

Good Morning!

WE ARE INTRODUCING
American Silk
American Cashmere
American Cotton-Lisle
HOSIERY

They have stood the test. Give real foot comfort. No seems to rip. Never become loose or baggy. The shape is knit in—not pressed in.

GUARANTEED for fineness style, superiority of material and workmanship. Absolutely stainless. Will wear 6 months with out holes, or new ones free.

OUR SPECIAL OFFER to every one sending us \$1.00 in currency or postal note, to cover advertising and shipping charges, we will send post paid with written guarantee, backed by a five million dollar company, either

3 Pairs of our 75 c. value American Silk Hosiery,
or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value American Cashmere Hosiery,
or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value American Cotton Lisle Hosiery
or 6 Pairs of Children's Hosiery.

Give the color, size, and whether Ladies' or Gent's hosiery is desired.

DON'T DELAY—Offer expires when a dealer in your locality is selected

THE INTERNATIONAL HOSIERY CO.
P. O. Box 214
DAYTON, OHIO, U. S. A.

Educator Tell Of Mutilated Victims Of German Soldiers.

New York, Oct. 23.—Belgium, from one end to another a devastated country, is almost denuded of its inhabitants, who have fled in terror from the advancing German hordes, according to Mr. C. H. Moore, until September 17, an English Professor at Antwerp. Mr. Moore left with the influx of starving refugees converted the city into a vast pit of sorrow.

Almost every refugee sparsely clad, and carrying tawdry bits of valuables brought into Antwerp tales of outrages committed by German soldiers, he said. At night little groups of outraged men and women gathered on the crowded littered street, retelling stories of suffering and privation undergone when the Germans raided their section of the country.

Wounded soldiers, he said, arrived hourly, and were tenderly cared for, although the accommodations of the great city were taxed to the utmost. Although news that the Germans were advancing day by day was heard by everyone, there was little fear that Antwerp would fall, as the Belgians believed that no force could penetrate its great defences.

The fall of Liege, then of Namur, the burning of Louvain, the sacking of Termonde—all of these tragedies and outrages brought thousands of more refugees into Antwerp," he said. "As fast as possible most of them were sent on to England. At times there came women who had been mutilated. Every day there were new stories of victims who had been brought in.

"Soldiers suffered terrible mutilations. In Leeds Infirmary, at Leeds, England, when I was on my way to this country, I saw, lying on a cot, an English cavalryman, one of whose eyes had been gouged out and whose two hands had been cut off. He was wounded at the battle of Mons, and as he lay helpless waiting for aid a German soldier passed. He reached down and gouged out an eye and then with his sabre cut off both the man's hands. The victim was a young chap, probably twenty one or so, and the surgeons said that he would get well. There are so many more of these victims that the recounting of successive stories of brutality and barbarism merely nauseates by their horror."

England, he said, was acting as the foster brother of harried Belgium, and thousands of refugees were living in the homes of well known Englishmen. The government has asked that each responsible family care for as many as possible and the response, Mr. Moore says, has been most gratifying.

"The bravery of the Belgians is beyond all comprehension," he said. "I

used to smile at the Belgian soldiers who swarmed about in Antwerp. Now I regard them as the finest little body of fighting men of modern times."

Emperor William Is The Boss.

London, Oct. 27.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Times learns from Berlin that under the new military agreement between Germany and Austria, Emperor William undertakes the leadership of the united armies. According to the latest accounts received in Copenhagen, the German Emperor is in good health and spirits.

Son Of Kaiser Seriously Ill

Copenhagen, Oct. 27.—It is learned in Berlin that the German medical authorities attending Prince Oscar, son of Emperor William, regard his recovery as very doubtful. The young prince is suffering from partial paralysis of the vagus nerve and his brain has become affected. His condition is believed to have been caused by the shock of having all his officers killed by Turks in fighting near the Meuse.

The Hague, Oct. 27.—It is learned from semi-official sources that Count Helmuth von Moltke, chief of the German general staff is at death's door. He has been seriously ill for a fortnight, his sickness being aggravated by the failure of the general staff's military plan in France and the displeasure of the Kaiser.

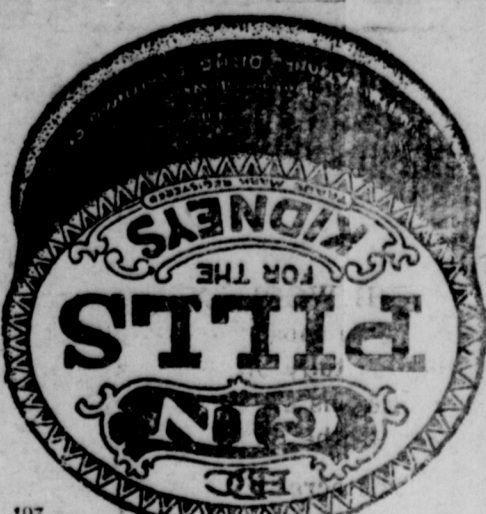
A Woman's Right to Health.

NO REASON WHY THEY SHOULD SUFFER FROM BACKACHES AND HEADACHES

To every woman belongs the right to enjoy a healthy, active, happy life, yet nine out of ten suffer, often in silence from splitting headaches, torturing backache, violent heart palpitation or some other of the many evils that follow anaemia, or bloodlessness.

That is why one sees so many women with pale, thin cheeks, dull eyes and drooping figures—sure signs that the blood is out of order. All suffering women should win the right to be well by refreshing their weary bodies with the new, rich blood of health that promptly transforms them into healthy, attractive women. There is no other medicine can supply this new, rich blood so speedily and so surely as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Through this medicine thousands of tired, suffering women have found new health and strength. Mrs. James Drost, Chipman N. B., says: "For years I did not know what it was to be entirely free from headache or backache. My hands were cold and clammy all the time. It was difficult for me to get my work done, and to walk even a short distance would leave me completely worn out. My life was one of constant worry and I thought I would never be better. I was doctoring all the time but without a bit of benefit, and finally the doctor stopped giving me medicine as he said he could not help me. Do you wonder that I was in despair. My mother urged me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but I said: 'what's the use, medicine can't help me.' However, my husband got six boxes of the pills, and to please him I began to take them. By the time I had finished them I undoubtedly had improved and there was the signs of returning health in my cheeks and hands. My husband thought the improvement so great that he got me another half dozen boxes and before these were completed I was enjoying such good health as I had not had in years, in fact, I was a well woman, and have since enjoyed the best of health. I sincerely feel that I owe my life to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and shall always recommend them to all sick people."

You can get these pills at any medicine dealers, or they will be sent by mail postpaid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



Low doses of Pink Pills to you
Free—If you have any kidney
or bladder trouble. After you
see how good they are—get
the size at your dealer's.
National Drug & Chemical Co.
of Canada, Limited
Toronto

Kaiser Wants Calais Taken

London, Oct. 27.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Times wires that reports received there from German sources say that the Kaiser has issued the direct order that, no matter what the cost, Calais is to be taken.

It is reported that the Kaiser was in Belgium on Sunday and listened personally to reports of his officers. He is then reported to have stated that the occupancy of Calais and Dunkirk were necessarily vital points in the German strategic plan, but that this was especially so in the case of Calais. Therefore, the order was issued that no matter how much war material, how many men, were sacrificed, the march to the Channel must succeed.

Paris, Oct. 27.—With a number of their heavy guns mounted to protect their front, and with hundreds of light pieces and rapid-firers deluging the allied lines with shrapnel and bullets, the Germans continued today their supreme effort to win through to the coast from the north and east. Inside of the Dixmude-Neuport line, the fighting continued without let up last night, the combatants operating in the glare of enormous search lights that made the scene as light as day. The rival aviators flew over the trenches, dropping bombs, while the monitors of the fleet, which withdrew to sea on Sunday after three had been hit, were back, throwing shells from their long-range guns.

In the territory lying southwest of Ypres, and between Armentieres and Lille, further desperate fighting was in progress. Here the British, who are bearing the brunt of the struggle, are reported to be losing heavily, but they are also said to be slowly forcing the Germans back to the east and on their heavily entrenched positions at Lille.

The main purpose of the German, it is said at the headquarters of General Gallieni, is apparent. They are now concentrating their efforts to break through to the coast on an almost direct line to Dunkirk, and leave along the coast the thin line of French and Belgians who are holding the coast positions at a painful odds.

London, Oct. 27.—Telegraphing from Flushing, under date of Sunday, the Daily Mail's correspondent says:

"The general opinion is that the allies will soon be in Ostend again. Ostend, like Bruges and Ghent, is overflowing with wounded, and Antwerp itself is now filling up. This unceasing flow of wounded men is calculated to destroy the morale of the German troops in Ostend.

'Reports from all sources tell of

PIANO CONTEST

Enter the Contest now and Win

A BEAUTIFUL AMHERST PIANO

Please remember—this is not going to be one of those low grade Pianos which you wouldn't buy at any price (if you were well advised). It is an instrument of the highest quality that is constructed, and is costing us a great deal more than some other pianos which we could have put into this competition just as well as not. You might be surprised to know that we could put in just about two of "the other kind" for what this is costing us. We decided to do this because we are musicians ourselves and want our readers to compare for just such an instrument as we would take pride in owning and using ourselves. We think that the public which we reach will appreciate this fact. Everything else being equal, you would prefer the high grade piano wouldn't you?

You will not have to get your piano out of a catalogue, or from a high flown description, or merely from a newspaper cut, but you can see a piano of exactly the kind we are giving, at the "Dispatch Office, Woodstock. You can examine it and try it. Only this—your piano will be brand new, direct from the Amherst factory, and you will have three different styles of cases to choose from. Inside they are all alike. We want to make this competition something worth working for. Something a little bit different from what a newspaper generally offers.

The "Amherst" is comparatively a new piano, but one of the highest grade pianos made in the Dominion of Canada. The judges at the Toronto Exposition awarded it the best. That is speaking pretty well of a piano made in the Maritime Provinces, isn't it? What more could be said?

There is another thing about this "Amherst Piano." It is the only piano made into which you can put a "player afterwards if you want to. "Players are very costly when you have to buy them with a piano. Wouldn't you prefer a piano into which you could put a player attachment later on, at no great deal of money. The Amherst Player, or "Cremonatone is a beautiful simple instrument, with several improvements over any other, under more perfect control, easier to operate. The player mechanism is built under exclusive patents, is very compact, and that is why it does not require a special piano to hold it, and it can be placed in the ordinary pianos which the "Amherst" factory turns out. Every Amherst Piano is guaranteed for Twenty years, and is the only piano that carries a guarantee for that length of time.

Write the DISPATCH OFFICE for INSTRUCTIONS and SUBSCRIPTION BLANKS for this CONTEST.

terrible carnage round about Roulers, where the dead are lying in heaps. On the sea front, where the naval shells worked havoc, carts come and go the day long with wounded. Large farm wagons with their sloping sides are packed with masses of wounded and dying men."

London, Oct. 27.—A despatch from Paris to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that the Germans have seized the Prince of Monaco's chateau De Marchais, near Rheims, and declare that they will blow it up unless the Prince immediately pays a ransom of half a million dollars. The Prince has addressed an appeal in the case to the neutral countries.

London, Oct. 27. The British gun used for the first time in recent days, says the correspondent of the Times in Northern France has provided a fresh terror for German airmen. The gun, the correspondent states, succeeds in finding its target with great facility.

British Held Back The Germans.

London, Oct. 27.—Telegraphing about the fighting in Belgium, the correspondent of the Times in Northern France, says:

"The enemy's most furious and most vigorous attack along the line of the Yser was at Ypres, where a quarter of a million Germans, for five critical days, were held back by the British force.

"The artillery fire against the British in the trenches was terrible, churning up the earth and often burying the men by dozens. Repeatedly the enemy's infantry advanced to within a few hundred yards, but every time our men leaped from the trenches and went at them with the bayonets.

"The Germans have no relish for a bayonet charge, and they fled, firing their rifles over their shoulders as they ran.

"Many hundreds were captured and thousands were killed and wounded. Still their shrapnel rained into the British trenches and fresh infantry took the places of the Germans who had been decimated.

"The situation grew more and more critical and it seemed that the British were likely to be borne down by the sheer weight of numbers. Still they held on. Friday came at last, and with it needed reinforcements. The position was saved and the Germans fell back fifteen miles."

BORN

COULTHARD.—On Sunday, Oct. 18th., to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Coulthard, a son.

DUROST.—At the Fisher Hospital on Monday Oct. 26 to Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Durost, twins, son and daughter.

DIED

COULTHARD.—On Sunday, Oct. 18th., the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Coulthard.