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"Truro-Knit"
Ladies'
Underwear**

Combines all the good points of all other ladies' underwear, with none of their faults. It's the lightest underwear that will keep you snug and warm through the severe Canadian winters. It's soft and flexible, fits perfectly, and is guaranteed to hold its shapeliness. Your dealer refunds the purchase price if Stanfield's "Truro-Knit Underwear" should shrink. All sizes to fit every figure. At all dealers.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

UPPER WOODSTOCK, Jan. 10th. County Council met at 1 a. m. Warden Raymond called the council to order.

On motion of Coun. McDonald seconded by Coun. Tompkins, Coun. Gallagher was elected unanimously warden for the coming year.

Mr. Raymond thanked the council for the courtesy extended to him while in the chair and bespoke the same treatment for his successor.

Warden Gallagher thanked the council for the honor done him, particularly so as he expected not to offer for the council after the life of this council was ended. He did not claim to be a speaker but a worker in the interests of the county.

The councillors present during the day were:

- Aberdeen—Ed. Wiley, D. Lamont.
- Brighton—W. A. Connolly, Allen Bradley.
- Kent—C. E. Gallagher, Ambrose Giberseon.
- Richmond—John Hay, Alex. Bell.
- Northampton—A. Brown, David Phillips.
- Wilmot—Harry Carvell, John F. Williams.
- Wakefield—Albert Bell.
- Wicklow—Chas. Giberseon, W. Jameson.
- Woodstock—Henry Smith, F. B. Bull.
- Woodstock (town) Wm. McDonald; A. G. Bailey, Jos. Fewer.

Simonds—W. A. Raymond, Oliver Miller. After the reading of the minutes; Mr. Vince, gave an interesting report. He said the returns from most of the parishes were not in, and those that were in had only come in the latter part of December. The county was in much better shape than last year. The Auditor was given until tomorrow morning to complete his report (for the sake of more convenience the report given on Thursday morning is here appended).

TO THE WARDEN AND MUNICIPAL COUNCIL OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON:

GENTLEMEN,—The undersigned begs to report that he has examined the accounts of the secretary-treasurer and find that he has:

RECEIVED.	
On hand January 12th, 1904.....	\$1068.59
FROM PARISHES.	
Aberdeen.....	\$ 624.78
Brighton.....	1884.11
Kent.....	1878.52
Northampton.....	806.63
Peel.....	1041.37
Richmond.....	1631.94
Simonds.....	667.82
Wakefield.....	2721.36
Wicklow.....	1481.36
Wilmot.....	1576.15
Woodstock.....	1366.93
Town Woodstock.....	2643.00
	\$18,322.97
Canada Temperance Act Fines.....	2,108.00
Fines.....	35.00
Peddlers' Licenses.....	46.00
Jury Fees.....	1374.42
Rent.....	8.00
Refunds of Overpayments.....	7.52
	\$22,970.50
Expenditure 1904.....	20,882.18
Leaving Balance on Hand.....	2088.32
Credit Bal. at Royal Bank of Canada.....	
January 10th, 1905.....	\$1777.60
Less Cheques Issued but not Presented.....	196.64
Leaving True Bank Bal.....	1580.96
To Which Add Cash in Hands of Secretary-Treasurer.....	507.36
	\$2088.32

3.—That the undermentioned parishes are indebted to the county in the sums set opposite, namely:—

Brighton.....	\$548.05
Kent.....	429.90
Richmond.....	726.46
Simonds.....	30.27
Wicklow.....	387.95
Woodstock.....	280.73

4.—The Town of Woodstock is indebted to the county in the sum of \$36 77 due now, and in the further sum of \$4000.00 payable in eight yearly instalments of \$500.00.

5.—The county is indebted to the undersigned parishes in the sum set opposite the name of each parish.

Aberdeen.....	2.03
Northampton.....	32.00
Peel.....	119.02
Wakefield.....	124.05
Wilmot.....	18.15

6.—The undersigned wishes to draw attention to the necessity of the reports of the different collections being in the hands of the auditor on or before the 31st day of December in each year.

7. One of the collections in each of the Parishes of Aberdeen, Kent, Simonds and Wilmot has not made return for 1904. Neither of the collectors for the Parish of Brighton has yet made a report for the past year. The Secretary-Treasurer's Books show that each of the collectors has paid large sums of money on account of moneys collected by him, but unless collectors make report of what they have done it is not possible for your present Auditor to make an audit of the County Accounts.

8. The undersigned begs to recommend that the collector be ordered to make returns of collections in list of 1904 and previous years in their hands before the 28th day of February, A. D. 1905.

9. The undersigned recommends that it be definitely settled at this session what class of claims against the County are to be paid to that special order of the Municipal Council.

Respectfully Submitted,
D. McLEOD VINCE, Auditor.
Woodstock, N. B., January 11, 1905.

The following officers were on motion elected:—Sec Treas, J. C. Hartley; Auditor, D. McLeod Vince; Reporter, T. C. L. Ketchum.

Under reports of standing committees Coun. McDonald spoke of certain repairs he had made on the gaol. He had put in a flush closet in two cells. This was found necessary when Gee was put in prison, as it was advisable that in such cases, that it should not be necessary for an officer to be in attendance to take the prisoner out of the cell. He had found the closets that were in were absolutely unworkable, and had replaced them. He had also put a basin in the washroom, and had constructed an elevator to save carrying the meals down stairs to the prisoners.

On motion the report was received and adopted.

Coun. Williams on behalf of the committee to look into the sec treas bonds said the gentlemen as bondsmen were Williamson Fisher and Frank B. Smith.

Report received and adopted.

Coun. Carvell said that the question of reporting was left over till this session and now was the time for anyone to bring it up.

Coun. Raymond thought a great saving could be made in the mode of reporting. As the matter had come up he would like to see it threshed out. It is an important part of the business, as the rate payers should know in every way and detail how the business is done. The reporter says he cannot give a verbatim report. It is not what a councillor says but what the reporter considers best that he should say that is reported. He thought a verbatim report was the report the people of the county wanted. The present report was called an official report. He thought that a stenographer could be hired at \$10 a day who would give a verbatim report and then have the report printed in the paper under contract.

Coun. Connolly, I was the mover of the resolution last session out of which this question has arisen. I was not satisfied with the report for the cost it entailed to the county. I would move that we re-consider the motion appointing the reporter.

Coun. Brown, I understood it was for the life of this council that the contract for the reporting was made.

Coun. Connolly, I would like to understand how the matter stands. I would like to know if the contract is for the life of the council. On request the sec-treasurer read the resolution appointing the reporter. Under the motion electing him for the present year, the same contract as to the reporting would be in force as last year. Coun. Connolly thought at the June session there might be a report presented as to a better mode of reporting the proceedings.

Mr. Carvell—I referred to this matter because he knew some members had it up last June. I am perfectly satisfied with the mode we have now. I do not agree with Coun. Raymond about reporting every word. I shall certainly report against a re-consideration of this motion I do not think a more satisfactory or more economical arrangement can be made.

The reporter on motion was heard. He said that Mr. Raymond had misunderstood him about verbatim reporting. A verbatim report meant the report of every word, as it would be practically impossible for him to take, and he did not know of a shorthand writer who would do so. But he did take a shorthand report and from a long experience in shorthand reporting he said that he was only getting fair pay for the work done. Mistakes were bound to occur in any report. He would be glad, however if any councillor would point to any mistake that occurred in the report of the June session. He himself was pretty well satisfied that the report was as near absolutely accurate as it could be made.

On motion the discussion dropped.

Coun. Raymond moved that a committee be appointed to investigate the question of reporting and report at the June session, carried.

The warden appointed the following committee for the purpose: Couns. Raymond, Bailey and Carvell.

A communication was read from the Executive Council of the Canadian Association for the prevention of consumption and other forms of tuberculosis giving statistics and asking that the council petition the legislature to establish a sanitarium for the province of New Brunswick. On the basis of population there are 140 consumptives in the county of which 28 die each year.

The Warden—You might give instructions that this matter be taken up and a report given in on it tomorrow morning or afternoon or whatever time you think best.

On motion of Coun. Fewer the warden was asked to name a committee to report on the matter tomorrow morning.

The warden appointed Couns Bell, Fewer and Connolly.

Coun. Brown presented a petition from Brown & Holyoke for a lease of the county

Discriminate

"Clothes don't make the man; but they make all of him but his hands and face, and that's a pretty considerable area of the human animal."

Letters of A Self-Made Merchant

Men who wear

"Progress" Brand Clothing

always look well; others pay a tailor twice as much and never look well. High prices don't always mean high quality. DISCRIMINATE Buy clothes that set the styles—that set the standard of fine tailoring—that are guaranteed by maker and retailer. In other words buy "Progress" Brand Clothing



Sold by Leading Clothiers throughout Canada.

Progress Brand Clothing may be had from John McLauchlan, Woodstock, and C. J. Greene, Bath.

Lumbermen's Supplies

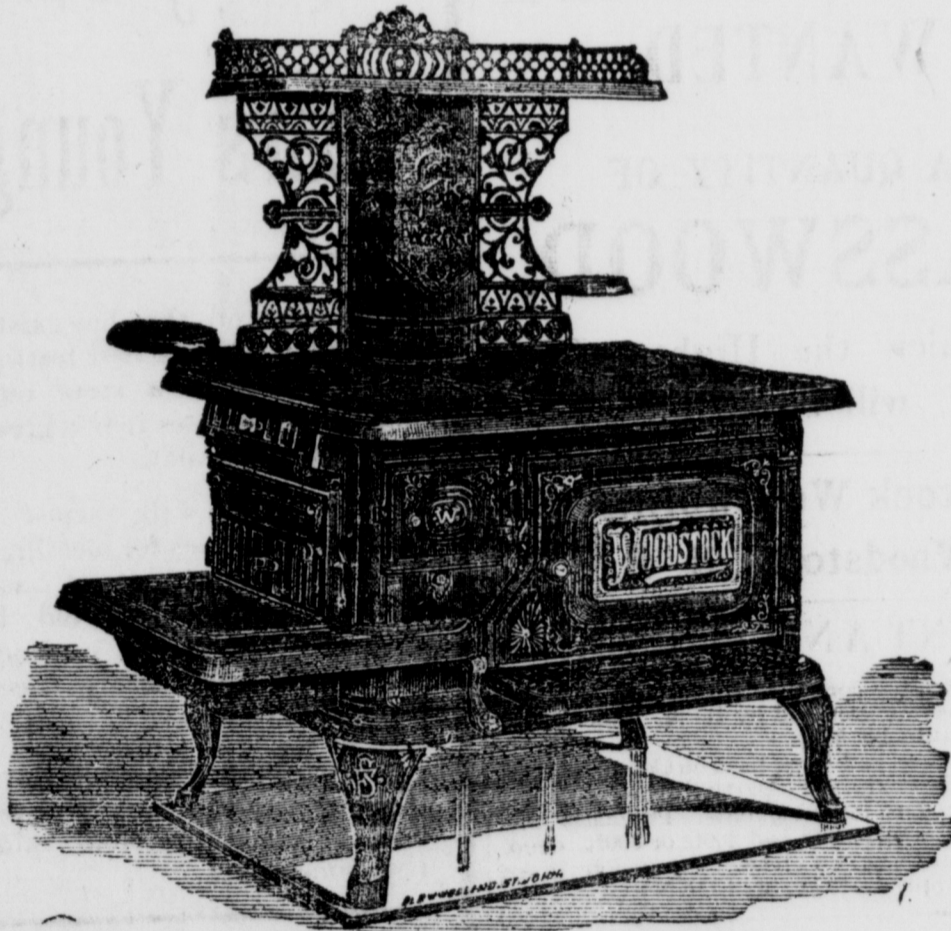
IN STOCK.

- 50 doz Chopping Axes, Single and Double Bit.
- Steel Wire Rope,
- Iron and Wood Blocks,
- 10 tons Steel Cable Chain,
- 30 doz Tubular Lanterns,
- 20 doz Horse Blankets.

Also a full stock of Sleigh Shoe Steel, Iron, Coal, Etc.

W. F. Dibblee & Son,
Woodstock, Centreville and Hartland.

THE WOODSTOCK RANGE.



The Methodist Parsonage, Jacksonville, Carleton Co., N. B., Oct. 11th, 1902

Messrs. Small & Fisher, Woodstock: Gentlemen,—After upwards of thirty years experience with a large variety of cook stoves, none has ever given the satisfaction derived from your "Woodstock". It is a perfect heater and baker, keeps the water tank hot day and night, with less fuel than any stove we have ever had in our parsonages.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN C. BERRIE.
P. S.—I kept the fire going night and day from the 1st of October to the end March with less than five cords of hardwood.—J.C.B.

SMALL & FISHER COMPANY, Limited,
WOODSTOCK, N. B.

House And Lot For Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale his premises at Jacksonville Corner consisting of a large lot and dwelling and other buildings thereon all in good repair. For further particulars apply to L. E. Young, Barrister, Woodstock, or the undersigned. C. H. GRAY, Jacksonville, N. B. Dec-3-04-tf.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate.
APPLY TO D. McLEOD VINCE

Barrister-at-Law, Woodstock, N. B.

grounds at a rental of \$35. They would engage to keep the grass cut and the grounds in repair.

Concluded on fourth page.

After The War--What?

"The future of the world is to be influenced by the Russo-Japanese war to a greater extent than by other wars since the overthrow of Napoleon" is the view of N. T. Bacon, who elaborates this thesis in a singularly clear and penetrating article in the January number of the booklovers' Magazine, entitled "After the War--What?" Most people have already taken it for granted that the result is to be the practical inauguration of "the yellow peril" as a menace to Western civilization. This is not Mr. Bacon's view. He points out, what most superficial spectators of the overlook, that while Japan has succeeded, and is likely to succeed, in checkmating Russia, she knows little or nothing, as yet, of the service of civil administration, and that is the problem that will face her when the war is over, and she attempts to reorganize China. In addition to this, Japan will emerge with a severe handicap in the shape of a heavy debt and increased internal taxation. "Her poverty," Mr. Bacon continues will force her to invite foreign capital to so great an extent as to make this development largely international, and do away with trade exclusiveness in large measure both in China and Japan". Again, "the diversity of the peoples making up the Chinese empire" will prevent Japan's exclusive suzerainty over it. "For many years," Mr. Bacon says, "this high population has gone on under almost complete selfgovernment, and with but slight heed to central authority, gradually developing in each separate province the tangle of local traditions which serves as law, and which conqueror after conqueror has striven in vain to change until his followers were gradually absorbed into the vast, passively resisting mass." The Chinese inveterate hatred of innovation would turn them against an innovating conqueror such as Japan, just as all Europe would resent the substitution of Islam for Christianity.

The Voice of The Machine.

A machinery company in Boston has recently had an interesting experience in truly modern methods of conducting the technical part of its business. It had sold a large and expensive machine to a factory in Canada. At the time it was shipped the company sent a skilled machinist to see that it was properly set up and put in good running order. The machine reached its destination in safety, but the workman was taken with a serious illness and was obliged to return.

The superintendent of the factory, knowing that if the machine could be made to run at once it would save hundreds of dollars in the factory expenses, endeavored to put the machine up without aid. He succeeded in erecting it so that it looked all right, but something was wrong; it did not run smoothly, and gave out a curious, rasping noise.

The manufacturers were in despair; every hour was valuable, and it would take days before an expert could reach them.

Finally they decided to consult the Boston machinery company over the telephone, called them up and told them that the machine refused to run smoothly, and that it was making a curious noise.

"Something is the matter with the way you have set it up," came the answer. "But wait a minute. Are you telephoning from your factory?"

"Yes."

"Well, extend your wires into the room where the machine is running. Our expert is here, and we'll have him listen to it."

This was done. The skilled machinist of the Boston company directed in what positions the receiver of the telephone should be placed. Suddenly his ear caught the sound which came from the seat of the trouble. In a few seconds he had told the Canadian company the mistake that had been made in assembling the machine, and in a few minutes more the change had been made which caused everything to run smoothly.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding and Protruding Piles Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case, no matter of how long standing, in 6 to 14 days. First application gives ease and rest. 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c. in stamps and it will be forwarded post-paid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Alligator Farms.

Several French dealers have recently visited America to purchase stock for an alligator farm, which they propose starting in the south of France. Alligator skin has become so highly prized throughout France that the animal dealers believe it will pay well to raise the alligators on this, the first farm of its kind in the world. Not long ago President Loubet received a present of a hunting suit of alligator skin. This is said to be growing scarcer each year, and there is always a great demand for it for boots, shoes, handbags, writing-pads, portfolios, and toilet articles.