

Maritime Winter Fair.
(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

The fruit department of the show was a decided success, and demonstrated the fruit growing capabilities of the three provinces. Alex. McNeill, Chief of the Fruit Division, was in constant attendance, and delivered addresses upon the best methods of Apple Growing. The New Brunswick Fruit Growers present formed a Fruit Growers' Association for this province, and Hon. L. P. Farris, Commissioner of Agriculture for New Brunswick promised the association the warm support of his department. Some of the fruit growers of the St. John Valley shipped their apples to Great Britain with very satisfactory results, and the prospect is bright for the increase of the industry in that portion of Canada.

The following were elected provisional officers:—President, J. C. Gilman, Fredericton; Vice-President, Geo. McAlpine, Cambridge; Secretary-Treasurer, W. D. Albright, Sussex.

Directors—John I. Steeves, Hillsboro; C. F. Rogers, Woodstock; Rev. Hunter Boyd, Waweg; T. Edwin Carter, Bathurst; O. W. Wetmore, Clifton; Jas. Barnes, Buctouche; Beloni Violet, St. Leonards; W. A. McIntosh, D. Innes, Tobique River; W. F. Fawcett, Sackville; H. B. Grosvenor, Meductic; A. E. McAlpine, Cambridge; R. A. Snowball, Chatham; John Barbarie, Dalhousie; I. W. Stephenson, Upper Sheffield.

AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION.

This important topic was ably dealt with by Mr. C. C. James, Deputy Minister of Agriculture of Ottawa. When we think, he said, of the difficulties in agricultural work it is not strange that in the east we have insisted upon a thorough course of preparation for our doctors, our lawyers, our clergymen, our civil engineers, before we would allow them to follow their profession, but for the farmer we have done nothing, or almost nothing. We have turned them out with a common school education to follow their profession. Why would it not be equally rational to do the same with doctors, lawyers, etc. There were three distinct lines in which Agricultural Education could be given:—

1. Through organization and associations of the farmers, occasions like this Winter Fair, etc.

2. Through agricultural colleges.

3. Through the common school system of the country.

We had, he felt, neglected the children of the country in our educational methods, because it was only now that we were turning our attention to the rural schools. We had waited in the past till the children had grown up, when it was manifestly better to turn their attention to what would be most useful to them in their life work, while they were yet young, and in their formation period. The rural schools should teach the children of the world around them, of the wondrous laws of nature, of the beauties of the grasses, the trees, the flowers, and all the little things of their daily life. In learning of these things, they would learn to love the country and desire to live in it. They would naturally lean towards agriculture instead of away from it, and this was what we needed today in Canada to keep our young people on the farms.

He was delighted to see this teaching now being inaugurated; he looked for it to do much for Eastern Canada. A good general education could be got by studying nature, as well as by the present curriculum, and Nature Study was as applicable to town and city schools as to country schools.

The resources of Canada are manifold, but our agricultural resources overtop them all. To gain our highest prosperity, the great bulk of our people must be agriculturists. It is time we took this matter seriously, time we looked at it from a national standpoint. The future of this country depends upon whether or not our young people grow up with a determination to develop the resources of that part of it in which they live.

He urged his audience to bring out their children to such educational meetings as this; they were the coming citizens, the older men and women were not nearly so important. The proper training of our children was the surest way to build up the prosperity of the country.

INSECTS INJURIOUS TO LIVE STOCK.

Dr. James Fletcher, Entomologist and Botanist of the Dominion Experimental Farms, gave a most interesting address, with illustrations of the various insects and parasites thrown on a screen by the Stereopticon. Parasites of all kinds were, he said, very harmful to Live Stock, keeping them worried and annoyed, preventing thrift or milk flow. Animals may be relieved of these pests by the application of oil in some form, or by some of the proprietary dips.

A cheap and good mixture for lice on cattle was 1 gallon of fish oil in which was mixed 1 lb of sulphur. Coal oil (paraffine oil) and milk made into emulsion was also a good mixture.

The stalls should be washed down as well, as these creatures get into cracks, etc. in the stable.

Chicken mites will sometimes get on horse

and cattle, and though they do not breed there, they occasion a great deal of worry while they live.

To cure lice on poultry, put a ball of lard and sulphur the size of a hazel nut under each wing of the bird.

The hornfly so troublesome to cattle, could be kept off by applying every few days a mixture of 1 lb of pine tar and 5 lbs of lard to the whole body of the animal.

To prevent ticks on sheep, the sheep should be dipped before going into winter quarters.

THE NEW AGRICULTURE.

Prof. C. C. James, in a practical address showed very plainly how necessary it was becoming for the farmers to conduct his business upon business lines, to produce those crops which make most money in his particular locality, to co-operate with his neighbors in dairying, in beef raising, in fruit growing, etc., and by producing large quantities of produce of uniform quality to secure a place on the world's market. It was also essential under the New Agriculture, for the farmer to take advantage of all the knowledge and experience of scientific men. He must be educated, read and think. His home also must be made more convenient for his wife, and more attractive for his children, and with rational education for them, would keep these latter in country life. The reformation of the home was, after all, the start of the New Agriculture. Establish, he said, a farmer with an inclination to knowledge, a wife who knows how to make the best of her opportunity and children getting an education which will fit them for farm life, and I care not how poor that farm is it will succeed. With these conditions we will hear no more about "Old Hayseed" but we will see the farmer walking the streets of our towns well dressed and respected as a leading citizen of Canada.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When the tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MARRIED.

BOYNTON-HOVEY.—On the 14th instant at the home of the bride, Centerville, Carleton County, N. B., by Rev. Joseph Cahill, Mr. Asa A. Boynton, of Mars Hill, Maine, to Miss Mary M. Hovey.

SPEER-PAUL.—On December 14th., at the residence of Mr. W. S. Speer, Speerville, by the Rev. W. J. Fowler, B. A. Mr. Clifford Ross Speer, of Speerville to Miss Robia Annie Paul, of Woodstock.

BROWN-FIELDS.—At the residence of the bride's father, John Fields, Carlingford, Victoria County, December 14th, by Rev. R. W. Demmings, Clarence Brown and Ivey Fields both of Carlingford, Victoria County, N. B.

If you want a Fancy Box of Chocolates or Chocolates and Creams of any description, go to H. G. NOBLE.

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PROBABLY NOTHING can be more convincing than an actual experience of Dr. Manzer's pleasant and satisfactory method of performing Painless Dentistry. Our reliability is many times proven by increasing patronage. Strictest courtesy to all insisted upon. No charge for examination.



Our New Double Suction Patented Artificial Plate.

Positively prevents the plate from dropping when eating.

THE HOME OF Painless Dentistry.

We have hundreds of testimonials from pleased patients testifying to the absolute Painlessness of our extracting.

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THE DENTISTS,
—AT—
Dr. Manzer's

OFFICE
"SIGN OF GOLD TOOTH"
WOODSTOCK, N. B.

Our Trade With Mexico.

The decision of the Mexican Government to adopt the gold standard is expected to have an immediate effect in stimulating that country's foreign trade, which has been impeded by momentary considerations, foreigners hesitating to sell goods when a sudden shift in the value of Mexican coin might wipe out all the profit. Foreign capital, too, is now more likely to seek investment in that country, and it is pointed out that several millions of dollars have been ready for investment in specific enterprises in Mexico, but have been withheld because of the uncertainty of exchange. This change is of especial interest to Canadians in view of the efforts now being made by the establishment of a steamship service and by special postal rates to increase our trade with Mexico.

Canadian trade returns show that in 1903 we imported \$37,258 of dutiable and \$88,318 of free goods from Mexico, a total of \$125,575, an increase of \$16,000 over 1902, and of \$76,000 over 1899. Our exports for 1903 totalled \$137,034, of which the chief items were: manufacturers of metal, \$46,422; iron and steel, \$44,368, including machines, \$13,201; manufactures of wood, \$29,075; lumber, \$10,842; spirits, \$16,814; manufactured cotton, \$16,887. There has been a rapid growth in the last few years, and should Mexico determine to give Canadian products a preference under her tariff, as a retaliatory measure against the United States the opportunity would be given for capturing a much more extensive trade. Last year the United States sent \$45,900,748 of goods to Mexico, making 50 per cent. of Mexico's imports, and including: Wheat flour, \$205,640; other breadstuffs, \$1,141,831; bicycles, \$1,548,218 bituminous coal, \$3,127,636; gunpowder and explosive, \$1,254,677; sewing machines \$560,695; agricultural implements, \$369,494; steam engines, \$1,692,622; other iron and steel products, \$10,125,685; paints, \$1,144,276; lumber, \$2,132,033.

Even on an equal footing under the tariff, Canadians, with better shipping facilities, should be able to capture a portion of this trade. Mexico should take from Canada coal, pig iron, lumber, furniture, agricultural implements, waggons, fruit products, hams and bacon, canned goods, salt fish, and general merchandise, and send in return raw sugar, coffee, mahogany, dye-woods, fruit, hides, and hemp.

FACTS WORTH KNOWING.

The Railway Passengers Assurance Company of London, England,

Was established 1849.

Is the oldest Accident Insurance Company in the world.

Has paid out in Claims the enormous sum of over \$23,000,000.

Is the only Company transacting business in Canada returning a Bonus of 10% off premiums after five years, WHETHER OR NOT a claim has been made.

Has actually divided among its Policy holders in Bonus returns the handsome sum of over \$2,000,000.

Has a fully subscribed capital of \$5,000,000.

Insures against Lost Time caused by Sickness.

Pays a capital sum equal to one-half the amount insured for Paralysis of Blindness.

Pays the largest amount for Loss of EITHER Hand, Foot or Eye.

Before renewing your accident policies examine the accident contracts of the Railway Passengers. You can only afford the best.

Its contracts are clear, concise, and free from objectionable restrictions.

J. W. ASTLE, Agent, Queen St.

READ THIS!

Important Notice to Holiday Buyers.

30 Days Sale at Very Low Prices to Clear Before Stock-Taking, and 10% off these prices for Cash.

Pictures and Mirrors framed in Gilt or Dark Oak Mahair, Reversible &c., Rugs, Wool Mats, Hassocks, Carpet Sweepers, Fine new lot of Morris Chairs, Couches, Rockers, Sideboards. Extension and Centre Tables, Children's Chairs, Rockers, Sleds, Toy Carts &c.,

Be sure to see our stock of above before deciding your purchases. All make good useful Christmas Presents.

Mail Orders receive prompt and careful attention.

HENDERSON'S FURNITURE STORE.

UNDERTAKING

Given Careful Personal Attention

\$2.00 for \$1.00.

GRAND SLAUGHTER SALE.

THE CHANCE OF A LIFETIME.

75 Ladies' Cloth Jackets, all new goods, latest styles, will be sold for 50 cts on the dollar.

\$16.00 Jackets only \$8.00	\$10.00 Jackets only \$5.00
13.00 " " 6.50	8.00 " " 4.00
12.00 " " 6.00	6.00 " " 3.00
11.00 " " 5.50	4.00 " " 2.00

Ladies' Raccoon Jackets, former prices \$40 and \$45, now only \$25 and \$30. Ladies' and Misses' Muffs at Half Price.

In our Men's Department we have 50 Men's Raglan Overcoats which will be sold at less than cost

\$15.00 Raglans only \$12.00;	\$12.50 Raglans only \$10.00
\$10.50 Raglans only \$8.00;	\$8.50 Raglans only \$6.00;
	\$7.50 Raglans only \$5.00.

Great Bargains in Boys' and Youths' Raglans, Ulsters and Reefers. This is your opportunity and do not fail to take advantage of this special sale.

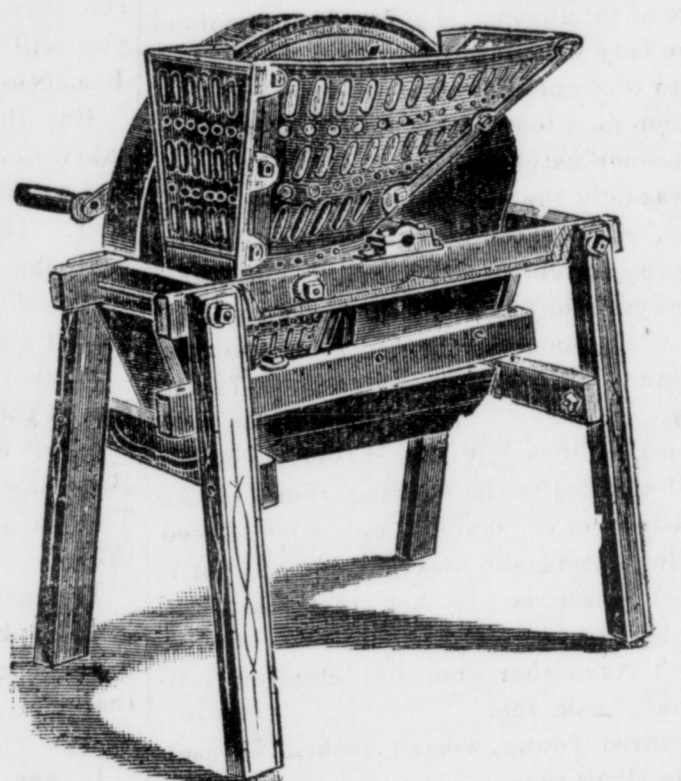
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We have have in stock two "BAMFORD" RAPID GRINDING MILLS, imported from England, and which will be sold at a Reduced Price.

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If you are looking for a Christmas Present for Father, Mother, Wife, Brother, Sister, or somebody else's sister, or brother, or in fact anybody, come in and see our stock of

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Don't forget we have also Children's and Misses' Bedroom Slippers.

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