

PERSONAL.

Arthur H. M. Hay returned to Montreal on Monday evening.

Miss Jean Crowe, of Truro, is visiting Miss Catherine Rankin.

Mr. A. P. Connolly, of St. John, spent Dominion day in town.

Miss May G. Tompkins, of Boston, is visiting her uncle, Mr. J. W. Astle.

Miss Jennie O. Tweedie of Boston is spending a vacation with relatives in Wicklow.

Mrs. George E. Phillips and Miss Nichols returned on Friday from a visit to Andover.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hartley, and Perley Hartley are spending their vacation at Skiff Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. George Y. Dibblee, of Fredericton, spent a few days of last week in Woodstock.

Wendell Farris, of the staff of the St. John Star, spent Sunday with his uncle Mr. W. W. Hay.

Miss B. Gamble, of the Carleton County Hospital staff, is spending her vacation in Musquash, and St. John.

Mrs. George Anderson and three children, of Rothesay, are visiting in town, guest of Mrs. H. G. Noble.

Michael Fanning, of Debec, spent Dominion day in Fredericton, visiting his sister. He was in Woodstock yesterday.

Mrs. Schurman, of Sydney, C. B., and Miss Helen Good, of Fredericton, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Comben.

Miss Kate Saunders who was in Woodstock last week attending the funeral of her uncle returned to Fredericton on Saturday.

Mr. Clifford Campbell who has been in Los Angeles, Cal., for the last two years came home last week to spend the summer.

Mrs. W. J. Weaver and Mrs. A. S. Shute, of Fredericton, drove to Woodstock and are guests of their mother, Mrs. Livingstone Dibblee.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Rice, of Boston, and Misses Ida and Edna Gillis, of Lakeville, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. W. Baker this week.

Mrs. D. W. Newcombe, and Misses Eva and Margaret Newcombe, left on Monday for Bay Shore, St. John, where they will spend the summer.

Mrs. Chas. Oliver, left on Tuesday to spend a few weeks in St. Andrews. She was accompanied by her daughter Emma, who will stay with her a few days.

Mrs. L. P. Farris who has been visiting her father Mr. Hugh Hay left for home on Monday evening. She was accompanied by May Marley and Cassie Hay.

Miss Nellie Holmes and Mrs. Albert Folsom with her two little daughters, Edris and Frances, of Augusta, Maine, are visiting their sister, Mrs. Clifford Everett, of Hulton Road. They will also visit friends and relatives in Woodstock, Simonds and Jacksonville, before returning home.

A Famine of Preachers.

It has become a real problem in the various legislative bodies of the churches where to find young men for the ministry. The Anglicans, Presbyterians and Methodists alike complain of the lack of volunteers. Many a mission goes unprovided because there is no one to be sent to it.

Rev. Dr. Milligan, speaking at the General Assembly at London, attributed the famine in young men to a spirit of worldliness and a lack of religious instruction in the home. Rev. Dr. Gregg, with the fine orthodoxy of a father in the church, accused the teaching of Higher Criticism in the colleges. We do not believe this latter is the reason. Higher Criticism is not a matter of common discussion in these days. In general it is confined to clerical circles. Certainly it has not sapped the faith of the great bulk of churchmen in Canada. Most people take unconsciously the attitude of Bishop Vincent: "If the Bible is divine, no human hands can tear it to pieces. If it is not divine, it deserves tearing to pieces." There are some, of course, who go a-bunting for heresy, and who, when they find it, get as excited as a political leader when one of his henchmen has voted according to his conscience, instead of according to his instructions from The Party.

Dr. Milligan's comment about worldliness may have some justification, though we can see no reason why the young man of today should be less spiritually-minded than his predecessors of 1860 or 1870. Indeed the whole effort of the church in the past fifteen years has been directed towards the young. The establishment of Epworth Leagues, Societies of Christian Endeavor and Young Men's Leagues has strengthened the interest of the adolescent, and we feel assured the percentage of young people in any church is now greater than it was two decades ago. The "Forward Movement" for missions has been most successful even in the secular colleges.

Dr. Milligan's term is perhaps too strong. Prudence might well be substituted for worldliness. A university man, well educated and brilliant as a scholar, with a gift for effective public speaking, rather shrinks from a lifetime of worry. If he marries a woman in his own station he must look forward to a good many years of hard work at a salary which may reach the munificent amount of \$12 a week. He will not be sure that his whole salary will always be forthcoming. Living in these days is much more expensive than it once was. Of course, if he be an exceptional young man, he may in time reach a position worth \$1,000 or \$1,200 a year, where his social duties and the necessity of good clothes will keep him poor. At best he can scarcely expect more than \$3,000 a year, though he be at the head of the wealthiest church of his denomination. Under ordinary circumstances the laborer with \$600 a year is better off than the clergyman with \$1,200.

If the university man we have mentioned is an enthusiastic churchman he has absorbed the doctrine harped upon for ten years by the young people's societies, that he can do as much good in his office as in the pulpit.

If he be generous he would prefer to make \$3,000 or \$4,000 a year in law or medicine, so he would have more money to give to the church, as well as enough to provide the woman he loves with the ordinary comforts of life. Again, the young man of these days does not look upon clergymen with the same reverence as did his ancestors. He sees them as men rather than priests. Often he finds them conceited and shallow, sometimes he finds them "wire-pulling" for better positions. The preacher is no longer on a pedestal. There was a time when all the really good young men became pulpites, some of indifferent quality. Now they are scattered through all the professions, leavening the world by their lives, and proving that the tenets of the Christian faith are practical. There is many a poor and struggling preacher wearing patched boots and fringed trousers who would have made a capital commercial traveller, with an influence for good to which, while he wears the cloth, he can never attain.—Toronto News.

INSTRUMENTS OF GOLD.

An Important Invention for Surgeons.

(The 'Tribune,' London.)

An invention has been perfected which is believed will reduce greatly the danger of death from blood-poisoning as the result of operations on the body with surgical instruments.

The invention is a process for tempering to the hardness of steel the more ductile metals such as gold, silver, and copper. For centuries this process has been considered one of the lost arts. Dr. Vaugh has successfully manufactured a large number of gold-bladed scalpels, probes, hypodermic and suture needles, and other surgical instruments which are replacing similar articles of steel.

The ductile metals are those which are dense and flexible. The sharp edge of a gold blade is almost perfectly smooth; that of steel, no matter how fine the edge, is rough and saw-like. Because it is porous, the steel blade has never made a perfect surgical instrument. In the metal may be hidden the infinitesimal germs of a virulent disease; or there may be a rust spot, so tiny that it could not be discerned by the surgeon, which may be sufficient to poison the tissues in which the knife makes a wound, resulting in blood-poisoning and death. In gold, which is dense, this danger does not exist; nor, of course, does gold rust. Besides, the gold blade divides evenly the flesh or tissue which it cuts, whereas the steel blade really saws or tears its way through. Even when there is no infection, the wound made with a steel instrument does not heal so readily as that made with gold.

Another feature of the gold blade is that the wound which it makes leaves no scar. This is especially important in facial operations. It is very frequently the case that, upon the prompt healing of a wound made in a dangerous surgical operation hangs the fate of the patient. A sore, slowly-healing wound may exhaust the faint vitality of the afflicted one, and cause death.

Within the past year, in the hospitals of Los Angeles, according to the inventor, Dr. J. F. Vaugh, three fatalities were directly traceable to infection from steel instruments used in surgical operations. The vast and vital importance of the invention is apparent.

The Pole And Wire Nuisance.

A recent issue the Amherst News and Sentinel says:—"The Nova Scotia Telephone Company are preparing to place their wires under ground on our principal streets. The council should try and devise some plan to make other companies using wires do the same thing. Imagine the improvement to Victoria Street if all unsightly poles were removed." This should set the people of Woodstock thinking. If we cannot induce or force the pole and wire people to place their wires underground we should at least be able to compel them to use one set of poles between them. There are now six concerns, including the town, that have poles and wires on our streets. By resorting to the use of cables it would be possible to carry all these wires on one set of poles. This would reduce the number of poles by at least one half. The result would be better looking streets and would make it much easier for the firemen to fight fires on our business streets. It is true it would cost the pole and wire people something to make the necessary change, but after all we must keep in mind the fact that this town is run for the citizens and not for the pole and wire people.

Slow Spread of Science.

Maj. Ronald Ross, well known for his success in dealing with tropical diseases, insisted in a recent article that the public is in no sense imbued with the scientific spirit, and that the progress of science is almost exclusively the work of individuals. The public, he declares, generally acts upon the principle Tennyson praised,—"believing where we cannot prove," and deems such conduct meritorious. Half the people in the tropics, he adds, suffer from malaria every year; and yet, although it has been scientifically demon-

strated that this disease is conveyed from man to man by gnats, even so-called educated white people scoff at the discovery, and most governments failed at first to take adequate action. But finally, Major Ross believes, the world will be dominated by disciplined and scientific peoples, and the others will be set aside.

ALMOST HOPELESS.

The Condition of Thousands of Pale, Anaemic Girls.

"Almost hopeless is the best way to describe the condition I was in about a year ago," says Miss Mamie Mannett, of Athol, N. S. "My health had been gradually giving way until I reached a condition when I feared I was sinking into chronic invalidism. I was as white as a sheet, my blood apparently having turned to water. I had no appetite, suffered from headaches and dizziness, the least exertion would leave me breathless, and it appeared that I was going into a decline. I had seen Dr. Williams' Pink Pills highly recommended by the newspapers, and I decided to give them a trial. It was a fortunate day for me when I came to this decision, as the pills have not only restored my health, but have actually made me stronger than ever I was before. I now have a good appetite, a good color, and new energy, and I am satisfied that I owe all this to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which I cheerfully recommend to other pale, feeble, ailing girls."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills quickly cured Miss Mannett, simply because that make the new, rich, red blood which enables the system to throw off disease, and brings robust health and cheerfulness to pale anaemic sufferers. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure bloodlessness just as surely as food cures hunger, and the new blood which the pills make braces the nerves and tones and strengthens every organ and every part of the body. That is why these pills strike straight at the root of such common diseases as headaches, sideaches and backaches, kidney trouble, indigestion, neuralgia, rheumatism, St. Vitus dance, paralysis, and the troubles from which women and growing girls suffer in silence. It has been proved in thousands of cases that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure after doctors and all other medicines have failed. But you must get the genuine pills with the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around each box. All medicine dealers sell these pills or you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by addressing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MARRIED.

PAUL-WALKER.—At Andover, June 22nd, by Rev. R. W. Demmings, James Paul and Barbara Walker, both of South Tilley, Victoria County.

KIMBALL-McLEAN.—At the residence of the bride's parents, Woodstock, Wednesday, June 27th, Nettie L. McLean to Frank J. Kimball of Augusta.

FISHER-HAMMOND.—At Woodstock, Thursday, June 28th, Miss Nora Hammond to Eldon Fisher.

LENEN-McGILLICUDDY.—At St. Agnes church, Debec, Wednesday, June 27th, Kathryn McGillicuddy of Hodgson, Me., to Joseph E. Lenahan of Debec.

HENDERSON-HENDERSON.—At the residence of the bride's father Robert Henderson, Windsor, Car. Co., on the 27th, June by Rev. C. T. Phillips, Frank Arnold Henderson of Upper Woodstock, and Cora Fern Henderson.

BARKER-CLOWES.—On the 27th, of June at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Nickson, Lower Brighton, by the Rev. J. N. Barnes, Mr. James E. Barker of Woodstock, N. B., to Miss Angeline Clowes of Main Stream, Carleton Co., N. B.

VOICE AND PIANO INSTRUCTION.

PIANONORTE.—Dr. William Mason's celebrated Touch and Technique ("The best, if not the only, School of Technique known to pianoforte pedagogues").

VOICE.—True and natural method, that of William Shakespeare, Manuel Gargia, Charles Lunn, San Giovanni, A. A. Patton. Voices built up and made smooth, soft, distinct and strong without being forced, strained or broken as by common but erroneous methods.

Limited number of Pupils. Course begins at once.

MRS. M. B. SHARP ADNEY.

Pupil of Dr. William Mason, in Piano, and A. A. Patton, in Voice.



TENDER FOR DREDGING.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for additional Dredging, Sand Point, N. B." will be received up to and including Tuesday, 10th July, 1906, for the dredging required at Sand Point, St. John, N. B.

Specifications can be seen and form of tender obtained at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, and at the office of E. T. F. Shewen, Esq., Resident Engineer, St. John, N. B. Tenders to include towing of plant to and from the works. Contractors must be ready to begin work not later than fifteen days after the acceptance of their tender.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the person tendering declines the contract or fails to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
FRED. GELINAS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, June 28, 1906.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department, will not be paid for it.



AT THE UP-TOWN STORE.

Collars and Cuffs,

The kind that keep you Cool and Comfortable, the Famous "Baker" Brand.

Manufactured by the Biggest and Best Concern on Earth.

Any Size,
Any Height,
Any Style

That a Man, a Youth, or a Boy may want.

AT THE UP-TOWN STORE.

THE GEO. W. GIBSON CO.,
LIMITED.

Ice Cream

(In Bulk Only)

I have been appointed Sole Agent for The Carleton Creamery Co's Famous Ice Cream, and am prepared to serve the same in bulk only.

I sell in Half Pints, Pints, Quarts and Gallons.

Give me a trial order and I am convinced that the quality will give satisfaction.

I also handle their Cream in Half Pint, Pint and Quart Bottles. (Buy cream in bottles and get uniform quality.)

Remember the place to buy Carleton Creamery Co. Ltd. product is

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Can give you the Best, besides you have his personal attention, which means a lot to you. Have him look after you. You'll not be sorry. He also has the strongest Disease and Accident Company in the world. And the Canada Life, Canada's Oldest and Strongest Life Company. Drop him a card and he will send you particulars of these policies.

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Butter Parchment For Sale at The Dispatch Office.