



Master Workman

SMOKING TOBACCO

This world-famous Brand can now be obtained for 15¢ a cut at all the best Stores



SOLD THE WORLD OVER.

ing while a search was being made for her parents. The confection scheme worked admirably, hence the latest innovation.

A small hothouse has been constructed at Harlem Springs, Cal., in which natural hot water is to be used to force the propagating of summer fruits and vegetables during the winter months. It is hoped that in this way the markets of Southern California may be supplied with strawberries, tomatoes cucumbers and olives during the winter, the fruit to be fresh from the vines. The water bubbles from the ground at Harlem Springs heated to 24 degrees, and it will be conducted through the hothouse by a system of radiating pipes.

"Satisfaction Guaranteed"
Is The Rule of This Studio in Every Case.

THAT MEANS that you need not accept work from us that fails to please you. In fact we would much prefer that you did not, for we consider the satisfied patron our very best form of advertising and we are in business to stay.

We Please Others
We Can Please You
Give us a trial

Wilson's Photo Studio.

Hair Goods

OUR SPECIALTY.
"Consider the postage stamps say's Josh Billings, it makes its Mark by sticking to one thing till it arrives. So do we. Our sole Business is the Manufacturing and importing of the latest fashionable Hair Goods at lowest possible prices. We carry all the latest novelties in Fancy Bands, Nets, Barettes, Combs, Etc. Give us a trial order to prove the satisfaction we can give you.

Mrs. A. F. Winslow
The Reliable Hairdresser
REGENT ST. - WOODSTOCK

Indigestion

If you are suffering from indigestion and the attendant distressed stomach, you should give Mi-o-na, the guaranteed remedy a trial. Mr. William Shafer of 230 Queen's St. S., Berlin, Ont., says: "For years I have been a sufferer from acute indigestion, which caused the most distressing pains in my stomach. I decided to try Booth's Mi-o-na Tablets and they have done me more good than anything I have ever used, I am now more free from this trouble than I have been for years. I am pleased to endorse and recommend this remedy to all who suffer with stomach trouble."

Remember Mi-o-na Tablets are guaranteed to cure acute or chronic indigestion and turn the old stomach into a new one in a few weeks. All druggists 50c. a box or postpaid from The R. T. Booth Co. Ltd., Fort Erie, Ont. Sold under guarantee by E. W. Mair.

really to the authorities during the remainder of the term of five years to which she was sentenced on August 7, on the charge of setting fire to the Theatre Royal here the day before Premier Aquith was to speak on home rule. As in the case of Mary Leigh, recently released for the same reasons, for a similar term, should Miss Evans subsequently be convicted of another crime the judge may order her to serve the rest of her present sentence.

A Toast To The Coward

Here's to the coward who will not confess He's afraid.
Here's to the fighter who fights N'ertheless, though dismayed.
Here's to the fellow that walks to the scratch,
Facing another who's more than his match,
Frightened, yet ready the vic'try
Snatch by God's aid.
Here's to the man with a yellow streak Who won't retreat.
Here's to the fellow that nobody knows Feared defeat.
Here's to the weakling who's taught himself how,
Conquered his weakness, his fear of a row,
Here's to the coward—'ats off, with a Bow!—you can't beat!
—William Wallace Whitlock in Occident Lippincott's.

Sir Richard Cartwright

Toronto Weekly Sun.

Sir Richard Cartwright, born in 1835, was a member of the old legislative assembly from 1863 to 1867. He was elected a member of the first parliament of Canada in 1867 and sat in the House of Commons continuously till 1904, when he went to the Senate, in which he was the Liberal leader at the time of his death. His whole life was actively devoted to the public affairs.

Whatever may be the just estimate of his character, his achievement and this public devotion, it is clear that he died as he had lived, under anathema of the dominant political forces of the country. The comments of the press and the guarded appreciations of public men published since his death show this. He was, we are told, a great parliamentary debater, a master of satire, though out of the arena a kindly and courtly gentleman; he was a master of English composition and he used Elizabethan words, which is an admission that he spoke plainly and reasoned clearly; and he held tenaciously to "certain opinions." These opinions, at which his fellow public men and the press of both parties generally hint with reddening cheeks and downcast eyes were, first, that the element of protection ought to be eliminated from the Canadian tariff, which ought to approach as nearly to free trade as the needs of a wise and honest administration will permit. Second, that Canada ought to seek intimate relations of trade with the United States, confident of the expansion of her wealth and without fear of compromising her political independence, and third, that Canada ought to resist the advances of Imperialism and to develop her own national consciousness, aiming, as he said, in the debates on Confederation in 1865 when he was little more than a boy, to step from the position of a dependency to that of an ally, "a favored ally of the great country to which we belong and to take that rank among the commonwealth of nations which is granted to those people and to those only who have proved that they possess the power as well as the wish to defend their liberties. This, Sir, is what I think Canada ought to do, and if, as I believe, this project of confederation will contribute most powerfully to enable us to do so, there are few sacrifices which I would refuse to make for such an object."

Political events over which Canadian opinion exercised little control contributed in the course of time to disappoint the hopes of this ardent champion of Canadian nationalism. The growth of protectionist sentiment in the United States and of a voting element there hostile to England and venting its hostility upon Canada reduced the field of enlightened statesmanship for men

years to narrow limits. It is to the lasting credit of Sir Richard Cartwright that he never lost hope of the ultimate realization of his ideals and never through long years of defeat and disappointment ceased to devote to them his great powers of advocacy.

The United States withdrew from reciprocity in 1866. In 1878, Sir John Macdonald carried the National Policy and established protectionism as the dominant force in Canadian politics. Against it Sir Richard struggled to the end, seeking to put Canadian industry upon a secure foundation. For years but one remedy was possible, reduction of the Canadian tariff. The passage of the McKinley and Dingley tariffs which greatly aggravated the condition of agriculture brought a crisis. Agriculture greatly weakened by emigration, failed again, but protection was at last alarmed and made overtures to its assailants. Cartwright, who had led in the struggle, was reduced in rank and a protectionist intrigue in his own party almost succeeded in driving him from public life.

Since 1896 protectionism, favored by the settlement of the West, the influx of capital and the growth of Imperialism has regained its strength, and when the Liberals seized the first opportunity of access to wider markets in the United States, which had offered since 1866, turned them out. Had Sir Richard been younger, he would in due time have been called to the leadership of his party, which in fact he had always held in the field, if never on the staff. Though all the victories of protectionism, nothing has been settled and it still remains to set Canadian industry on a safe and enduring basis.

Those who will take the trouble to read the speech to which we have referred, spoken when he was thirty, will be surprised by the clear, courageous and instructed judgment which he then displayed and which characterized his whole life. To us of this generation accustomed to a political discussion from which candor has fled, a speech at thirty without a word of claptrap seems a great achievement and the memory of a life which kept its early promise worthy of long remembrance.

James McLaughlin Was A St. John Man.

James McLaughlin, who was killed by falling off a train in Kentucky is believed to be a St. John man. A man of that name answering to the description given, a lithographer by trade, lived with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John McLaughlin at 30 Marsh street until nine weeks ago. At that time he left for Fredericton to spend old

home week, and had not since communicated with his family. It is believed that he joined the Haag Circus there and had been traveling with them ever since. Instructions have been given to send the body here for burial.

Rev. Dr. Andrews Has Invented New Firewood

A recent issue of the Toronto Christian Guardian has the following to say about the Rev. Dr. Andrews, who for twenty-one years was a professor at M. Allison: "Prof. W. W. Andrews, of Regina, is at present engaged by the Saskatchewan government in making an exhaustive study of the coal and clay deposits of the southern part of the province, and he is also to report upon the best method of improving the rural highways. In connection with the fuel problem the professor has succeeded in making briquettes from lignite and also from straw. In regard to the latter he claims that out of 800 tons of straw he can manufacture 300 tons of straw briquettes, which will be equal in all respects to the best firewood. If the professor can only make his latter proposition a commercial possibility he will have done much to solve the fuel problem of the West."

A penguin oil industry is to be established at Macquarie Island, about half way between Tasmania and the Antarctic continent. This island, 25 miles long and 5 miles wide, is estimated to contain 80,000,000 penguins.

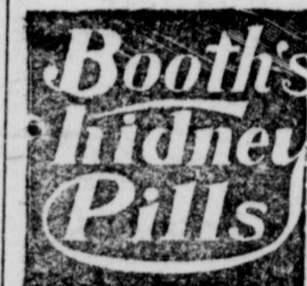
Traffic policemen in Los Angeles, Cal., now carry as a part of their equipment a stock of candy and chewing gum. These confections are used in comforting lost children found by the police. An officer recently discovered a little girl at a crowded crossing and tried various ways to make her stop cry-

Tom Brown is Dead,

London, Oct. 4.—The Rev. Augustus Oreleber, who was the original for Hughes' Tom Brown in his fight with Sigger Williams, is dead at the age of 88.

6 Year Old Girl Is Cured of Kidney Trouble

Mrs. Alex. Moore, of James St., Oxford N. S., says. Booth's Kidney Pills cured our little daughter, Christian, age six years, of many symptoms of kidney weakness. She complained of a sore back, the kidney secretions were frequent and uncontrollable, especially at night. Her stomach was weak and her appetite poor. This caused her to have frequent headaches, and the least exertion would tire her. We had tried many remedies, but she did not improve. Finally we learned of Booth's Kidney Pills and procured a box. In a short



time she was well and does not now complain about her back, the kidney secretions have become normal, and she plays around the house with no apparent fatigue. We always recommend Booth's Kidney Pills."

Booth's Kidney Pills carry a guarantee that if you derive no benefit your money will be refunded. Booth's Kidney Pills are a specific for all diseases of the kidneys and bladder. Sold by all druggists, 50c. box, or postpaid from the R. T. Booth Co., Ltd., Fort Erie, Ont. Sold and guaranteed by E. W. Mair.

Hunger Strike Wins Freedom For Woman

Dublin, Oct. 3.—The suffragette "hunger strike" brought about the release on parole from jail today of another militant suffragette, Gladys Evans.

The prison doctors advised the authorities that Miss Evans' condition of health has become very grave, and the order releasing her on licence, as it is called here, was issued this morning. Miss Evans will be compelled to report period-