

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.



Why Latin is Used by Physicians.

"I don't see," said the man who was leaning against the drug store counter, "why a doctor can't write his prescription in English instead of Latin."

The druggist said, "You think, I suppose, that the doctor writes his prescription in Latin so it can't be read so easily—so the layman can't steal his trade and learn what he is giving him. But that's all wrong. In the first place, Latin is a more exact and concise language than English, and, being a dead language, does not change, as all living languages do.

"Then, again, since a very large part of all the drugs in use are botanical, they have in the pharmacopoeia the same names that they have in botany—the scientific names. Two-thirds of such drugs haven't any English names, and so couldn't be written in English.

"But suppose a doctor did write a prescription in English for a uneducated patient. The patient reads it, thinks he remembers it, and so tries to get it filled from memory the second time. Suppose, for instance, it calls for iodide of potassium and he gets it confused with cyanide of potassium. He could safely take ten grains of the first but one of the second would kill him as dead as a mackerel. That's an exaggerated case, but it will serve for an illustration. Don't you see how the Latin is a protection and a safeguard to the patient? Prescriptions in Latin he can't read, and consequently doesn't try to remember.

"Now for a final reason. Latin is a language that is used by scientific men the world over, and no other language is. You can get Latin prescriptions filled in any country on the face of the earth where there is a drug store. We had a prescription come in here the other day which we had put up originally, and which had since been stamped by druggists in London, Paris, Berlin, Constantinople, Cairo, and Calcutta. What good would an English prescription be in St. Petersburg?"

Eczema is Baby's Enemy

CAUSING KEEN DISTRESS FROM THE DREADFUL ITCHING—SOMETIMES LASTS FOR YEARS—CURE EFFECTED BY

Dr. Chase's Ointment.

The first indication of eczema is a red pimple, or blister-like eruption. The points run together, making a moistened patch, which "weeps" at first, and then dries into a crust.

The intense itching of eczema of the face and scalp is very hard for the little one to bear, and the result is scratching until free bleeding takes place, and recovery is further retarded. Besides the suffering from the distressing itching, the child is restless and sleepless.

When left to itself, eczema runs on indefinitely, covering the body with sores, but fortunately there is positive cure in the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment, a preparation which, by its marvellous soothing and healing powers, brings quick relief from itching and heals up the sores.

Mr. Wm. Craft, jr., Burk's Falls, Ont., writes:—"Our little boy, aged three years, broke out with eczema all over his face, hands and back and we had a terrible time trying to relieve his suffering. It was so bad that when he scratched it would almost make the blood flow. The use of Dr. Chase's Ointment quickly brought relief and made a thorough cure, as there has never been any return of this disagreeable ailment. We always keep Dr. Chase's medicines in the house and find them very useful."

Mrs. M. McCann, 4 Short street, St. John, N. B., writes:—"My little girl, three years old, had her face covered with eczema, and it was spreading over her body. I tried many different ointments, and the doctor could not do her any good. A friend of mine advised me to try Dr. Chase's Ointment, and she was completely cured by one box. I cannot praise Dr. Chase's Ointment enough for the good it has done her."

Dr. Chase's Ointment has proven especially successful in the cure of baby eczema, as well as in the prevention of this torturing disease, when used for chafing and skin irritation, in which eczema finds its beginnings; 60 cents a box at all dealers, or Edmansons, Bates & Co., Toronto.

The Deceased Wife's Sister Bill.

The struggle which ended last week in the House of Lords with the passing of the Deceased Wife's Sister Bill, making marriage with a deceased wife's sister legal in Great Britain, had been in progress more than fifty

years. Before 1533 marriages of consanguinity and affinity were wholly governed by canon law, which consists of rules or decrees of the church as established by early popes or by statutes of church councils, and marriage which contravened such limitations were either held void or voidable. In 1835, Lord Lyndhurst's Act made past marriages of affinity valid and future marriages void; but the House of Commons rejected the prohibitory clause as regards marriage with a deceased wife's sister, although afterwards persuaded to accept it temporarily. A Royal Commission was appointed in 1847 to inquire into the marriage laws, and from that time on to this year attempts have been made in both houses of parliament to carry a bill making marriage with a deceased wife's sister legal. Nearly always the bill was carried in the Commons by a large majority, but was thrown out in the House of Lords, the Bishops voting against it in a body. In 1896, however, it passed the Lords, but the Commons failed to deal with it. A feature of the debates in the Lords was the attendance of the Prince of Wales, now King Edward. Although his practice was to refrain from interference in questions before the House, on these occasions he always made a point of attending and voting for the bill. Beside, until this year, throwing out the British bill, the British Parliament has also consistently, or, as some say, obstinately, thrown out the Colonial Bill, to make marriages with deceased wives' sisters legally contracted in the colonies legal also in Great Britain; it has also thrown out the Scotch Bill having the same purpose. High legal authorities, however, have pronounced such marriages legal in Scotland without further enactment. Marriage with a deceased wife's sister has of course been specially legalized under the Crown in Australia, New Zealand, Canada, South Africa and other colonies. Throughout the British Empire, indeed, with the exception of the United Kingdom, such marriages have long been legal; and, again with the exception of the United Kingdom, have been legal in every Christian country in the world. The passage of the substantive measure has of course rendered the colonial one unnecessary. That Great Britain and the colonies are now at one in this regard removes a cause of offence between them, and a disability from some worthy colonials sojourning in Britain.

Avoiding Scarlet Fever.

Scarlet fever is an eruptive disease, attacking persons of any age, but usually children, since, owing to its wide prevalence and exceedingly contagious character, few persons attain adult life without having been exposed to it. For this reason it is classed among the diseases of childhood.

It is the most serious of all the ordinary children's diseases, for, in addition to the direct mortality, which varies in different epidemics between two and thirty per cent. of those attacked, it is prone to leave behind an acute or chronic disease of the kidneys, or an inflammation of the ears which may cause permanent deafness.

It is exceedingly contagious at all stages, from the very beginning until the last bit of skin has peeled off. This contagion is carried in the discharges from the nose and throat, and in the bits of skin thrown off in the final stages of desquamation, or "peeling"; and it is very long-lived, persisting sometimes for months in handkerchiefs, bedding, clothing, and even the toys of the sufferer.

A scarlet fever patient should be treated in a room without carpets, window hangings, or upholstery—indeed, the room should be bare of all furniture, even books, except what is absolutely necessary. No one, except the nurses in charge and the doctor, should ever be permitted to enter the room, which should be in the upper story, and as far away as circumstances will permit from the living-rooms of the rest of the family.

The room should be always thoroughly ventilated—through the windows, the door being kept closed. Once a day the floor, walls and furniture should be wiped with a damp cloth wrung out of an antiseptic solution. No utensils should be carried from the room. The discharges, after having been mixed with a powerful antiseptic and allowed to stand an hour, should be transferred to another vessel outside the sick-room door and immediately emptied into the sewer or cesspool.

Food brought to the sick-room should be transferred at the door to special dishes used only by the patient and nurses, and all waste food should be thrown into a vessel containing a disinfectant, or, better, burned, if

there is a stove in the room.

All soiled linen should be soaked for several hours or boiled before being taken away, and should not be mixed with the family wash.

Nurses leaving the room for necessary air and exercise should change the outer garments outside the door, and should avoid meeting or talking with any one outside the sick-room.

General Bazaine, an eccentric officer in the French army, recently gave expression to a theory which in his opinion was worthy of being put into execution. If, he argued, men drink while they eat, why should not horses do the same? If it agrees with men it ought to be equally beneficial to horses. So he gave the order that in all the regiments of cavalry over which he exercised command the stables should be provided with a sort of cement bucket, which by an ingenious arrangement was always kept full of water, so that the cavalry mounts might drink as often and as much as they wanted. The result was that before long several of the animals drank more than was good for them, and were laid up. But the general is not convinced that his theory is wrong; it is the horses who are at fault.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surface of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pill for constipation.

A British physician, Dr. Battie, of London, is trying to substantiate the claim that appendicitis is due to fine particles of iron in American flour, caused by the steel rollers used in the flour's manufacture. Of course this is nonsense and so regarded by medical men generally. As Dr. Holmes, of Bellevue Hospital, says: "We rarely find anything in the appendix. Appendicitis is caused by a temporary reduction of the blood pressure. Probably, if scientists could make man all over again they would put a little more blood in him, so as to give him a better pressure. Appendicitis is due to a habit of life and not to what we eat." The flour scare is on a par with the exploded grape-seed theory.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY ONE OF THE BEST ON THE MARKET.

For many years Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has constantly gained in favor and popularity until it is now one of the most staple medicines in use and has an enormous sale. It is intended especially for acute throat and lung diseases, such as coughs, colds and croup, and can always be depended upon. It is pleasant and safe to take and is undoubtedly the best in the market for the purposes for which it is intended. Sold by All Dealers.

It is important that persons placing

FIRE INSURANCE

should select strong and reliable companies. This being the case it would be impossible perhaps to find four stronger and more reliable companies represented in Carleton County in one office than the following companies for whom the undersigned is agent, namely:

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I shall be pleased to see intending insurers.

LOUIS E. YOUNG,

Woodstock, N. B.

Canadian Pacific Railway

Effective June 2nd 1907.

(Trains daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise stated.)

DEPARTURES.

(QUEEN STREET STATION).
6.15 A MIXED—For Houlton, McAdam Jct. St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Fredericton, St. John and points East; Vancorb, Bangor, Portland and Boston etc.; Pullman Parlor Car, McAdam Jct. to Boston. Palace Sleeper, McAdam Jct. to Halifax. Dining Car, McAdam Jct. to Truro.
9.05 A MIXED—For Aroostook Junction, and M intermediate points.
11.40 P. M.—EXPRESS—For all points North: Loup and Quebec.
2.35 P. MIXED—For Perth, Junction Plaster M Rock, and intermediate points.
5.10 P. MIXED—For Fredericton, etc., via Gibson Branch.
6.03 P. EXPRESS—For Houlton, St. Stephen M (St. Andrews after July 1st), Fredericton, St. John, and East; Vancorb, Sherbrooke, Montreal, and all points West and Northwest, and on Pacific Coast, Bangor, Portland, Boston, etc. Palace Sleepers, McAdam Junction to Montreal; Pullman Sleepers, McAdam to Boston; Pullman Parlor Car, McAdam to St. John.

ARRIVALS.

11.40 A. M.—EXPRESS—From St. John and East St. Stephen, (St. Andrews after July 1st), Boston 12.20 P. M.—MIXED—From Fredericton, etc via Gibson Branch.
12.40 P. M.—MIXED—From Perth Junction and Plaster Rock.
6.03 P. M.—EXPRESS—From Fort Fairfield, Carleton Place, Presque Isle, Grand Falls, Edmundston and Riviere du Loup.
4.40 P. M.—MIXED—From Aroostook Junction.
11.25 P. M.—MIXED—From Fredericton, St. John and East; St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Vancorb, Bangor, Portland, Boston, etc.
W. M. STITT, G. P. A., Montreal.
W. B. HOWARD D. P. A., C. P. R., St. John.



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If that Harness they got from us was all right. If it's not we want to know. We give a guarantee with every harness we sell. If they were not right, we wouldn't do that, would we?

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