

Start him right!

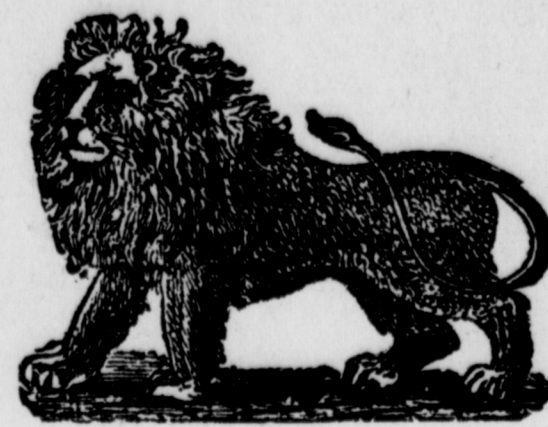
Start the boy at school as he should be started. Give him just as good a suit as the boy who sits at his elbow. Good clothes make manly boys; manly boys make useful men.

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B. B. MANZER.

Give Dairying a Fair Trial.

The dairying business in Carleton County has not been very satisfactory from point of quantity this season due to the fact that early in the season some people's ideas had been diverted somewhat from manufacturing milk to that of growing stockers for which there is at the present time absolutely no market. Other reasons such as poor pastures, lack of green foods, etc., have also played an important part.

The markets for cheese so far this season have been exceptionally good while for that of butter we cannot boast so highly although at the present time and for the last month the market has been good, but none is being made in Carleton County. Yet at Sussex the creamery is in full operation every day, while at New Denmark, Victoria County, about 5000 pounds of milk daily is being made into cheese.

These two places are located about 260 miles apart, both in sections of country so inferior to Carleton as far as general agricultural conditions are concerned as is possible to find in the province; yet at these places thousands of dollars have been distributed among the farmers as a result of these factories being in operation and in no case do we hear at these two places that dairying does not pay. Why? Because the people are in the business during the whole year, thus placing themselves in a position to take advantage of the high prices paid for cheese and butter during the spring, fall and winter months, which would help to average up the prices prevailing during the summer when markets were off. How is it in this county? Milk is made and turned into a finished product only when that product is sold at the lowest prices, which of course has its discouraging effects.

That a change in the system is necessary is obvious and we hope in time will come about. No less land need be under hay and oats which are in this county intended for sale, but a part of the land now used as pasture could be plowed and sown to early green crops, which would supplement the poor pastures that has and always has been so prevalent. The result of this little bit of work would soon show the correctness of the statement that fifty per cent. more milk would be given. Look at the best farmers in this province or those to the west of us and we find this method universally in use and surely those who are practising it should be attributed with a fair amount of brain and good business judgment or so many would not follow it. If there is money in the work of the farmers in Kings County and Victoria County why cannot the farmers of Carleton realize some profits from the business if they use the same methods and judgment? We have some good dairy farmers in this county but they are greatly in the minority. Only last Saturday night when in conversation with one of them he informed me he was milking 23 cows and making about 75 pounds of butter per week beside supplying two families. This same man has not put all his eggs in one basket, for he is feeding 53 pigs, 49 of which will be slaughtered previous to the first of the year. Hay and oats are also sold by this man and he is making money every day and at the same time building up his farm making it more valuable every year. This is one instance, yet this man is following what the successful dairy farmers are doing. He does not bother about prices but tries to lower the cost of production by increasing the milk supply, and I am firm in my conviction that this county can be made the best dairy county in the provinces. At least \$12,000.00 will be distributed among the farmers of New Denmark all contributing milk to one factory, while at Sussex probably \$40,000.00 will be the returns for that vicinity.

ity. Let us put forth an extra effort next season to remedy the mistakes made during the past and in order to do this we must begin now to feed the cow as she deserves.

J. F. TILLEY.

Assisting the Pioneer Farmer.

Owing to the necessity of breaking the new land, the lack of capital and the distance from markets, many settlers in the northwest naturally find the first few years trying. In order to assist the pioneer farmers to keep a few dairy cows which yield a modest cash income monthly, the Dairy Division of the Dominion Department of Agriculture several years ago established a number of creameries under government control. At the present time there are eighteen creameries of this sort in operation in the territories, situated at Calgary, Innisfail, Edmonton, Tindastoll, Wetaskiwin, Red Deer, Blackfalds and Lacombe in the Territory of Alberta, at Churchbridge, Moose Jaw, Whitewood, Regina, Moosomin, Saltcoats, South Qu'Appelle and Grenfell in the Territory of Assiniboia, and at Prince Albert in the Territory of Saskatchewan. Three of the creameries formerly managed were closed by the department in 1902, owing to the lack of sufficient patronage. The failure of the farmers in these districts to support the creameries does not appear to arise from any lack of confidence in the dairy business, but simply because they are now in a position to go into stock raising and grain growing, and because they prefer the latter means of livelihood. The changes of the past few years have altered the aspect of farming operations in many parts of the northwest. Last year five carloads of butter from the government creameries were exported to Great Britain, one carload was sold for export to Queensland, Australia, and shipments were also made to China, Japan and the Yukon. The remainder was disposed of in local and British Columbia markets.

Up to October 1st. of this year the output of butter from the Government creameries exceeded that of last year by 100,000 pounds. The increase has been mainly in Alberta. This year all the butter has been taken by the markets of Western Canada, or has been exported to the Orient, none having been shipped to Great Britain. The exhibit of Canadian dairy products at the great Japanese Exposition at Osaka was an excellent advertisement and has already borne fruit; three new customers for butter have already been secured by the Department in that country as a result of that Exhibition. The trade in butter for the Orient is for the European residents there and not for the natives, and Mr. S. A. Ruddick, Chief of the Dairy Division, hopes also to develop an extensive trade with the warships touching on Nagasaki for coal. It is a good thing that this trade with the Orient has been worked up by the government creameries, as it requires some financing and could scarcely be handled so well by private enterprise; as it is necessary to have every facility for studying the market and also to be in a position to ship at once on receipt of cablegram. In the case of the trade with the warships for instance; they sometimes stay several weeks at this coaling station and in that time it would be possible to get a fresh supply of butter to them from Canada. Part of this butter shipped this season, especially in the summer months, went forward in tins, but a considerable quantity has also been sent in boxes of assorted sizes. It stands the journey very well in the latter, and has been reported in very good condition on arrival. The Yukon trade is increasing, shipment have been made to that district in boxes also.

COLLECTING EGGS.

In connection with the system of cream-

eries, the Department has adopted the plan of collecting eggs from the farmers of the Territories and holding them in storage. It worked well the first season and has improved ever since, but greater improvement is noticeable in the eggs this year than ever before. The plan adopted is as follows: Each creamery patron has a number and he is required to mark this number in pencil on all the eggs he supplies. No driver will accept the eggs without the number being on. These eggs are held at the creamery for a short time and then sent in refrigerator cars with the butter to the storage at Calgary. There all the eggs are examined and classified by an expert who has the egg lists in front of him, and every farmer is credited with the exact number of each class of eggs he has sent. The Department advances fifteen cents per dozen on the eggs at the time they are received and later the farmer gets the balance according to the classification. This year the average price to the farmer will be just about twenty cents per dozen for the season, or fully double what could have been obtained locally. About 30,000 dozen will be handled. Last year 21,000 dozen were handled and the town of Calgary consumed them all. Shipping first class eggs greatly increases consumption, and it will be some time before this trade can possibly be crowded, because there is a market in the Kootenay and an ever growing market in the Northwest Territories.

AT DEATH'S DOOR.

THE STORY OF THE RECOVERY OF MISS FALFORD OF ST. ELIE.

She Says "I am Confident that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Saved My Life"—Hope for all Weak, Sickly Girls.

To be well, to be strong, to possess a clear complexion, bright eyes and an elastic step, the blood must be pure and filled with life-giving energy. When you see pale, sickly girls, easily tired, subject to headaches, backaches, and violent palpitation of the heart, it is the blood that is at fault, and unless the trouble is speedily corrected the patient passes into that condition known as "decline" and death follows. The one sure, positive way to obtain rich, red health-giving blood is to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. This medicine has saved thousands of young girls from a premature grave. Strong proof of this is offered in the cure of Miss Zenaide Falford, of St. Elie, Quebec. Miss Falford tells the story of her sickness and recovery as follows: "Like many other Canadian girls, I went to the United States and found employment in a factory at Woonsocket. The close, indoor work proved too much for me and nearly ended in my death. At first I was taken with headaches, would tire very easily, had no appetite, and no energy. I tried to continue the work, but grew worse and worse, and finally was compelled to return to my home. I was so much changed and so emaciated that my friends hardly knew me. Two weeks after my return home I was forced to take my bed. I had a bad cough, was distressed by terrible dreams, and sometimes passed whole nights without sleep. Two doctors treated me, but without avail, as I was steadily growing weaker; in fact I could not hold my hand above my head for more than three or four seconds, and had to be turned in bed. No one expected I would get better, and I thought myself I was about to die. At this time my brother came from Montreal to see me, and strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. A supply of pills was procured, and now I bless the day I began taking them. It is enough to say that before three boxes were used I began to feel better, and from that on I grew stronger every day. By the time I had taken nine or ten boxes I was once more enjoying the blessing of perfect health. No symptoms of the old trouble remain, and I am confident Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life."

Pure blood is the secret of health and it is because every dose of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make new, rich blood, that they cure such desperate cases as that above related. These pills cure all the troubles that arise from poor blood—and that means most of the ailments that afflict mankind. Give these pills a fair trial and they will not disappoint you. Sold by medicine dealers everywhere, or sent by mail, post paid, at 50c. per box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Are you ready for Cold Weather?

Storm Doors, Storm Windows, and other requisites of the season.

Send your orders early to
Woodstock Woodworking Co. Ltd

BORN.

TAYLOR.—At 16 Montreal street, on Wednesday, October 14th, to the wife of G. A. Taylor, manager The Royal Bank of Canada, son—Victoria Daily Colonist.

BOYER.—At Cabano, Quebec, Thursday, October 16th, to the wife of Fred D. Boyer, a son.

COBURN.—At Canterbury Station, Oct. 21, to Dr. and Mrs. A. D. Coburn, a son.

MARRIED.

SHARP-SAUNDERS.—At the parsonage, Coldstream, Carleton County, October 21st, by the Rev. J. D. Wetmore, Mr. Coleman M. Sharp to Miss Francis O. Saunders, both of Wakefield, Carleton County.

McKAY-ADAMS.—At Woodstock, N. B., Oct. 22, by Rev. Z. L. Paeh, Samuel W. McKay, of Calais, Me., and Miss Millie McAdam, of East Florenceville, N. B.

DIED.

LINDSAY.—At Williamstown, on Saturday, October 17th, Robert W., eldest son of Hanford Lindsay, in the 23rd year of his age, after an illness of two years and a half, of consumption.

ELLIOTT.—At Glassville, Carleton County, on the 24th inst., Jessie Elliott, wife of Mr. Robert Elliott, formerly of St. John, leaving a husband, five sons and two daughters to mourn their loss.

The November Lippincott's Magazine.

"A House Divided" is the taking title of the novel in Lippincott's Magazine for November. Its author's name, Ella Middleton Tybout, is a familiar one to readers of Lippincott's Magazine, though heretofore her productions have been in the line of short stories. Her "Parables in Black" lately running through Lippincott's are particularly striking and indicate that which is fulfilled in this latest work. The little State of Delaware has been chosen by Miss Tybout for the placing of "A House Divided," and her portrayal of a farmer who, because he believes his wife to be untrue to him, has not spoken to her for sixteen years, is a remarkably clever bit of characterization. Lippincott's novels are always worth while—and the November number sustains this opinion.

"The girl with the Banjo" is by a writer whose pen-name, Jean D. Halliwell, keeps one guessing who is the real author of so racy a tale. The sex is confessed by such expressions as "a soney little lace petticoat," and the whole thing shows the piquancy of a woman rather than the touch of a "mere man."

The Doctor's Advice.

At a dinner party one night Sir Andrew Clark noticed that the lady sitting next to him at table passed a dish to which he helped himself plentifully.

He asked if she did not like it, as it was excellent.

"Oh, yes, I like it, but my physician forbids me to eat it," she explained.

"Stuff and nonsense," said Sir Andrew. "It could not hurt anyone. Who is your physician?"

To which the lady, whom the medical magnate had forgotten, answered, with a demure twinkle in her eye:

"Sir Andrew Clark!"—London Spare Moments.

A Clear Skin and A Bright Eye

Usually Indicate Health.

Wheeler's Botanic Bitters

Insures good health by Cleansing the Blood, Stomach and Liver. Cures Constipation, Dyspepsia, Bloating, Headache, Dizziness, Kidney Troubles, and all Irregularities.

A GENUINE VEGETABLE SPRING MEDICINE AND REGULATOR.

PRICE 25 CENTS

AT ALL DEALERS.

And wholesale by all Wholesale Druggists.

Jones-Tracey.

A delightfully pleasant wedding occurred at the home of Merrill Tracey, Lakeville, on Wednesday, October 21st, when his eldest daughter, Effie, was united in marriage to R. N. F. Jones, by Rev. A. W. Curry, in the presence of fifty relatives and friends. The bride was lily-like attired in white muslin and wore natural flowers. She was the recipient of many valuable gifts in Silver, cut glass, paintings, linens, etc.

The bride and groom are exceedingly popular young people in Lakeville, and their many friends wish them blessings and happiness in their pretty little home.

FOR SALE.

A grist mill, carpenter's work shop adjoining house, two barns, hog house and three acres of land, at Northampton, seven miles below Woodstock, on the east side of the river, situated about two rods from the highway road and about six rods from the river. Apply on premises to HUGH GIBSON, Northampton. Aug. 19-11.