

King of Denmark Died Walking Alone in Hamburg

HAMBURG, Germany, May 15.—King Frederick VIII. of Denmark, died alone unrecognized and unattended, on the streets of this city late last night. He fell unconscious to the pavement and died instantly of apoplexy. The King, travelling incognito, arrived here on Monday on his return from a long trip to the south. With the Queen and the royal suite, he took quarters at the Hamburger Hotel.

King Frederick and Queen Louisa, who had travelled here from Nice, under the incognito of the Count and Countess of Kronberg, had their three youngest children, Princess Thyra, Prince Gustav and Princess Dagmar, with them. King Frederick had been undergoing a course of treatment for arterio-sclerosis, with which he had been troubled for a considerable time. He had also suffered from an attack of inflammation of the lungs, but this had been completely overcome.

When he left the Hamburg Hotel last night after eating a hearty dinner, the King strolled toward the "goose market," one of the principal squares in the business section of the city, and which is just round the corner from the hotel. A few minutes later, some pedestrians on the "goose market" noticed an elderly gentleman fall in a heap on the sidewalk. He was dressed in an ordinary business suit and appeared to be a well-to-do tradesman. The passers-by ran to the spot to assist the old gentleman, but found that he was already dead.

A policeman was called, who had the body conveyed in an automobile to the sailor's hospital. The physicians there on duty, on examination, found that death had been instantaneous.

There was nothing on the body which afforded a clue to its identification, and it was placed in the mortuary of the hospital. It was only much later in the evening that the royal suite, which had become anxious owing to the King's absence, heard of the incident that had occurred on the "goose market."

As their inquiries in regard to the King's movements had up to then proved fruitless they, together with the proprietor of the hotel, proceeded to the hospital to look at the body there, although they did not suspect that it was that of His Majesty. On arrival at the hospital they were confronted by the tragic fact the dead man was the King.

Arrangements were immediately made for the body to be conveyed to the hotel, where it was laid out amid masses of flowers.

Although the death of King Frederick was dramatic in its suddenness, a premonition that his health was precarious was given in February last, when he was suddenly stricken with illness at his palace in Copenhagen. His condition, however, was soon pronounced satisfactory by his physicians. Later he was advised to go to the Riviera to take a course of treatment and he left for Nice on April 11. It was on the way back to Copenhagen, by way of Germany, when the fatal attack occurred.

It is now stated here that His Majesty's return from Nice had been hastened as the physician recognised the possibility of a catastrophe. A rumor is current that the late King recently visited a fortune teller incognito, and was informed that he would die on May 15.

The court physicians were unable to induce the King to observe the quiet necessary to his convalescence.

LONDON, May 15.—Queen Mother Alexandra and the Dowager Empress Marie of Russia, both of whom are sisters of the dead King Frederick, are absolutely prostrated by the shock of His Majesty's totally unexpected death. The Dowager Empress Marie is staying at Marlborough House, as the guest of her sister.

Big Water Supply Scheme in the West

Toronto, May 14.—The Globe says: "The biggest water supply scheme ever projected in Canada was planned at a secret meeting held in Winnipeg on Friday, when the government of Saskatchewan, the Canadian Pacific, the Canadian Northern and the Grand Trunk Pacific railways entered into a compact to divert the South Saskatchewan river to supply drinking water to Regina, Moose Jaw, Weyburn and other towns and cities in Saskatchewan. The work will cost ultimately \$20,000,000. Three hundred million gallons of water per day will be available for water supply without detracting greatly from the flow of the river. About 30,000 horse power will also be developed. The work involves the construction of a huge dam

across the Saskatchewan, and a large distributing system to supply the different towns and cities with water. The railways are interested partly because they have been unable to secure water for their locomotives, and also because they feel that the building up of the province means increasing revenue."

Minister Praises Zam-Buk

Tells How It Cured His Wife's Bad Sore

When Everything Else Had Failed

Rev. Henry J. Munton, of Blackfalds, Alta., writes: "My wife had a very bad sore foot, which it seemed impossible to get anything to heal. The sore would heal to a certain point and then fester again, and so on. I procured a box of Zam-Buk, and after persevering with this herbal balm for some time the sore was completely healed."

"We were so grateful for this cure and Zam-Buk acted so differently to any other of the numerous remedies we had tried that I thought you ought to know of this case. I have since recommended Zam-Buk to several of my parishioners, and it always gives satisfaction."

Another instance in which Zam-Buk proved of unequalled value is told by Mr. N. L. Gerry, of Brandon, Man. He says: "I had my left foot run over by a waggon loaded with wheat. The foot was very badly crushed, and my little toe and the next toe were laid open. I applied Zam-Buk, and only had to miss work for two days. Zam-Buk healed the wound so quickly that on the third day I was able to put on my boot and walk to my work. In a very short time my toes were quite healed, and the foot is now as sound as ever, thanks to Zam-Buk."

Just as good for chronic sores, ulcers, piles, blood poison, burns, scalds, eruptions, eczema, and all skin injuries and disease. 50c. box at all druggists and stores, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. Try Zam-Buk Soap, too. 25c. per tablet.

Tuberculosis Death Rate is Declining

New York, May 16.—In the decade from 1901 to 1910, the death rate from tuberculosis in the United States declined from 196.9 for each 100,000 persons living to 160.3, a decrease of 18.7 per cent, while the general death rate, including all causes of death, declined only one-half as fast, or at the rate of 9.7 per cent from 1655.0 to 1495.8.

These figures were given out in a statement issued today by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. They are based on data abstracted from the reports of the United States Bureau of Census, and cover the registration area in this country. According to the statement, the tuberculosis death rate has declined steadily since 1904, when it was 201.6. On the other hand, the general death rate shows a fluctuation downward in general trend, but not as steady as the tuberculosis rate. The decline in the tuberculosis death rate in the last ten years means a saving of 27,000 lives at the present time.

In certain cities, such as New York, Boston, Cleveland, and Chicago, and in states like Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut the decline in the tuberculosis death rate is much more marked than in the country at large.

The National Association says that there are many factors working together to cause the decline in the tuberculosis death rate, such factors as the change in the character of our urban population, increased sanitation, and better housing, but probably as potent a factor as any has been the nation wide anti-tuberculosis campaign. "It may be foretold with considerable certainty," the statement concludes, "that when the effects of the present rapidly increasing provision for the care of tuberculosis patients shall have become evident the decline in the death rate from consumption in the coming decade will be even more marked than that in the last one."

Seventeen thousand applications for the hundred dollar grants from men who claim to be veterans of the Fenian Raids of 1866-70, have been received by the militia department at Ottawa. In fact the department is being swamped with these applications, many of which are based upon a misconception of the conditions governing the granting of the money. Many also are clearly fraudulent. The situation created is somewhat humorous, as it is known that there are less than ten thousand bona fide veterans who actually saw active service.

Given Coat Of Tar And Feathers

San Diego, Cal., May, 16.—Emma Goldman, anarchist leader, and Ben B. Reitman, her manager, were safe in Los Angeles last night. Reitman was taken from his apartment in a local hotel on Tuesday night by armed vigilantes, it was reported yesterday, was placed in an automobile, and hurried to a spot nine miles from this city. There he was given it is said, a coat of tar and feathers, and the letters I. W. W. (Industrial Workers of World), burned on his back, with a lighted cigar. He was left with his railroad ticket and money, but virtually no clothes.

He reached Bernardino, twenty-five miles northeast of San Diego yesterday, after walking all night, bought clothes, and food, and trudged on to Becondidi, five miles distant, where he boarded a train for Los Angeles.

Emma Goldman was escorted to the railroad station in an automobile after deciding to abandon an attempt to lecture in this city.

FARM AND FIELD

RATS DESTROY CORN.

Rodents Attack Growing Grain in the Milk Stage and Combined Death Campaign is on Demand.

The corn crop suffers greater injury from rats than any other crop grown in the middle West. Besides depredations on newly sown seed the animals attack the growing corn when in the milk stage. They climb the upright stalks and often strip the corn clean of grain.

A farmer living near Grand River, Iowa, relates the following experience:—

"We had about two thousand bushels of corn in three cribs to which rats ran and they ate and destroyed one-fourth of it. Much of it was too unwholesome to put through the grinder until it had been cleaned an ear at a time. All the time we were poisoning and trapping them. We killed as high as 300 rats in two days and could hardly miss them. They destroyed more than enough corn to pay taxes on 400 acres of land."

One man reports an instance in which rats destroyed three-fourths of the crop on thirteen acres. A large portion of the crop grown on the Potomac Flats near Washington was destroyed by rats.

Handy Horse-Hints

Did you ever try feeding the colts raw sliced potatoes now and then? They like them wonderfully well. Good for them, too; but don't have them try to eat round potatoes.

When your horse scrambles up into the stall at the sound of your voice, you may be sure that your voice does not sound good to him.

Pure feed, plenty of air and regular exercise are best for the mother horse. But don't overdo the work.

Don't shut up a little colt in a dingy place by himself.

Give him companionship. A calf will do if there are no other colts on the farm.

Even if we can not get fancy prices for our horses, there are good profits in growing colts.

If a colt is worth raising at all he is worth raising well.

Do not overwork the mare. If you do you will injure the colt.

Don't attempt to raise a colt from a poor old nondescript mare.

WEAK KIDNEYS KILL QUICKLY

Are You Irritable, Depressed? Does Your Back Ache? Have You Nervous Fears?

Any Illness of the Kidneys Means a Sick Body All Over. Note the Symptoms.

Are you weak? Feel tired out? Full of aches, pains? Have you bad headaches? Does your back drag? Are your joints painful? Have you rheumatic pains? Are your ankles weak, swelled? Any puffiness under your eyes? If you have any of the above symptoms, give your overworked kidneys help at once. They are diseased, but can be restored by Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Thousands of men and women use Dr. Hamilton's Pills every day—thousands have added years to their life by this best of all kidney medicines. Mrs. W. U. Rossiter, wife of a well-known merchant in Kensington, writes as follows: "Ten years ago my kidney trouble started. I suffered dreadful pains in my spine and around my waist, my back feeling as if hot irons were running through. I couldn't sleep, had no appetite, was pale, thin, and very nervous. Cruel headaches and despondency added to my burden. Not until I had used Dr. Hamilton's Pills did I get any relief. They proved capital and helped me immediately. Eight boxes made me well and now I do my own housework, feel and look the picture of health." Your complete restoration to health is certain with Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c per box at all dealers.

IF YOU ARE USING A

cheap grade of coffee, a few cents extra per pound will give you an immeasurably finer beverage worth many times the extra expenditure.

A trial of

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coffee will prove it.

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MONTREAL

PACKED IN ONE AND TWO POUND CANS ONLY

Throng Sees Kerr

Plant First Post

Work of marking Route of Canada's

Ocean-to-Ocean Highway is Com-

menced—Cry is now "Eastward

Ho!"

Alberni, B. C., May 17.—With due and imposing ceremony the first post of the Canadian Highway was planted here at the foot of Johnston Street at two o'clock on Saturday afternoon, in the presence of over 1,200 persons, nine hundred of whom had traveled from sixty to three hundred miles to witness this event, unique in the annals of Canadian road building. One hundred and three automobiles made the run across Vancouver Island from Victoria and Nanaimo to Alberni, this being the biggest automobile run ever held in western Canada. Many autos came from Vancouver, Westminster, Seattle, Tacoma and even Portland.

The official "planting" of the post devolved upon W. J. Kerr, President of the Canadian Highway Association, in the absence of Lieutenant-Governor Patterson, who was prevented from attending at the last moment. With flags floating in the breeze and to the accompaniment of hundreds of camera clicks, Mr Kerr drove the post in position while the Port Alberni Band played "The Red White and Blue". A moving-picture operator, representing the Urbania Co. recorded every movement on 800 feet of film. These pictures will be exhibited all over Canada, part of the United States and throughout Great Britain, arrangements having been made with John H. Turner, British Columbia's representative in London, to this effect.

The digging of the hole was almost as ceremonial as the actual planting of the post. The first spadeful of earth was turned by A. E. Todd, of Victoria, one of the vice-presidents of the Canadian Highway Association. The other "Laborers" who helped in the excavating included the Mayors of five British Columbia cities, eight members of Parliament, three millionaires, about twenty aldermen, a large number of the best known society ladies of Vancouver Island.

J. F. Bledsoe, of Alberni, held the position of Master of Ceremonies, and introduced the various speakers, the first being Rev. J. Carruthers, who made the visitors welcome in a speech brimful of enthusiasm for the great work in which they are interested. Immediately after planting the post, President Kerr delivered a magnificent oration well calculated to arouse in every man within sound of his voice a desire to be up and doing for the cause of good roads. He declared that from now on the call of the road would be "Eastward Ho!" The other speakers included W. W. Foster, Deputy Minister of Public Work, Miss Agnes Deans Cameron, one of the best known Canadian writers, Mr. Plimpton, President of the Seattle Automobile Club, Mayor Beckwith, of Victoria Mayor Shaw, of Nanaimo, J. G. C. Wood, M. P. for Alberni District, and several others.

Nearly fifty cars left for Nanaimo immediately after the ceremony, other visitors spent the remainder of the afternoon visiting Port Alberni, one and a half miles distant, Sproat Lake, and other nearby points of interest.

In the evening the citizens of Alberni tended a banquet to President Kerr and his fellow officers of the Canadian Highway Association, and also arranged an impromptu dance for the intertainment of the ladies and other guests. Alberni has a population of nearly 300, and although hotel accommodation was so overtaxed that every resident was called upon to accommodate two or more guests, not one of the hundreds of visitors suffered the slightest inconvenience.

Taft-Roosevelt Contest Is Dubbed In England, "Dog Fight"

London, May 16.—The Pall Mall Gazette says in an editorial article:

"Mr. Roosevelt is certainly going to make a race of it with his opponent. His easy victory in California upsets all the calculations of the Taft party, and if his success should be repeated this week in the latter's state, Ohio, the president's chances of nomination will almost have vanished."

"The two candidates have covered each other so thickly with mud that the American people may be compelled for their own dignity, to find some other occupant of the White House."

"The 'dog fight,' as it has come to be called, is a spectacle too lamentable to amuse even the distant on-looker."

"Englishmen will not forget he respect due the head of the great friendly nation but the manners of this contest are not making it easy to remember."

Cat Makes Annual Trips to St. John.

(Boston Transcript.)

Gloucester, Mass., has a cat character, a Manx Tabby named Bobtail. She belongs to the captain of the City of Gloucester, the steamer that runs from Gloucester to Boston. Bobtail is a feline feminist of pronounced individuality, an exponent of that independence of thought and action which marks the progress of the sex in this enlightened age. Bobtail attends to her maternal duties with patient fidelity each year, and then she takes a sea trip regularly. Twice a year she comes to Boston on the City of Gloucester all by herself, transfers herself to the St. John boat at the Boston dock and takes a trip to New Brunswick. She is usually gone about three weeks on her biennial trips, returning in the same way to the bosom of her family in Gloucester. Doubtless she feels the need of a change like many an overworked mother, and has the strength of mind to take it, although the regularity of the visits and the unvarying destination might suggest a dual life. The employees on the two steamers have acquainted themselves with this peculiar habit of the cat, but no one knows where she goes when she arrives in St. John. Her journeyings, disappearances and reappearances are matters of yearly comment to an interested circle of her human friends.

"Sick Man's Friend"

That's the Name Given by Thousands to the Old Family Standard, "Nerviline."

1,000,000 Bottles Used Annually

No better known or more popular family remedy has ever been compounded than "Nerviline." During the past half century its success has been phenomenal—due to the fact that it always cures.

"No one could get me to go to bed at night unless I was sure we had Nerviline in the house," writes Mrs. R. R. Weightman, of Bolton P.O. "Six years ago my husband was taken badly with rheumatism, which affected his right arm and shoulder. It was so sore and stiff as to be almost helpless for four years. I read of the cure of James E. Everett, and felt sure that when Nerviline cured a case like his, it would cure my husband. I got a dollar's worth of Nerviline, five bottles, in Buffalo, and am pleased to write you that the fourth bottle cured. We have since used Nerviline for Lumbago, Neuralgia, Colds, Chest Tightness, and other minor ailments in the family, and found 'Nerviline' to be the 'Sick Man's Friend.'"

No other remedy is so useful in the home, so universally employed to alleviate pain and curing the sick. Refuse anything offered you instead of Nerviline, which is sold: Large 25c bottles or five for \$1.00. By all dealers, or The Catarrhzone Company, Kingston, Ont.

Cured 4 Years' Rheumatism