

THE DISPATCH.

BOARD OF WORKS

VOL. 10. NO. 15.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., SEPTEMBER 9, 1903.

PRICE TWO CENTS

Gloves.

**For Working,
" Dress, or
" Driving.**

Largest Assortment we have ever shown.
Prices Reasonable.

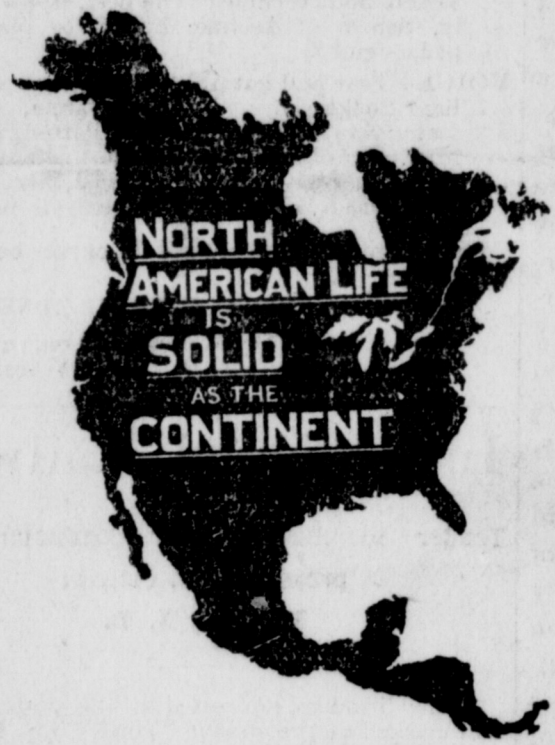
JOHN McLAUCHLAN,
The Male Attire Specialist.

NEW JEWELLRY.

Chains, Locketts, Bracelets, Waist Sets,
Rings, Pins, Souvenir Goods, and an
endless variety of other things at prices
to suit the demands of all.

Call at the BLUE FRONT JEWELLRY
STORE and be convinced.

H. V. DALLING.



Canada's Leading Life Insurance COMPANY.

1902

Another Record Breaker.

Amount of insurance written.....	\$6,600,265.00
Increase.....	1,080,198.00
Total cash income.....	1,270,840.00
Increase.....	175,757.00
Total assets.....	6,010,813.00
Increase.....	590,039.83
Total insurance in force.....	30,929,237.00
Increase.....	3,502,384.00
Net Surplus to Policy Holders' account.....	615,044.00

The results to policy holders continue satisfactory while the financial position of the company is unexcelled.

Policies issued on very desirable plans. The North American gives the highest guaranteed cash surrender values, of any company in Canada.

WRIGHT & EVERETT,
PROVINCIAL MANAGERS,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Nothing succeeds like success.

THE MANUFACTURERS LIFE INSURANCE CO. IN 1902.

New business written.....	\$6,082,336.00
Increase over 1901.....	1,058,935.00
Income.....	1,240,890.00
Increase over 1901.....	177,249.00
Assets as at December 31, 1902.....	4,406,329.00
Increase over 1901.....	633,852.00
Insurance in force.....	30,152,883.00
Increase over 1901.....	3,013,952.00

Interest Income Alone Exceeded Death Claims by Nearly \$26,000.00.

The E. R. MACHUM, CO. Lt'd.

T. A. LINDSAY,
Inspector, Woodstock, N.B.

Mgrs. Maritime Provinces, St. John, N. B.

NEW GOODS.

LADIES' EMPORIUM.

Ladies' and Children's Winter Jack-
ets.
Ladies' and Children's Winter Un-
derwear.
Ladies' Fall and Winter Waists.
Ladies' Fall & Winter Dress Skirts.
Ladies' Fall & Winter Underskirts.
Flannellette Underwear, Etc.

MISS A. M. BOYER.

Butter Paper for sale at this office.

IDEAL INCOME BONDS FOR \$10,000,

Guaranteeing an annual income of \$500
for life, and the same income for your
wife should she survive you; the balance,
at her death, goes to your children. This
would be a fine legacy for your wife and
family. This amount or more in the

London Life Assurance Co.,

Head office, LONDON, ONT.

Write for information to

W. S. SAUNDERS, Chief Provincial Agent, or
J. N. W. WINSLOW, District Agent,

WOODSTOCK, N. B.

Management of the Illustration Poultry Stations.

The criticism in the House of Commons on July 29th of the illustration poultry work of the Dominion Department of Agriculture was principally due to the fact that in Government business the fiscal year (July 1st to June 30th.) is used for the public accounts, instead of the calendar year. (Jan. 1st to Dec. 31st). For that reason, necessary expenses incurred during the months of April, May and June in equipping an Illustration Breeding Station with houses, incubators, brooders, eggs for hatching, etc., were shown in the report of the Auditor General before the house, while it was not possible to show in the same report the revenue derived from the sale of the chickens during the fall and winter, and which revenue will appear in the next year's report. This operated most unfairly against the Bowmanville, Ont., Station, which was established in the spring of 1902. The expenses of installing the station were \$225.29, and the revenue shown in the report was only 66 cts. The revenue derived from the sale of the Bowmanville chickens after the 1901-02 year closed amounted to \$326.84, so that this amount also should be added to the 66 cts. shown in the report. It is learned that of the \$326.84, 105.84 was paid to the Station by the Wm. Davies Co., Toronto, Ont.; \$166.60 by Mr. Henry Gatehouse, Montreal, Que.; \$27.25 by farmers in the vicinity of Bowmanville for pure bred cockerels and pullets for the improvement of their flocks of poultry.

STATIONS NOT RUN AT A LOSS.

The other Illustration Breeding Stations were effected in the same way. The chickens at the Holmesville station were sold last year for \$551.14. The chickens at the Bondville, Que., station realized \$593.17. From the latter station two hundred and thirty-six pure bred Barred Plymouth Rock chickens were shipped to the farmers of the Maritime Provinces and sold at 50 cents each. These pure bred cockerels and pullets proved very satisfactory, and requests have been received by the Department of Agriculture for more pure bred chickens this year. Aside altogether from the practical work that the Illustration Poultry Stations are conducting, and which is appreciated by the farmers of Canada, the revenue and expenditure account of the poultry division shows that the chickens reared at the stations pay a good profit above cost of feed and interest on the investment. The men in charge of the stations are farmers, and are thus able to impart poultry knowledge most satisfactorily to other farmers of their locality; they address Farmers' Institute meetings and make exhibits at Agricultural Fairs; the financial and educational benefits to the farmers derived from the men in charge of these poultry stations is far in advance of the amount paid them in salary.

TRADE PROFITABLE AND INCREASING.

Within the last few years the consumption of chickens has increased in Canada: the price realized for plump chickens has advanced. Both the increase in consumption and the advance in price are due to the business of crate fattening chickens. The chickens that realize the highest market price today are chickens that are fattened and prepared for market in accordance with the directions issued by the Dominion Department of Agriculture. Chickens from the Ontario and Quebec Illustration Stations were sold a few days ago to Mr. Henry Gatehouse for 12cts. per pound, live weight; and to the Canadian Produce Co., Toronto, Ont., for 11cts. per pound, live weight. These are profitable prices that can be obtained by any farmer shipping the same quality of chickens to Montreal or Toronto.

KILLING MARKET CHICKENS.

The method of killing the chickens by dislocating its neck is different from the old-fashioned way of wringing or twisting the neck. When the chicken's neck is dislocated, and the head is pulled from the neck in the manner described in the bulletin "Profitable Poultry Farming," the loose, unbroken skin of the neck forms a sack into which the blood of the chicken flows. The body of the chicken is as well drained of blood as if the head were cut off with an axe: the market appearance of the chicken is improved by killing by dislocation: the flesh of the chicken is more juicy and edible. On the contrary, when chickens are killed by twisting the neck, death results mainly from strangulation. The body of the chicken is not freed from blood on account of there being no space in the neck into which the blood can flow. The appearance of the flesh of the chicken that has been killed by twisting its neck is reddish and blood can be plainly noted in it. In several cities in Canada a law is in force prohibiting the sale of chickens that are killed by twisting the neck.

Hence, the senselessness of the ridicule by certain members of the House in debate regarding the detailed directors in "Profitable Poultry Farming" for killing the chicken by dislocating its neck, and the absurdity of making the statement that dislocating the neck and wringing the neck are one and the same thing.

PRISON FOR LIFE.

Sentence on New Brunswicker Found Guilty of Murder at Bangor.

(Commercial.)

After rather a dull opening of the Supreme court on Thursday morning interest was suddenly awakened by the bringing in of William H. Albert, convicted last week of the murder of Patrolman Patrick H. Jordan in March last.

Counsel said the case was so recent and the testimony so fresh in the minds of the court that he would not argue at all. Judge Stearns said that in the opinion of the court the jury were justified in returning their verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree he had nothing more to say. He left it wholly with the court to decide.

In reply Judge Peabody said:

"This case is so grave in its character and of such importance to the people of this state, and to the accused, that at the trial I gave, as it was my duty to do, the closest attention to all of the evidence introduced on the part of the state and on the part of the prisoner at the bar, and to every consideration addressed to the court by the attorney for the state and the counsel for the prisoner, and in their eloquent and exhaustive arguments. 'I have at all times felt conscious of the responsibility which rested upon me to prevent, so far as I was able in the province of the presiding justice, a failure of justice. When this motion for a new trial was filed I again in my mind reviewed the evidence in the case and reconsidered it in every possible phase, and my conclusion is that the jury were fully justified in rendering a verdict against the prisoner' at the bar of guilty of the crime of murder in the first degree. Consequently this motion must be overruled.

Before sentence was passed the court directed Clerk Sweet to ascertain if the convicted man had anything to say.

Albert thanked the court for its fairness during the trial and the court officials for his treatment. "God is my witness and judge," said the doomed man, "and knows that so far as I can remember I have told the truth." After he stated that he had a change of heart and hoped that God would forgive him for what he had done. The court then said:

"Albert, for the high crime for which you have been found guilty, the law of the state has fixed but one penalty, that of life imprisonment. This court cannot change that penalty, and it is the imperative duty of the court to impose the severe sentence of the law, which the clerk will now pronounce."

Clerk of Courts Sweet then read the sentence, which was:

"William H. Albert, harken to your sentence which the court has awarded against you:

"The court having considered the crime whereof you stand convicted, do order, that you be punished by confinement to hard labor for the term of the remainder of your natural life and that this sentence be executed on you in and within the precinct of the state prison at Thomaston, in the County of Knox, and that you stand committed, until removed in execution of this sentence."

The prisoner did not appear to be one bit nervous on receiving his sentence. With the air of one resigned to his fate the prisoner was led out of the court room, his last hope of freedom gone.

A Conundrum.

One dreary night in November, in the smoking room of a provincial hotel in England a party of travellers sat talking. After they had exhausted nearly every topic, the conversation at last drifted to relating tales and asking conundrums.

"I guess," said a decidedly American voice from a distant part of the room, "that any of you folks cannot tell me where the lightest men are to be found."

After several fruitless attempts the company unanimously had to give up.

"Well, I reckon I can tell you," came the reply. "In Ireland you have men of Cork, in Scotland men of Ayr, but on the river Thames you have lightermen still."

The best subjects that lavish outlay can secure, experience suggest, or skill achieve, everything that commands admiration has been concentrated in the Colonial Moving Picture exhibition. They are unquestionably leaders in this class of entertainment. At Opera House, Sept. 19.

The Late Mrs. John Howey.

Last week the readers of THE DISPATCH noticed the death of the late Mrs. John Howey. The following from the Edmonton Post, will be read with interest:—

The funeral of the late Mrs. Jno. Howey took place on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock to the Edmonton cemetery. At the hour announced a large number of friends and acquaintances gathered at the late residence on Namoo avenue to pay the last tributes to one whom they held in high esteem. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Huestis, pastor of the Methodist church of which church Mrs. Howey was a faithful and prominent working member. During the course of his remarks Mr. Huestis paid many kindly tributes to the departed who had gained such respect and who would be missed by the community. The song service was conducted by the Methodist choir, Mrs. Howey having been their organist up to the time of her marriage.

The floral tributes to the departed were many, consisting of wreaths, crosses, stars and many pretty bouquets, which went to show that although gone, yet deceased was not forgotten.

The funeral procession was a large one, being attended by many of Edmonton's leading citizens.

Annie Luella Jewett was born in 1878, at Florenceville, N. B., where her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Jewett, still reside. She came to Edmonton in the year 1899, taking a situation as stenographer with the firm of Taylor & Boyle, lawyers and solicitors, which position she held until December, 1902. On New Year's Eve 1902, Miss Jewett was married to Mr. Jno. Howey, editor and manager of the Edmonton Post Printing and Publishing Co. Health and happiness were her lot up to Sunday morning, Aug. 15th, when deceased was taken ill. Medical aid was summoned, but no serious results anticipated until Thursday when Mrs. Howey grew gradually worse and on Friday all hope of her recovery was given up. Death claimed her as its own on Saturday morning at 6 o'clock.

Mr. H. C. Taylor of the firm of Taylor, Boyle & Garipey, of Edmonton, was the uncle of the deceased.

Houlton Horse Races.

Following is a list of the winners in the horse races which took place in Houlton on September 1st, 2nd and 3rd:

In the 2.40 class Dr. Glen took three straight heats. Time 2.25½, 2.25½, 2.26.

In the 2.20 class Gertie Glen won in three straight heats. Time 2.19½, 2.23, 2.23.

The two horses above mentioned are by Red Glen, owned by A. W. Brown, Woodstock. The 2.30 class was also won by Dr. Glen, best time 2.25½.

Free for all was won by Nominee Prince, best time 2.22.

2.24 class was won by Addison, best time 2.26.

Warner Boon won in the 2.35 class, best time 2.29½.

Gorton's Minstrels.

Gorton's name has been associated with the best kind of entertainments, and Manger Pearl is confident that this season he can easily surpass all previous efforts. Everything about the production has been elaborated with the greatest care. Clean unobjectionable features follow each other in swift succession and the person who desires to hear the highest type of minstrelsy will not be disappointed. The company comprises over a score of stars, each a master in his own line. Songs of quality, graceful dancers, expert specialists, make up a program that cannot be excelled.

Graham's Opera House, Wednesday, Sept. 9th

Fruit Seeds and Appendicitis.

Many very intelligent people are deterred from swallowing the seed of berries, grapes and other fruits lest the lodgment of these small bits of indigestibility may induce that dreaded accident appendicitis. This fear is utterly baseless, since the healthy appendix is protected by a valvular arrangement which prevents even the smallest seeds from entering it. It is only after inflammation has already destroyed its normal protection that any foreign substance can gain access to it. To feel compelled to eschew all seedy berries and fruits is to seriously curtail one's dietary, and it is entirely unnecessary. In fact, the free and constant use of ripe berries and fruits of all kinds is one of the best preventives of this dangerous disease. Fruit eating prevents or helps to overcome constipation, and constipation is the most prolific cause of appendicitis. The physician should thoroughly disabuse his patients of this mistaken notion. All the smooth seeds are harmless.

Leave your order with us for Preserving Pears, Peaches, Etc. NOBLE & TRAFTON.