

THE WOODSTOCK DISPATCH.

ISSUED WEDNESDAY

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Editor and Proprietor.

WOODSTOCK, JUNE 24, 1903.

THE BONUS QUESTION AGAIN.

Every community in Canada earns a little more money than it spends each year. A very pertinent question just at this time is, where do the savings of Carleton County go?

In a country like Canada, where the banking business is so extensive and all pervading, the savings of citizens go into the banks. But what becomes of them after that?

From the point of view of one who observes commercial and financial affairs, there are two kinds of communities in our country.

In one community, the banks, receiving such deposits, send them away to other parts of Canada, where they are lent to manufacturers to enable them to carry on large manufacturing industries, employing many men and affording a market for a large amount of raw material.

In the other community the banks lend out the savings of one class of people to another class, a manufacturing class, who need it in their business, and not only is this the case, but to this second sort of community is sent the savings of the first community. The first sort of community is constantly supplying the second sort with a large amount of the capital used in conducting its industries.

Carleton County clearly belongs to the first sort of community we have mentioned. Every year the Woodstock banks send out of our county many thousands of dollars, which go to Ontario, where they are used to carry on manufacturing industries of various kinds, and the product of those Ontario industries is shipped to us, and we pay a good profit to the manufacturer.

In Carleton County we have large quantities of raw material which we should ship away only in the form of a manufactured article. We have great wealth which should be used in the carrying on of such manufacture.

Instead of using our accumulated wealth to manufacture our raw material, we send the material away entirely raw, and we also send our money away, to manufacture that same raw material in another town, and we buy back the manufactured article at an enhanced price.

We are learning gradually the greater gain in selling a manufactured thing rather than raw material, butter and pigs and fat stock rather than hay and oats.

There is another lesson to be learned. We must learn that in sending away our wealth (represented by money), we are sending away a most important part of our raw material.

The money sent away from Carleton county year by year, to carry on in other parts of Canada the manufacture of goods which we, ourselves, afterwards buy, would, if used in carrying on manufacturing industries here, in a short time, double our wealth.

Woodstock already has a number of prosperous industries that do not find their raw material here. Three of these ship machinery to the Pacific coast and find a ready sale for it there. These are industries whose raw material is iron, which has to be shipped to Woodstock at a high freight rate.

The business of packing meat and pork, the manufacture of anything that can be made of wood, from a firkin or a box to a dining-room suite made of curly birch or birdseye maple, are our own industries, in all justice. We have the raw material which these industries need here, at our very hands, and when we import the manufactured product of such industries from a distance we are unjust to our own best interests and unmindful of our welfare.

If industries of this nature are willing to establish themselves here let us give them every encouragement. "Business is sensitive; it goes only where it is invited and stays only where it is well treated."

Other towns in Canada have made themselves wealthy and well known by the assistance they have rendered to manufacturing concerns. Woodstock is a well situated, beautiful and pretty well governed town and should stand up and take its place among the manufacturing towns of Canada.

We need the increased population that new industries would bring to us, we need the enlarged commerce which the operation of such industries would involve, we need the advertisement that the town would receive from the mark on large quantities of goods "made in Woodstock, N. B."

The granting of a bonus is not a new proposition to us. A few years ago the town of Woodstock, by a property vote decided to give the sum of \$50,000 to any concern that would establish a pulp mill here. When it

appeared that there was no likelihood of a pulp mill being erected here, the local legislature, at the request of the town, passed an act allowing the town to grant bonuses to the extent of \$50,000, in large or small sums, to encourage new industries to locate here, the bonuses to be granted on a vote of the rate payers, and on the stringent terms so fully set forth in previous issues of THE DISPATCH.

When we were willing a few years ago to make a grant of \$50,000 to one industry, why should we hesitate today to give \$5,000 each to two industries, either one of which will be of more ultimate benefit to our community.

A pulp mill would in the long run have wiped our forests out of existence, and we are just waking to our grave responsibilities to future generations in regard to the preservation of these forests.

A packing house would encourage a few of our most important and profitable lines of agriculture, and the box, firkin and barrel factory and the furniture factory would encourage a judicious use of our forest wealth.

When we were willing to grant a bonus of \$50,000 to a pulp mill, why should any one hesitate to attain a greater advantage at a less cost by the granting of two smaller bonuses amounting both together to only \$10,000.

It can't be that in these few years, when business in Woodstock is so good, our rate-payers have become timid and will hesitate to make a comparatively small sacrifice to gain so much.

Great Demand for Chickens.

The present time is most favorable for the production, fattening and marketing of farm chickens. There has been such a substantial increase in the consumption of chickens and eggs within the last few years that it is not possible to rear a greater number of suitable market chickens than can be sold with profit. Last year there were not sufficient chickens sold in Canada to supply the home markets. As a result of the shortage of chickens the trade with Great Britain was lessened. This is unfortunate on account of the great demand for Canadian chickens in Great Britain and the good prices that are paid.

The Chief of the Poultry Division, Mr. F. C. Hare states that numerous letters have been received from produce merchants, poulterers and commission merchants who desire to learn in what localities chickens can be bought in great numbers and at reasonable prices. From several Canadian cities, and especially from Montreal, produce firms have asked to be informed where market chickens suitable for shipping to Great Britain could be obtained in the greatest numbers. British poulterers and commission merchants have repeatedly asked for the same information. The letter of a well established produce house in London, England, was received last week. This firm wished to "start an undertaking for the purpose of importing Canadian poultry to Great Britain." They desired information as to the probable success of such a project and the possibility of obtaining poultry, (especially fowls) in large quantities, and the best districts for the collection, &c., of them.

Last Fall a firm in Cape Colony wished a poultry trade developed with that Colony. One shipment of Canadian chickens was made to Cape Colony which arrived in a satisfactory condition and pleased the trade. A New York firm wrote that they desired to import Canadian chickens and were recommended by the department to a firm in the Maritime Provinces, from whom they purchased chickens and were impressed favorably by them.

The above and similar requests are difficult of solution even by one in touch with the Canadian produce firms and packing houses that are buying and marketing chickens. The majority of our established firms are equipped with a complete plant for marketing in Canada or Great Britain several times more chickens than they can buy. Their profits are diminished through scarcity of chickens. Nevertheless merchants in Great Britain, Cape Colony the United States and even in Australia are looking to a supply of Canadian chickens to satisfy their growing trade.

The problem of supplying this wonderfully increased demand for chickens can be solved by the farmers alone. Instead of the farmer rearing fifty or a hundred chickens that receive little attention or feed, he should rear from 200 to 1000 chickens annually. These should be of a utility type, such as can be found in the popular breeds, Plymouth Rocks and Wyandottes. The chickens should be hatched and reared by incubators and brooders, and when ready for market the cockerels should be placed in fattening crates and fatted. The equipment required to do this work is not an expensive one; \$200 to \$250 is the cost of incubators, brooders, houses and fattening crates for finishing 1000 chickens. It is as necessary for realizing the greatest profits from the poultry business as threshing and mowing machinery is for general farming. The work connected with finishing 1000 chickens with the proper appliances is no more than is necessary for rearing 200 chickens by the natu-

ral means. Poultry farming is a business that requires to be developed in the same manner as the butter, cheese and fruit branches. A substantial profit can be made from the poultry business, when it is carried on as an adjunct to farming, and with the same careful attention and financing.

The Dominion Department of Agriculture is endeavoring to increase the poultry trade of Canada; to encourage the growing of the greatest number of high-class chickens, and to assist in the marketing of them. A revised edition of the bulletin "Profitable Poultry Farming" has been issued, and will be mailed without charge on application to the Commissioner of Agriculture and Dairying, Ottawa. The information it contains is of great value in the poultry work, and it should be in the hands of every interested poultryman in Canada.

SATISFIED MOTHERS.

When sales are large and increasing, when customers are satisfied to the extent of continuing to buy the same remedy, then it must be admitted that the remedy has real merit. Baby's Own Tablets occupy this enviable position. Mothers having once tried them seldom fail to duplicate the order—no other remedy for children can truly claim as much. Concerning the Tablets Mr. C. N. Stradder, (general dealer), North Williamsburg, Ont., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets have a large sale, and every purchaser is more than satisfied. We use them for our baby and have found them all that is claimed for them."

Baby's Own Tablets cure colic, indigestion, constipation, diarrhoea, simple fevers and all the minor ills of little ones. They make baby bright, active and happy and a joy to the home. Sold by druggists or will be sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Carleton county rifle range is being put in better shape than ever before. Mr. James McLean has the contract for putting in two entirely new sets of standard targets on the double system. They are so arranged that the markers are examining one target of a set the other one will be up for use. This system will effect a great saving of time in practice. A meeting of the rifle club was called for last evening and as a result there will probably be a match on the range this afternoon.

MARRIED.

GRANT-LONDON—At Woodstock, N. B., June 17th, by Rev. Z. L. Fash, M. A., Norman Grant, Temple, York Co., and Lucy A. London, Woodstock, N. B.

SMITH-SHERWOOD—At Woodstock, N. B., June 17th, by Rev. Z. L. Fash, M. A., Fred A. Smith, Woodstock, and Nina Sherwood, Avondale, Carleton County, N. B.

FOWLER-PAGET—At Lower Windsor, on Wednesday, June 17th, by the Rev. J. D. Wetmore, Miss Myrtle C. Paget, of Lower Windsor, to Wenden H. Fowler, of Carleton.

BELL-McBRIDE—On June 17th, at the residence of the bride's mother, Richmond, by the Rev. A. W. Teed, Rector, Cassie Isabel, daughter of Mrs. Thomas McBride, to George Bell of Oakville, Can. Co., N. B.

DIED.

BALLOCH—At Thorne Cottage, Kingsclear, York Co., on June 18th, Alexander Rainsford Balloch, aged 53 years.

SHAW—At Simonds on Friday the 19th, Jane Shaw.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

WEDDING RINGS.

Marriage Licenses issued and Wedding Rings sold, guaranteed as stamped U. S. assay, at

**W. B. JEWETT'S,
JEWETT'S CORNER, WOODSTOCK.**

**A Clear Skin and
A Bright Eye**

Usually Indicate Health.

**Wheeler's
Botanic
Bitters**

Insures good health by Cleansing the Blood, Stomach and Liver. Cures Constipation, Dyspepsia, Bloating, Headache, Dizziness, Kidney Troubles, and all Irregularities.

A GENUINE VEGETABLE SPRING MEDICINE AND REGULATOR.

PRICE 25 CENTS

AT ALL DEALERS.

And wholesale by all
Wholesale Druggists.

**Great
Reductions!**

FROM FORMER PRICES ON

**Fancy Printed Dress and Blouse Mus-
lins, Gingham, Satteens, Lawns, Etc.**

We have just placed on our Bargain Counted the balance of our Dress Muslins and Fancy Gingham, **reduced from 20 and 25c to 15c** per yard. Also balance of Dress Muslins and Fancy Lawns, **reduced from 15 and 18c to 10c** per yard.

Great Bargains

In Ladies' White Shirt Waists—former prices \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75—now only 75c and \$1.00. Come early and secure a bargain.

B. B. MANZER.

Selling at Cost.

During the month of JUNE, everything suitable for

Wedding Presents.

Silverware, Knives, Forks, Spoons (Sterling Silver and Plated), Pie Knives (Sterling Silver and Plated), Berry Spoons (Sterling Silver and Plated), Cold Meat Forks, (Sterling Silver and Plated), Cream and Gravy Ladles (Sterling Silver and Plated), Cut Glassware, Fancy Clocks, and many articles too numerous to mention.

We are still headquarters for Marriage Licenses and Wedding Rings. Have a look before going or sending elsewhere.

**W. B. JEWETT, Woodstock
Jewett's Corner.**

**CREAM and
ICE CREAM**

AT

R. E. HOLYOKE'S.

All the LATEST NOVELTIES in FABRICS.

Are seen at

NICHOLSON'S

Fabrics made into Stylish Garments. When you are in need of a Suit, Trousers or Overcoat, it will be to you interest to consult us.

**W. B. NICHOLSON, Merchant Tailor,
Woodstock, N. B.**

**No More Loose
Artificial Teeth!**

At a large price we have just purchased the secret right to use the famous **Poulson Atmospheric and Adhesive Suction Attachment**, by which it is claimed that a set of teeth will cling so firmly in the mouth that it is even possible to eat the old fashioned Molasses or Maple Candy without the plate moving. This will be good news for many who have suffered from the discomfort of loose plates.

THE DENTISTS,

At DR. MANZER'S Office, 29 Main St., Woodstock.