

## Russell Sage's Shield.

The New York World says:—It is probable that on or before September 21 one of the Russell Sage legatees, who is satisfied with the bequest of \$25,000, will call upon each of the other nephews and nieces to contribute to a purse of \$10,000 to be presented to William H. Laidlaw, the "human shield," who saved Mr. Sage's life fifteen years ago. This heir, whose identity has not been revealed, suggested that a round robin be addressed to Mrs. Sage asking that sufficient part of the estate to yield a yearly income of \$1,500 be set aside for Laidlaw's benefit. That would mean a principal of \$30,000 invested at five per cent. It is believed Mrs. Sage always has had strong sympathy for the man who was indirectly the means of adding fifteen years to her husband's life. In the event of refusal by Mrs. Sage, which is regarded as remote, the twenty-five heirs will be asked to contribute \$400 each to make up a fund of \$10,000.

Laidlaw is a wreck, incapable of physical exertion without assistance. He lives with his two sisters in a little flat at Ninety-second street and Broadway. In clear weather he is able to walk, leaning on the arm of a friend, to the drug store corner, at Ninetieth street, where he meets a few old friends and chats with them for an hour, and then is assisted back to his home.

He has a hundred and seventy-four scars in his back—evidence of that many wounds received by him when the crank Norcross dropped the bomb with which he intended to kill Russell Sage. Seventy of these wounds affected superficial muscles between the neck and the hips.

## The Result of Weak Blood

TRIED BRAIN AND BODY AND  
LANGUID, WORN-OUT FEELINGS  
CURE IN  
**Dr. Chase's  
Nerve Food.**

In the spring the blood is lacking in the red corpuscles wherein is found the life-giving principles which put snap and energy into the system—making the body active and the mind alert.

For lack of red corpuscles in the blood, the lungs are weak, the action of the heart feeble, the stomach fails to properly digest the food, the liver, kidneys and bowels become sluggish and inactive.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food overcomes these conditions because it contains the very elements of nature which go to increase the number of red corpuscles in the blood.

These ingredients are so combined in this great restorative as to act mildly and gently on the system, instilling new vigor and vitality into the blood and nerves and through these mediums reaching with a beneficial influence every vital organ of the body.

Mrs. Jas. E. Lloyd, Upper Gaspereaux, N. B., writes: "On the advice of a neighbor I began the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and can say it has done everything for me. I was very much run down, would feel nervous and my head seemed to get all in a whirl. I was easily overcome by any little trouble and my health generally was in a miserable condition."

"Since using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I am very much better in every way and cannot praise this treatment too highly. We have also used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills in our family with splendid results."

It is interesting to note your increase in weight from week to week while using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food; 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

## Thorough Satisfaction.

(From the Weekly Telegraph.)

According to a report of the Indian Office, not many years ago a Queen's messenger or some other inferior official was robbed, though not personally injured in any way, on his road to Cabul. The British government wrote to complain of this, but no reply was received for some months. At last the Emir wrote: "The matter you mention has been thoroughly investigated, and not only have the robbers of your messenger been put to death, but their children, as well as their fathers and grandfathers. I hope this will be satisfactory to Her Majesty the Queen."

## Just Like a Mule.

"Is your machine broke?" inquired the wayfarer, observing the chauffeur prone beneath it and perspiring mightily.

"Not well, thank you," replied the chauffeur, who formerly was a horse trainer, "it shied at that last bridge, bucked a few times, and now it has balked."—Philadelphia Ledger.

## Guaranteeing Goods for Export.

The Government of Canada has done a good deal towards insuring fair quality in foodstuffs intended for export, and has thereby materially assisted our export trade. The quantity of water allowed in butter is limited by law, the manufacturer of "process" butter is prohibited, making of "filled" cheese is illegal, and the use of the word "Canada" or "Canadian" on a butter or cheese package is, when the contents are not Canadian products, an offence against the law.

In apples, again, grades have been defined and a penalty provided for the using of labels where the contents of the package do not agree with the description.

Countries which will be our chief competitors in the world's markets have, however, gone still further. New Zealand provides for practically the same things that we do in regard to the manufacture of dairy products, and in addition to this the Government places a certificate on all dairy products intended for export from that colony, which guarantees that the law regarding these products has been complied with. Australia and Argentine also provide for the placing of Government certificates, guaranteeing the quality, on dairy products and meats exported from those countries.

A Government certificate on each package of foodstuffs intended for export must count for more, as a means of stimulating export trade, than the passing of a law intended to insure proper methods of manufacture in the country from which export takes place. Ninety-nine out of one hundred of the consumers of Canadian cheese and butter in England know nothing whatever regarding the law of this country governing the process of the manufacture of the goods we export. On the other hand, any British consumer entering a store in the United Kingdom, and seeing on packages of imported foodstuffs exhibited therein Australasian or Argentine Government certificates of the quality of goods in the package, would naturally be inclined to take the contents of that package in preference to one not officially certificated. That this is the case seems to be indicated by the fact that Australian and New Zealand butter, although carried by ship seven times the distance of the haul from Canada, and part of the way through the tropics, brings a higher price in the London market than does Canadian butter.

It is time the Canadian Government was taking another forward step in this matter. We must, at least, keep pace with our rivals in the world's market. All perishable foodstuffs sent from this country for sale abroad should bear an official certificate of their quality.

## Anti-Noise Movement Spreading.

New York American: Every now and again some civilized town rises in revolt against unnecessary noise. Wilmington, Del., is the latest. There the pounding and shrieking and clatter caused by flat-wheeled street cars, defective brakes and uneven rails have moved the authorities to action. An ordinance has been adopted inflicting a penalty of \$50 upon any railway company operating a car that makes a preventable noise, such noise being regarded as a menace to the public health.

This movement is spreading, and as it continues to grow it will gather momentum. All doctors favor it. They know of the harm done the sick by needless noise, and the deaths it is responsible for. The suffering endured by the nervous is not to be expressed.

When we are really civilized an unnecessary noise will be as gross an offence to the majority as a foul odor now is. The noise has become educated. The modern world could not endure the smells in which our less sensitive ancestors lived without discomfort. But the modern ear has become barbarous. These same ancestors, dwelling in an unsewered environment and preferring perfumes to the bath, nevertheless lived in quiet, and would go mad could they be resurrected and set down amid the clangor and roar of one of our cities.

The anti-noise societies have a good mission, and they can accomplish much even in a gigantic boiler factory like New York. Here there must be noise, and more than enough of it at best, but there is still plenty of noise that does not aid traffic and should be suppressed.

## Refused Fortunes for Conscience' Sake.

It is safe to assume, notwithstanding the fact that human nature is probably less black than generally painted, that the world contains very few men who would refuse the bequest of a fortune for conscience sake—fewer by far than men who have turned away from wealth in order to espouse women of their own choice.

Herr J. Brengwin, a young German bank clerk, is one of the few who have set conscience before cash in this manner, says the London Tit-Bits. For some years Herr Brengwin has been employed at a modest salary in a branch bank in Berlin, and recently he became entitled to a fortune of very nearly \$100,000 under the will of an uncle of whom he had made him his sole heir. Naturally enough the young man was delighted by his unexpected stroke of good luck, and resigning his clerkship, he repaired to Vienna, where his uncle had lived and died, to take over the estate, the bulk of which was personal property. Becoming aware that his uncle had amassed his fortune by usury and that his name had become a byword in Austria, the conscientious heir absolutely refused to accept a penny of the estate, resolutely returning to Berlin and getting himself reinstated on his old stool at the bank.

What was perhaps the largest fortune ever refused for conscience sake was that from which Frederick N. Coarrington, the famous temperance advocate and religious worker in East End of London, turned aside. Mr. Charrington was entitled to a share in his father's great brewery business—one of the largest in London, and it is estimated that the share he refused was worth £1,250,000 when he made up his mind that he would not accept it. The story is told of how he was led to make his momentous resolve. He chanced to be standing outside a public house in the East End when he saw a drunken man shot through the doors into the arms of a wretched-looking woman who was patiently awaiting him. The drunkard struck the woman and heaped the vilest abuse upon her without any apparent provocation, and as they slouched away Mr. Charrington, chanced to glance up, saw his own name in large gilt letters on the public house sign. It was one of the brewery's tied houses. Such was the impression left by the incident upon Mr. Charrington's mind that he vowed thenceforth to have no share in the trade which was productive of such results, but instead to devote himself to the cause of temperance and rescuing the outcasts of East London, a work he has at the utmost self-sacrifice steadily pursued ever since.

## Secretary Bonaparte Warns the Negroes.

Washington, August 2.—Secretary Bonaparte, in an address to the Negro Young People's Christian and Editorial Congress, on subject of "The Future of the Negro race in America," declared that the Negro race was the only one which ever has been able to live with white people. Indians and Australians and Polynesians, he said, had died off before the white man, but the black race had not. He therefore argued that the Negro could not afford to be lazy, and ignorant, and vicious, for all around him, pressing him on every side, was a race with which he had to compete, whether he wished to or not, and which it would tax all his energies to struggle against.

"There is no room in America for people who can't take care of themselves," he continued. "I am one of those who feel strongly the repeated injustice and frequent perfidy which have marked our treatment of the Indians; but, after all has been said the Indians wouldn't or couldn't, or, at all events, didn't, learn how to work in competition with the white men, and they have been first pushed to the wall and then crushed against it. You must either share their fate or profit by their example. You can't in this country 'rest and be thankful,' for if you try to do this you will soon have nothing to be thankful for. The idle and sensual and benighted are never really free, and America now is a country only for freemen."

## Liquid Metal Polish.

Take eight ounces of Spanish whiting, which must be perfectly free from grit, and put in one quart of gasoline. Shake up the whiting and gasoline thoroughly. You will notice the whiting settles immediately, leaving the liquid as clear as water. To remedy this and, further, to make it a better polishing agent, add to each quart of the mixture thirty-two drops of oleic acid—no more, no less. Shake again, and the whiting will not settle. Apply to gold, silver, nickel, brass, glass or any kind of metallic surface with a piece of cotton flannel, rubbing well. Polish with a piece of same cloth.—Blacksmith and Wheelwright.

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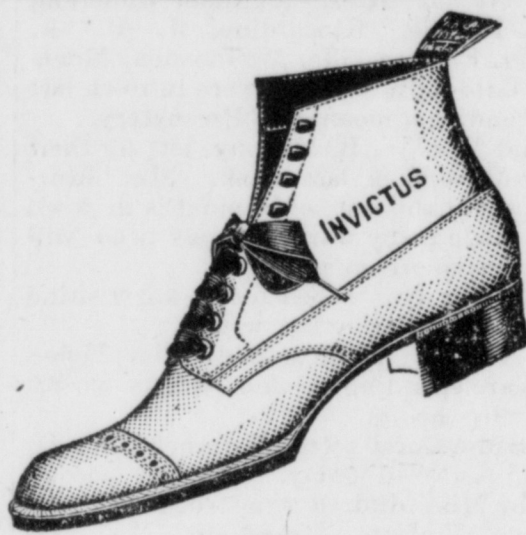
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We will send you, FREE OF ANY CHARGE whatever, a handsome range of patterns, including our wonderful value Blue and Black Serges and Cheviot Tweeds, together with our latest New York Fashion Plates. THEN JUDGE FOR YOURSELF. Our home measurement system is so SIMPLE that we require only 5 measurements (which anyone can take) to enable us to give a PERFECTLY FITTING tailor made garment. You choose your own gift and pattern. Address, to-day,

**The Mail-Fit Clothing Co.,** Pattern Department, Montana St., Montreal, Can.



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should select strong and reliable companies. This being the case it would be impossible perhaps to find four stronger and more reliable companies represented in Carleton County in one office than the following companies for whom the undersigned is agent, namely:

CALEDONIAN, the Oldest Scottish Fire Office NORWICH UNION, Established in 1797. ATLAS, Founded in the reign of King George III and the QUEEN.

I shall be pleased to see intending insurers.

**LOUIS E. YOUNG,**

Woodstock, N. B.

Jan 9 tf

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We make every everything in this line of work, in either Black, Red or Grey Granite or White or Blue Marble.

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Those wishing to buy anything in this line would do well to call and examine the work we have in stock and ask for prices; or if they will write to the firm, Mr. Gallagher will be pleased to call on them with samples of materials, designs, and quote prices.

**J. GALLAGHER & SON,  
MONUMENT WORKS,  
WOODSTOCK.**

**Probate Court, County of Carleton,  
Province of New Brunswick.**

To the Sheriff of the County of Carleton or any Constable of the said County,—GREETING: WHEREAS Margaret Guest, of the Parish of Kent, in the County of Carleton, wife of William Guest, hath by her Petition prayed that Letters of Administration of the estate and effects of Patrick Haley, who died on or about the Ninth day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and six, at the Town of Woodstock, in the said County of Carleton, may be granted to her.

You are therefore required to cite the heirs, creditors, next of kin of the said Patrick Haley, deceased, and all others whom it may concern, to appear before the Judge of Probate for the County of Carleton, at a Court of Probate to be held in and for the County of Carleton at the office of the said Judge of Probate in the said Town of Woodstock, in said County of Carleton, on Thursday the 30th day of August next, at two of the clock in the afternoon, to show cause (if any) why Letters of Administration of the said estate should not be granted to the said Margaret Guest as prayed for by her.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the L.S. said Probate Court this 26th day of June, A. D. 1906.

(Signed) CHARLES APPELEY,  
Judge of Probate for the County of Carleton.  
JAMES McMANUS,  
Registrar of Probate for the County of Carleton.

## MAN WANTED

near Woodstock, to show and assist us to sell properties. No experience necessary, if you are willing to let us teach you the real estate business. Salary \$60.00 a month to start. Steady position to good man, who is willing to devote part of his time to handling customers. Address SECURITY LAND & COMMERCIAL CO., Andrus Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

## WANTED

information, regarding good farm for sale, with good title, somewhere near Woodstock. Give price, description and character of soil. Also state when possession can be had. Owners only, need answer. State how far from town. Address W. C. CUNNINGHAM, Andrus Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

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