

THE DISPATCH.

VOL. 10. NO. 40.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., MARCH 2, 1904.

PRICE TWO CENTS

While Clothing Does Not Make the Man,

Yet one of our new CAMPBELL SUITS will add greatly to his appearance. Come and see them.

New Spring Goods arriving Almost every day.

JOHN McLAUCHLAN,

The Leading Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher.
Sole agent for The Campbell Clothing.



Misty Vision

Comes with advancing years, but can be cleared by properly fitted glasses. Spectacles are our speciality. Guard your sight, for he who has lost his sight best knows its value. Hundreds suffer in this way, when timely attention might have prevented it.

When we fit glasses they give satisfaction. Examination Free

H. V. DALLING,

Blue Front Jewelry Store.

The Royal Bank of Canada

INCORPORATED 1869

Savings Bank Department

Capital and Reserves

\$6,192,705

Total Assets

\$25,100,000

General Business Transacted

Drafts and Letters of Credit Issued

Correspondence solicited

Nothing succeeds like success.

THE MANUFACTURERS LIFE INSURANCE CO. IN 1902.

New business written,	\$6,082,336.00
Increase over 1901,	1,058,935.00
Income,	1,240,890.00
Increase over 1901,	177,249.00
Assets as at December 31, 1902,	4,406,329.00
Increase over 1901,	633,852.00
Insurance in force,	30,152,883.00
Increase over 1901,	3,013,952.00

Interest Income Alone Exceeded Death Claims by Nearly \$26,000.00.

The E. R. MACHUM, CO. Lt'd.

T. A. LINDSAY,

Inspector, Woodstock, N.B.

Mgrs. Maritime Provinces, St. John, N. B.

Buy

Imperial Bread.

R. E. HOLYOKE.

His Honor Judge Carleton.

John L. Carleton, K. C., has been appointed County Court Judge for the counties of Charlotte, Carleton, Victoria and Madawaska, succeeding His Honor Judge Stevens, of St. Stephen, who has been superannuated.

Judge Carleton is a son of William Carleton, of the customs service of St. John, and was born in St. John on October 1, 1861. He was educated in the Christian Brothers' school, which was in existence in St. John 25 or 30 years ago, and studied law with Weldon & McLean and Allen & Chandler. He was admitted an attorney in October, 1882, and a barrister in 1883. In 1886 he was appointed referee in equity, and some time later became reporter of the supreme court, in which position he was succeeded a few years ago by Geo. W. Allen, M. P. P. Judge Carleton as a practicing attorney won honors in criminal cases, but is acknowledged as widely read in all branches of law.

In other ways he has been a prominent figure. Gifted with a ready pen he has written a number of plays, some of which have been produced many times. "More Sinned Against Than Sinning" attained wide popularity. In amateur theatricals and as an elocutionist and lecturer he has been seen and heard with much pleasure. He has been an active worker in the Liberal party and is one of the most eloquent and forceful of the speakers numbered by the party in the maritime provinces and he has done good work in all the campaigns of recent years, not only in St. John but in other parts of the province. He ran on the local government ticket in 1892, as a candidate for St. John city, but was defeated at the polls with his colleagues.

Judge Carleton has been prominently identified with St. John's Catholic societies and was one of the organizers of the C. M. B. in that city, and was for several years president of Branch No. 134. He was married in 1886 to Miss Teresa G. Sharkey, daughter of Peter Sharkey.

It has been announced that His Honor Judge Carleton will live in Woodstock.

Suspended for the Present.

That bright journal, The Hartland Advertiser in its last issue makes the following announcement.

With this issue the Advertiser will suspend publication until April 17th, next. A long hard winter, expenses higher than ever before, the working day shorter, efficient office help hard to maintain, and more than anything else the increasing negligence of subscribers and others in settling their accounts, make this more imperative. Until every one of the several hundred dollars due to the Advertiser is paid or settled in some satisfactory way, no further attempt will be made toward the publication of this paper. In the matter of collections it has seemed difficult for the people to understand that the publisher means business. This is evidence of the fact that he does.

This move seems unfair to those who have paid in advance, but it belongs to the many who are behind from \$1 to \$5 to shoulder the responsibility of this unusual move.

The office will be kept open and job work will be promptly executed. During the period of rest necessary repairs will be made to the machinery and equipment so that the work of regular publication may be more expeditiously dealt with.

The publisher cannot express his regret over the condition of affairs here announced, but assures subscribers that "in the good old summer time" no effort will be spared to give them a good paper, while for every issue dropped this winter their subscription will be so far advanced.

Within the next few days accounts will be sent to all who owe and payment must be made immediately.

A Contradiction.

I am given to understand that Mr. Frank B. Carvell quoted me at the last meeting of the local government, as saying that Mr. H. A. Connell's water power never developed more than 70 horse power, and could not do so.

I deny most emphatically that I ever made any such statement to Mr. Carvell or to any other man. Yours truly,

HARRY D. BAIRD.

Woodstock 10; Fredericton 0.

Thursday night's hockey match with the C. R. C. club of Fredericton shows that Woodstock has a team that would make a good showing with the best hockey teams in the province. They simply outclassed the visiting club in every feature of the game, their team work being especially good. An effort should be made by the rink management to get one of the New Brunswick league teams to come here to play. It would be an interesting game and no doubt would draw a large crowd.

Death of Mrs. Goodhand Clarke.

The many friends and acquaintances of Mrs. Goodhand Clarke will regret to hear of her death which took place on Tuesday morning. Mrs. Clarke came to this town about twelve years ago from St. John with her daughter May, who has charge of the W. U. telegraph office, and has resided at Mrs. Poole's ever since. Although afflicted with a defective eyesight, thereby being unable to read or do many other little things to pass the time pleasantly, she was always patient and uncomplaining, and of a cheerful nature. When her health permitted she was a regular attendant at St. Luke's Church. The remains were taken to St. John for interment. One son, George, of Fredericton, and two daughters, May, of Woodstock, and Eva, trained nurse, of Newburyport, Mass., survive.

Poultry Prospects for New Brunswick Farms.

The Department of Agriculture at Ottawa has just published the returns received for the chickens marketed from the Experimental Fattening Station at Andover, N. B. where they were either reared or bought and fed under conditions which can be had on every farm in New Brunswick.

Over 1,200 chickens were handled, and of these something over 1,000 were, after being fattened, packed in boxes for the Montreal and export trade.

They were crate fattened, killed by stretching their necks, dry plucked, with head and legs left on and undrawn. They were then shaped, graded as to weight and neatly packed in cases holding one dozen birds.

The first and second shipments realized 12 cts. per pound at Montreal; the third lot consigned to Liverpool, brought 13 cts. per pound on board steamer at St. John, and the last lot sent to Montreal about the first of February, brought 14 cents per pound for the local trade.

Other stations in the Maritime Provinces have been equally successful and purchasers have reported the birds "very satisfactory."

The demand for good poultry meat, both in our own market and elsewhere is a growing one, and the prices paid the last season show that even excessively high prices do not stop the demand, though a moderate price would no doubt be better for the business, as it would greatly increase the consumption of this kind of meat.

In St. John at the present time, there is an excellent demand for poultry, and considerable quantities have to be brought from P. E. Island to help out the supply.

Each Ocean Steamer is now taking in the neighborhood of \$100 worth of poultry meat, and about 100 dozens of eggs. As the steamers coming to St. John increase, so will the demand for their supplies.

Outside of the local markets for poultry and eggs is however, the English market, where a practically unlimited quantity can be disposed of. South Africa is also taking quite a lot of Canadian Poultry. There is therefore every encouragement for the New Brunswick poultry raiser to enlarge this business and add substantially to the farm revenues thereby. It is a business that can be developed without large expenditure, and the labor is such as can well be done by the women or the boys and girls of the household.

Very complete and up to date information upon this important subject may be had free by applying to the Commissioner of Agriculture, Ottawa, for the latest bulletin on Poultry Raising. This bulletin deals with breeds of chickens, houses, methods of hatching, feed, care and marketing. The Chief of the Poultry Division, Mr. F. C. Hare, is also always ready to give his personal advice and attention to enquirers. The best information on the subject is thus placed at the disposal of every Canadian citizen.

W. W. HUBBARD.

C. P. R. Offices, St. John, N. B.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Charity is the star whose rays are always lost in the clouds of ostentation.

It is time to give your tongue a rest when you can't think of something good to say.

An Appreciation from the State of Maine.

The Maine Farmer, in an article on "New Brunswick Methods," says:—

The Farmer has repeatedly called attention to the progressive spirit of our brother farmers over the line and the marked changes resulting from the agricultural methods set on foot by the government. In every department the evidence of a deep awakening to the value of the industry and the possibilities of the province in the markets across the water may be seen. Today New Brunswick stands second to Denmark in price realized for butter, her pork products are in increasing demand, her stock interests assuming large proportions, and now the workers propose assisting in the establishment of one or more illustration orchards in each county of the province. They are by undertaking this work making a forward step in the interest of fruit growing, and will demonstrate that in every section fruit for home use can be grown successfully, and that in many sections apple orchards, if properly conducted, will pay as well as those in any part of the Dominion.

Prof. Blair says, and his words have direct application to Maine orchards:

These illustration orchards will be conducted under a uniform system, giving the trees the best possible cultural conditions under which to develop. Experienced, practical orchardists all agree that these conditions are obtained by early spring cultivation, continued to keep the surface soil in a good tilth till the last of July, and seeding to a cover crop for the rest of the season. It is safe to say that few orchards in New Brunswick are now conducted along these lines, and in fact no two are conducted along the same line. This makes it difficult to say what varieties will pay the best. True, a certain amount of information is now available showing the relative value of different apples for planting in different sections, and the work of those who have already entered into this work is not by any means discounted by the writer. They have worked under difficulties of which only an orchardist knows, and are to be commended for their enterprise.

From an illustrative point of view these orchards will prove the greatest good. There is no educational work so valuable to the agriculturalist as what appeals to the eye and common sense. These orchards grown from proper selected stock, given proper care, will definitely settle the fact that by surrounding plants with conditions under which they develop best, they will pay the best in the end, although it does mean more expense and work at the start to supply these conditions.

The orchardist does not see the fruits of his labor at once. It is not a dollar invested now for two next year, but it is dollars invested year by year for a return eight or ten years hence. In the meantime, his orchard is often neglected; grass, insect pest, etc., take charge of the trees. He thinks it doesn't matter, but that is where the mistake is made, and has been made, and this plan proposes a remedy by illustrative work.

These illustration boards will aim to show a model commercial orchard. They will be placed where farmers can conveniently congregate to receive instruction in pruning, spraying, and cultivation. After being planted five years, instead of seeing 50 per cent, of the trees broken down, dead, or covered with bark lice, a thrifty orchard commencing to bear will greet the eye, stimulating every man who sees it to start fruit trees, ornamental trees or shrubs under conditions as near similar as possible, being assured by such practical demonstration that this treatment pays best in the end.

This is the kind of work which tells for permanent growth and the Farmer congratulates its New Brunswick co-workers over the certainty of results in the near future.

Competition no Good.

In Massachusetts, says the Springfield Republican, people long since abandoned the hope of securing control of railway traffic by competition. They discovered years ago that railways are, in the very nature of things, monopolies. The enlightened people of the Bay State go so far today as to prevent the building of parallel lines, as they see this entails a needless burden on the community; they even look upon the various railroads as closely related monopolies, and when they refuse to work together for the public interest—as in the matter of running rights by one railway over another—the people of Massachusetts apply compulsory measures—gently, considerably, no doubt, but none the less effective. But, and here is the important point, they take good care that these monopolies are under such public control as to rates and service as to prevent them from becoming an injury to the people they were created to serve.

For a First-Class Quality of Tea or Coffee try us, NOBLE & TRAFTON.