THE DISPATCH

THE DISPATCH

Start him right! BOYS' CLOTHING.

Start the boy at school as he should be started. Give him just as good a suit as the boy who sits at his elbow. Good clothes make manly boys; manly boys make useful men.



Wonderfully Good Strong Materials, Perfect Fitting, Strongly Sewn, Buttons Firmly Fastened, Double Knees and Seat on Trousers. It's

LION BRAND



The most economical clothes made tor Boys' wear. Every color, pattern, size, now ready, and a price range of \$3.00 \$8.00. Viewing is free. We are the only people here selling Lion Brand Clothing.

What About the Shorthorn Matter?

largely drop away from us, yet there is some In a recent issue the Maine Farmer presents a beautiful engraving of the shorthorn of it still left, and plenty in the country to cow exhibited at the late exhibition here by draw from. The milking powers of the G. W. Sharp, Pembroke, and discusses the dairy type of Shorthorn cows have not milking shorthorn question as follows:

horn cow owned by a live New Brunswick farmer, given in the present issue of the still found in considerable numbers in some parts of our state and in the neighbouring provinces. That they are retained among us in this issue, the cow being a large producer is proof they are found to fill a useful place of good milk and a persistent milker. On kept.

creamery business that they should focus Guernseys or Ayrshires are wanted but more to any one interested. Each week they ran their efforts on the Jersey breed of cattle. of each and with this increase more of the

of late been pushed to the front, yet "The cut of an every day sort of a Short- there is evidence that they are there and need only to be brought out to be appreciated by the public. In proof note the re-Farmer brings to attention a class of animals | cords of cows recently brought into the low a price from a local merchant as from a Hopkins Brothers and the Reed herds at mail order house. Presque Isle. Note also the fine illustration with the owners in whose herds they are the exhibition grounds at Fredericton Short- the mail order houses, is interesting. horn cows were shown with a record of more It was a natural sequence when the attent- than I2,000 pounds of milk yearly testing ion of farmers came to be centered on the over four per cent. Not less Jerseys and their names, and offered the free use of them

of stock, unfortunately, has been allowed to

ADVERTISING ENTERPRISE.

How one Firm Combats the Mail Order Houses.

MANZER.

The DISPATCH has persistently impressed on its readers the evil results of buying goods from mail order houses, and has shown them that in the majority of their purchases they could buy as good a quality of goods at as

The following story, taken from a contemporary, of the manner in which a firm in a small western town met the competition of

They advertised that they had the catalogues of all the leading supply houses, giving a series of descriptions of seasonable articles taken from the catalogues, giving the num-

ber of the article and the page and quoting the catalogue price. Right below the cata-

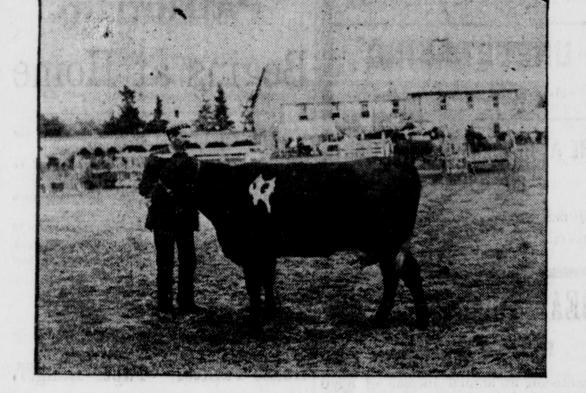
SARAMANA SAVASAVASAVASAVASAVAS It's E Z To write or call at once for our prices

on Artificial Teeth.

Offer Good for 60 Days Only.

Nuf Sed.

DENTISTS. THE



Registered Shorthorn cow owned by Mr. G. W. Sharp, Pembroke, N. B., and winning first in her class at the Woodstock exhibition last month. This is the cow mentioned in the article from the Maine Farmer published in this issue.

But all farmers are not specialists, and after good old dairy type of Shorthorn, with its long years of experience, some of them have come to realize that there is a broader use-

fulness for the cow than to make cream alone. There is, therefore, among those not specialists, either by taste or qualification, something of a reaction toward a class of cows corresponding in a measure to their likings and melinations. Hence there is growing demand for cows good for the double purpose of making both milk and meat. This has resulted in the awakening interest in Shorthorn cattle abroad in our state and the adjoining provinces. This interest is especially active at the present time in Aroostook county, as the many recent purchases of animals to go out onto the farms in that section bear witness, but it is by no means confined to that county, as the columns of the Farm r fr quently testify to the multiplication over the entire state. That Shorthorn blood tas merit in milk making there is plenty of evidence. The time has not gone out of the memory of the older farmers still with us when it was the leading blood with the most progressive men in our state. Many of those old cows, under the feed and care then bestowed, were remarkable performers breed and of so high merit. More of them both at the pail and churn. While that line are wanted all over the state.

naturally rugged constitutions and great power of endurance. In a recent bulletin the Iowa station reports milk records that would be a credit to any special dairy breed, made by Shorthorn cows that were picked up from common farmers' herds, with no special dairy characteristics to distinguish them from the beef type the experiment made for the express purpose of showing that milking powers were still left in the common Shorthorns of the country. In the matter of profit, that for which the stock of the common farmer is kept, the Shorthorn breed at the world's fair dairy tes at Chicago stood abreast with the best of the whole list. At the present time Shorthorn cows are eagerly caught up by milkmen keeping cows for the milk supply in all our cities and large towns. Farmers in our state are making no mistake in seeking cows of the Shorthorn breed for the profit they may realize from them. All over the state is plenty of pasturage and low cost fodder on which such cattle can be reared at a profit. Aroostook county especially may well be congratulated on the euterprise that is bringing within its reach stock of this

An Interesting Sequel.

"I wisht I knewed whether there was any requel to that producat son story," said Farmer Contossel as he looked through the open door at the young mun who was swing ing a hamm ock, smoking a eigarette.

"What do you mean?" "skul his wife.

"I'd kind o' like to know whether the original produgal son settled down an' wear year

Pride of His Performance. In a downtown church, as the story goes, there was introduced a new hymn last Sunday, and, after the dismissal of the services, the organ blower found his way to the player's bench and asked in a meek voice: How did the music for that new hymn go this evening?"

"Oh, very well, very well, indeed," replied the organis"; "but why do you ask?"

"Well," said the blower, "I'll tell you the to work steady, or wusther he go into the truth. I was a bit nervous and a bit worried has been unavoidably detained at home until habit o' makin' them trips once or twice a about it, for, you see," he went on explain- a lattle later on he will attend the meetings ing, "I never blowed for that hymn before." at Woodstock and vicinity.

logue price, in bold type, appeared the price charged by the local dealer. If it was less or more it did not matter, it was quoted just the same. Frequently, where a few cents over the Chicago price was charged, it was suplemented by a pertinent inquiry if six cents would pay the freight, etc. The intro. ductory part of the advertisement usually contained some information that the consumer might well pause to consider. It was shown that the middleman's profit was not such a heavy tax as one might suppose, as for instance, on a keg of nails from Chicago. Then follows the striking statement that if he made five cents on a keg of nails he was satisfied. Would five cents pay the freight on a keg of nails from Chicago? Hardly. Then followed figures giving freight rates. It was shown that the man who bought a carload did not make so much more than the man who bought in case lots. It was pointed out that the earnings of the middleman were not so much on each article, but that they were the aggregate on a year's business. The fact was brought home that the freight in a small way was more than the jobber's profits. and even allowing that goods could be bought in Chicago at wholesale prices, the freight and postage were more than the middleman's profit, and the goods could be bought for less money at home. This kind of advertising was an innovation. The local paper commented on it. More advertising. Contemporary papers commented on it. Still more advertising. People talked about it. They were surprised that any dealer had the nerve to put his prices against the supply houses. They were incredulous and said so, but they went to see and the firm had life enough to show them, once they got them in the store, that there was no fear in their make-up.

Victoria County Farmers' Institute. The series of Institute meetings advertised to be held in Victoria County last week has been very successfully carried out, with good attendance and interesting discussions.

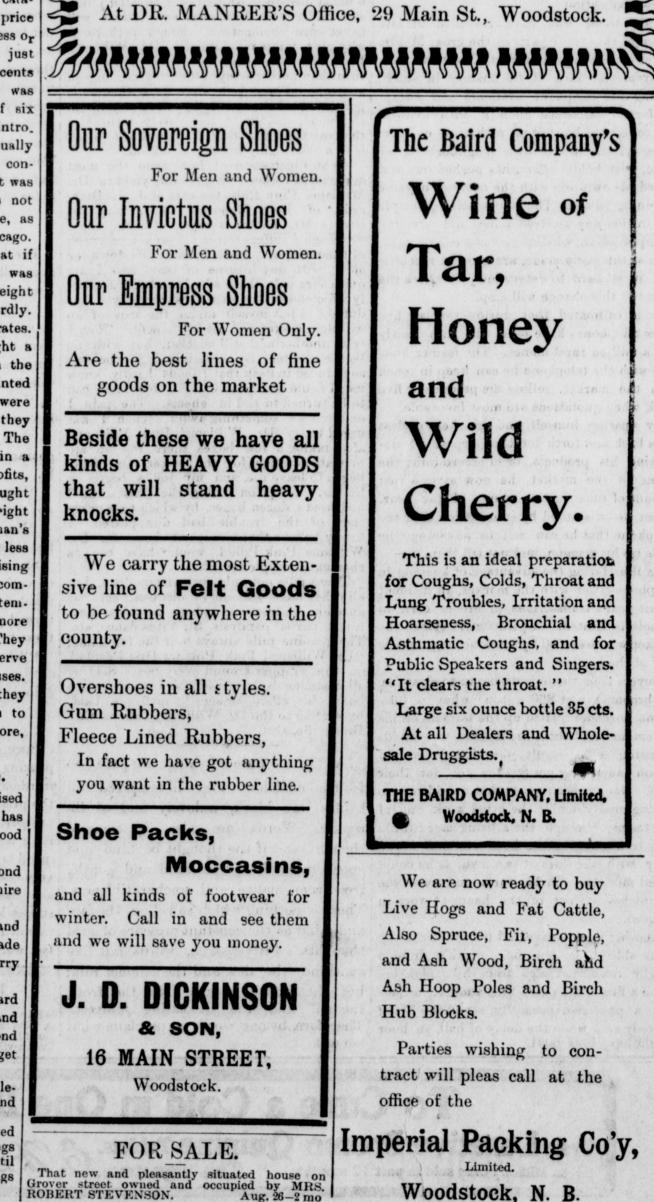
The principal speaker was D. Drummond the well known dairy farmer and Ayeshire breeder formerly of Petite Cote, Quebec.

At Carlingford, Geo. Brown presided and W. W. Hubbard and Geo. E. Baxter made short addresses. At Lower Perth D. Curry presided.

At the Arthurette meeting W. W. Habbard was in attendance with Mr. Drummond and spoke upon stock-feeding. Mr. Drummond dealing with how to handle the soil to get the best results in crop growing.

This week meeting are being held in Carleton County to be addressed by D. Drummond and probably assisted by W. W. Hubbard. W. S. Tompkins who has been advertised

to be one of the speakers at these meetings



Our tea packing staff is working night work now trying to catch up with orders for VINI TEA. BAIRD & PETERS, The Tea People, St. John, N. B.