

A Real Story of How a Man Was Chased by Wolves About 71 Years Ago.

One of the pioneer settlers living at this time about 10 miles below the town of Woodstock, in a valley on the St. John River Road, which since that date has bore the name of the Teeling Valley. At this time the town of Woodstock was very small. As near as the writer can tell there were only two stores in the town at that time, one owned by a man named Tracey, who generally supplied all the lumbermen with all supplies that were necessary to carry on their lumber business. Beginning with my story, the man that was chased by the wolves was Thomas Teeling, who years previous left an English Man of War and stayed in and about the Miramichi for a number of years and married a Miss Brown of Miramichi. Seeking to make the best of advance in the future of his family, he was attracted by great inducements that the lumber business offered for investors, so he came to this part of N. B., which at that time was pretty much all woods from Eel River, now Meductic, to Woodstock, and built a log house in the Teeling valley being up-to-date hewn logs, peeled off all the bark and made it nice and roomy with two large fireplaces. The principle main road at that time, in winter, was on the river so all the houses that were built were as close to the river as locality would suit, his house being on a gradually sloping piece of land towards the river about four rods from where Delbert Franklin now lives in this valley.

It was about December 1843 that Thomas Teeling had a crew in the woods on the rear of his lot about three miles from the St. John river, a small camp, seven men, one pair of oxen and one pair of horses. Mr Teeling left the camp about two o'clock in the afternoon on Thursday. The cook had run out of pork for beans and they did not want to take the horses from their work until Saturday night; so Mr Teeling said he would walk in, and called at home, and his good wife gave him a cup of tea, and walked up two miles to Walter Hay's store (that would be A W Hay's grandfather.) There was no other settlers on this strip of road, except Peter Watson, and he lived on the Medactic flat, the lower part, and the horse road was through the woods, up over the hills from the flat. There were no main roads; they walked this winding path through the wood, or went on horse back. He went to Hay's store for some pork, intending to walk back and out to the camp that night. By the time he got to the store and got his supplies, owing to the short days in December, it was growing dark.

There was a little cleared space about the store, and a man by the name of John Yerxa had a little farm cleared, a few rods from where James Braden now lives. The store was a few rods above where James Braden's house now stands. From there to Teeling valley was a dense dismal woods filled with thousands of wolves.

As soon as Thomas left the store with the sack on his back and entered the woods, he heard a howl from a wolf, that through natural instinct they always keep on guard. No sooner had he heard one howl when all at once, from north, south, east and west, came sounds of the approaching wolves, seeking their prey. Thomas knew in a minute the trying circumstances which awaited him. The first thought that came to his mind was to break into a fast run and at some place, when the wolves got near to him, to throw the pork off his shoulder, having heard in days before that such things had worked successfully—to throw the bloodthirsty animals off their prey. After running about a half mile he could see them coming nearer. He threw the pork over a bridge on the ice, on what is known as Bull's Creek. The remains of the old bridge is there today. But no, this did not daunt the mad pursuit of his enemies. One sniff of the salt pork was enough for them. A few stopped for a moment and seemed to start again with renewed effort, to catch up again with the human prey that was bounding through the air, knowing that it was a life and death chase between him and the wolves.

As they drew nearer the perspiration stood out on his head like beads, and as the old saying goes, his hair stood on ends, raising his cap from his head and leaving it far in the rear. "Oh, if I could only get in reach of home, so

they could hear the barking of these devils, there may be a chance for me but should my feet slip, or should I stumble and fall"—all these things ran through his mind. "I can't hold out much longer, for as I throw my hand back in my fleeing from these wolves I can feel their warm breath and can hear the snapping of teeth.

Mrs Teeling was at home and going to the door she heard the barking of the wolves. She knew at that moment what it all meant. Taking a long breath and telling Murray, aged 15 and Jim, aged 13, to hustle into their clothes, that their father was being chased by wolves. With her presence of mind, she opened the closet door that led to the stairs to the cellar, and taking two or three flambos herself, they used for spearing salmon, made of birch bark, and handing Murry and Jim a couple apiece, lit them by the old fireplace. It being now very dark, they started out, leaving the other four girls to look after the house in her absence. They started up the narrow road, torches in hand, leading up the hill towards where G W Brown now lives. On that hill is where they met the fleeing father and husband, with the savage wolves right at his heels. The bright blaze and snapping of the birch bark drove fear into the pack of wolves, which from a rough estimate, must of been upwards of one hundred. Their sharp eyes shone like sparks of fire in the dense darkness of the night caused by the light of the flambos. Thomas was about gone, but through careful nursing on this weary road in December, by the hand of his affectionate wife, they led him to a spring on the road a few rods below Mr Brown's. By a refreshing drink of water and wiping the sweat from his brow, he was able, with the assistance of his wife and children to walk home. That would make his run home somewhere in the neighborhood of two miles. Thomas, his son, and Isaac, were both in the camp about three miles back, waiting for their father to return. They had unharnessed their horses and were just sitting down to their supper, when they heard the howling of the wolves. Thomas said, "Isaac, father is being chased somewhere by the wolves." Thinking that it must be on the tote road to the camp they made haste, throwing the harness on the horse, they made for the river as quickly as they could, expecting at any time to find their faithful father a prey to the angry wolves; but they soon reached the house, and with foaming horses with swetty nostrils, heaving with the heavy running, they found, to their delight, their father at home lying beside the old fireplace, very fatigued. Without unharnessing their team, they stopped and listened to the mother tell the noble story and her Murry and Jim driving back the wolves which in a few moments more would surely have killed their father. So the boys decided to stay all night and go back up the road in the morning, and to personally look over the trail where their father had a life and death chase the night before. Going over the route they found the pork that had been thrown over the bridge, not touched, only a few tracks of the wolves that had chased their father.

P. S. Thomas Teeling, formerly of England, was a settler in the Teeling Valley. There are three of the family who can probably acknowledge this as a true story.

A bandit boarded Western and Atlanta passenger train No. 1. at Vining, Ga., Friday night, robbed passengers of several hundred dollars, and, after engaging in a pistol duel with a deputy sheriff who was on board jumped from the train at Bolton, Ga.

Out of a list of 1,000 words published for spelling test in Brooklyn, N. Y., Isaac Stearns, 88 years old, lame and blind was able to spell all but two of the words. He was formerly principal of a Long Island school and retired some time ago.

King Gustave of Sweden, in his speech to Parliament, Friday, announced the intention of the government again to ask Parliament to grant to women the franchise and the right of election to office and to Parliament on the same conditions as are enjoyed by men.

With the engineer unconscious in his seat from a fractured skull, the New York and St. Louis express on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad sped over the rails for a brief time Thursday evening without a controlling hand on the throttle. It is believed he was struck on the head by a piece of ice or a rock falling from a cliff a short distance east of Brunswick.

Four Persons Deal in Brockton Fire

BROCKTON, Mass., Jan 17. Four persons lost their lives in an apartment house fire to-day, and five others were injured, according to reports from the upper stories.

The dead are:—Mrs. Mary J. Monahan, and her son, W. Bernard Monahan; M. Crawford Linenthal, and an unidentified man.

There were many thrilling escapes. William A. Reno, who lived on the top floor with his wife and three small children, tossed two children safely into the life nets. In the meantime, Mrs. Reno, with her baby in her arms, climbed down a fire escape which extended only to the second storey, where the woman threw her child into the arms of a man below, and then dropped to safety.

The Manitoba legislature has decided against taking a referendum on the question of abolishing the bar in that province.

Up to Jan. 10, since Dec. 22, there was in Chicago exactly 16 minutes of full sunlight, all of which came on the last day of the period. On five different days the clouds were so thick that street lights had to be turned on.

The Duke of Connaught will not go to Newfoundland next summer his Royal Highness, with the Princess Patricia and party, will, instead, make a trip to the Pacific Coast.

William Holmes, chief clerk in the mechanical offices of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, was arrested at 22 months on Friday on a charge of stealing passes. Donald R. Pierce, proprietor of the Hub Employment Agency, was also arrested on a charge of illegally selling them.

Action for unstated damages for libel has been entered at Toronto by Sir John Willison and the News against the Mail and Empire. The alleged libel consists of an allegation as to the authorship of a despatch to the London Times ten days ago announcing the death of Sir James Whitney.

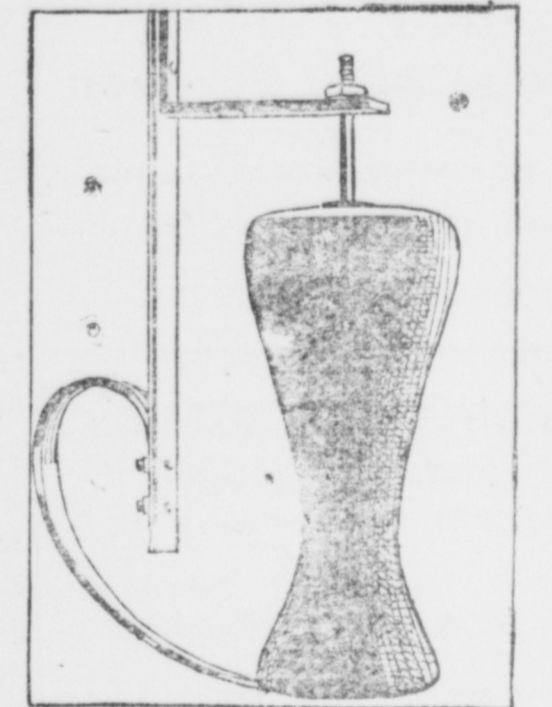
SEVERE COLD ON LUNGS AND CHEST QUICKLY RELIEVED

By Na-Dru Co Syrup of Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne
Mr. J. Seward, Bromptonville, Que., writes:
"Two weeks ago I took a severe cold which settled on my lungs and my chest was very sore, breathing tight and severe hacking cough. I was feeling miserable. I bought a bottle of Na-Dru Co Syrup of Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne and after a few doses I felt great relief and I went into a sound sleep, a thing I was not able to do for some nights. Next day I was able to be around again, and before completing the bottle, felt as well as ever. It is a fine cough and cold cure."
Na-Dru Co Syrup of Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne relieves the irritation and "stuffed-up" feeling in the air passages, soothes the tickling which makes you cough, loosens the phlegm and drives out the cold before it gets troublesome.
In 25c and 50c bottles, at your Druggist's, National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited. 322

Silver buttons, the size and shape of a penny trim some of the new suits.

Many zibe ties and velours will be used in the making of fall costumes.

DEVICE TO PREVENT RAILROAD ACCIDENTS



A device has been patented which is intended to reduce the list of fatal railway accidents. It has been established that a majority of fatalities are the result of persons being struck and run down by cars.

This safety device consists of a revolving wooden spool, hung upon springs and attached to the corners of the trucks above the rail. The spool is concave. Experiments show that an object which would roll under the wheels, when struck by the trucks, is thrown out of harm's way when struck by the spool.

CHARACTER IN THUMBS

The Long, Straight Thumb Shows Good Mental Capacity


Just as the chin gives qualities to the face, so the thumb marks the personality of the hand, and is an unerring index to a man's natural strength or weakness of character.

The man with a long, straight thumb, square at the tip, possesses good mental capacity, and can always be relied upon to carry out successfully any work with which he may be entrusted. His temperament is even and judicial; he is a born governor of men, overcomes difficulties and carries himself with dignity.

If the thumb is long, thick, and heavy at the tip, with the joints prominent, a tyrannical and cruel nature is indicated, everything being viewed from an intensely selfish standpoint.

A short, straight thumb shows obstinacy and driving power. If very thick and heavy at the tip, a brutish, unreasoning disposition will be noticed. A short thumb, tapering at the tip, denotes an inconstant, changeable nature, particularly in matters of the affection.

If the thumb lie close to the hand, a cautious, timid, mean nature is indicated. If the thumb curve outward at the tip, adaptability to people and circumstances is shown, accompanied by natural politeness and a tendency to make compliments. The owner is broad-minded, a good conversationalist, impulsive, generous and easy-going. If the curve be very marked and the whole thumb stands away from the hand, extravagance and want of principle in money matters will be found, accompanied by boasting, a desire to "show off" and vain pride in any abilities or accomplishments which may be possessed.



**EIGHTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT OF
The Bank of Nova Scotia**

Capital Paid-Up, \$6,000,000 Reserve Fund, \$11,000,000

PROFIT AND LOSS	
1912. Dec. 31. By Balance	\$51,854 48
1913. Dec. 31. " Net profits for current year; losses by bad debts estimated and provided for	1,210,774 39
	\$1,265,628 87
1913. Feb. 15. To Premium paid Bank of New Brunswick on purchase	\$ 100,000 00
Dec. 31. To Dividends for year at 14%	814,504 60
" Contribution to Officers' Pension Fund	50,000 00
" Written off Bank Premises Account	150,000 00
" Transferred to Reserve Fund	110,000 00
" Balance carried forward	31,124 27
	\$1,265,628 87
RESERVE FUND	
1912. Dec. 31. By Balance	\$8,728,146 00
1913. Feb. 15. " Reserve Fund Bank of New Brunswick	1,790,000 00
Dec. 31. " Premium on New Stock	371,854 00
" Transferred from Profit and Loss	110,000 00
	\$11,000,000 00
1913. Dec. 31. To Balance carried forward	\$11,000,000 00
GENERAL STATEMENT AS AT DECEMBER 31st, 1913	
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	\$ 6,000,000 00
Reserve Fund	11,000,000 00
Balance of Profits, as per Profit and Loss Account	41,124 27
Dividends declared and unpaid	215,545 17
Rebate of Interest on unmatured Loans	208,724 28
	17,465,393 72
Notes of the Bank in Circulation	5,948,022 64
Deposits not bearing Interest	\$12,670,716 40
Deposits bearing Interest, including Interest accrued to date	43,305,668 61
	55,976,385 01
Balances due to other banks in Canada	61,924,407 02
Balances due to banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom	107,131 46
Balances due to banks and banking correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom	78,577 68
	62,549,795 70
Acceptances under Letters of Credit	145,040 57
	\$80,151,829 99
ASSETS	
Current Coin held by the Bank	\$ 4,363,163 08
Dominion Notes held	6,077,686 00
Notes of other Banks	736,092 08
Cheques on other Banks	3,142,765 74
Balances due by other Banks in Canada	880 50
Balances due by banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom and sterling exchange	2,107,219 16
Balances due by banks and banking correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom	1,868,505 53
	18,326,312 15
Deposit in the Central Gold Reserve	500,000 00
Dominion and Provincial Government securities not exceeding market value	651,439 25
Canadian Municipal securities and British, Foreign and Colonial public securities other than Canadian, not exceeding market value	1,268,300 18
Railway and other bonds, debentures and stocks, not exceeding market value	3,489,742 02
Call and demand loans in Canada secured by bonds, debentures and stocks	4,208,681 67
Demand loans in Canada secured by grain and other staple commodities	4,468,668 00
Call and demand loans elsewhere than in Canada	6,100,565 08
	39,073,108 35
Deposit with the Minister of Finance for the purposes of a circulation fund	248,495 22
Loans to governments and municipalities	1,165,793 01
Current loans in Canada secured by grain and other staple commodities	2,082,566 95
Other current loans and discounts in Canada	39,184,073 53
Other current loans and discounts elsewhere than in Canada	5,584,004 27
Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit, as per contra	145,040 57
Overdue debts, estimated loss provided for	84,125 11
Bank Premises at not more than cost, less amounts written off	1,560,150 12
Other assets not included in the foregoing	23,872 86
	\$80,151,829 99
JOHN Y. PAYZANT, President.	H. A. RICHARDSON, General Manager.
AUDITORS' REPORT	
We have investigated the affairs of The Bank of Nova Scotia, and certify that the above Eighty-second General Statement in our opinion presents a fair and conservative view of the condition of the Bank as at the close of business on December 31, 1913.	
Our investigation included an examination of the general books of the Bank as kept at the offices made by its various branches. We further verified by count and examination the cash on hand at the offices in Halifax and Toronto, King Street, and inspected all securities owned by the Bank excepting those held at St. John and Havana. In verification of the securities held at these two branches certified statements were forwarded to us.	
MARWICK, MITCHELL, PEAT & CO. Chartered Accountants.	
Toronto, January 13, 1914.	