



**MILBURN'S**  
**HEART AND NERVE**  
**PILLS**

Have Restored Thousands of Canadian Women to Health and Strength.

There is no need for so many women to suffer pain and weakness, nervousness, sleeplessness, anaemia, faint and dizzy spells and the numerous troubles which render the life of a woman a round of sickness and suffering.

Young girls budding into womanhood, who suffer with pains and headaches, and whose face is pale and the blood watery, will find Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills help them greatly during this period.

Women at the change of life, who are nervous, subject to hot flushes, feeling of pins and needles, palpitation of the heart, etc., are aided over the trying time of their life by the use of this wonderful remedy.

It has a wonderful effect on a woman's system, makes pains and aches vanish, brings color to the pale cheek and sparkle to the eye.

They build up the system, renew lost vitality, improve the appetite, make rich, red blood and dispel that weak, tired, listless, non-ambition feeling.

100c. PER BOX, OR 3 FOR \$1.25  
ALL DEALERS.  
The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

**Some Lessons From the Ontario Winter Fair.**

The recent Ontario Provincial Winter Fair at Guelph demonstrated once more that an educational show, without any of the so-called "attractions", can be made an unqualified success. The attendance was much greater than ever before, and although the vast building had been considerably enlarged during the summer, the accommodation was again found inadequate. Hundreds of farmers' wives and daughters were present, and took as keen an interest in the exhibits, especially the poultry, as did their husbands and brothers. The practical lectures were again the most attractive part of the show, and as before the wisdom of this feature was demonstrated beyond all doubt. The lecture room was at all times too small to accommodate the crowd who wished to hear the addresses, and it will evidently be found necessary to again enlarge the seating capacity of this room, if the highest possibilities of the show as an educational medium are to be achieved. Indeed the good city of Guelph was so crowded with visitors that it would seem as if the limit had already been reached, and that it would be wise to start additional shows in other parts of the province to meet the wants of those who cannot conveniently reach Guelph, and to relieve the congested state of affairs in the Royal city. The Maritime Winter Fair at Amherst, N. S., and the big Spring Show and Sale at Calgary, Alta., are doing good work along educational lines, and another similar show will be started at Ottawa in February next. It requires no prophetic gift to foretell the establishment of great educational shows for the benefit of each and every province in the Dominion within the next two or three years. The convention at Guelph was a magnificent assemblage of the leaders in agricultural thought, gathered from all sections from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and from the United States and Great Britain as well. If as Andrew Elliott Galt remarked, Canada were suddenly deprived of the services of all her agricultural leaders who were present at the Show, a blow would be struck at our prosperity from which it would not recover in ten years.

**THE IMPORTANCE OF AGRICULTURE.**

"In this Dominion," said the Hon. Syd-

**Prince Edward Island**  
**Farmer compelled to stop**  
**clearing up his farm.**



Mr. Job Costain, Minnegash, P.E.I., writes: "In the Spring of 1900 I started to clear up a piece of land, but had not worked many days before I was taken with a very lame back, and was compelled to stop work. The trouble seemed to be down in the centre of my back and my right side and I could not stoop over. I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and before I had taken the whole box I was completely cured and able to proceed with my work. I take great pleasure in recommending them to all farmers who are troubled as I was."

50c. a box, or 3 for \$1.25. All dealers or  
The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

ney Fisher in one of his addresses,—"Agricultural interests are paramount; they supply the greater bulk of our exports. It is the payment for these exports, with which we pay our bills all over the world. It is our agricultural production which supplies the great bulk of the things which our transportation companies carry, which our mercantile agencies have to handle, and by which our people have to make their living. As long as this is the case, it is well that our people should be generous and wise in their expenditure in the interests of this great country. I am disposed to urge our farmers to produce more and more, because our experience in the last year or two has been that the only limit to our sales has been our own capacity for production, and the more rapidly and the more earnestly we can increase that capacity the greater will be the prosperity, not only of agriculture, but of our whole Dominion."

**SOME ADVICE ON OUR EXPORT TRADE.**

Some good advice from a disinterested standpoint was given by Mr. Arch. MacNeillage of Glasgow in a talk on "Canadian Live Stock Products exported to Britain and how to improve that trade." He said that Great Britain must consume the surplus products of other countries. Canadian cattle and beef were good but not as good as the best beef from the United States. The demand in Great Britain was altogether for "Baby beef;" at the Smithfield show they had no classes for old animals. Many were putting steers on the market at 22 months old. Baby beef was lacking in flavor perhaps, but the public wanted it and it was more profitable to produce. In cheese Canada easily led, great credit being due to Professor Robertson for his efforts to secure better transportation facilities. Canadian butter had not as good a reputation; the Danish and New Zealand butter surpassed it; the Irish was about equal to it, and the Siberian was rapidly approaching it. A weak point in Canadian butter was that many samples of it contained too much moisture. The manner of packing was also defective, especially as regards the parchment paper which was found inferior, flabby and soft when the packages were opened. The keeping qualities of the butter might also be improved.

As to horses there was a universal feeling in favor of Canadian horses, draft, van or express horses, and carriage horses. The trouble was that they could not get enough. Canadian horses were well mouthed, well broken, docile, full of spirit and singularly handsome. Prime draft horses weighing 1700 lbs and upwards would command as high as \$400 to \$500 in Glasgow. Carriage horses for which there is an unlimited demand, range in price from \$300 to \$375 for first class animals, \$250 to \$275 for seconds, and \$150 to \$225 for cobs. "Van" horses used largely by the railway companies brought \$325 to \$375 for first class, and \$200 to \$275 for seconds.

**FINISHING RANGE CATTLE IN THE EAST.**

One feature of the show which attracted a good deal of attention was a bunch of 24 range cattle from the North West, exhibited by the Territorial Department of Agriculture. These cattle were grade Shorthorns, Herefords and Galloways, and will be stabled and fed at the Agricultural college, and at Major Hood's farm at Guelph, Ont., with a view to ascertain whether a successful business can be done by Ontario farmers in "finishing" western cattle. Only 15 per cent. of the American range cattle are shipped direct to the market. The rest are shipped east and fed grain until they are in condition for slaughter, and that is one reason why American range cattle bring better prices than ours. In shipping our range cattle to England, they are so unaccustomed to confinement, that they usually reach the old country before they begin to eat. As they have to be slaughtered within ten days of their arrival, the loss in weight and price is very heavy. It is believed by western men that if range cattle were shipped east and sold at some central point, such as Toronto, they could be laid down at \$35 and \$40 per head, leaving a good margin for the Ontario farmer.

**GREAT BEEF PACKING CENTERS NEEDED.**

In speaking of the outbreak of the foot and mouth disease in the United States and of the necessity of protecting Canadian herds from contagious diseases Hon. Sydney Fisher drew attention to the advantages of having a dressed beef trade rather than an export trade in live cattle. Among other things he said: "The Americans have a dead meat trade. They have all the facilities of immense abattoirs and they can turn the stream from the live cattle to the dead meat trade in a very little time. But, if there were to occur a case of contagious disease in Canada tomorrow and the markets of the Old Country should be shut against our live stock trade we have no organized dead meat trade, no abattoirs here to slaughter our animals, no facilities for the transportation of that meat if it were prepared for the Old Country market, and that would be an almost fatal blow against the live stock trade of this country. Such a thing might occur in Canada at any moment; it matters not how careful the authorities may be. Such things have occurred in the old land. I believe the day has

come in Canada when the ordinary dead meat trade must be organized, must be established, so that if such an incident should occur in this country, we should not be put to the enormous loss that we would today. We have an example of what can be done in the success of the bacon trade of Canada. The same thing can be done in the dead beef trade. It will require the same business capacity, the same organization, the same capital that was required for the organization of the packing houses, and for the establishment of the bacon trade, the organization of an abattoir system in Canada, and transportation system to carry the meat forward. I want to call the attention of the stockmen and capitalists of this province to this problem. I am quite sure the difficulties which have hindered it up to the present time have largely disappeared. One of these was the lack of a market for the offal. There will soon be a market here that all the different parts of the animal can be utilized. This being the case, I feel the time is now ripe for the establishment of a dead meat trade with the old country and that it must be brought about in the interests of the live stock of this country. Unless we take steps we are short sighted and we are closing our eyes to a danger with which we are face to face.

Hon. Jno. Dryden emphasized what the Dominion Minister of Agriculture had said and added, "I hope that a year hence I shall be able to make an announcement concerning the establishment of an industry that will relieve us from the danger with which we are now confronted. Influences are even now at work which may bring this about, and it should be brought about."

F. W. HODSON, Live Stock Commissioner.

**Mysterious Origin of the Detective of Fiction.**

There is no class of mortals that interests us more or disappoints us oftener than detectives. In fiction—and who does not like to read detective stories?—your sleuthhound is a marvel of cunning, ingenuity, and daring, while in real life he occasionally turns out to be a most ordinary individual who usually wears a celluloid collar and a made-up cravat. We wish that at least one of the real flesh and blood detectives would "act weird" and give us a practical illustration of his penetrative powers—solve some mystery that really does mystify or detect some clue under the very weather-beaten noses of our oft-maligned but ever-faithful coppers and "special officers." But they never do it. There is a kind of concluded in-our next fugaciousness about detectives, which strongly suggests the penny-dreadful wherein we used to read about "Old Ironsides" and all that glittering array of foxy sleuths. And when they do testify—some of them, by the way, never solve the mysteries of English grammar—their evidence is stale, flat, and unprofitable.

New York city, which has just had its millionth sensation in the raid on Canfield's gambling place, on Wednesday, suffered one of those disappointments which detectives sometimes create. Joseph Jacobs was the disappointing hero. He is a detective—"the Sherlock Holmes of Gotham," as one young rhetorician of the press designates him—and went into the "den" to get evidence. Incidentally, while sleuthing it, he dropped \$50 worth of chips at faro and \$20 worth on roulette, but for all that he made a miserable witness on the stand, and the lawyer played battledore and shuttlecock with him.

In the course of the sweat-producing examination, Mr. Jacobs explained—or ad-



**Get Rid of it.**

If you have catarrh, why don't you try to get rid of it? The first thing you know it will go down into your lungs or stomach and cause serious trouble. You should use Vapo-Cresolene at once. The cure is so easy and so pleasant. You put some Cresolene in the vaporizer, light the lamp beneath and breathe-in the vapor while sleeping, that's all. The healing, soothing vapor, goes all up through the nose, quieting inflammation and restoring the parts to a healthy condition. Doctors prescribe it. Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a life-time, and a bottle of Cresolene, complete, \$1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. VAPOR-CRESOLENE CO., 180 FULTON ST., NEW YORK, U.S.A.

mitted—that he had at various times in his life been a cabin boy, laborer, waiter, United States marshal, rail road time-keeper, railroad conductor, railroad transfer agent, deputy sheriff, jail-keeper, teamster, miner, rancher, and detective. He also owned up to the charge that he had had some unpleasant incidents in his life and once slipped into a style of speech which showed that he and syntax were not on speaking terms.

Now, taken as a whole, we don't suppose that Sleuth Jacobs is one whit more disreputable, vacillating, or dishonest than millions of other persons, but it was, on the embarrassing occasion mentioned, his misfortune to be a detective. The interested public had set a Sherlock Holmes pace for him to go, and he couldn't do it. And no other detective on earth can, so far as we know.

Far be it from us to disparage the profession of sleuthing. It is we who defend it, and protest against Sherlock Holmes, Monsieur Le Cog, and that other fellow who solved the mystery of the Rue Morgue.

This trio set a standard—on paper, however—which no mortal save some unborn freak combining the qualities of Col. William F. Cody, President Roosevelt, Woodrow Wilson, and Carrie Nation could measure up to. We wonder that the detectives—poor human beings—haven't rebelled long ago and utterly repudiated these fictitious divinities of the realm of mendacity.—Richmond Dispatch.

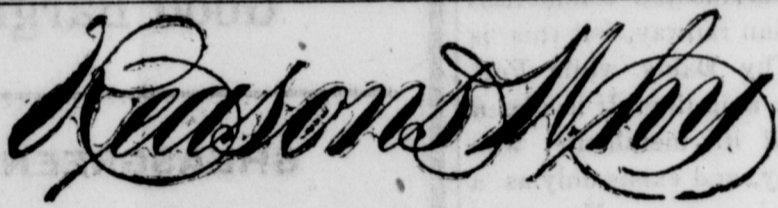
**Bret Harte's Last Poem.**

(On Queen Victoria's Death.)

When your men bowed heads together  
With hushed lips,  
And the globe swung out from gladness  
To eclipse,  
When your drums from the equator  
To the pole  
Carried round it an unending  
Funeral roll,  
When your capitals from Norway  
To the Cape  
Through their streets and from their houses  
Trailed their craze,  
Still the sun awoke to gladness  
And the stars their midnight beauty  
Still unrolled,  
For the glory born of Goodness  
Never dies,  
And its flag is not half-masted  
In the skies.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

One of the contemporary poets asks: "Where are the bright girls of the past?" Our own observation is that some of them are administering cautious doses of paregoric to the bright girls of the future.



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Because it has a standing in the business community and its graduates are employed.  
Because it is a permanent institution. Don't be humbugged by the mushroom school that promises everything. We have the largest quarters east of Boston, and our equipment is of the best. Send for a copy of the News and circulars.

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School of Elocution and Dramatic Art.  
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**NOTICE.**

**The Baird Company, Ltd.,**  
**RETAIL DEPARTMENT.**

We have this day sold to Edgar W. Mair the stock in trade of our Retail Department. All amounts due in this department of The Baird Company Limited up to and including the Ninth day of November 1902, are to be paid to them and since that date to E. W. Mair, who will also pay all bills owing by the retail department since November 9th, 1902.

THE BAIRD COMPANY, LTD.,  
Woodstock N. B., November 29th, 1902.

In making the above announcement the Baird Company Limited takes this opportunity to thank most cordially their friends and customers for their generous patronage of our retail store during the many years the name of Baird has been over the door. We bespeak for our successor Mr. Mair, a continuance of the same. The Baird Company will continue the wholesale business as heretofore the old stand.

THE BAIRD COMPANY Limited.

**After Christmas**

A large number of young men and women of the Maritime Provinces are coming to FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, and we are enlarging our already spacious and well equipped quarters to accommodate them. Hundreds of graduates of this institution are holding good positions throughout Canada and the United States. Your chances are as good as theirs. Send for catalogue. Address

W. J. OSBORNE, Principal,  
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**NOW**

and be ready for the position when the position is ready for you.

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**Business College,**  
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