

# THE DISPATCH.

VOL. 9. NO. 19.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., OCTOBER 8, 1902.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## If You Are Looking

For warmth to escape the pinch of winter weather here are our new fashioned

### Warm Raglanettes and Overcoats

In abundance. Also, Reefers, Suits, and all other kinds of **Winter Clothing.**

## John McLauchlan,

Boys' and Men's Leading Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher.

## MEN'S CLOTHING.

### Rare Chances for Saving.



This is the clothing harvest time. We are in the midst of clearing up stocks—and everywhere the pruning knife is cutting a wide swath. A third to a half off regular prices means something when you remember that as makers who retail our regular prices are acknowledgedly the very lowest. You can pick up some very big bargains now. Don't wait until the last minute before taking advantage of this sale. Come today.

**\$6 Men's Suits, - - \$3.75**

If we offered good dollars for 80 cents you wouldn't get a better bargain than this. Striped Cheviots, Striped Cassimeres and Checked Cassimeres.

**\$10 Suits at - - \$7.00**

Fashionable Pattern, Sterling Quality, Perfect Fit, and a wonderful bargain.

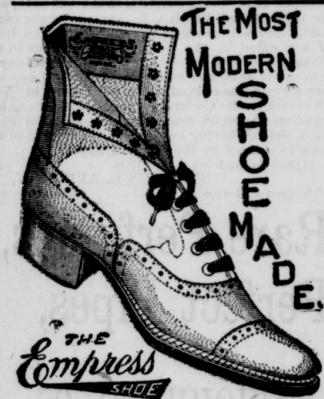
**\$12 Suits at - - \$8.00**

Here you are offered the choice of Striped Flannels, Check Worsteds, Striped Cheviots and Fancy Cheviots.

**\$16 Suits at - - \$12.00**

These suits are all of the very Latest Style and Finest Making, including Striped Worsteds, Check Worsteds, and Fancy Cassimeres in neat striped effect.

## SAUNDERS BROS. MAIN ST.



THE MOST MODERN SHOES MADE.

### FALL SHOES ARE RIPE.

We have searched the entire market and examined every leading line of fine shoes. We have bought lines which combine the Newest, the Best, in the way of Style and Comfort.

We shall exhibit our new stock in our show window.

Come and see them whether you buy or not.

## J. D. DICKINSON & SON,

NO. 16, CONNELL'S BLOCK,

Main St., Woodstock.

### AMALGAMATION A GREAT SUCCESS.

## The MANUFACTURERS and TEMPERANCE AND GENERAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Has had a Record Year during 1901.

Applications received for nearly.....\$ 6,000,000  
Increase over 1900 almost..... 1,000,000  
Total business in force over..... 27,000,000

Nothing succeeds like success.

The E. R. MACHUM, CO. Lt'd.

T. A. LINDSAY,

Mgrs. Maritime Provinces, St. John, N. B.

Special Agent, Woodstock, N.B.

### Agricultural Exhibition.

The Annual Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition of the Wilmot, Wicklow and Kent Agricultural Society, officially known as No. 44, was held at Centreville last Wednesday. A part of the exhibition was held on the grounds of the society, a piece of land of three acres at the north east corner of the town. It is a part of the Johnston farm which the society purchased from Mr. H. T. Scholey. It is a charming situation and the view from the highest point is magnificent. The Mars Hill Band furnished music throughout the day.

Notwithstanding the fact that the day opened dark and rainy a large number of exhibits were brought in, the number being 381, compared with 404 for last year. The attendance was better than could have been expected in the bad weather.

The exhibit of horses was up to the standard. Fred D. Tweedies horse and Mr. Traffords pulling team attracted a great deal of attention.

Another part of the exhibition was to be found in Mr. Scholey's building. Here was to be found everything but the animals.

The fruit was an excellent display, some of the apples being particularly fine.

The exhibit of Burt Bros. consisted of four sets of single and double harness, made at their shop in Centreville.

Ed. West had a good exhibit of iron work, including neck yokes, swivel hooks, peevie irons and horse shoes.

Charles Wilkinson exhibited a light piano box carriage with rubber tires.

These exhibits of manufactured goods, though small were particularly creditable.

### Debec News.

William Kelly, who lost his house and barns on the 26th of September, is staying with his family in a house owned by Mr. Ivey on the swamp road. The fire caught in the roof from the kitchen chimney. In the confusion the baby, only a few months old, narrowly escaped the flames. Although most of the live stock and farm utensils were saved, nearly all his hay and grain just gathered in, was lost. There was no insurance. Kind neighbors are contributing generously to the wants of the sufferers. A barn owned by Mr. Crawford, whose farm adjoins that of Mr. Kelly, was also burned.

Mr. McLimoit has been making considerable improvements on his premises with the intention of removing his store into his new apartments. When completed it will no doubt be a great improvement to the place.

The annual missionary meeting of the General Missionary Society will be held in the Methodist church at McKenzie Corner next Thursday evening. Rev. E. C. Turner, of Centreville, and Rev. Mr. Flemmington, of Benton, will deliver addresses.

The grain crop of this section has been fairly good this season. The potato crop is poor, many of them rotting in the ground.

Rev. Mr. Archibald took a trip down the line on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Speer, of Benton, spent Sunday at the latter's parents, Squire Kirkpatrick's.

Mr. Billings, now residing in Boston, is visiting Ezra Flemming, of Elmwood.

Rev. Mr. Currie pastor of the Baptist church at St. Andrews and formerly of Greenville spent several weeks lately visiting his daughter in Greenville. Rev. Chas. Henderson, also a Baptist minister, is visiting at his brother's, Thomas Henderson.

Robert Flemming has resumed his studies at the Woodstock Grammar School.

### Ordination.

Rev. Wylie H. Smith B. A., was ordained into the Baptist ministry at Florenceville on Thursday last. A council was held in the afternoon, and there were present Rev's. A. H. Hayward, J. A. Cahill, Charles Sterling, Z. L. Fash, B. F. Freeman and Mr. Wetmore, besides a number of delegates from the churches. The candidate having passed a very satisfactory examination. The council advised the church to proceed with the ordination. The services were largely attended.

Rev. Mr. Fash preached the sermon, and Mr. Sterling offered the ordination prayer. Mr. Hayward extended the hand of fellowship. The charge to the candidate was given by Mr. Freeman, and to the church by Mr. Cahill. The benediction by Mr. Smith. The services were all of a very interesting nature, and were enjoyed by those present. Rev. Mr. Smith is pastor of the Florenceville, East Florenceville, Bristol, and Simonds Baptist churches.

### Hospital Fund.

F. B. Meagher, .....\$ 5.00  
A. Henderson, ..... 20.00

"This is an age of selfishness—but, of course, this don't refer to me."

### Sportsmen Thoroughly Satisfied.

Among the passengers on the down express on Wednesday evening were Jesse Kiehl, of New Bethlehem, and T. H. Hoover, of Strattonville, Pa. These gentlemen had been hunting up between the head waters of the Miramichi and Tobique for a week and they had a couple of moose, a couple of caribou and a couple of deer to show for their week's work. Their guide, John S. DeMerchant, is, they say, one of the greatest woodsmen they ever met. He could put them in touch with all kinds of big game and their only regret was that they saw too much of it. They wanted to stay in the woods ten days longer but after bringing down all the game their licenses would allow they hit the trail for Bath, lest they should be tempted to violate the law. They have hunted in North Dakota, Michigan and in the mountains of Pennsylvania, but this country beats anything they have struck yet. It is the real thing, the sportsman's paradise. The first moose they saw was a royal beauty and they gambled to see who should have the shot. Finally they decided to fire together and both bullets struck the shoulder within two inches of each other. The moose turned to run but before he had gone twenty feet he fell with four more bullets in him. They got no shot closer than 150 yards, but they brought down everything they fired at. Mr. Kiehl used a 30 30 Marlin and Mr. Hoover a 303 Savage.

These gentlemen have hunted in this vicinity for three seasons and they say they will be back next season sure. After coming out of the woods they spent a few days at Bath where they made many warm friends.

At Woodstock they met George Saunders, with whom they had wanted to make their hunting trip, but who was in the woods with a Boston party when they telegraphed him.

### Life Insurance Companies Must Pay Taxes.

At the town council on Monday evening, Coun. R. B. Jones announced that the taxes of several life insurance companies doing business in town had not been paid for some years. One company already owed \$400, and the total indebtedness of all those in arrears amounted to \$1000.

Coun. Lindsay moved, seconded by Coun. R. B. Jones, that immediate steps be taken to collect these taxes. Action will be taken against only one company at first to see how the thing pans out, and if it is a success then the other companies will be brought to book.

### RURAL AFFAIRS.

#### Value of Cover Crops.

The season of the year when most cultivated crops have been harvested will soon be here. The ground will then be bare unless some cover crop is sown. To many farmers it seems like a waste of time and energy to sow a crop which is to be ploughed under early in the spring, or which may be killed by the winter's cold. Those who have observed the severe washing which has taken place during the past two months on many corn and potato fields will realize a double need of protecting such fields when the crop is removed. Sidehills are very likely to be gullied by fall and winter rains. A large amount of soil will often be carried to lower fields or into the streams. This is not the only loss, however, for the more soluble element of plant food are removed from the soil at the same time. These may be caught on a neighbor's farm, but are more likely to find their way into the streams.

There are two advantages in cover crops which grow in the late fall and early spring. Such crops hold the surface of the soil, preventing washing, and will take up the soluble elements of plant food. On account of their power to gather nitrogen from the air the legumes should be grown when possible. The best crop we have used in this way is common red clover, sown at the rate of 20 pounds to the acre. This should be sown in New England in August or not later than the first week in September, if sown alone. After that date the best crop to use is rye sown at the rate of 1½ bushel to the acre. When the land is not wanted for an early crop the next season it is a good plan to sow clover with the rye at the rate of 10 to 12 pounds per acre. At the New Jersey Experiment Station crimson clover sown in the corn in August and ploughed under for corn again the next spring has proven nearly equal to a highgrade commercial fertilizer. In New England, except for a narrow belt at the south, this crop has not proven reliable as a winter and spring cover. In our experience, in central Connecticut it winterkills about three winters out of four. Rye will grow at all times when the ground is not actually frozen at the surface. This crop differs from clover in not gathering nitrogen from the air, yet it will prevent a great waste from the soil by storing up nitrogen until the rye can be ploughed under, preparatory for another crop.—[Correspondence Rural New Yorker.]

### THE OLD ENGLISH SUNDAY.

How The Day Was Observed Prior to the English Revolution.

For a considerable period prior to the English revolution, Sunday was a day of great festivity and high revelry in the old country. Incredible though it may appear, its observance was governed and ordered by a paradoxical royal declaration, issued by King James I. This document is generally known as 'The Book of Sports.' In its preamble it recites a royal rebuke, administered to 'some Puritanes and precise people' for 'prohibiting or unlawful punishing of Our good people for using their lawful Recreations and honest exercises upon Sundays and other holy days, after the afternoone sermon or service,' and then it refers to 'the general complaint of our people, that they were barred from all lawful Recreation and exercise upon the Sundayes afternoone, which cannot but produce two evils: the one, the hindering of the conversion of many, whom their priests will take occasion hereby to vex, persuading them that no honest mirth or recreation is lawful or tollerable in our Religion, which cannot but breed a great discontentment in our people's hearts; the other inconvenience is, that this prohibition barreth the common and meaner sort of people from using such exercises as may make their bodies more able for Warre, when we or our successors shall have occasion to use them.'

Then follows the royal mandate "that no lawful Recreation shall be barred to our good People," and "The Bishop and all other inferior Churchmen and Churchwardens" are enjoined to "bee carefull and diligent, both to instruct the ignorant and convince and reform them that are misled in religion." "Our pleasure likewise is, That the Bishop of the Diocese take the like straight order with all the Puritans and Precisians within the same, either constraining them to conforme themselves, or to leave the country according to the Lawes of Our Kingdom and Canons of our Church." The declaration proceeds to define "lawful Recreation" as "Dancing, either for men or women. Archerie for men, leaping, vaulting, or any other such harmlesse Recreation, including May-games, Whitsun-Ales, and Morris-dances, and the setting up of May-poles and other sports therewith used. But withall wee doe here accept still as prohibited all unlawfull games to be used upon Sundayes onely, as Beare and Bull-baiting, Interludes, and at all times in the meaner sort of People by Law prohibited, Bowling." A penalty was inflicted upon those who did not join in the Sunday sports, and no one could take part in them without first having attended divine service in the parish church, which was also enforced under pain of penalty!

In those days the clergyman would, in obedience to the royal decree, publicly recite the 'Book of Sports' from the pulpit; after divine service, he, with his church-wardens, would proceed with the congregation on to the village green, there to indulge in all kinds of "lawful recreation." While the sports were going on it was the custom for the parson and his church-wardens to retire to the adjoining inn.

### Boer Names.

Now that the Boer generals have left England, we may draw attention to the frequent mistakes which have been made in the pronunciation of their names. Gen. Botha's name is sounded by the public as if the first syllable rhymed with the word "loath." The "th" in Dutch has not the English sound, but is regarded merely as a variant of the letter "t"; the names Botha, Martha, and de Moth are pronounced Botta, Martta, and de Mott. The "o" in Botha has moreover a lengthened sound, something intermediate between the "o" sound as heard in the words "boat" and "loot." In De Wet's case the mistake arises from the tendency to pronounce the name as if it were wholly English. The South African pronunciation of De Wet is distinctly De Vet, the de being sounded as a Frenchman would pronounce it. De La Rey's name suffers the least in an educated English mouth, though the crowd has a tendency to pronounce it "Deelarry," with a strong accent on the second syllable. The General himself sounds the end syllable very strongly, although the two other syllables are also pronounced with a distinct stress upon them.—[London Daily News.]

### Congratulations.

A foreman for the Courier office is now on his way from Scotland in the steamship Columbia, from one of the largest and most celebrated printing establishments in the world. Happenings of thirty years ago in St. Croix Courier. (The above refers to J. C. Henry, who has been continuously in the Courier's employ since that date.)

Buy your FRUIT JARS. We have them in Pints, Quarts and Half Gallons.  
**NOBLE & TRAFTON.**