful couple eventually retired, and lived thenceforward in the odour of sanctity in a pleasant part of Virginia.

It must be borne in mind that the ocean gambler has a distinct advantage over his shore brother in that the very monotony of steamship existence provides him with an opportunity of obtaining card-partners who under other circumstances might refuse to join him. So bare of diversion is the life of an ocean liner that the average passenger looks forward to a hand at cards with positive delight; and in view of this fact it is not surprising that the card-sharper at sea flourishes-like the green bay tree.-London Tit-Bits.

Bed-ridden 15 years.—" If any-body wants a written guarantee from me personally as to my wonderful cure from rheumatism by South American Rheumatic Cure I will be the gladdest woman in the world to give it," says Mrs. John Beau-mont, of Elora. "I had despaired of recovery up to the time of taking this wonderful remedy. It cured completely."-58 Sold by Garden Bros.

TYPE MORE THAN BREED.

COWS OF DAIRY FORM PRODUCE BUTTER AT LEAST COST.

Comparisons Made of Dairy and Beef Types of Same Breed Show Selection According to Dairy Conformation is very Essential Where Milk is Main Product Wanted.

Cows of the accepted dairy type or conformation, as against those of more blocky or beefy tendency, is the subject reviewed in Farmers Bulletin No. 124, United States department of agriculture, giving results of experiment station work as follows: The importance of conformation in the selection of dairy cows has been a subject of much discussion. Recent bulletins of the experiment stations have furnished considerable data bearing on this question. Summaries of two of the more recent of these bulletins are here presented as indicating the views and evidence of those who attach first importance to external conformation in judging of dairy cows. The Minnesota station has published a record for two years of cows divided into two groups according to type. Group 1 contained cows spare and angular in conformation and having deep bodies through the middle. and group 2, cows having a tendency to lay on flesh. During the two years group one included two Guernseys, two Jerseys, one Jersey-Guernsey, and one Holstein; and group two, five grade Shorthorns, one Swiss, one grade Holstein. All the cows were treated alike in every respect. In 1895 the four cows in group one returned in dairy products at market prices an average profit of \$46.95 per cow over the cost of food, while the four cows in group two gave a corresponding net return of only \$26.19 per cow. In 1896 the average net return per cow was \$56.91 for group one and \$26.72 for group two. Records of a large number of cows grouped as above for the period from the beginning of lactation in the fall until the cows were turned out to pasture in the spring, and also for full lactation periods, showed a corresponding degree of superiority as regards economy of production of cows spare and angular in form over those with flesh producing tendencies. These earlier records of the station herd were thought to show that economy in butter production depends more upon the type of a cow than upon the breed or size. The records also indicate that cows of the spare and angular type remain in good service for a much longer period than cows having a tendency to lay on flesh. During the five years of careful investigation in regard to the cost of production of butter between cows spare and angular in form and cows carrying considerable super- him, and sat him down very firmly on a chair fluous tissue, and having an inherited or acquired disposition to convert feed into flesh the records show that in every instance the him for at least half an hour. Then the door cow that carried the least flesh charged the least for butter, and just in so much as one cow was a little smoother and plumper than In a study of dairy cows at the Connectisaloon sharpers drew his revolver and shot the pair of them, blowing out his own brains immediately afterwards. The tragedy creat. ed some stir at the time, and questions were whole dairy heard, composed of Jerseys,



I feel better this morning, thank you. I took a Laxa-Liver Pill last night and it worked like a charmheadache and biliousness are all gone.

I've heard many ladies say they wouldn't be without Laxa-Liver Pills-they're such an easy pill to take, do not gripe or sicken, and cure constipation, dyspepsia, sour stomach, coated tongue, bad breath and all stomach and liver ills.

Guernseys, Ayrshire, and grades of different breeds, was divided into three groops solely on the basis of form and type. Group one, designated as the dairy group, including cows with spare and deep bodies and well sprung ribs. Group two, styled the beef group, including large formed cows taking on flesh easily and looking smooth and plump. Group three containing cows lacking in depth and width of body. The record for one year are averaged by types and breeds.

The dairy type, compared with beef type, produced on the average per cow 134 pounds more butter and 2,274 pounds more milk; yielded \$20.94 more profit in butter and \$19.68 more in milk; producting milk at 31c less per hundred and butter at 6.1c less per pound.

In comparing the dairy type with the type tacking depth and width of body, we find the former produced on the average per cow 84 pounds more butter and 868 pounds more milk; yielded \$13.13 more profit in butter and \$36.84 more in milk; produced milk at Se less per hundred and better at 2.9c less per pound.

The dairy type, compared with the Ayrshires, produced on an average per cow 85 pounds more butter and 24 pounds more milk; yielded \$14 17 more profit from butter and 77c less from milk; produced milk at the ame cost per hundred and butter at 4c less per pound.



The dairy type, compared with the Guernseys, produced on the average per cow 58 pounds more butter and 1,050 pounds more milk; yielded \$10.04 more profit from butter and \$10.24 more profit from milk; produced milk at 14c less per hundred and butter at 2.3c less per pound.

The dairy type, compared with the grades, produced on the average per cow 37 pounds more butter and 667 pounds more milk; yielded \$5.03 more profit from butter and \$5.04 more from milk; produced milk at 7c less per hundred and butter at 1.2c less per pound.

The dairy type, compared with Jerseys, produced 20 pounds less butter and 209 pound more milk; yielded \$1.98 less profit from butter and \$3.78 more from milk; produced milk a 6c less per hundred and butter at 0.1c less per pound.

The record shows that in our herd the dairy type is nearly equal to the Jersey, and excels the other breeds in production of butter. The dairy type is equal to the Ayrshires, and excels the other breeds, in the production of milk. On the whole the comparison seems to show that, under the present conditions, the type of the cow is more essential than the breed as indicating the ability to produce milk and butter economically.

Fossil Pills.-The demand is proof of their worth. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are beating out many fossil formulas at a quarter a box. They're better medicine, easier doses, and 10 cents a vial. A thousand ailments may arise from a disordered liver. Keep the liver right and you'll not have Sick Headache, Biliousness, Nausea, Constipation and Sallow Skin.-61

Sold by Garden Bros.

### Our Dear Little Friend Once More.

He was a charming little fellow of four, pretty in his ways, good to look at, but as naughty as could be. He sat on the bottom step kicking his fat little legs, and refusing utterly to obey his father, who had told him to go upstairs several times in increasing degrees of severity. After a few minutes of this clashing of wills his exasperated parent picked him up somewhat suddenly, carried in his room, and then went out and shut the door. Silence reigned. Not a sound from opened, and a sweet little voice called out "Father, have you got over your tantrum yet, for I should like to come down ?"

#### Just as Good!

Perhaps! Don't you run the risk, though, but always buy the well-tested and sure-pop corn cure —Putman's Painless Corn Extractor. Sure, safe,

2	Prizes	of	70,006 Marks
1	Prize	of	65,000 Marks
1	Prize	of	
1	Prize	of	
	Prizes		
	Prize		
	Prize		
1	Prize	of	20,000 Marks
	Prizes		
56	Prizes	of	5,000 Marks
	Prizes		
156	Prizes	of	2,000 Marks
	Prizes		1,500 Marks
	Prizes		1,000 Marks
1030	Prizes	of	
	Prizes		250 Marks
	Prizes		200 Marks
			169 Marks
			150, 148, 115, 100 M
10880	Prizes	of	78, 45, 21 Marks
			must be sumply me

in all 59,000 prizes which must be surely won in 7 drawings within the space of a few months

The highest prize of 1st drawing amounts to Mk. 50,000, increase in 2nd drawing to Mk. 55,000, in 3rd Mk. 60,000, in 4th Mk. 65;000, in 5th Mk. 70,000, m 6th Mk. 75,000, in 7th Mk. 200,000, and together with the Premium of Mk. 300,000 in the most fortunate case to Mk. 500,000. The official cost of participating in the first

wo drawings amounts to

Dollar 4.50 for a full ticket. Dollar 2.25 for a half ticket. Dollar 1.13 for one quarter of a ticket.

Half resp. quarter tickets will entitle to one alf resp. one quarter of the amount won by the respective number, named on the ticket.

The stakes for participation in the following drawings, as well as the exact prize-table, are indicated in the official prospectus, which I send on demand gratis in advance. The prospectus is also sent gratis with every order. After the drawing I shall forward to every ticket-holder the official list of the winning numbers.

THE PAYMENT AND FORWARDING OF THE AMOUNTS WON to those concerned will have my special and prompt attention, and with the most absolute ecrecy.

Are Remittance of money can be made by American Bank Notes by registered letter or by Post Office Orders.

MOn account of the approaching drawing of the prizes, please address the orders imme diately in all confidence direct to SAMUEL HECKSCHER, SENR.,

Banker, at HAMBURG, Germany.

#### Both Objected.

The young man was angry, but the proprietor of the restaurant was calm and not the least perturbed.

"I say," said the young man, "you have some very unmannerly people who come here or else they're not used to dress-suits."

"What's the matter now?" asked the pro rietor.

"I've just been taken for a waiter for the third time this evening, and I don't like it." "Neither do I," returned the proprietor,

promptly, "and further more, I won't have it. Why, it will ruin the place." "Of course it will. You can't expect your patrons to stand any such insults as that.

"Hang the patrons! The waiters won't stand it.

Inhale Bentley's Liniment for cold in the head. Price 10c.

bring the little ones in. A thorough examination is yours or theirs for the asking. The most difficult case fitted with ease by our new methods. At this season of the year the sun is hard on the eyes. Protect them with a pair of our Smoked Glasses. A large assortment to choose from.

## W. B. Jewett, OPTICIAN, Jewett's Corner. Woodstock,

Desperation .- Aunt Dinah-"Heah's a lettah from de folks in Alabama. Says ole Uncle Eph has made three desperate attempts at suicide inside ob a month." Aunt Ruth-"Deah me! Do it say how?" Auut Dinah-"Yes. Says he stole a shoat, kicked a white man's dawg, and tried to vote!"-Puck.

Bright's Disease of the Kidneys

Mr Andrew Duffin, Aultsville, Ont., writes:—"I was troubled with Bright's disease of the kidneys for five years. I tried a number of doctors and preparations, but got no relief. My son advised the use of Dr Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I got a box, and, to my surprise, I got relief at once, and am now thoroughly cured." One pill a dose, 25cts a

Her Fate.-Mrs. Cableton-"I see that the Simptons have another boy." Mrs. Clubdom-"Yes. It seems so unfortunate hat Edith Simpton, who received such a fine education and was so accomplished, should, after all, have developed into nothing better than the mere mother of children."-[Life.

The best family remedy for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Hoarseness, and every form of Inflamation is Bentleys's Linument. Sold by druggists and general dealers in two sizes. Price ten cents and twenty-five cents. Full directions on the wrapper.-Be sure you get Bentley's.

A Logician .- "Little boy," said the kindy old gentleman, "you must not cry. You know it is a waste of time to cry." And the little boy who is from Boston dried his tears long enough to remark: "And it is also a waste of time to tell anybody it is a waste of time to cry."- Washington Star.

Frankly Explained .- "Why did you hit the complainant with a fence-picket?" the judge asked. "Because, sorr, Oi didn't have time to pull up a post," answered the accused,-Indianapolis Press.