

**A Wonderful Discovery**

An eminent scientist, the other day, gave his opinion that the most wonderful discovery of recent years was the discovery of Zam-Buk. Just think! As soon as a single thin layer of Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or a sore, such injury is insured against blood poison! Not one species of microbe has been found that Zam-Buk does not kill!

Then again. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a sore, or a cut, or to skin disease, it stops the smarting. That is why children are such friends of Zam-Buk. They care nothing for the science of the thing. All they know is that Zam-Buk stops their pain. Mothers should never forget this.

Again. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or to a diseased part, the cells beneath the skin's surface are so stimulated that new healthy tissue is quickly formed. This forming of fresh healthy tissue from below is Zam-Buk's secret of healing. The tissue thus formed is worked up to the surface and literally casts off the diseased tissue above it. This is why Zam-Buk cures are permanent.

Only the other day Mr. Marsh, of 101 Delorimier Ave., Montreal, called upon the Zam-Buk Company and told them that for over twenty-five years he had been a martyr to eczema. His hands were at one time so covered with sores that he had to sleep in gloves. Four years ago Zam-Buk was introduced to him, and in a few months it cured him. To-day—over three years after his cure of a disease he had for twenty-five years—he is still cured, and has had no trace of any return of the eczema!

All druggists sell Zam-Buk at 50c. box, or we will send free trial box if you send this advertisement and a 1c. stamp (to pay return postage). Address Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

**Churches to Denounce Fake Cure Fraud**

From thousands of pulpits in all parts of the United States, fake cures for consumption will be exposed and denounced on Tuberculosis Day, October 27th. This is part of the programme for the movement announced to-day by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Literature giving information in fraudulent and alleged "cures" for consumption will be sent to clergymen all over the country, and an organized crusade against the traffic in these drugs and devices will be instituted. The literature will be sent to ministers, either directly from the National Association office in New York or through the many state and

local anti-tuberculosis associations scattered throughout the country. It is estimated that over 100,000 clergymen will be reached in this way.

From actual records on file in the office of The National Association, it is estimated that the volume of business done annually by the various concerns who sell fake remedies for tuberculosis amounts to well over \$15,000,000. The number of these remedies now being used as so-called "cures" is over 500.

Three classes of "cures" are distinguished by the National Association. In the first class are included hundreds of devices and drugs which can be bought for any sum ranging from ten cents to five dollars at a drug store. The second class of "cures" includes the "institutes," "professors," or companies of "doctors," who for a consideration guaranteed to cure consumption by some secret method of which they are sole proprietors. There are nearly one hundred and fifty of these institute frauds in the United States, cheating the people out of millions of dollars annually.

In the third class of "cures" are placed a number of home-made remedies, which either through ignorance or superstition have been advanced as cures for tuberculosis. Some of these are onion, lemon, rattlesnake poison, corn dust, lime dust, pig's blood, dog oil, milk "scrappings," and even alcohol.

None of these remedies will cure consumption, declares The National Association. No drug, gas or other material has yet been discovered, which when eaten, inhaled or injected into the system, will kill the germ of tuberculosis without doing serious injury to the body. The only real cure for tuberculosis recognized by the National Association consists of the combination of fresh air, good food, and rest taken under the direction of a competent physician.

**Malignant Diphtheria Among Indians**

Indians Chutes, via Elk Lake, Ont. Oct. 1.—An epidemic of diphtheria of a most malignant type has broken out among the Indians at Turtle Lake, near the Hudson Bay Company's post, Fort

Matchewan. Some deaths have occurred already, and prospectors from above Fox Rapids report two additional deaths within the past week. Most of the Indians are entirely without medicine or attention of any sort at present, but this state of affairs in all probability will not continue long.

**The Value of Play**

Self-improvement societies that have tried to find the best way to live have never discovered anything more valuable than play.

A man may shake up a continent by his energy, or build kingdoms by his brains, but, so far as his personal life is concerned, he has been a failure if he has not learned to play. Play, of course is not confined to games. It may be a walk in the woods, a row on the river, a sail on the lake; to some, tending their garden; to others, chopping wood. To play is to follow the irresponsible inclination which gives the most pleasure with the least mental strain and bodily wear.

Ideal play is a brief period of free living snatched from the regular routine. It is enjoying the pleasure of being alive; it is absorbing from the earth and air and sun without conscious effort. More and more we are trying to teach the children how to play, but we do not know ourselves. We send our children to the public playground, and go on ourselves getting heavy and gloomy and nervous. We shall be happier if we alter this.—Answers, London.

**To Explore A Lost Continent**

Yet another party of treasure hunters sailed from England recently. This time the search is for no paltry hoard hidden by an old-time pirate, nor for a mere million or two of golden doubloons sunk in some Spanish lagoon. This latest expedition is to go diving for a lost continent, Atlantis perhaps, and salvage the countless millions worth of gold and gems and art treasures of the sunken cities of a region as large as all Europe. At the head of the expedition is Bernard Meekham, an English explorer. His plans include the employment of a huge floating dry dock, at least a dozen submarines for work on the sea bottom and a hundred or more expert divers.

For nearly a hundred years, says Meekham, Yucatan fishermen have been bringing up from the waters along the coast beautifully carved stones, vases and small objects of gold and silver. These fishermen are Maya Indians, who believe themselves to be the descendants of a once mighty race. They hold these treasures of the deep as sacred and when asked where they got them reply that they have been given them by their forefathers. The reports of these finds led Meekham to explore the ruined cities of ancient civilization scattered all along the coast of Yucatan. He thus became convinced of the existence of a once populous and rich country, swallowed up by the sea long ages ago but still visible. Meekham's discoveries and conclusions were substantiated independently by Prof. Monsonvi, a distinguished geologist and archaeologist of Budapest. As the result of a conference and comparison of notes with the professor the present expedition was organized.

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**Submarine Goes To The Bottom**

Dover, Eng., Oct. 4.—Fifteen officers and men of the British navy were drowned to-day by the sinking of the submarine "B2" after she had been cut in two by the Hamburg-American liner Amerika off the coast of Kent. The commander of the little vessel, Lieut. Percy B. O'Brien, was among the victims, but his second lieutenant, Richard I. Pulleney, was rescued after being a long time in the water. He was the only survivor and was utterly exhausted when picked up.

The submarine sank at once. The disaster occurred while the third patrol flotilla of submarines consisting of six vessels, was manoeuvring off the South Foreland on the coast of Kent. The liner Amerika appears to have cut the submarine completely in halves. Lieut. Richard I. Pulleney who was second in command, was the only man among the crew who was saved. He was found floating in the sea too exhausted to say more, when he was rescued than: "The submarine is cut in two. I went down a man."

Nothing has been heard from the Amerika up to the present. The "B2" was one of the older and smaller class of submarines, having been built with ten sister ships between 1903 and 1907. Her length was 100 feet, and her beam 12 feet, 7 inches. Her displacement on the surface was 180 tons, and submerged 210 tons. Her indicated horse-power was 600 on the surface and 150 below. Her engines developed a speed of 11 1-2 knots on the surface and 8 submerged. She was fitted with two torpedo tubes, and her complement was two officers and thirteen men.

The "B2" had left Dover harbor at 6 o'clock this morning to participate with the other submarines in a series of manoeuvres. The accident occurred just an hour later, although none of the sister submarines knew anything about it until Lieut. Pulleney was picked up from the sea. The young lieutenant collapsed after he was taken from the water and conveyed to the parent ship.

The liner Amerika stood by after the collision and threw life-buoys overboard, while a number of torpedo boats, after being informed of the accident by wireless telegraphy, searched the sea for hours.

None of the other members of the crew, however, were found, and no sign of wreckage was discernible in the vicinity. The Amerika then proceeded on her voyage to Southampton and Cherbourg, on her way to New York.

This is the sixth disaster to British submarines, each of them involving the loss of from 11 to 15 lives.

Industrially, Belgium is the most highly developed country in Europe. It has at the present time a population of about eight million, of which 1,250,000 persons are engaged in industrial pursuits; 300,000 of them are women.

**Turkey And Italy Agree On Peace**

Constantinople, Oct. 2.—That the Turkish cabinet voted yesterday to accept Italy's latest proposals for peace was the announcement made to-day from an authoritative source. The preliminary agreements are to be signed upon the arrival at Ouchy of a special Turkish emissary, who left Constantinople immediately after the cabinet meeting yesterday.

It is understood Turkey abandons her sovereignty over Tripoli, and that Italy is to help her in floating a loan.

Paris, Oct. 4.—Confirmation of the report from Constantinople that the conclusion of peace between Turkey and Italy is imminent is contained in a semi-official note issued here to-day, based on authoritative advices from Italy.

It is estimated that over \$50,000,000 has been taken from New York and deposited in banks and trust companies across the river in Jersey, where it will remain until October 2. The law designates October 1 as the date on which tax assessments are to be made. New York's patriots are merely attending to their annual tax dodging.

A recent graduate of Western Reserve University of Cleveland, O., is said to "have shoveled his way through." He spent five years at the university, and during that time supported himself by working as fireman on a railroad locomotive in the early morning and evening.

**President Taft Makes Explanation**

London, Oct. 4.—In another message through the Times correspondent, on the Panama dispute, President Taft explains that his proposals to bring the matter before the Supreme Court was preferable, because an adverse decision would be less galling to Americans than an arbitral award, and Great Britain would still not lose her legal right to demand arbitration.

In an editorial, the Times considers President Taft's explanation very satisfactory, as removing apprehension that an appeal to the Supreme Court was being offered as a substitute for the right of appeal to The Hague, but that it still leaves the whole matter in a confused condition.

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*Wm. L. ...*