

NOMINATION PROCEEDINGS.
(Continued from first page.)

a lawyer, had been commissioned to buy some horses for the province. Mr. Turnbull, of St. John, had offered him a horse at \$400.00. Mr. King did not buy it, but went to Montreal and bought a horse of the same breed for \$1500.00. That fall the two horses were exhibited in St. John and the St. John horse took all the prizes away from the one the Government had bought. A government that would do this sort of thing were too high priced for the country.

A few years ago the Government bought some thoroughbred cattle in Ontario and they had no sooner reached the province than they had to be killed because they were diseased.

The government were paid to spend the people's money carefully and they spent it very carelessly and wastefully. If the opposition were placed in power they would at least see that the people got what they paid for. He thought Mr. Hazen's plan of dividing the province into ridings and making a redistribution of the representation was a good idea. County and Parish lines would be followed, the number of polling places would not be increased and the cost of the thing would soon be saved in the indemnities of the superfluous members who would be discarded.

As secretary treasurer of the County he knew how matters stood between the province and the county. The law provided that the County should pay jury fees and the province should reimburse them. The province had not yet paid last year's jury fees amounting to some \$500, or \$600, nor had they paid for the last two courts in 1901, which would bring the debt up to \$700 or \$800. He had no doubt the same was the case with other counties. This being so we could not know the floating indebtedness of the province. In fact we could never tell where we were till we turned the present government out and put some better men in their places.

Mr. Tweedie told liberals that they had to vote the straight government ticket. He thought Mr. Ellis of the St. John Globe entitled to speak to liberals quite as well as Mr. Tweedie and the Globe opposed the government.

Mr. Tweedie had been elected to the house as an opponent of the Government. Through a deal with Mr. Blair he went into the Government, the price paid by the province being the surveyor generalship for Mr. Tweedie and a reduction of the stampage.

Mr. Pugsley in 1896 started to run against the Government in King's. He left there and ran as an independent in St. John. After his election he went into the Government as Attorney General.

Mr. LaBillois had been purchased twice, the first time for \$500. He was a cheaper man to buy than Tweedie but they both cost more than they were worth to the country.

The opposition ticket made up of three conservatives could appeal to the liberals for support with quite as good grace as the Tweedie, Pugsley, LaBillois combination.

He disapproved of the action of the Government in taking the expenditure of the by road money away from the councillors and giving it to the government candidates to strengthen their hands. The result was that instead of the money being spent by men who knew minutely the needs of the roads it was wasted by men who knew nothing of them.

He spoke of the open ballot through which men could be coerced by unscrupulous politicians.

W. P. JONES

said he had not sought the nomination of the convention, but having accepted it, would use all lawful means to secure his election. He said that Mr. Flemming had made a very good speech, no doubt he had made it fifty times before. No government was so good but that some critic would find fault with it. Mr. Flemming had come here with the old bridge charges, that were dead and buried years ago. It showed a great poverty of invention. At the very worst the conduct of the government had been an error in judgment, but he did not admit even that. The people who were now finding fault with the government at Fredericton and at Ottawa were the same people who had supported the most corrupt government any country had ever known. The country had nothing to expect from these people. This was a fight between liberals and conservatives. Mr. Blair stands for liberalism and he says that Messrs. Tweedie and Pugsley are good enough liberals for him.

Mr. Flemming's objections to the agricultural policy of the Government were only trivial ones, only concerned with matters of bookkeeping. The opposition were offering nothing to take the place of the progressive agricultural policy of the Government. When Mr. Emerson started to bonus roller mills his policy was ridiculed by the opposition, but they now admitted that he was right, as in a few years they would admit the wisdom of many Government measures they were condemning.

He paid a high tribute to Dr. Pugsley, who, he said, was the greatest lawyer in New Brunswick and the peer of any in the Empire, and who had been the means of securing the Eastern Extension of \$275,000, and was now trying to get our share of the Fisheries award amounting to some \$2,000,000.

In speaking of the public debt Mr. Jones said that the conservatives had increased the debt at the rate of \$170,000 a year for thirteen years and the liberals had only increased it at the rate of \$30,000 a year for twenty years. If the conservatives had remained in power till today our debt would be twice what it is now.

The opposition had never opposed any expenditure in the house, but had gone out howling about our extravagance through the country.

Mr. Jones then opened his defence of his conduct in the matter of the Bell estate. Mr. Bell had been sent to the asylum in 1899, and the commissioners of the asylum instructed him to take charge of the personal property and have it sold to pay for Mr. Bell's maintenance. The proceeds of the personality had been credited to the wrong account by a clerk at head quarters, and it did not appear on the books that the money had been paid to Mr. Bell's credit. The notes to the value of \$2,000 had been returned as Mr. Carter well knew. Mr. Carter tried to make it appear that he and the government

had persecuted Mrs. Bell, but they had not, for if the government had not taken the property the creditors would have. Mrs. Bell was allowed to live in the best building belonging to the estate, at Bristol, the only piece of real estate not covered by a mortgage.

Mr. Carvell. Did the government take that building from her?

Mr. Jones. No!

Mr. Carvell. Who did?

Mr. Jones. The president of the Conservative Association in Carleton County.

With regard to his charges in the matter Mr. Jones said he had been all winter in searching the records, examining over 180 conveyances. It required a lot of investigation both in and out of the Record office. The various pieces of land were sold at auction, but in each case he had procured a purchaser beforehand and had seen that the property brought all it was worth. More than one purchaser had said that if it had not been for Mr. Jones he would have got his land for a lot less than it was worth. The pieces of land were very much scattered, there were practically no buildings on them, the creditors would have been after them and Mrs. Bell had only her right of dower in them, and this right the Government did not sell and she has it today. Mr. Carter, an opposition candidate in Victoria County, had stirred this thing up, and Mr. Carter was a lawyer he was sorry to say.

B. FRANK SMITH

was glad to have two such able speakers on the ticket with him. He asked the people not to be bluffed with talk of liberal and conservative, but to judge the government on its record. He had put all the money he had ever made into an agricultural interest and he would if elected, be able to help in the agricultural development of the county. The Tweedie, Pugsley, LaBillois combination might be good enough liberals for Mr. Blair, but it appeared that there were not good enough for such life-long liberals as Mr. Ellis, Mr. Hill and other liberals of unimpeachable records.

Mr. Tweedie claimed to be a provincial man first last and altogether, but Mr. Tweedie had opposed a grant to a railway from Fredericton to Woodstock that would give our farmers a very much needed competing line with the C. P. R. This did not look like a good provincial policy. This competing line up the St. John Valley should be a live issue in this campaign. We needed a government composed of prudent economical business men and this government was not composed of such.

W. C. GOOD

said he was a practical farmer but not much addicted to oratory. He had been in political life ten days and though a political infatigable able to walk, he was doing a pretty good stroke. It was hardly worth his while to tell the people that the government was going to be sustained for they knew that already. Carleton did not want to be left out in the cold. Over 80 per cent. of the population of Carleton county were farmers and as a man who had never made a dollar in any other industry he thought he could look after these interests to advantage if elected.

To Cure a Cold in a Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The Seed Show.

On March 26th, 27th, and 28th, there will be held in Woodstock, probably in the opera house, under the auspices of the Carleton County Agricultural Society, an exhibition of home grown seeds. The object of the exhibition is to induce the farmers of this district to raise the best possible quality of seeds, suited to the needs of this soil and climate and to clean the seeds for use. The exhibition will include, grain, grass, clover and root seeds and seed potatoes as well as an exhibition of winter fruit and house plants. About \$150 in prizes are offered, and the prize list which is now in course of preparation may be had on application to Newton S. Dow. Each exhibitor is expected to have a quantity of seed for sale at the time of the exhibition, beside the quantity placed on exhibition. The town council will probably be asked for a grant for this exhibition, which will be an annual affair and will surely increase in size and importance every year. It is a worthy object and should enlist the interest of the council at once.

Death of Mrs. Joseph B. Woolverton.

Mrs. Margaret S. Woolverton, widow of the late Joseph B. Woolverton, died at the residence of her son Joseph Woolverton, Northampton on Monday the 23rd at the age of 85 years. She leaves three sons, Joseph, James and John and two daughters, Mrs. Henry Caldwell and Mrs. J. J. Rogers of Northampton. Mrs. Woolverton was a worthy woman, respected by all who knew her.

Household Hints.

As milk and butter are easily affected by odors or flavors it is possible to get some very piquant results by placing delicately scented flowers or fruit in the refrigerator with them. Oranges give a delicious flavor to butter.

The best quality of cheesecloth, costing twelve cents a yard, makes pretty and appropriate curtains for bedrooms. It comes in soft tones of green, rose, and yellow, as well as white, and washes well. The chief beauty of cheesecloth lies in the graceful and pliable quality of its folds. Every breath of air stirs it and gives it a change of line. Another fabric which may be used for curtains is called cedar cloth. It has a loose mesh which admits a great deal of light. Unfortunately, it is apt to fade, but it is so inexpensive that it can be frequently renewed.

BRIGHT BABIES.

Only Those Perfectly Well are Good Natured and Happy.

When a baby is cross, peevish or sleepless, the mother may be certain that it is not well. There are little ailments coming from some derangement of the stomach or bowels which the mother's watchful eye may not detect, which nevertheless make themselves manifest in irritability or sleeplessness. A dose of Baby's Own Tablets given at such a time will speedily put the little one right and will give it healthy, natural sleep, and you have a positive guarantee that there is not a particle of opiate or harmful drug in the medicine. Thousands of mothers give their children no other medicine, and all mothers who have used the tablets praise them. Mrs. A. McDonald, Merton, Ont., Says:—"Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine for little ones I have ever used, and I always keep them in the house in case of emergencies." Good for children of all ages from birth upward. Sold at 25 cents a box by medicine dealers or sent post paid by writing direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Didn't Know His Own Child.

At Antietam, just after the artillery had been sharply engaged, the Rockbridge (Va.) battery was standing waiting orders. General Lee rode by and stopped a moment. A dirty faced driver about seventeen said to him:

"General, are you going to put us in again?"

Think of such a question from such a source to the general of the army, especially when that general's name was Lee!

"Yes, my boy," the stately officer kindly answered, "I have to put you in again. But what is your name? Your face seems familiar somehow."

"I don't wonder you didn't know me, sir," laughed the lad, "I'm so dirty. But I'm Bob."

It was the general's youngest son, whom he had thought safe at the Virginia Military institute. "God bless you, my son; do your duty," and the general rode on.

THE Lakeville Comedy Company intend holding a grand concert in the public hall, Lakeville, on the 14th day of March next. Proceeds devoted to enlarging the hall.

FOR SALE.

That fine farm of 140 acres on the Houlton Road with stock and crop. Excellent buildings. Known as the William Upham farm. Apply on the premises. E. LINDO.

BORN.

KIERSTEAD.—At Woodstock on Thursday, February 19th, to the wife of Dr. P. T. Kierstead, a daughter.

DIED.

BURPEE.—At Woodstock, N. B., December 19th, 1902, Mary Louise, infant daughter of Jennie E. and Clarence A. Burpee.

BURPEE.—At Woodstock, N. B., February 21st, 1903, O'ceola Edward, youngest son of Jennie E. and Clarence A. Burpee.

HALEY.—At Wakefield, Feb. 2nd, of congestion of the lungs, Mildred, only child of Frank and Alice Haley, aged three months. "Of such is the Kingdom."

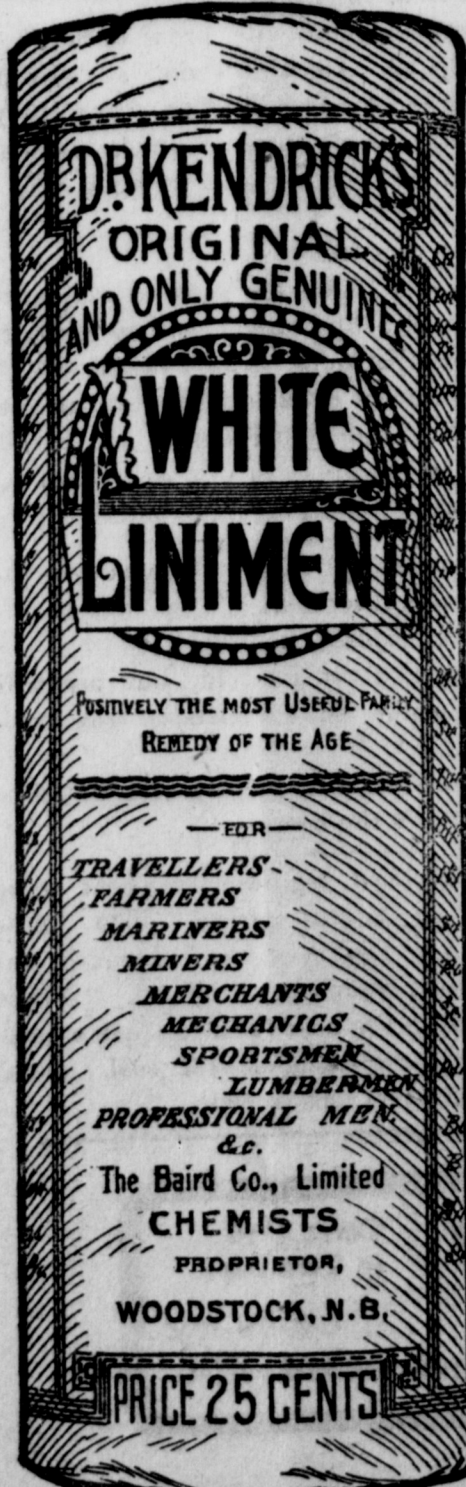
MARRIAGE LICENSES

WEDDING RINGS.

Marriage Licenses issued and Wedding Rings sold, guaranteed as stamped U. S. assay, at

W. B. JEWETT'S.

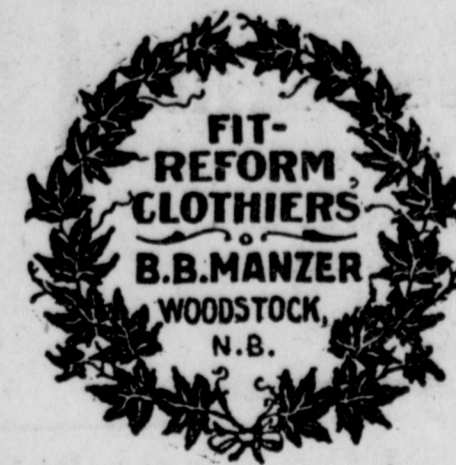
JEWETT'S CORNER, WOODSTOCK.



FIT-REFORM

"Like the first man" might be termed the "ADAM" amongst men of Tailor Made Garments, Ready-to-Wear in Canada.

—First in the field, It has no Connection with other makers, who oft times borrow the wings of



FIT REFORM

and attempt to fly under its plumes.

B. B. MANZER

At Church on Easter Sunday



Every man not only wants to look his best, but if possible better than any other man. If you have your Easter Suit, Overcoat, or Trousers made by NICHOLSON, you will have no reason to regret any detail of your personal appearance, as the style and fit of your garments will be unsurpassed. We are securing a larger direct importation of seasonable goods, which we will make up in the most artistic style.

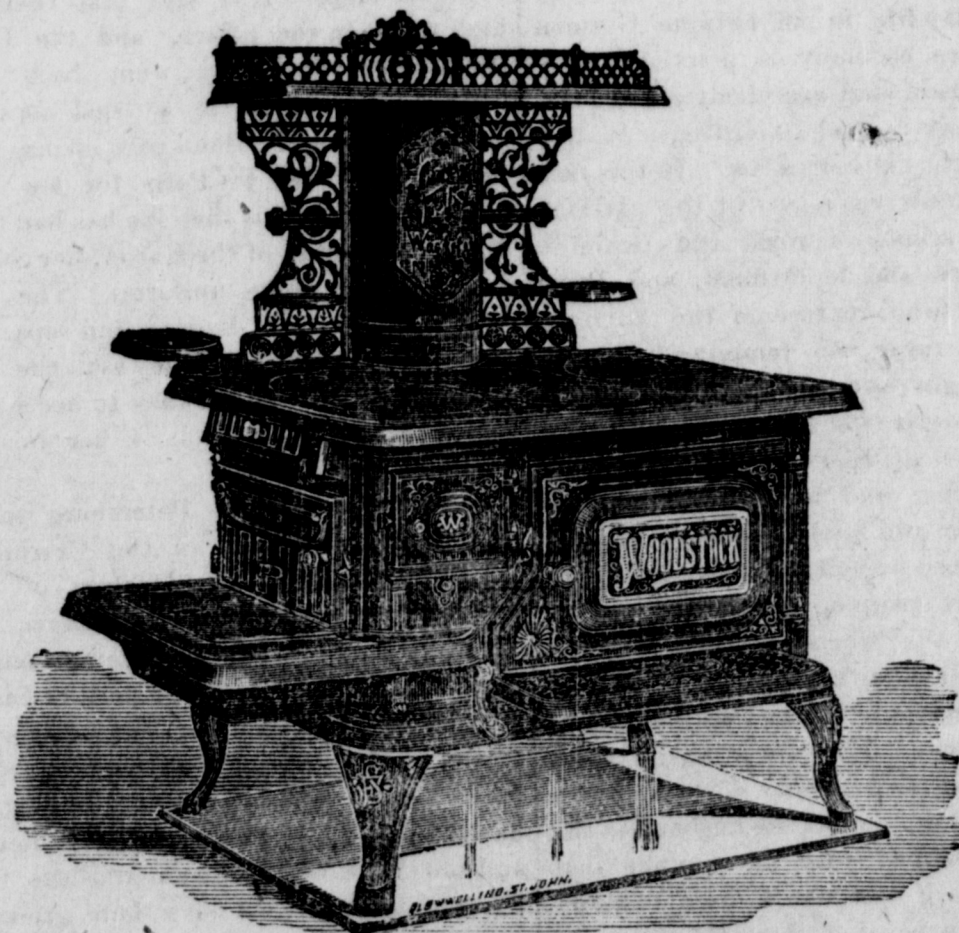
W. B. NICHOLSON, Merchant Tailor, Woodstock, N. B.

Busy at keeping 'out the cold these days. Storm Doors and Windows are a specialty with us. Better order these in time. Remember the high price of fuel.

Woodstock Woodworking Co.

WOODWORK of all kinds.

THE WOODSTOCK RANGE.



The Methodist Parsonage, Jacksonville, Carleton Co., N. B., Oct. 11th, 1902. Messrs. Small & Fisher, Woodstock:

Gentlemen,—After upwards of thirty years experience with a large variety of cook stoves, none has ever given the satisfaction derived from your "Woodstock". It is a perfect heater and baker, keeps the water tank hot day and night, with less fuel than any stove we have ever had in our parsonages.

Yours faithfully,

JOHN C. BERRIE.

P. S.—I kept the fire going night and day from the 1st of October to the end of March with less than five cords of hardwood.—J.C.B.

SMALL & FISHER COMPANY, Limited,

WOODSTOCK, N. B.

Baird & Peters, St. John, N. B., STAND BEHIND VIM TEA.