

The Game Law.

To the Editor of The Dispatch:

I saw in your paper of the 8th January, the proposed changes in the game law as suggested by the Guides' Association of New Brunswick.

It seems to me that the proposed change is all in favor of the rich man and non-residents. They can go into the woods when the weather is warm. They kill for the heads and care nothing for the meat which is often left in the woods. The poor man has to attend to his farm or other work, and when the time comes that he has a spare day and wants to have a little sport, combined with the hope of getting a moose or caribou to help keep his family through the winter, and at a time when every pound of meat can be saved and is saved, he is told that he cannot. Now, it is asked to raise the price of his license to \$10.00, which no poor man is able to pay, and will not pay. He has helped to make the country what it is. He has gone back into the forest and cleared his farm by the sweat of his brow. He has carried provisions for miles on his back to keep his family from starving. He has paid his taxes, and it is well known that a poor man pays on every dollar worth of property he owns, and now he is to be deprived of the right to kill a moose or caribou, which is his by right. He is told that he must not touch it; that it belongs to the rich man and the foreigners.

This change is asked because we are told that there is twice as much game killed by residents as by non-residents. What a pity. Will people put up with such a law. I think not. It will cost more to look after the game, and there will be a lot of honest, hard working men punished for killing game which is their right. As the law is now there seems to be a willingness and a desire to protect the game. But if the proposed change should become law, who would care whether it was protected or not? If the country is to be made a paradise for rich men and foreigners, the sooner the poor people leave it the better. If game is getting scarce, stop the killing of it for two or three years, but let the people of the country have first chance.

RESIDENT.

Argyle, Carleton County.

Killed by Cannibals.

Paris, Feb. 16.—La Patrie to-day publishes a letter received from its correspondent, M. Rouyer, a survivor of the massacre of a French scientific mission by cannibals at Sileraka, New Guinea, Jan. 1. M. Rouyer relates that the yacht Salvatti, with the mission on board, had anchored off the coast of New Guinea, and that a number of the explorers landed. After an apparently friendly reception from the natives, the latter treacherously attacked them during the night, murdering 25 of the party, including Baron Villars, Count De Saint Remy and MM. Hagenbock and Vries, and wounding 33, including the writer of the letter, M. Rouyer, the chief of the mission, and another Frenchman, named Reimer.

M. Rouyer writes: "We were all sleeping peacefully when there was a great uproar, and we were attacked by hundreds of natives carrying torches. Several of us were felled to the ground with clubs, hatchets and spears. Others were overpowered, carried away and bound to trees. I was among this number. I received a blow on the head from a club and fainted. When I recovered consciousness at five o'clock in the morning, I found myself tied hand and foot and surrounded by savages, who, believing me to be dead, were keeping me for themselves. I saw the body of Baron Villars near me bound to a tree. His body was naked, his head had been split open, his eyes had been gouged out and his groin was horribly mutilated. The Count De Saint Remy had been decapitated and his head stuck on the end of a spear as a trophy. M. Hagenbock was spitted on a bamboo and roasted over a fire. The savages were about to cut him up. I waited my fate. I was afraid to move. My head hurt me dreadfully. All around me the ground was strewn with corpses. Suddenly a great clamor arose, followed by a fusillade. I opened my eyes and saw Dr. Forster and the remainder of the mission from the yacht firing on the cannibals. I shouted and the rescuers ran to me and cut the bonds which bound me to the tree. The cannibals fled, leaving thirty-two dead. The clothes of M. Vries were found, but his body was missing. He had evidently been devoured by the savages during the night."

A. N. B. Boy Honored.

In open competition of the University of Pennsylvania last week, J. Wallace de B. Farris, son of Hon. L. P. Farris, of White's Cove, Queens county, won the Frazier prize of \$75 awarded to the best debater in the university for the year. He was also selected as leader of the team of three which will represent Pennsylvania in their annual debate with the University of Michigan, which takes place on March 7th. Mr. Farris is a member of the third year law class at U. of P., and a graduate of Acadia College, '99. After obtaining his degree in June next he intends practising law in St. John.

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THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

PRETORIA, Feb. 16.—One hundred and fifty mounted infantry, while patrolling the Klip River south of Johannesburg, Feb. 12, surrounded a farm house where they suspected Boers were in hiding. A single Boer broke away from the house and the British started to pursue him. The Boer climbed a kopje, the British following. Immediately a heavy fire was opened upon them from three sides. The British found themselves in a trap and in a position where they were unable to make any defence. Eight of the British officers made a gallant effort and defended the ridge with carbines and revolvers until they were overpowered. The British had two officers and ten men killed and several officers and forty men wounded before the force was able to fall back under cover of a blockhouse.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—Lord Kitchener, in addition to reporting the Klip River affair, says:

"A party from the South African Constabulary line on the Waterval River encountered, Feb. 10, a superior force of the enemy near Vantondersbek and was driven back with loss."

LONDON, Feb. 17.—According to special despatches from Pretoria, the mounted infantrymen who were trapped at Klip River were all fresh from home and unused to Boer tactics. The bulk of the casualties occurred during the retreat of the British. The killed included Major Dowell, the commander of the force.

Will the Philippines Pay?

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, who has just returned from a tour of study in the Philippines, has written for THE SATURDAY EVENING POST, of Philadelphia, a valuable paper on the business aspect of our insular affairs. He comes to the conclusion that our account with the Philippines must, for an indefinite time, be on the wrong side of the ledger. This article will appear in the issue for February 22. Frictional Electricity, a clever humorous story by Max Adeler. How Trusts Promote Men, by Paul Latzke. When O'Connor Draws His Pay, by Holman F. Day. The Captain of the Gray Horse Troop, by Hamlin Garland. How Albert Edward Saw America, by Rene Bache. Letters from a Self-Made Merchant to His Son. Sophomores Abroad, by Charles Macomb Flandrau, and the usual miscellany and departments.

Telegraph and Telephone.

OTTAWA, Feb. 17.—W. F. MacLean intends introducing today in the House of Commons his telegraph and telephone bill, which provides for government approval of these companies' tolls and rentals, and in the case of telegraphs for their immediate acquisition by the State if considered in the public interest. The most radical clause stipulates that: "No telephone company in fixing any tolls, rates or rentals shall under like conditions and circumstances make an unjust or partial discrimination between different localities."

Mr. MacLean's idea is to obviate by this provision a private corporation running a municipal telephone enterprise out of business by unfair competition. Every telephone company will be compelled to allow any other system or company to use its trunk lines at a fair rental, to be settled by the government if the parish cannot agree. Mr. MacLean's measure would also repeal the public act which at present says telephone companies are not to be liable to the same legislation as the telegraphs.

Kidney Omelette.

To make kidney omelette take equal quantities of veal or mutton kidney and fat and mince it into very small dice, and then put these dice into the pan on the fire, adding to them a little butter, salt, pepper and chopped parsley. Next break the eggs for the omelette, whisk them, and pour them on to the pan, and stir the mixture a little with the fork, and in order to prevent it from sticking to the pan lift it up every now and then. When the omelette is well colored at the bottom, having the kidneys inside it, though still soft and frothing at the top, it should be folded in two and slipped on to the dish in which it is to be served, or the dish may be put on the omelette and then the pan be turned quickly over.

Spring Dress Fabrics.

The wise woman plans her Summer wardrobe now, when the shops are abounding in novelties and the variety of fabrics exhibited makes it possible to gratify all tastes. Lacy effects characterize many of the so called wash fabrics, and some delightful color combinations are shown. An accurate idea of what are to be the favorites of the season may be had from the March DELINEATOR, which shows patterns of the new materials in actual and reduced size and describes the weaves in detail. The same number illustrates the fancy buttons and braids which are to figure so conspicuously as dress trimmings.

In the Flat.

'The owner says if we don't pay our rent he'll make it hot for us.  
'Tell him to go ahead. That's more than his janitor has ever done.'—Philadelphia 'Evening Bulletin.'

FEVER'S VICTIMS.

THE AFTER EFFECTS OFTEN WORSE THAN THE DISEASE ITSELF.

A Sufferer From the After Effects of Typhoid Tells of His Deplorable Condition—Appeared to be in a Rapid Decline.

The after effects of some troubles, such as fevers, la grippe, etc., are frequently more serious in their results than the original illness, and the patient is left an almost physical wreck. In such cases as these what is needed is a tonic medicine, to enrich the blood, strengthen the nerves, and put the system right. Mr. L. Barnhardt, a prosperous young farmer living near Welland Ont., offers proof of the truth of these statements. Mr. Barnhardt says:—"Some years ago, while living in the United States, I was attacked by typhoid fever, the after effects of which proved more disastrous to my constitution than the fever itself, and for months I was an almost total wreck. I had no appetite, was haggard and emaciated, and apparently bloodless. I had violent and distressing headaches, and my whole appearance was suggestive of a rapid decline. I tried no less than three doctors, but they failed to benefit me. At this juncture a friend of mine mentioned my case to another physician, and he suggested that I should take a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I took this advice and found it most satisfactory. Almost from the outset the pills helped me, and I continued their use until I had taken about a dozen boxes, when I felt myself fully restored to my former health, and my weight increased to 165 pounds. I have enjoyed the best of health ever since, and I will always give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the praise they so richly deserve."

The pills are a certain cure for the after effects of fever, la grippe and pneumonia. They make new, rich, red blood and strengthen the nerves from first dose to last; and in this way they cure such troubles as anaemia, neuralgia, rheumatism, heart weakness, kidney and liver ailments, partial paralysis, St. Vitus dance, etc. They also cure the functional ailments that make the lives of so many women a source of constant misery, and bring the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. Other alleged tonic pills are mere imitations of this great medicine, and the buyer should see that the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," is on every box. Sold by all dealers in medicine or sent postpaid at 50c. a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Presentation and Address.

At the Methodist Sunday school, Sunday afternoon, Mrs. L. Baker, who for upwards of twenty years, has been a teacher in that school, and who was about to sever her connection with the school, to take up her residence in Winnipeg, Man., was presented by the officers and members of the school with the following address, accompanied by a very handsome brush and comb, and clothes brush with sterling silver backs.

DEAR MRS. BAKER,  
In view of your intended departure to another locality, we, who have for so many years enjoyed your acquaintance and friendship here desire to give verbal expression to our appreciation of your life among us. The practical responsibilities, and activities of life too frequently have a tendency to veil the deeper sentiments of soul which we really entertain for each other, and it is only when a separation becomes imminent that the true sentiments of affection and friendship assert their fullest force, and find expression in words. We have not failed to appreciate the usefulness of your life among us, especially during your twenty five years connection with this Sunday school as teacher. But as the teacher's influence is not confined to the class, but radiates through the children to the homes, so we esteem your life for its radiation of christian character among us. We hope these words may encourage you to continue the practical part of christianity among the new acquaintances you are about to make. We ask you to accept this only as something tangible which may more frequently remind you of us after our separation.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature on each box. 25c.

BORN.

GIBBERSON.—At Arthurette, N. B., on Feb. 2nd, to the wife of Adolphus Gibberson, a son.

MARRIED.

HANSON-HANSON.—At the Free Baptist Parsonage, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon of Wednesday, Feb. 12th, by Rev. P. Allison Currier, Mr. Sterling Hanson and Miss Lucy Hanson, both of Keswick, York County, were united in the bonds of matrimony.

DIED.

FISHER.—At Birch Ridge, January 17th, at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Henry Campbell, Mr. Robert Fisher, in the 76th, year of his age, a native of England.

TORRANCE.—At Arthurette, N. B., on the 30th of January, of consumption of the bowels, Beatrice, wife of Robert Torrance, aged 20 years and seven months.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

WEDDING RINGS.

Marriage Licenses issued and Wedding Rings sold, guaranteed as stamped U. S. assay, at

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Fully \$10,000 worth of Footwear of all kinds, slightly damaged by smoke and water. Now is the time to buy your Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, as this will be a genuine CUT PRICE SALE.

SALE COMMENCED

Saturday Morning, Feb. 15,

at 8 o'clock, and will continue until all the damaged goods are closed.

ALLEN T. SMITH, Boston Shoe Store, HOULTON, ME.

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HAND ENGRAVING.

OUR WORK IS RELIABLE.

Sure of getting a good job here. Sure of paying but a fair price for it. We won't take work for less than a fair price, and we won't slight any work we take. It's possible to pay more and get inferior work. It's done very often. But it isn't possible anywhere, at any time, or at any price, to get better work.

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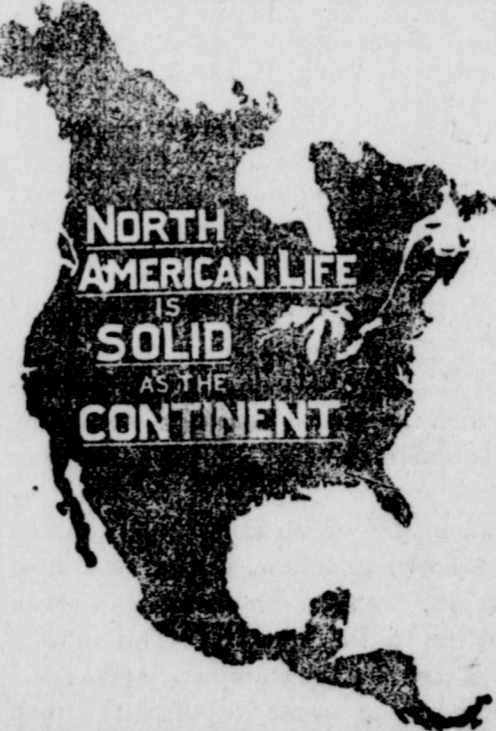
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It is made by the richest Canadian concern now engaged in making pianos and they can therefore afford to employ only the highest class of workmen in their factory.

I can sell you the very best instrument on the market at a more reasonable price than you will have to pay to an outsider.

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