NEW BRUNSWICK LEGISLATURE.

The New Brunswick Legislature was opened on Thursaay afternoon by Governor Snowball. On his arrival at the parliament buildings, the Governor was greeted by a guard of honour from the R. C. R. I., and salute was fired by the Woodstock Field Battery under command of Major Good.

The speech from the throne, after the manner of such documents, was not a madly exciting thing, but followed the customary lines, and was sensible and encouraging.

It referred to the visit of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, now Prince and Princess of Wales; to the visit of the Governor-General and the Countess of Minto; to the lamented death of President McKinley.

The address continues-"I am happy to be able to congratulate you upon the prosperous condition of business, and the success which is attending the efforts of our people in the various pursuits in which they are engaged. The continued and rapid development of the dairying industries of the Province, as shown by the increase in the production and exports of cheese and butter by the large numbers of cheese factories and creameries which have been established under the liberal encouragement afforded by the government. is most gratifying. Being satisfied that there is reason to hope for indefinite expansion in this direction, my government will, with your approval, continue the same vigorous | tate violently after the least exertion, and 1 policy as hitherto.

The building of improved roller flour mills has given considerable impetus to the growth of wneat and has resulted in saving to our people large sums of money which would otherwise be sent out of the Province for flour. I am sure that you will be gratified to know that the financial assistance which you authorized for the erection of these mills has already been productive of such good results, and that you will approve of this policy being continued so that all parts of the country may receive the benefit of government assistance in this direction.

Consequent upon legislation passed at the last session to provide for the development of the coal areas of Queens and Sunbury. the railway to the coal fields is now under construction, and it will not be long before the line from Chipman to Fredericton will be completed. My government anticipates a

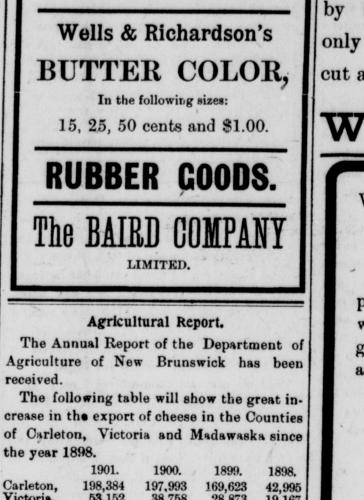
SUFFERING WHICH DOCTORS FAIL TO CURE.

Thousands of Women Throughout Canada in a Similar Condition-Words of Hope to Sufferers.

WOMAN'S AILMENTS

In countless homes throughout Canada, where health and happiness should reign supreme, the peculiar weakness and diseases of women are responsible for an atmosphere of hopelessness and despair. This awful condition is largely due to a misunderstanding of the proper manner in which to affect a cure for female troubles of all kinds. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been more success ful in cases of this kind than any other medicine, and they should be in every home, and should be used by every woman who is not perfectly hearty and strong. Mrs. Fred Murphy, a well known resident of Pubnico Head, N. S., cheerfully bears testimony to the great value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in woman's ailments. Mrs. Murphy says:-'A few years ago my health was completely broken down, my troubles beginning in one of the ailments which so frequently afflict my sex. I was a great sufferer from violent attacks of pain which would seize me in the stomach and around the heart. It is impossi ble for me to describe the agony of the spasms. Several times the doctor was hastiy summoned, my friends thinking me dying. was wholly unable to perform my household work, and was under medical treatment all through the summer, but without benefit. My appetite left me; my heart would palpiwas pale and emaciated. My husband urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and procured me a supply. After using the pills a couple of weeks, I could feel that they were helping me, and after using seven bottles,] was fully restored to health. From that time until the spring of 1901 I enjoyed the best of health, but at that time I felt run down, and suffered from pains in the back. I at once got some more of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and they soon put me alright, and I am now feeling better than I have done for years.] cannot praise these pills too much, nor can I too strongly urge those who are ailing to test their wonderful health restoring virtues."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills go right to the root of disease by making new, rich blood, and restoring shattered nerves. In this way they cure such troubels as the functional ail ments of women, restore the glow of health to sallow cheeks, cure palpitation of the heart, anaemia, headache, indigestion, kidney and liver troubles, rheumatism, partial paralysis, St. Vitus dance, etc. Be sure you get the genuine with the full name" Dr. Williams, Pink Pills for Pale People," on every marked stimulus to the industrial life of the box. If you do not find them at your dealers. they will be mailed post paid at 50c. a box, or together with its actual gross value, for a six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. period of five years.



Victoria, 53,152 Madawaska 70,000 38,758 61,311 28,873 36,343 The following table shows the increase in the manufacture of butter since 1899.

1901. 1900. Carleton, 124,229 129,095 62,547 43,072 ictoria. 76,264 Madawaska, 55,403 It is a regrettable fact that the production

of butter in Carleton County in 1901 fell below that of 1900 by almost 5,000 pounds. Of course, this was caused by the long dry season that killed the pastures, but, though the outlook for pastures next season is as bad as it could be this can easily be made up for, and probably will be, by providing other kinds of feed.

The following table gives a correct idea of the quantities of butter made in the province

1901

1900

1899

1898

1897

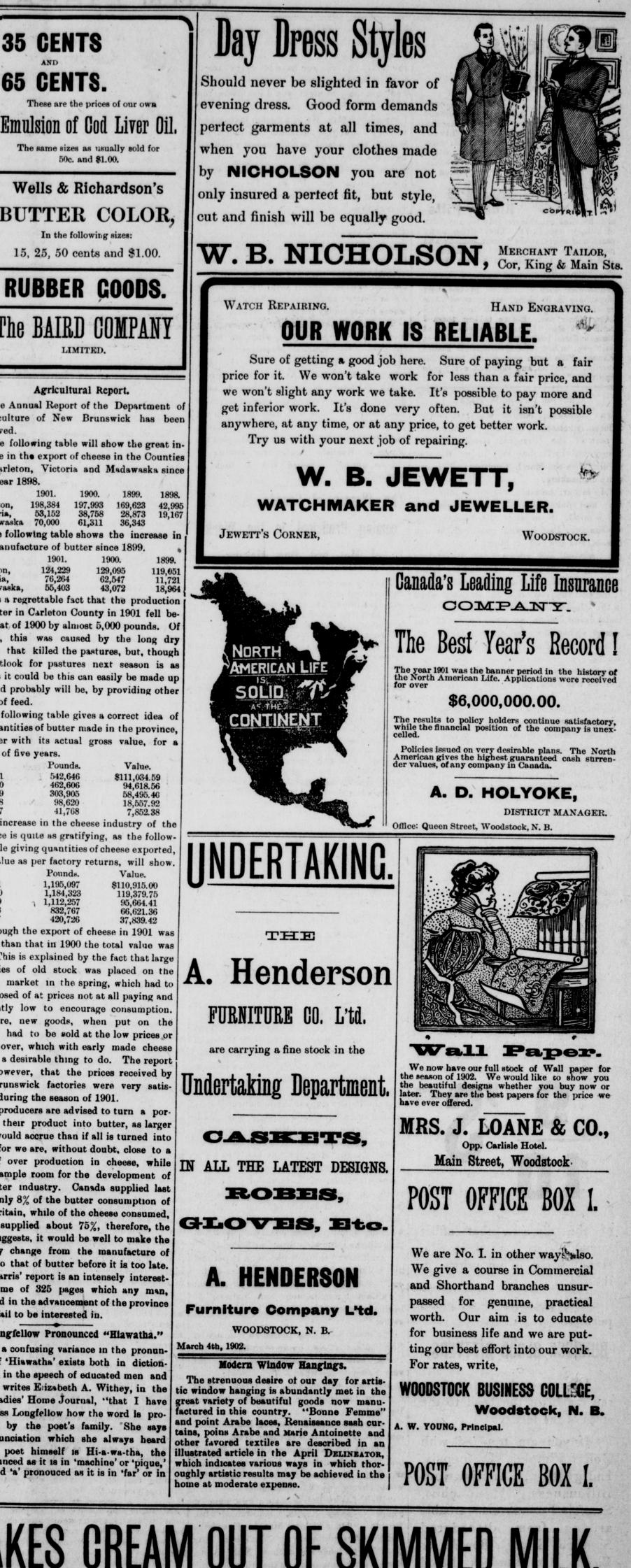
1901

1900

1899

1898

1897



1

THE DISPATCH

50c. and \$1.00.

35 CENTS

65 CENTS.

Province as well as a very considerable addition to the provincial revenues as a result of this undertaking."

In other paragraphs are mentioned the rapid development of the winter business through the port of St. John; the payment of the Easter Extension claim by the Dominion Government; a claim the Province has against the Dominion, regarding the fisheries of the Province; the need of a readjustment of the allowances by the Dominion to the provinces.

The speech further says :-- "Bills to amend the Public Health Act, providing among other things for the compulsory vaccination of children attending school; to amend the law regarding investments by trustees; a Workman's Compensation for Injuries Act: a bill to provide for the more equitable distribution of estates of insolvent debtors; a bill to provide a forest reservation; a bill to provide for the importation of horses, and other measures of importance will be submitted to you; and I am sure that your deliberations will, under divine guidance, be conducted with a sole desire to promote the public welfare."

On Friday the speech from the throne was considered. The address in reply was moved by Mr. Ora P. King, of Kings County, and seconded by Dr. Ruddick, of St. John, both of whose speeches followed rather closely the speech, as is usual. Mr. King made an exceedingly sensible and reasonable speech. though it was somewhat marred in the delivery from the fact that he read it. The opinion of the house is that Mr. King will be a valuable addition to the ranks of the government.

Mr. Hazen's reply to the mover and seconder was agreed on all hands to have been one of the best he ever delivered in the house. He charged that the expenditures in connection with the Royal visit had been lavishly made, and there had been great ex-travagance. He attacked the government on many scores, being sometimes interrupted with explanations.

Premier Tweedie moved the adjournment of the debate until Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, when he commenced his reply to Mr. Hazen.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

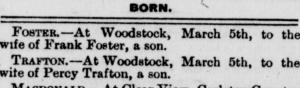
Consider.

Consider well your action's What's done you can't recall; No use to pull the trigger, Then try to stop the ball. GEORGE HYDE, in March Lippincott's Magazine. C. F. CLAI

GERMANY'S PLANS For the Absorption of Holland.

The Vienna correspondent of the Times calls attention to a new book by Prof. Ernest Halle. It contains an unblushing statement of Germany's intention to absorb Holland. first economically, then politically. It sneers at Van Houten's recent expression in a magazine article of Dutch protest against Germany's idea of absorption. Prof. Halle, adds the correspondent, is one of the ablest of the younger professers of Germany. He advocated Emperor William's views in favor of an increase of the fleet some years ago. His new book is issued by the official publishing house of the German war and navy departments. The correspondent thinks Holland will find in the book something worthier of her attention than the war in South Africa.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature on each box. 25c.



MACDONALD.-At Clear View, Carleton County, Feb. 28th, to the wife of J. A. Macdonald, a son. HALE.-At Woodstock, on February 24th, to the wife of Archie F. Hale, a daughter.



CRAIN .- At the residence of her father, Clear View, Carleton County, March 6th, Bridget, third daughter of James Crain, in her twentieth

DIED.



W. B. JEWETT'S. C. F. CLARE, Legal Issuer.

WOODSTOCK.

Pounds. Value. 542,646 \$111,034.59 462,606 303,905 98,620 41,768

The increase in the cheese industry of the province is quite as gratifying, as the following table giving quantities of cheese exported with value as per factory returns, will show.

Pounds.	Value.
1,195,097	\$110,915.00
1,184,323	119,379.7
1,112,257	95,664.41
832,767	66,621.36
420,726	37,839.42

Although the export of cheese in 1901 was greater than that in 1900 the total value was less. This is explained by the fact that large quantities of old stock was placed on the English market in the spring, which had to be disposed of at prices not at all paying and sufficiently low to encourage consumption. Therefore, new goods, when put on the market, had to be sold at the low prices or be held over, which with early made cheese was not a desirable thing to do. The report says, however, that the prices received by New Brunswick factories were very satisfactory during the season of 1901.

Milk producers are advised to turn a portion of their product into butter, as larger profits would accrue than if all is turned into cheese, for we are, without doubt, close to a point of over production in cheese, while IN there is ample room for the development of our butter industry. Canada supplied last season only 8% of the butter consumption of Great Britain, while of the cheese consumed, Canada supplied about 75%, therefore, the report suggests, it would be well to make the necessary change from the manufacture of cheese to that of butter before it is too late. Mr. Farris' report is an intensely interesting volume of 325 pages which any man, interested in the advancement of the province can not fail to be interested in.

How Longfellow Pronounced "Hiawatha."

"Such a confusing variance in the pronunciation of 'Hiswaths' exists both in dictionaries and in the speech of educated men and women," writes E:izabeth A. Withey, in the March Ladies' Home Journal, "that I have asked Miss Longfellow how the word is pronounced by the poet's family. She says the pronunciation which she always heard from the poet himself is Hi-a-wa-tha, the 'i' pronounced as it is in 'machine' or 'pique,' the second 'a' pronouced as it is in 'far' or in father.'"

