

Heart Strength

Heart Strength, or Heart Weakness, means Nerve Strength, or Nerve Weakness—nothing more. Positively, not one weak heart in a hundred is, in itself, actually diseased. It is almost always a hidden tiny little nerve that really is all at fault. This obscure nerve—the Cardiac, or Heart Nerve—simply means, and must have, more power, more stability, more controlling, more governing strength. Without that the Heart must continue to fail, and the stomach and kidneys also have these same controlling nerves.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

ALL DEALERS

EARLY DAYS OF WOODSTOCK.

W. O. RAYMOND.

No. 19.

In Captain Jacob Smith's memorial to Governor Carleton, dated at Meductic 10th March, 1785, an interesting statement is to be found concerning the grandfather of the late Sir Samuel Leonard Tilley, which reads as follows:—Mr. Samuel Tilley, a gentleman who came here to this country as a Refugee, hearing a very good character of the land at Meductic wished to purchase a farm on it. He accordingly bought two hundred acres of a Corporal McDavid, who drew land in Lieutenant Griffith's one thousand acre block, and on the 6th of March came up to look at the land and intended to clear and build on it directly. But he found that, since he bought the land of McDavid, by the new draft McDavid was given his land four and three quarter miles higher up the river, and land that nobody can live on."

This naturally did not suit Mr. Tilley, and he therefore united with Captain Smith and Lieutenant Griffith in petitioning the Governor against the recording of the grant. The grant, however, had already been recorded on the 27th December, 1784.

And now for the sequel. The grant as issued by Governor Parr, on the 15th October, entitled Lieutenant Griffith to 550 acres in lot No. 28. [The farm recently sold by Mr. W. H. DeVeber.] Mr. Griffith did not consider the land as good as that of the lot below, where he had built his house and made a small clearing, supposing that he would own the land there under draft made by the officers before he left Parr-town. But by the subsequent draft this land fell to Major Joseph Green. Now Major Green never came to New Brunswick, and knew little or nothing of his lands at Meductic. Had he done so Woodstock might have gained a distinguished citizen, for when the British House of Commons on the 27th June, 1783, voted half-pay to the officers of the Provincial corps raised in America during the war, officers of the regular army, who had sold out and afterwards taken commissions in the Provincial army, were excluded from half-pay, with the single exception of Major Green of DeLancey's first battalion—"the brave and gallant defender of the post at Ninety-six in the Province of South Carolina."

A few years later Lieutenant Griffith submitted to his Excellency Governor Carleton the following memorial:—

"The memorial of Benjn Peck Griffith most humbly sheweth.—

That your memorialist drew blocks 27 and 28 for himself and family with three men of the Regiment to make out the compliment of acres. As these men have never been up to settle, and as your memorialist was the first settler on the Regiment's land, and on that account laboured under every disadvantage; and afterwards part of his land was taken away and given to Major Green, in consequence of which your memorialist was much distressed, not knowing on what part to clear for above two years. And as your memorialist has been at great expense in building a Grist-mill, which will be finished early in the spring and will be of great service to this part of the country, therefore your memorialist prays that your Excellency will permit him to keep the two blocks of land, which he drew before he came up the river to settle and has had in possession ever since. And your memorialist as in duty bound will ever pray.

BENJAMIN PECK GRIFFITH.

Meductic, 6th Jan'y., 1788."

The request of Mr. Griffith was complied with by the Governor in Council on the 28th June following, and he consequently obtained all the land he would have had under the first draft at Parr-town and 500 acres more. The grist-mill built upon his property was a great convenience to the early settlers, but the stream diminished as the land was cleared, and for a time the nearest grist-mill was at the Pokiook, some twenty miles below.

The lot of Lieutenant Thomas Cunningham, comprised the property now in possession of the Misses Beardsley, commonly known as "The Grove." Lieutenant Cun-

nigham failed to settle upon or improve it and it passed into the hands of Joseph Dixon, one of those who complained stoutly of being injured by the substitution of the second draft of lots for the original one. Lieutenant Griffith, it will be remembered, claimed that in the first draft Dr. Smith and Lieutenant Cunningham got the worst lots in the whole regimental block but in the second draft got the best. If so, Lieutenant Cunningham derived little benefit from his lands. Nor did Dr. Nathan Smith fare much better, for we learn something of his tribulations from a memorial addressed to Governor Carleton not many months after the grant to the 1st DeLancey's was made. The substance of the memorial is as follows:

"Whereas I the subscriber humbly sheweth, that I have been at a considerable expence for obtaining a grant of lands for myself and family in the Block of Land No. 6 for the 1st Battalion of General DeLancey's (in which Battalion I had the honour to serve His Majesty for eight years as surgeon) But to my great disappointment I find there appears to be a prior grant of 4,000 acres and Maductick Island and the next island above in the river, granted by his Excellency Governor Parr to a Mr. Munro, agent for the Canada Company, which grant bears date September 1783 [should be 6 Sept'r., 1784] being about one year prior to our grant; which grant of 4,000 acres of land takes in almost the whole of the lands granted to me and family; and which has been of great damage to your memorialist, as he has been at considerable expence in clearing part of said land. Your memorialist most humbly prays your Excellency would now be pleased to grant the proportion of lands for himself and family in some other part of the province; and your memorialist will ever pray."

NATHAN SMITH, Late Surgeon

1st Battalion DeLancey's.

St. John, July 7th, 1785."

The grant to Captain John Munro, late of the King's Royal American Regiment of New York, was made but a few weeks before that to DeLancey's 1st battalion. The officials of the Crown-land office at Halifax were evidently not aware of the over-lapping of the grants. Munro's grant is stated to have been "on account of losses sustained by him in the late rebellion, and in consideration of public services performed by him in the province." The grant was situated on "the River or Creek Maductick," now known as Hay's Creek, which enters the main river just above the old Medoctec Indian village. The front of the grant extended from the mouth of the creek 50 chains up the main river and 45 chains down the river, the side lines running back at right angles to the general course of the main river a distance of about 5½ miles. An examination of surveyor general Morris' plan, attached to the original grant* to the 1st deLancey's, will suffice to show that Captain Munro's grant included nearly all the land in lots No.'s 4, 5, 6 and 7, which had been drawn by Dr. Nathan Smith and seven others of the 1st deLanceys. The property certainly was a valuable one, nor did the gallant Captain underestimate its value. He had particularly noticed the place when he explored the River St. John in 1783, and in his description of the river refers to "Medoctec creek" as a stream which has excellent falls and fine timber for boards; there was also, he says, a fine piece of interval, where two or three Indian families lived, and about the centre of the interval the remains of an old breastwork [the Meductic fort] sufficient to contain 200 men. The waterfall Capt. Munro speaks of was, of course, the well known "Hay's Falls," 90 feet perpendicular, so often visited by picnickers and tourists.

Captain Munro wrote from London to Edward Winslow, in 1788, thanking him for the care he had shown as regards his estate at Meductic. It seems probable that Munro's grant was registered by his friend Winslow in the records of New Brunswick as required by Act of Assembly. In his letter to Winslow, Munro says that he knows that he should have made improvements on his land by this time, but his absence in England had prevented it, and he hopes the Governor and Council would not suffer advantage to be taken of his delinquency. If any one should be inclined to erect saw-mills upon the "Medoctick," he suggests that liberty should be given for a term of seven years, as well as liberty to cut saw logs and other timber upon his land. He said that it had been his intention to bring out iron works and other things necessary to build saw mills, but his circumstances would not now admit of his doing so. He asked Colonel Winslow to act as his agent and look after his interests.

Governor Carleton and his council were anxious to fill the province with bona fide settlers, and in consequence steps had been taken to have Munro's tract of 4,000 acres escheated. On the 6th October, 1786, the Governor in Council had ordered Major Daniel Murray, Captain Isaac Attwood, and Lieut. Davidson to hold "an inquest of office" upon the lands granted Capt. Munro.

* [Footnote] This interesting and valuable old document, with Surveyor General Morris' plan attached, is now in the possession of Mr. Charles L. Smith, postmaster at Woodstock.

The jury evidently reported "conditions of grant not performed," for Munro's name henceforth disappears from the crown-land maps of the locality. A little later Judge Saunders purchased of Thomas Stanley and others the improvements made on lots 6 and 7, at the old Medoctec village, and they passed into his possession. Dr. Nathan Smith's land hunger continued, and in 1796 he asked the Governor and Council for lots 4 and 40 in the deLancey grant. He received his reply in the laconic words, "cannot be complied with." However his pertinacity seems to have been at length rewarded, for in 1804 lot 4, on which he had built a house and placed a tenant, is set down to his name in John Bedell's plan of "the present state of the settlement."

Nathan Smith was quite an interesting character. He was a native of Rhode Island, served all the war as surgeon of the 1st deLanceys, and his services were particularly valuable in the south, where there was much fighting and yellow fever.

At that time he was returned in the muster roll "prisoner with the rebels." However he was exchanged, or made his escape, and returned with the regiment to New York. After his arrival in St. John he drew a lot on St. James Street near Sidney Street. His house was for years a well known landmark in Lower Cove. It stood until the great fire of 1877, at which time the old front door with its antique knocker (both brought from New York in 1783) was saved and is still in existence. Dr. Smith established a drug shop in his residence about the year 1794. The drug business was continued by his son, Dr. William Howe Smith, and by his grandson, A. Chipman Smith. Today the firm of A. Chipman Smith & Co. is in the second century of its existence, the oldest business house in New Brunswick if not in the maritime provinces. In 1796 Dr. Smith was elected a member for St. John City in the House of Assembly. He died in 1818 in his 82nd year, leaving a widow who long survived him and died in 1874 at the age of 95 years. Two of his descendants, William O. Smith and A. Chipman Smith, filled the position of mayor of St. John, and were among the most popular and progressive citizens who have ever held that honorable position.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(SEAL)

A. W. GLEASON.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY, & CO, Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Defect of Socialism.

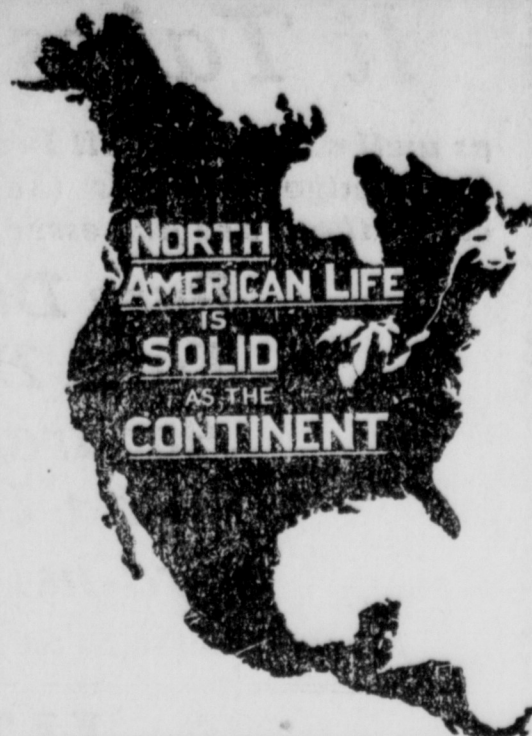
Mr. Keir Hardie defended Socialism against misconstruction, says that it starts with the assumption that "all men should stand on terms of perfect equality, and that each individual born into the world should have perfect equality of opportunity." To bring this about Mr. Hardie must be able to control not only the legislation of man but the ordinance of Nature. Are not men born into the world with infinite inequalities of gifts, and consequently of opportunities? Are not the inequalities of wealth and position which Mr. Hardie undertakes to level originally traceable in the main to inequalities of natural gifts? To roll Nature flat would seem an arduous undertaking.

Does Coffee disagree with you? Probably it does! Then try Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee. "Health Coffee" is a clever combination of parched cereals and nuts. Not a grain of real coffee, remember, in Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee, yet its flavor and taste matches closely old Java and Mocha Coffee. If your stomach, heart, or kidneys can't stand Coffee drinking, try Health Coffee. It is wholesome, nourishing and satisfying. It's safe even for the youngest child. Sold by All Dealers.

Alcohol and Exposure.

A party at the residence of Charles Brewer at New Zealand York County, was brought to a sudden close Thursday night December 27th owing to the death of Peter Moorehouse, one of the guests in attendance. The young man was aged about twenty three years. A Coroner's jury rendered a verdict that Moorehouse came to his death from intoxication and exposure.

It appears that Moorehouse had been drinking ninety-five per cent. pure alcohol for some hours before his death, and that he was carried out or walked out to a barn, where he was later found in a sleigh, having died from the results of alcohol and exposure.



Twenty-Fifth Annual Stater

—OF THE—

North American Life Assurance Company

For the year ended Dec. 31st, 1905.

Standing as at Dec. 31st, 1905:

Insurance in force\$37,827,606.00
Income1,663,854.13
Assets6,958,013.66
Net Surplus570,010.42

If you require any information regarding life or endowment insurance, kindly send to address given below, your age next birthday, when full particulars will be furnished.

C. S. EVERETT,

PROVINCIAL MANAGER,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

'The Sign of the White Horse.'

Look Anyway

When in our streets and you will see a Harness that came from our shop.

Ask Anybody

If that Harness they got from us was all right. If it's not we want to know. We give a guarantee with every harness we sell. If they were not right, we wouldn't do that, would we?

FRANK L. ATHERTON,

Harness Maker and Dealer,

MAIN STREET,

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When you want Something Satisfying in

Meats, Fish, Canned Goods, Etc.,

Ring up 89-2. This connects you with The People's Meat Market, where you can always depend on finding the best products obtainable. Among the other good things are Moderate Prices, Honest Representation, Civility and Prompt Delivery. If this interests you ring us up, or better still, come in.

☞ Farmers, we pay cash for everything in our line.

THE PEOPLE'S CASH MARKET,

KING STREET, WOODSTOCK,

W. H. SCOVIL,

Manager.



OTTAWA, Ont.

Architectural Competition for Departmental and Justice Buildings.

COMPETITIVE drawings are invited for Departmental and Justice Buildings to be erected for the Dominion Government at Ottawa, Ont.

The author of the best design will be awarded a premium of \$8,000, the second best \$4,000, the third best \$2,000 and the fourth best \$1,000.

Drawings will be received not later than April 15th, 1907, and are to be addressed to the Secretary of the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

This competition is open to Canadian Architects who have been resident in Canada for one year or more.

Conditions of competition stating requirements of buildings and maps showing site &c., may be had on application to the undersigned.

By order,
FRED GELINAS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, December 12, 1906.
Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from this Department.



What Has the Old Year Done for You?

Why not make the new year a success by taking a course of study with us? Two of the largest business concerns in the state applied to us for a book keeper and a stenographer this week, and we did not fill the positions as our graduates are all employed. Opportunities like this come to those who are prepared. Write, telephone or call.

O. A. HODGINS, Prin, Houlton, Me.

WANTED.

A first class stove fitter. Apply to SMALL & FISHER Co. Ltd., at once.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.

Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months.

This signature, E. W. Grove

Cures Grip
in Two Days.

on every
box, 25c.