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Don't forget when in town to call at McDougall's Auction Rooms. We have for the coming week a lot of bargains in New, as well as Second Hand Goods. I will offer or the last time two high grade Pianos at factory prices, vis \$225.00 each. Your last chance to buy a Piano at wholesale price. If you want a first class piano at a low price we have the instrument that will suit you. 10 year guarantee by the Co that makes the goods. Be sure and call it will pay you if you are thinking of buying a piano.

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Last year the sale of Pelham's Peerless fruit and ornamental trees increased 40 per cent in New Brunswick because we deliver standard trees and to contract grade. Our agents made money in proportion to the increase in sales. We want now a reliable agent for Carleton county. Pay Weekly. Exclusive Territory.  
Write for best terms  
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The Presbyterian ministry in Montreal has suffered in its ancient prestige by the sudden removals of two of its venerable and distinguished members: Rev. A. J. Mowatt and Rev. J. Edgar Hill. Each of these men had become through years of self-sacrificing discharge of duty a social force for the general good, and each of them will be greatly missed. Retirement from active service could not have been long delayed in either case, but in each a wide circle of friends would have chosen a more lingering descent into the dark valley.—Toronto Globe.



## SEND FOR THIS BOOK BEFORE YOU BUILD ANOTHER BUILDING

**Concrete is the Best Material**

—from every standpoint—where with to build things about the farm. This recently-published book, "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete," will prove to you the superiority and "in-the-long-run" economy of

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### FORTIFICATION OF THE PANAMA CANAL

A few weeks ago President Taft, in a message to Congress, elaborated an urgent plea for the fortification of the Panama Canal, which is now far on the way to completion. This meant the construction of forts at each end of the canal, and the provision of a powerful armament of the most modern and effective sort. It meant also the equipment of the terminal harbors with stationary floating mines to be used against hostile warships should the necessity ever arrive. In view of the energy of the peace propagandists, it is surprising that there has been very little protest against the adoption of so distinctive a war measure, which is apparently quite uncalled for. The proposed appropriation was promptly granted by the House of Representatives, and a few hours before the late session terminated by the efflux of time the Senate also gave its cordial assent. A consensus so general as to be practically universal shows beyond controversy that the President's message correctly expressed the public opinion of the United States. Such an occurrence seems to call for explanation, for over and over again the people of that country have shown by their acts that they are not in any correct sense militant.

Obviously the fortification of the Panama Canal is not a precaution against trouble from Europe. War between the United States and any transatlantic nation may now be regarded as too improbable to be taken into account in this connection. It is the avowed intention of the nation that is constructing the canal to allow all other nations to use it freely for commercial purposes, as Great Britain permits the Suez Canal to be utilized. These two great waterways will thus become for all time hostages for peace among the nations, and for co-operation in the advancement of civilization and the betterment of humanity. Clearly the trouble that hangs like a cloud over this continent must have its origin in some other part of the world than Europe, and there is little room for conjecture as to where it lies.

One peculiarity of the present situation is that the resolution to fortify the canal has been adopted with very little debate in either House of Congress, and with equally little discussion in the American Press. The reason is plain: if Japan is really the power whose good faith and good will are in question, then the more reticent parties are in the United States the better. Whatever Japanese statesman may think about the proposal to fortify the canal, they will evidently have no visible cause to complain of the tone or attitude of the American people towards their nation. There is no likelihood of an early quarrel,

and there may never be one; but so long as the United States controls the Philippine Islands and Great Britain controls almost the whole of Australasia, there is danger of Japanese encroachments making not merely resistance but resentment inevitable. The real motive of President Taft's message, and the real explanation of the quick response of Congress to it, must be looked for at the other side of the Pacific rather than at the other side of the Atlantic. Fort unately what danger there may be is more likely to bring great Britain and the United States together than to drive them farther apart.—Toronto Globe

### WHEN O. HENRY LOST PRESTIGE

Once, when exploring a factory district for story material, O. Henry noticed a beautiful girl to dine with him. She accepted on condition that she might bring a friend along. During dinner the waiter sought to make his guests feel at ease by resting his English to the extent of using "ain" and "hadn't oughter," and a few other mutilations of the mother tongue.

He saw the little girl a few days later.

"I was awful mortified that night," she said, "you spoke so ungrammatical before my lady friend!"—Success.

### A DAILY THOUGHT.

For modes of faith let graceless zealots fight; He can't be wrong whose life is in the right. In faith and hope the world will disagree. But all mankind's concern is charity.

—Alexander Pope

## Upset by Constipation

### Distressing Indigestion, Stomach Gas, Palpitation, Constant Headaches.

"It is with intense satisfaction that I am able to relate how I was snatched by Dr. Hamilton's Pills from my bed of sickness," writes H. H. Sargent, a well-known hardware traveler residing at Charleston. "So many changes of diet brought on a fit of indigestion and liver complaint, but being very busy I didn't give the matter much attention. Headaches, awful dizzy spells, and constant tiredness soon made it impossible for me to attend properly to business. My appetite faded away. I became thin and looked yellow and jaundiced. I used three different prescriptions, which physicians said would tone up my liver and regulate my bowels—but I got no relief at all till I started to use Dr. Hamilton's Pills. After taking them for a few days I was surprised at the energy and force I obtained; the old feeling of tiredness and lack of desire to work disappeared, and instead came vigor, energy, ambition, good color, and sound digestion. I take Dr. Hamilton's Pills three times a week, and ever since have enjoyed the best of health."

What's the use of feeling so languid, so stupid, and dull when Dr. Hamilton's Pills will give you such robust, joyous health. For all disorders of the stomach, kidneys, liver, and bowels, no medicine compares with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. 25c per box or five boxes for \$1.00, at all dealers, or the Catarrhzone Company, Kingston, Ont.

### WEAVING CORONATION VELVET (London Mail.)

In the ancient borough of Sudbury in Suffolk the few remaining hand loom weavers are hard at work making the velvet for the coronal on robes.

Among the number are the Misses Foakes members of a family of weavers who in days past were makers of bunting for the royal navy. In their cottage, which was once visited by the Queen, are two hand looms on which are two lengths of beautiful velvet one rich crimson in color and the other dark brown.

The weavers are seated when at their looms their feet working pedals resembling those of an organ. There are two sets of threads, the visible one forming the back of the material and the other the pile, each of these being delicately threaded through travers threads known as the harness. The weaver passes the shuttle backward and forward on each warp and weft is pressed home by a swinging wooden frame. A cutter which runs across the loom on a wire cuts the threads to make the pile.

The process of manufacture is slow and tedious. The time is occupied not so much in the weaving as in the cleaning. At each foot or so made the weaver uses a curious knife like a spokeshave and shaves the surface of the velvet to clean it.

There are now not more than 30 hand loom weavers left in Sudbury, the Misses Foakes being among the number. The rows of weavers' cottages, now occupied by other artisans and general workers show, the extent of the industry 50 years ago.

### TREASURE ISLAND. (New York Press.)

Dead Man's Island, famous as the Treasure Island of Robert Louis Stevenson, looms up in the Caribbean Sea, large and desolate, as your automobile turns over the crest of the military road between San Juan and Ponce. The hill is there and in it is all so plain in outline that any reader of the fascinating tale could go without the chart and find the treasure for himself. Four miles away on the Porto Rico coast is the great sugar Central of La Fortuna, the largest single rubber mill in the world, which seems to crouch like a huge leopard facing the Puerto Canal at back of the woodland and its flanks a sandy shore. The romance of the spot was shattered recently when the owners were unable to get an advance of money from the sugar mill company in order to plant it with cane. This was refused because the slight rainfall would make expensive irrigation necessary, and so Dead Man's Island was consigned again to its solitude, to remain a poetic monument to Stevenson's sombre and fantastic story. Only a lighthouse keeper lives there.

"Shall you return to power, sire?" asked Napoleon's secretary as they departed to gather for the field of Waterloo.

"I fear me not," said the Emperor, sadly. "That hook nosed warrior, the Duke of Wellington, appears to have captured my return ticket."—Harper's Weekly.

### COTTON CREPE FROCK FOR MORNING WEAR.

Colored cotton crepe seems to have been

## Would You Provide for the Care of Canada's Needy Consumptives?

THEN SEND YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE  
**MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES**



MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES. MAIN BUILDING FOR PATIENTS.

A national institution that accepts patients from all parts of Canada. Here is one of hundreds of letters being received daily:—

John D. McNaughton, New Liskeard, Ont.: A young man not belonging here, and suffering from, it is believed, consumption, is being kept by one of the hotels here. He has no means and has been refused admission to our hospital. The conditions where he is offer him no chance. Could he be admitted to your Free Hospital for Consumptives? If not, could you inform me where he can be sent, and what steps are necessary to secure prompt admittance?

**NOT A SINGLE PATIENT HAS EVER BEEN REFUSED ADMISSION TO THE MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL BECAUSE OF HIS OR HER INABILITY TO PAY.**

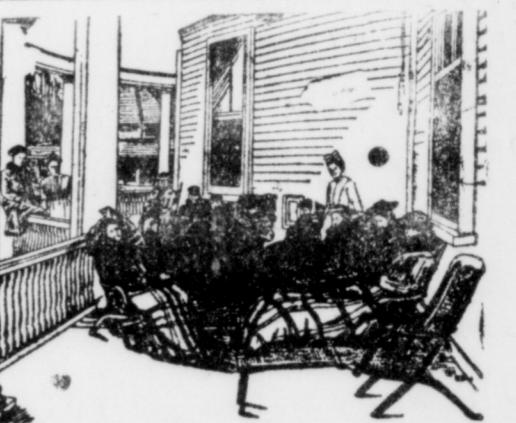
Since the hospital was opened in April, 1902, one thousand five hundred and twenty-four patients have been treated in this one institution, representing people from every province in the Dominion.

For the week ending November 20th, 1909, one hundred and twenty-five patients were in residence. Ninety-six of these are not paying a copper for their maintenance—absolutely free. The other twenty-nine paid from \$2.00 to \$4.90 a week. No one pays more than \$4.90.

Suitable cases are admitted promptly on completion of application papers.

### A GRATEFUL PATIENT

Norah P. Canham: Enclosed you will find receipt for my ticket from Gravenhurst, hoping that you will be able to oblige me with the fare. I was at your Sanatorium ten months, and I was sent away from there as an apparent cure. I am now working in the city, and I am feeling fine. I was most thankful for the care I got from the doctors and staff, and I must say that I spent the time of my life while I was there.



TAKING THE CURE IN WINTER AT MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

The Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives is dependent on the good-will and gifts of the Canadian public. Money is urgently needed at the present time to make it possible to care for the large and increasing number of patients that are entering the institution.

## Will you help?

Where greater urgency?

Truly, Canada's greatest charity.

Contributions may be sent to W. J. Gage, Esq., 81 Spadina Ave., or J. S. Robertson, Esq., Press, National Sanitarium Association, 37 King St. W., Toronto, Canada.

I fled to the room of drying asque and kimonos, but smelt morning dresses, and being shown of this material and are charming in their simplicity.

One effective half-frock was of delicate mauve crepe. The skirt was slightly gathered and three wide folds were put on near the bottom to resemble tucks. The soft girdle of the same material was about three inches wide, and the waist, which was simply tucked opened down the front with crocheted buttons.

A flat collar of the finest hand embroidery trimmed the low cut neck and this was repeated in the cuffs which effectively finished the elbow sleeves.

Taken altogether the dress was simple, indeed but very smart.

This crepe comes in a great many shades soft pinks blues browns and all in the most beautiful