

**A Standard Remedy**  
Used in Thousands of Homes in  
Canada for nearly Sixty Years  
and has never yet failed  
to give satisfaction.



CURES

Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera,  
Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum,  
Cramps, Colic, Sea Sickness  
and all Summer Complaints.

Its prompt use will prevent a  
great deal of unnecessary suffering  
and often save life.

Price, 55c.

The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ontario.

The Greatest Enemy of the Human Race.

J. Lincoln Brooks, in August Success: Thought's most deadly instrument for marring human lives is fear. It demoralizes character, destroys ambition, induces or causes disease, paralyzes happiness in self and others, and prevents achievement. It has not one redeeming quality. It is all evil. Physiologists now well know that it impoverishes the blood by interfering with assimilation and cutting off nutrition. It lowers mental and physical vitality and weakens every element of success. It is fatal to the happiness of youth, and is the most terrible accompaniment of old age. Buoyancy flees before its terrifying glance, and cheerfulness cannot dwell in the same house with it.

"The most extensive of all the morbid mental conditions which reflect themselves so disastrously on the human system is the state of fear," says Dr. William H. Holcomb. "It has many degrees or gradations, from the state of extreme alarm, fright, or terror, down to the slightest shade of apprehension of impending evil. But all along the line it is the same thing—a paralyzing impression upon the centers of life which can produce, through the agency of the nervous system, a vast variety of morbid symptoms in every tissue of the body."

"Fear is like carbonic acid gas pumped into one's atmosphere," says Horace Fletcher; "it causes mental, moral, and spiritual asphyxiation, and sometimes death—death to energy, death to tissue, and death to all growth."

Yet from our birth we live in the presence and under the dominion of this demon. A child is cautioned a thousand times a year to look out for this, and to look out for that; it may get poisoned, it may get bitten, it may get killed; something terrible may happen to it if it does not do so and so. Men and women cannot bear the sight of some harmless animal or insect because, as children, they were told that it would hurt them. One of the cruelest things imaginable is to instill into a child's plastic mind the terrible image of fear, which, like the letter cut on a sapling, grows wider and deeper with age. The baleful shadows of such blasting and blighting pictures will hang over the whole life, and shut out the bright joy of sun and happiness.

Our Crops for 1903.

The following crop report is taken from the Farming World:

No fall wheat grown. There is an increased acreage of spring wheat over last year. Everything now promises an average yield. Oats will be an average crop. Barley will yield about the same as last year. Very few peas grown. That there is looks well. Very little corn grown, except for fodder. Cool season reacted against it; rather under the average. Hay on well-cultivated land is an average crop. On old meadows the drought in May and June affected it badly and the crop will be poor, not more than one-half of an average.

Roots generally look well, and will be a good average crop. Apples promise well,

perhaps not as full as last year, but a good average. No peaches are grown. Very few pears grown; frost injured the blossoms. Plums are good. Pastures were very poor early in the season, but rains in June improved them and they are now fair.

THOS. A. PETERS,  
Dep. Com. of Agri., Fredericton.

There is a small increase in spring wheat acreage. Outlook fair; yield about 18 bushels. Small increase in oat acreage. Heavy crop is expected; yield 35 bushels. Barley acreage small, not looking well; yield about 17 bushels. Peas look well; yield about 12 bushels. There is a large acreage of corn. It has been looking poorly, but is doing well now. Hay will be about seventy-five per cent. of a crop, owing to the severe drought in May. On the low lands the crop will be good.

Roots will likely be a heavy crop. Apples will be a poor crop. Frost blighted the blossoms. There are no peaches or pears. Plumes will be, probably, forty per cent. of a crop. Pastures are excellent at time of writing.

W. L. THOMPSON,  
Grand View, York Co.

The acreage of spring wheat is increasing. The crop is uneven this year, but should be a fair average. Oats are heading out pretty short in most districts, but if weather continues favorable there should be an average crop. Barley is somewhat short in straw and head. Peas are very little grown. Corn is a very poor catch and now very backward. Hay on the lower St. John and marshes will be about ninety per cent. of a full crop; on the uplands and farther north, from fifty to seventy-five per cent. of a crop. In the low lands the pastures were never better, and generally, there is very little complaint. On the whole, they are better than usual.

Owing to the early drought most root crops and potatoes are late, but recent rains make the prospects promising. This is the off year for apples in N. B., but some orchards have moderate crops. The fruit as yet shows no evidence of black spot or worms. Plum orchards are well loaded, but it is difficult to make any estimate as Brown rot and Curculie are very destructive.

W. W. Hubbard,  
St. John.

### Had to Leave School

THE PITIABLE STORY OF A YOUNG GIRL.

Every Mother of a Growing Girl Will be Interested in the Story as Told by the Young Lady.

Miss Laura Dumontier is the daughter of a well-to-do farmer in St. Cutbert, Quebec. The circumstances under which she was forced to discontinue her studies and leave school will be of interest to all mothers of growing girls, and Miss Dumontier consents to make them public for the benefit her experience may be to others. She says: "At the age of twelve I was sent to a convent school in this parish. At that time I was as healthy as any girl of my age. At the end of a couple of years, however, I felt my strength leaving me. My appetite grew poor, and I suffered from severe headaches. I nevertheless continued my studies until October, 1901, when I became very ill and was forced to leave school. The headaches that had bothered me became almost constant. I suffered from pains in the back and stomach and the least exertion would leave me almost breathless. A doctor was called in and he said I was suffering from anaemia, and was in very dangerous condition. He treated me until February without the least beneficial result. Then another doctor was called in, but no better results followed his treatment. My parents were now thoroughly alarmed and two other doctors from St. Barthelemy were called in, and after consultation their verdict was that my trouble had reached an incurable stage. I was greatly disheartened and did not expect to live long when one day one of my friends asked me why I did not try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had lost confidence in all medicines, but was willing to try anything that might help me, and my father got me a supply of the pills. When I had used a couple of boxes it was very plain that the pills were doing me good, and after I had taken them a couple of months I was once more enjoying the blessing of good health. I feel that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have saved my life and I gladly give my experience in the hope that it may be of benefit to some other young girls."

No discovery of modern times has proved such a blessing to young girls and women as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They act directly on the blood and nerves, invigorate the body, regulate the functions and restore health and strength to the exhausted patient when every effort of the physician proves unavailing. These pills are sold by all dealers in medicine, or may be had by mail post paid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by writing to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Remember that no other medicine can take the place of these pills, and see that the full name, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, is on the wrapper around every box.

## Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

Turns Bad Blood into Rich Red Blood.

No other remedy possesses such perfect cleansing, healing and purifying properties.

Externally, heals Sores, Ulcers, Abscesses, and all Eruptions.

Internally, restores the Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Blood to healthy action. If your appetite is poor, your energy gone, your ambition lost, B.B.B. will restore you to the full enjoyment of happy vigorous life.

Investment in Canadian Timber Limits.

Many millions of dollars of United States capital have been invested in Canadian timber limits. The depletion of the white pine in Michigan formed the first pretext for such investment, which was confined largely to the Georgian Bay district of Ontario. The embargo on the export of saw logs from that province, passed about four years ago, was the means of turning the attention of prospective buyers to the other provinces of the Dominion. The International Paper Company have steadily added to their holdings of Quebec limits, and are today in possession of vast areas. The wave of buying sentiment extended to the east, and during the last two years capitalists from across the border have become owners of large timber limits in Nova Scotia and Cape Breton. The properties in the east have, with few exceptions, been purchased with a view to the utilization of the spruce timber for pulp, although several saw mills are also projected.

Perhaps the area of timber lands in New Brunswick held by United States parties is less than in any other province of the Dominion, for recently there have been heavy investments in British Columbia timber. Notwithstanding the claim that much of the timber is difficult to log, that province seems to offer a very promising field for future lumbering operations.

An indication of the trend of the times is furnished by the purchase of Canadian limits by concerns in the Eastern States who have heretofore conducted a wholesale business exclusively—Messrs. Easton & Company, of Albany, for example. Owing to the increasing difficulty of obtaining a lumber supply, due partly to the decadence of the white pine, and fearing a loss of trade thereby, such firms are taking the precaution of buying standing timber, thus rendering a supply of lumber absolutely certain.

The timber industry of this country, it will be seen, is being developed upon natural and very satisfactory lines. Too much timber is still being exported in its raw state, but this will eventually be remedied, and to those of our neighbors who are disposed to invest their money and establish mills on this side on an equal footing with Canadians, we extend a hearty welcome. There is a vast amount of timber yet in Canada, which, if properly conserved, should meet the requirements of generations to come.—Canada Lumberman.

Mark Twain on "Gentlemen."

Commenting on Mrs. Astor's alleged statement, that without a college education no man can be a gentleman, Mark Twain says that "perhaps Mrs. Astor, when she uses the word 'gentleman,' does not have the same meaning in view that we rude people have." He thinks she probably means "a leader of cotillions; a spick and span dandy, who knows enough to observe the ordinary rules of politeness when he is on parade, and who has a valet at home to tell him what clothes are proper to wear." Twain's idea of a gentleman is "a kindly, courteous, unselfish man, who thinks first not of himself, but of his fellow-man; not one of those chappies, who are in reality the most selfish men on earth," and he adds: "Take the men of prominence in the United States today and pick out the true gentlemen. I'll venture that nine out of ten of them never had a high school education, let alone a college education. Why, the first gentleman I ever knew was an old California miner who could hardly write his own name. He was a '49er, and he and his partner had struck it rich in the early days. The old man had neither chick nor child, and he had worked hard all his life, and when he did get his money he

hardly knew what to do with it. He didn't try to jump into society, or to push his way with the 'big fellows' there. He continued to live with the people he had associated with all his life, and many an act of kindness was done, many a wandering son and father saved, many a sorrowing woman's burden lightened and her life brightened by an unknown donor whose identity was only known to a few. It was different with his partner. He had a wife and two daughters with social aspirations, and after a whole lot of pushing and hauling and shoving they landed in society. The expense was too much of a drain on the husband's purse, and he speculated, with the inevitable outcome. He lost his entire fortune and shot himself. Then it was the true gentlemanliness of the old man that showed itself. The widow and her daughters had no one one to turn to but him, and he did not disappoint them. He saved their home for them when everything else went under the hammer, and he maintained them in it in all the regal style to which they were accustomed, although he still lived in his lodgings. He lived long enough to see both of the girls well married and the mother comfortably settled for life. Then he died in a charity hospital in San Francisco. He had spent every penny he owned on the family of his partner. That is what I call a gentleman."

Could Not Keep the Peace.

A correspondent sends me the following apologizing in advance if it is a chestnut. A woman in a domestic brawl, bit off a piece of her husband's ear. The magistrate characterized the assault as a degrading and disgusting case; but, as the woman had no previous conviction, added that he would merely bind her over to keep the peace, to which she replied that she was sorry she could not do that, as she had given it to the cat.—Glasgow Evening Times.

Butcher—What did you think of that steak I cut you yesterday?

Patron—To be perfectly frank with you, I thought it came off a South American cow that had been foddered on rubber trees.

It was queer to see the sugar bowl. But the funniest thing was to see the milk shake and the apple turn over.

## CARRIAGE AND SIGN PAINTING.

I have taken the paint shop in the Marcy building on Connell street where I will do all kinds of carriage and sign painting in the best manner and promptly.

F. L. MOOERS,

Marcy Building, Connell street, Woodstock.

## SEASONABLE THINGS.

Croquet Setts  
from \$1.00 up.

Hammocks,  
Carts,

Doll Carriages.

MRS. J. LOANE & CO.

Patriotism  
Begins at Home

Why buy American Paper, when you can get Home-Made Paper as good and cheap?

During the coming season I shall be pleased to supply Canadian Papers at reasonable price.

Call and see my samples and select your own paper.

All the latest styles of Picture Frames. Mouldings and Hangings kept in stock. Let me frame your pictures and repaint your furniture in any style you like.

E. CAREY,

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House Painter, Paper Hanger.

Graining and Marbling in all their branches.

Shop Next Wood-Working Factory,

BRISTOL.

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## Rare Perfumes, Perfect Pipes,

CHOICE SOAPS,  
BRUSHES of all kinds

CHAS. A. McKEEN,  
DRUGGIST,

Main Street, Woodstock.



USED FOURTEEN YEARS WITH GOOD RESULTS.

731 E. 164 St., New York, Sept. 8, 1902.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,  
Gentlemen—I have used your Sevin Cure on my horses for the past fourteen years and it has always given me good results in every particular. I also have one of your books that I have found very useful. If you have any later edition of the "Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases," will you kindly send me one.

Respectfully yours, E. F. FRISBIE.

It is an absolutely reliable remedy for Spavins, Splints, Curbs, Ringbones, etc. Removes the buncle and leaves no scar. Price \$1.50 per box. As a liniment for family use it has no equal. Ask your druggist for KENDALL'S SEVIN' CURE, also a "Treatise on the Horse," the book free, or address DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., ENGLEBURG FALLS, N.C.

## THE BEST PLUMBING

At most reasonable prices is what I am offering the public.

Estimates cheerfully furnished on any kind of work in my line.

A full line of materials of all kinds. Aqueduct Pipe at specially low rates. All work guaranteed first class.

I. C. CHURCHILL,

Connell Street, Woodstock

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This is the time of year to secure a position on our staff of salesmen

Our goods are a staple line and the demand is constantly increasing. We reserve good ground; fit you free of expense, and pay you weekly. We can arrange with you either on whole or part time.

It will be worth your while to write us.

STONE & WELLINGTON

"Canada's Greatest Nurseries," Toronto.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Canadian Pacific Railway

In effect June 7th, 1903.

DEPARTURES—Atlantic Standard Time.

(QUEEN STREET STATION).

6.20 A MIXED—Week days—for McAdam Jct. M St. Stephen, St. Andrew, Fredericton, Saint John, Bangor, Portland and Boston. Pullman Parlor car McAdam Jct. to Boston. Palace Sleeper McAdam Jct. to Halifax.  
8.25 A MIXED—Week days—for Aroostook M Jct. and intermediate points.  
11.28 A EXPRESS—Week days—for Presque M Isle, Edmundston, and all points North.  
1.50 P MIXED—Week days—for Perth Jct. M and intermediate points.  
5.00 P MIXED—Week days—for Fredericton, M etc., via Gibson Branch.  
5.54 P EXPRESS—Week days—for Houlton, M Saint Stephen, Saint Andrews, Fredericton, Saint John and East; Vanceboro, Sherbrooke, Montreal, and all points West, Northwest and on Pacific Coast; Bangor, Portland, Boston, etc. Palace Sleeper McAdam Jct. to Montreal. Pullman Sleeper McAdam Jct. to Boston.

ARRIVALS.

11.28 A. M.—EXPRESS—Week days, from Saint John and East; Fredericton, St. Stephen, Houlton, Boston, Montreal, etc.  
12.15 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, from Perth Jct.  
12.25 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, Fredericton, etc., via Gibson Branch.  
3.45 P. M.—EXPRESS—Week days, from Presque Isle, Carleton, Edmundston, etc.  
8.27 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, from Aroostook Jct.  
11.10 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, from Houlton, Fredericton, St. John and East; St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Bangor, Portland, Boston, etc.  
C. B. FOSTER, D. P. A., St. John.

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Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. on every box, 25c.  
Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, *E. W. Grover*