Calf Feeding.

"For a number of years I have had most of my cows drop their calves in the late fall, or early winter," says Duncan C. Anderson of Rugby, Ontario; "And I have come to the tinuous, regular, liberal feeding always brings conclusion that there is a decided gain in so the most profit, and the best practical doing. The milking season is lengthened; results." cows coming in fresh before Christmas, by liberal feeding in winter, milk nearly as well in the early summer when pastures are at their best, as cows that come in fresh in March. We milk ten months, giving the cows two months rest. They are rested in the early fall, when the pastures are at their poorest. At that time the grass is generally dry parched and burned up. As we raise on the skim milk one calf to each cow, it is very important that the cows should have two months rest out of the twelve. When the cows are milked to within a couple of weeks of calving they get no chance to recuperate. The calf generally comes with a weakened vitality, and does not make as rapid or satisfactry a growth in the first six months, as when the cow has had a fair period for rest and recuperation. After a long term of experience I have come to the conclusion, considering the increased price of winter butter, the long milking season, resting when the grass is poor, that in winter dairying, cows give at least 25% more milk in the season than it they came in fresh in the spring months. Again an early inter or fall calf is quite as heavy at two and one half years as a spring calf is at three years old. There is a gain of six months in the age of the calf, the reason for this being that it is weaned off the milk in June, goes on to grass, is fed a little grain or meal all summer, and in the fall it is a good strong lusty yearling, and winters much better than a spring calf, which is just weaned in the fall and goes into winter.

When a calf is dropped it is not good practice to allow the cow to findle and lick her offspring. When the separation does take place there is always a disturbance in the cow stable; the mother gets excited, and some nervous cows remain so for the best part of a week. Better results are obtained by removing the new born calf without allowing the mother to lick it. Rub it dry with a wisp of straw, put it into a roomy, dry, warm pen, free from frosts and drafts, and give it no milk for the first twelve hours. When a calf is hungry it is not nearly so much trouble to teach it to drink. The first two weeks it should have a quart of whole milk three times a day, care being taken that the noon milk is warmed to new milk heat. For the next three weeks half a quart of skim milk should be added to the whole milk at each meal. When the calf gets to be five weeks old, discontinue the noon milk, also the whole milk, giving about three quarts of skim milk twice a day. By this time the stomach will be strong enough to assimilate and digest other food. The noon meal should then be pulped roots, chopped oats and well saved clover hay. If a separator is not used and the milk is set in shallow pans or deep setting cans, it should always be warmed up to new milk heat before being fed. If it is fed cold or too hot it is apt to produce bloating and scours. When through careless feeding, scouring is allowed to become chronic there is no remedy. When a calf is not doing well break an egg into its milk; this acts as a tonic and adds strength to its ration.

To supplement the loss of butter fat in milk, take for twelve calves over two months old, four cups of flax seed, put it into a common stove pot and fill up with water. Do this after dinner and allow it to simmer all afternoon and evening. Next morning boil smartly for about one half hour, stir in some wheat flour, until the mixture is about the consistency of thin porridge. A calf three months old will take a cup full of this flax seed tea porridge in its skim milk. The flour is used to counteract the loosening effects of the flax seed. Care must be used at first not to overfeed but to work up gradually to what I have mentioned, with skim milk, flax seed tea, roots, chopped oats and clover hay, and with comfortable warm pens kept clean and well bedded. Calves can in this way be raised much more profitably in winter than in summer. When a separator is used it is best to skim the froth off the skimmed milk and not feed it to the young calves, especially those under three months. It has a tendency to disturb the normal action of the stomach and set up scours. Whenever a calf is securing reduce the quantity of skim milk. By careful to have the pail from which the calves are fed as clean as possible. With skim milk at the right temperature fed out of pails as clean as your milking pails, in not too large quantities, and fed regularly, there will be but little trouble from calves scouring.

In warm weather calves should be kept in during the day time and turned out in the evening. Thus they will avoid the hot sun and the flies. Whole or chopped oats should be fed. A mixture of whole and chopped oats, about a cupful twice a day for an fordinary sized calf on good pasture, will be sufficient. For fall feeding until the roots are harvested there is nothing equal to green corn run through the cutting box and mixed with some chopped oats. The main point in calf feeding is to never allow them to stop

growing, and in the case of beef animals keep them in good flesh. In feeding calves as in every system of feeding the extremes of over and under feeding are to be avoided. Con-

A Right to Judge

Persons who have used Dr. Chase's Ointment have the best right to judge of its merits and there is no preparation on the market to day which is backed by such a mass of unsolicited testimony. It cures eczema, salt rheum and piles so promptly and thoroughly that people feel it a pleasure to recommend it to other sufferers. See testimonials in the newspapers.

Dowie's Crisis.

"Harper's Weekly." "Dr." John Alexander Dowie, self-acclaimreincarnation of the Prophet Elijah, banker and publisher, divine healer and absolute owner of a town with more than 4,000 residents, General Overseer of the Catholic Church in Zion, lace manufacturer, and founder and head of the Theocratic party, former Presbyterian preacher and present millionaire, who is said to draw regularly every week one-tenth of the total income of more than thirty thousand families in the United States and other parts of the world, has apparently reached a crisis in his career, which has so far been a remarkable demonstration of the power possible to a man who combines shrewd business methods with the audacity and fierce earnestness of a religious fanatic. The cardinal doctrine of Dowie's creed is divine healing through the prayers of himself and of his apostles. By preaching this doctrine and by denouncing physicians and all drugs as allies of the devil, he has brought about him hundreds of invalids, some of them bringing with them considerale sums of money. Two weeks ago his only daughter, Esther, was terribly burned by flames resulting from the overturn of an alcohol-lamp. Her wounds were dressed by one of Dowie's elders, after which the General Overseer and his chief men spent the whole day in prayers about her bedside. At nightfall the young woman was suffering terrible agony, and at last paternal love overcome the scruples of her father, and he sent for one of the despised physicians. The physican who responded says that from the first there could have been no hope for Miss Dowie's recovery. She died to morrow." during the evening. And now the thousands who actually look upon the gray-bearded old Scotch-Australian as more than human, and who have listened to his terrible denunciations of medical men as words inspired, are asking what they shall think of his own act of heresy in the hour of personal distress. Dowie himself slipped off to his summer home, leaving behind him his apostles and a number of phonographic records of his own "inspired speech," to which 5,000 followers, gathered in the Chicago Auditorium on Sunday afternoon, listened midway between awe and incredulity. Within recent months Dowie high preferential duties the Russians have and the great religious-business enterprises he has built up have received several other severe shocks. By a court decision he was forced to pay more than \$100,000 to an English manufacturer he had persuaded to take up his residence in the holy city of "Zion," located forty miles north of Chicago, on the shore of Lake Michigan, and more recently there was a severe outbreak of smallpox in the Divine Healing College which he has established in Michigan avenue. Whatever the outcome of the present crisis, it is certain that Dowie and the strange and fanatic following he has built up in ten years are worthy

of the serious study of sociologists. Dying by Slow Degrees.

Although not always aware of it yet thousands die by slow degrees of catarrh. It first attacks the nose or throat, then the lungs, and finally spreads all through the system. Catarrhozone is the only remedy that will immediately prevent the spread of this awful disease. Every breath from the Inhaler kills thousands of germs, clears the throat and nose, aids expectoration and relieves the pain across the eyes. Catarrhozone erradicates every vestige of catarrh from the system, and is highly recommended also for Bronchitis, Asthma, Deafness and Lung Trouble. Price \$1.00; trial size 25 cts., all druggists. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS CURE BILIOUSNESS.

Dutch Tulip Farms.

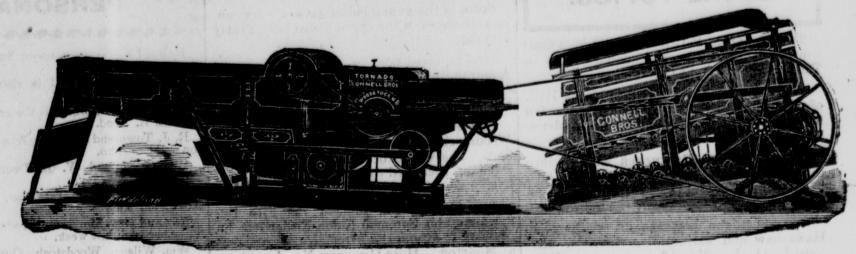
After a trip to Holland to witness the annual display of tulips. Charles L. Hutchinson returned to Chicago yesterday. While away Mr. Huchinson paid a flying visit to London and Paris, but spent nearly all his time inspecting the tulip farms of the Dutch

"A visit to Holland while the tulips are n bloom is one of the most pleasant trips one can take," said Mr. Hutchinson. went over for that special purpose and was amply repaid for my trouble. It is a gor geous sight to drive through the tulip farms. The flowers begin to bloom about the middle of April and continue until the 1st of May. The country for miles is a mass of the blooms, and it is almost like fairyland. The people raise tulips their like we do wheat and corn here. They gain a good income for the sale of the bulbs."-[Chicago Tribune.

Family Quarrels

"How many serious family quarrels, marriages

TORNADO."



Our Direct Gear Horse Power and Tornado Threshers are the Best. "Syracuse" Steel Frame Adjusting Lever, Extra Points Cultivators. Horse Hoes with Steel and Cast Wings.

Call at works and examine or write us for prices before purchasing.

CONNELL BROS., LIMITED,

Woodstock, N. B.

Another Solomon.

A horse-dealer in a Scotch town having hired a horse to a solicitor, the latter, either through bad usage or some other cause, killed the horse, when the dealer iusisted upon payment by bill if it were not convenient to pay cash.

The lawyer had no objection to grant a bill, but said it must be at a long date. The dealer told him to fix his own time, when the man of law drew a promissory note, payable on the Day of Judgment.

An action was raised, when the solicitor asked the presiding judge to look at the bill. Having done so, the judge replied:

"The bill is perfectly good, and as this is the day of judgment I decree that you pay

A North Riding farmer having a horse to sell at a fair sold it to an Army contractor. Meeting him at the same fair the following year, the Army buyer walked up to the farmer and said, indignantly:-

"The horse I bought of you was a thorough fraud! It was no use for the Army!"

The dealer was nowise abashed, but eplied:-

"Well, try 'im for t' Navy!"

Trade has greatly fallen off between Shanghai and Vladivostok. owing to the very put on against English and American goodstwenty-two cents on a pound weight of paper, which might cost eight cents, and twenty cents on each pound weight of canned peaches,

Anxious Old Lady: "I say, my good man, is this boat going up or down?"

Surly Deck-hand: "Well, she's a leaky old tub, mum, so I shouldn't wonder if she was going down. Then, again, her b'ilers ain't none too good, she might go up!"

Leading Store. Bristol's

WANT FIVE TONS GOOD WASHED WOOL.

I have a large assortment of Men's and Boys' Clothing which I received late and will sell cheap.

Ladies' Wrappers and Shirt Waists, a large assortment which are going

cheap. My stock of Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, etc., is up to date. Call and see my Molasses. I have Lime, Brick, Cement and Calcined Plaster.

F. A. PHILLIPS.

THE BEST **PLUMBING**

At most reasonable prices is what I am offering the public.

Estimates cheerfully furnished on any kind of work in my line. A full line of materials of all kinds Aqueduct Pipe at specially low rates. All work guaranteed

first class. C. CHURCHILL,

Connell Street,



Canada's Leading Life Insurance COMPANY.

The Best Year's Record!

The year 1901 was the banner period in the history of the North American Life. Applications were received

\$6,000,000.00.

The results to policy holders continue satisfactory, while the financial position of the company is unex-

Policies issued on very desirable plans. The North American gives the highest guaranteed cash surrender values, of any company in Canada.

A. D. HOLYOKE,

DISTRICT MANAGER.



Prepared For Work.

The preparation for any special meal will prove a pleasure where the kitchen is properly equipped for the work.

OUR STOCK OF

Pots and Pans

In all shapes and sizes will make housekeeping a pleasure the whole year round. Our kitchen conveniences make life more attractive.

At our store here and at Centreville you will find all the Latest Novelties in Cooking Utensils, and at cheap prices that will astonish you.

W. F. Dibblee & Son.

The D. M. OSBORNE Farm Machinery

OF ALL KINDS.

The McLauchlin Carriages.

I am agent for the above goods, which are up-to-date and as perfect as human skill can make them. It will pay you to call and see them before buying elsewhere.

WOODSTOCK, N. B. WILLIAM A. ESTEY,

Warehouse at Old Station, South of Bridge.

farmyard, when he heard voices in one of the boys asked:the barns. Opening the door softly, he beheld his two sons playing cards with two of The old gentleman, bitting right and left Woodstock. them and saw a couple of games played. with his stick, answered:—
'Clubs is trumps, and it's my deal."

An old farmer was passing through his | When entering upon the third game one of

"What's trumps?"