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Doctors Appreciate the value of

Park's Perfect EMULSION

They know the GUAIACOL in it makes it many times a better Emulsion than any other on the market.

rice 50c. a bottle. Large bottle, \$1.00

Canadian Pacific Ry. SHORT LINE TO MONTREAL. Through Fast Express leaving Halifax at 8.40 a.m., St. John at 6.00 p.m., daily except Sunday.

Toronto, Niagara, Detroit, Chicago. Leave Montreal 9.30 a.m., daily except Sunday, and 10.00 p.m. daily.

Pacific Express to the Coast. Leaves Montreal daily 9.40 a.m., carrying first and second-class Coaches, Dining Car, Palace Sleepers, and on Thursday carries Tourist Sleepers Montreal to Vancouver with-out change.

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Write for descriptive matter, rates, etc., to C. B. FOSTER, D.P.A., C.P.R., ST. JOHN, N. B.

Dr. Wood's



Norway Pine Syrup

Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Pain or Tightness in the Chest, Etc.

It stops that tickling in the throat, is pleasant to take and soothing and healing to the lungs. Mr. E. Bishop Brand, the well-known Galt gardener, writes:— I had a very severe attack of sore throat and tightness in the chest. Some times when I wanted to cough and could not I would almost choke to death. My wife got me a bottle of DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP, and to my surprise I found speedy relief. I would not be without it if it cost \$1.00 a bottle, and I can recommend it to everyone bothered with a cough or cold. Price 25 Cents.

Leadership, Not Dictatorship.

The day of the dictator has gone. He served his purpose when the people were "like dumb driven cattle," but in a democracy he has no place. He might even now save the people from making mistakes, but by their mistakes the people must learn wisdom. It may be a costly process, and in it great interests may suffer loss, but in the end the only way along which any movement can advance without injury to the moral character of the people is the one of free choice between the right hand and the left. The constraint of dictatorship might prevent positive error, but the good it would accomplish would be negative and of no value, either as a moral effect or as an instrument of education. In the reign of the people, the people must be free to go wrong.

This applies very pertinently to the causes of moral reform. Since the rise of the democracy huge blunders have been made by the masses of the people, upon whom rested the responsibility of improving the manners and discovering the laws of social life. What a zig-zag course is shown in the history of temperance reform. Even today and among thoughtful friends of social progress there are differences of opinion which seem like antagonisms. Because of these differences there have been ebbs and flows in the stream, vain attempts to make headway, so much so that there are those who would have the right to decide taken from the many and given to the few, to a dictator who should choose out the path for all temperance reformers. Were the responsibility for decision and action vested in one, the many might be held back from futile effort, but they would never come to the larger place, where liberty is law. Temperance reform is a social movement, and there can be no social progress except by social freedom.

What the temperance cause really needs is not dictatorship, but leadership—the spirit of wise, strong leadership incarnated in wise, strong men. In all social, political and religious reforms of today and tomorrow there can be no appeal except to the intelligence, the reason and the conscience of the people. Whosoever makes any other appeal is a belated relic of other days, for the times have swept past him. Leadership is the more difficult and the more dangerous, but there can be no going back, either in State or Church, to the office of the dictator. The half-blind, half-foolish feeling of the people after what is true in creed and what is right in practice makes more directly for what is best alike for the individual and for society than the wisest compulsions of dictatorship, which destroy moral choices and make moral character impossible. We will follow a leader, but no quarter must be allowed the dictator. —Toronto Globe.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Commencing Feb. 15 and until April 30, 1903, Special Colonist Rates

TO North Pacific Coast and Kootenay Points.

From WOODSTOCK, N. B.

To Nelson, B.C., Trail, B.C., Rossland, B.C., Greenwood, B.C., Midway, B.C., Vancouver, B.C., Victoria, B.C., New Westminster, B.C., Seattle and Tacoma, Wash., Portland, Ore.

Proportionate rates from and to other points. Also rates to points in Colorado, Idaho, Utah, Montana, Washington and California.

For full particulars call on C. D. JORDAN, Ticket Agent, Or write to C. B. FOSTER, D.P.A., C.P.R., ST. JOHN, N. B.

Meeting Departmental Competition. Metal and Hardware, in an article headed as above says:— It is obvious to everyone that these department stores are largely cutting into the field of the local merchants, not only in Manitoba and the Northwest, but in every part of the Dominion, through the medium of advertising.

Besides advertising in the ordinary way, the department stores are always looking about for ways and means of reaching customers. We know of an instance of a daily paper in a certain town which supplied a department store in Toronto with a list of its subscribers, the list being required by the department store for the purpose of mailing circulars and catalogues to that particular paper's readers. The price paid for the list was \$150.00.

There is no more effective way for minimizing the influence of the department store than by the local merchants giving all publicity that is within their power to the goods which they carry in stock. The department stores frequently advertise bargains, but the great majority of the prices they quote would not be sufficiently attractive to get the business if they were compared with the figures at which the local merchants can sell their goods.

It is this fact that needs to be impressed upon the consumer, and the only way that this can be done is by means of publicity. One of the best mediums for this purpose is the local newspaper. An advertisement in the local newspaper, as a rule, is the cheapest thing which the country merchant gets.

Besides advertising in the local papers, merchants should elicit the sympathy and co-operation of the local publishers in educating the consumers to the fact that their requirements can be supplied just as cheaply, if not more so, than by the large departmental stores in the chief trade centres of the country.

When His Wife "Struck."

The walking delegate never tired of talking about the strike. He held that it was justifiable if ever a strike was, and he was prepared to demonstrate that it was perfectly proper to strike to secure a desired result. He told his wife so, says the Albany Argus, and she appeared to agree with him. She said it seemed the easiest way.

"That night when he came home he found that the table was not set. "I want a new dress," she said, when he asked what the trouble was.

"I know. You've been bothering me for that dress for a month," he said, "but how about supper?"

"There isn't any," she replied. This is a strike. "A strike?"

"Yes. I've been trying to secure a peaceable settlement of this trouble for some time; now I've struck." "Do you dare—"

"Oh, don't talk to me that way! If I can't get you to arbitrate, why, I've got to strike." "But, Mary, you don't understand."

"Oh, yes, I do. I've made my demands, and they've been refused. I've asked for arbitration with a view to a compromise, and that has also been refused. A strike is all there is left, and I've struck."

"But your demands are unreasonable." "I don't think they are." "You're no judge."

"You're the judge of your own demands when you strike, and I'm as good a judge as you are when I want something. It's no use talking. The strike is on."

She folded her arms in a determined way, and he subsided. It was perhaps half an hour later when he looked up and said: "Well, what are you going to do about it?"

"Nothing," she replied. "The strike is still on."

"Aren't you hungry?" "No. I saw that there was something in the treasury before the strike was ordered."

"Meaning the pantry?" he remarked. "Meaning the pantry," she repeated. "I believe I'll get a bite," he said.

"It's locked," she replied. "The reserve is to be used to keep the strike going. You can't touch the striker's resources."

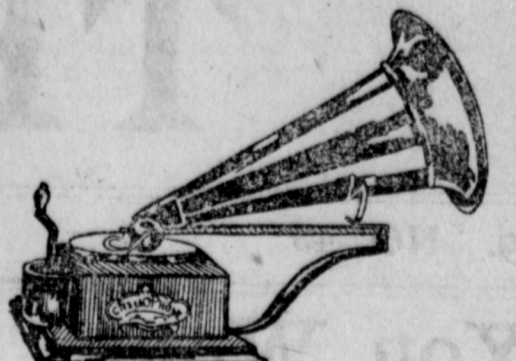
"Be careful, Mary!" he said, warningly. "If I shut off the cash—" She nodded toward the locked pantry.

"I can stick it out a week," she returned. Five or ten minutes later he proposed that they compromise on the basis of ten dollars.

"Twenty," she replied, firmly. "But I can't afford it," he protested. "That's your business," she answered. "I offered to arbitrate once."

It was ten o'clock that night when he finally gave in, and somehow he felt he had experienced a new phase of the strike business. It looked different from the other side of the fence.

True to life. No one will believe how perfectly—how true to the original—the Berliner Gram-o-phone reproduces sound until they have heard it. That is why we let all good Canadians try it before they buy it.



The Berliner Gram-o-phone

reproduces bands, orchestras, singers and talkers with the same quality of tone as the original. Don't confuse it with the ordinary talking-machine—others have made that mistake before they heard it. Its repertoire is practically unlimited. It is the only talking machine made in Canada. Guaranteed for five years. The hard flat maroon discs are practically indestructible. Prices from \$15 to \$45. Can be bought on the installment plan, \$1.00 cash and \$2.00 per month for 8 months. Write for catalogue and our easy payment plan.

E. BERLINER, 2315 St. Catherine St., MONTREAL, QUE. EMANUEL BLOUT, General Manager for Canada.

A Use For All The Ox.

Not many years ago when an ox was slaughtered 40 per cent. of the animal was wasted; at the present time "nothing is lost but its dying breath." As but one-third of the weight of the animal consists of products that can be eaten, the question of utilizing the waste is a serious one. The blood is used in refining sugar and in sizing paper, or manufactured into door-knobs and buttons. The hide goes to the tanner; horns and hoofs are transformed into combs and buttons; thigh bones, worth \$30 per ton, are cut into handles for cloth brushes; fore-leg bones sell for \$30 per ton for collar buttons, parasol handles and jewellery; the water in which bones are boiled is reduced to glue; the dust from sawing the bones is food for cattle and poultry; the smallest bones are made into boneblack. Each foot yields a quarter of a pint of neat's-foot oil; the tail goes to the "soup," while the brush of hair at the end of the tail is sold to the mattress-maker. The choicer parts of the fat make the basis of butterine; the intestines are used for sausage casings or bought by gold beaters. The undigested food in the stomach, which formerly cost the packers of Chicago \$30,000 a year to remove and destroy, is now made into paper. These are but a few of the products of abattoirs. All scraps unfit for any other use find welcome in the glue pot, or they do missionary work for farmers by acting as fertilizers.

BELL Pianos

With the new illimitable repeating action are recognized by musicians as the highest standard of piano excellence. They represent the "artist's ideal," as they are musically and mechanically perfect. The "Bell" reputation insures those unfamiliar with the different makes of pianos that they can purchase this reliable make with the assurance that they are getting a piano that has no superior and few equals.

C. R. WATSON, Agent, Woodstock, N. B.

Bristol's Leading Store.

A nice line of Men's Overcoats. Men's and Boys' Clothing of all kinds. Ladies' Wrappers and Shirt Waists. A general stock of Dry Goods and Groceries, Hardware, Boots and Shoes.

Also, Furniture, consisting of Bedroom Sets, Extension Tables, Centre Tables, Dining Chairs, Iron Beds, Mattresses, Couches, etc. Please call and see.

F. A. PHILLIPS.

Notice of Sale

To G. Percival Carr formerly of the Parish of Northampton in the County of Carleton, and Province of New Brunswick, Farmer: Archie F. Hale of the Parish of Wicklow in the said County, Farmer, and Louis E. Young of the Town of Woodstock, Barrister, and all others whom it may in any wise concern:— NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the fifteenth day of September, A. D. 1898, and recorded in Carleton County Records in Book "B," No. 4, on pages 793, 794 and 795, and made between G. Percival Carr of the one part, and Sarah M. Johnson of the other part; there will be sold at public auction for the purpose of satisfying the money secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage, default having been made in the payment of the same, in the Post Office in the Town of Woodstock, on FRIDAY the SIXTH day of APRIL next, at the hour of eleven of the clock in the forenoon, the lands and premises described in the said Indenture of Mortgage as follows:—"All those pieces or parcels of land situate in the Parish of Northampton aforesaid between the old South Newburgh road and the present South Newburgh road, and bounded as follows:—"Commencing at a post at the division line of lots number sixteen and seventeen; thence along the north side of the old South Newburgh road to the West corner of lot number eighteen on said road; thence North four degrees East to the present South Newburgh road; thence along the present South Newburgh road in an Easterly direction to the division line of lots number sixteen and seventeen aforesaid; thence South four degrees West to the place of beginning, being part of lots number seventeen and eighteen as surveyed by Deputy G. D. H. in December, A. D. 1855, and being part of land conveyed by deed to James Carr by Charles Connell and wife the 4th day of May, A. D. 1866." Together with all buildings and improvements thereon and privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining. Dated this second day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three.

JULIA H. IVES, Assignee of Mortgage.

NOTICE OF LEGISLATION

Application will be made to the Local Legislature at its next session for the passage of an Act to authorize the Municipality of Carleton to make a grant to the Public Hospital in the Town of Woodstock not exceeding five hundred dollars per annum. By order of County Council, J. C. HARTLEY, Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipality of Carleton. Woodstock, N. B., March 2nd, 1903.

NOTICE OF LEGISLATION

Application will be made to the Local Legislature at its next session for the passage of an Act to authorize the Municipality of Carleton to accept from the Town of Woodstock a certain fixed proportion of the amounts ordered assessed by the said Municipality for County and School Purposes, and also to provide for the payment by the Town of Woodstock to the Municipality of Carleton of the indebtedness of said town in nine equal annual instalments. By order of County Council, J. C. HARTLEY, Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipality of Carleton. Woodstock, N. B., March 2nd, 1903.