Saxon Private to die for Killing Wounded.

Paris, Fab. 28. - A French cour martial sitting a Rannes has sentenced Carl Vogel Gearng, a pr vate of the 26 h Saxon Infantry. taken prisoner in September, to military degradation and dea h co conviction of tillaging, arein, an of killing French won det befor he was captured. To chof ev dence against him wis tore s by his own diary,

He denied killing wounded, but admitted the pll girg and ars n charges, saying he had seted un der order of his superior . .

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Re ward for any case of Caterrn that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarih Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO, Toledo, O. We the undersigned have known F J. Cheney for the last 5 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all busi ness transactions and financially able to errry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE TOLEDC, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Terti monia's sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Drugg:sts.

Take Hall's Family Pins for constipation.

Mutton Ragout

Take the scrag end of a neck of mutton and cut into neat pieces, cutting away all unnecessary fat; dissolve two ounces or clarified dripping in a casserole, and add to this two ornces of flour, and when thoroughly blended and of the consistency of cream, but only lightly colored lay in the meat and cook for twenty minutes, stirring consta, tly; add enough stock or water to cover the meat thoroughly. and stir in all together till it comes to the boil, learning the effects of the bom then draw the pan to one side and let! bardment of the fortress by the the contents simmer gently, seasoning with pepper and salt and a dust of pepper; it will take from two to three The Germans however, because of hours' slow cooking. Meanwhile peel and cut up into dice two carrots and two turnips and slice thinly an onion; toss all these vegetables in a pan over their action to a violent shelling the fire with one ounce of drippings till of the town.' nicely colored; then add to the meat and ! let all stew gently till the meat is cooked. Lift out and serve with the vege tables in the centre.

Says Germany's Position Hopeless

London, March 4 - The corres. pondent of the London Daily Express uncer date of "On the Bel gian frontier, Wednesday," says.

"That Germany's portion in Be'gium is hopeless is frankly confessed by a German staff officer. "We have no illusions about the Yes: campaign," said he.

"It would have been a wise thing to have retired weeks ago and unliked our strength in other directions. We dared not do so, our government would not let us recede en inch, fearing the effect

on the people at home. "As long as the G rman armies go forward, or at least hold their own, it is possible to keep the La tion in a hopeful frame of mind. or at least keep it from despair. But news of our relinquishing territory for which so many live have been sacrificed wou'd have a terrible effect.

"I iternal troubles are leared far more than a mere defeat of our armies in the field. If the peo ple ever believe they have made sacrifices in vain and that Germany is beaten, look out for earth quakes. They do not think 40, deepite the growing economic pressur put on them by England.

The air and sa raids and the new submaring campaign agains Eugland bave stimulated pu' lie opinion. The loss of the Buccher did not cause the slightest reaction-General Von Hindenburg's victory in the east was simply providen-

"(fur people are tired of meagre bulletins. We are starving for victories. Incidentally G neral Von H ndenburg surprised us as much as he surprised the Russians."

Petrograd, March 4.-A semithicial communication issued here st night regarding the progress of the mi'l ary operation , says. "O the b 11 front hear the Narew the Russians came into posession of a German army order mperstive'y directing the slier o wke prisoners at wastever cost wi h a view to thinning th Russian forces concentrating in hat dietric'. In this connection the laying of tra is, such as ditches sie sunken fences, is recommadd. The Groman troops are order so ob a a a supply of po a oer.

utterly routed the 36 h Austrian new Grman line, reaching 25 division, capturing a field to pital, mi'es from L no to a front near is obvious, however, and needs six army surgeons and some con-

'Near Godan we continue to and Thorn. capture every day prisoners and artillery. The Germans are coutenting themselves with checking the German lines rorth of the Visour offensive.

howitzers of very large calibre. our vigorous counter-attacks, stopp

Now we are assured of a fresh lot of picked troops for Flinders, and presently we shil have to get a i

sions into the abyss.

'The A'lies wil never turn us out of our trenches en masse. We can hang on till doomsday, bu I fear the Allies can do the same-Meanwhile the people of hom are waiting fer food and victory.'

Geneva, in Paris, M rch. 3-That Austra lest much best new artillery in the recent fighting in East Prus a and in Northern Poland is the inf rmation received here from what are considered reliable sources. The gunlost are said to include 23 atteries of 305 milim tres and a number of 135 milimetres Is the right sur ounding Piock, Kucho and that recaptured P zismy-z, operat-Zgierz wone u ne comple - hatteries are said to have then capture by he Russans, while nine otherwere des roje .

German Forces now Shattered.

Pet ograd, March 2 .-- Along a ed also to sez al! the supples s x y mile battle front, extending possible, even raw materials, and from the Vistula to Pizisnyiz, the Trust' told the Newark Board of Certain Grman manocures are back for an average distance of explained as being the to an affire twent; miles. The enemy's retreat centinues, according to des In the region of Sansau we patches from War aw today. The Mawa, in being pres ed back to-

Grand Dake N cholas had discovered unexpected weakness in tul, the general staff declared to 'German attacks in the region of day. To support his offen ive in Ossowerz on March 1st, probably the Mazurian Lakes region. Von were delivered with the object of Hindenburg drew heavily on General Francois' army around Mlawa and on the German forces meying toward Wirsaw through Plock. The bolt of these forces are now massed west of the Niemen befed their onslaught and limited tween Augustowo and the fortress of Grodno. Exhausted and floundering in unfimiliar swamps, their 'Still this is a war of surprises offensive has been shattered by Russian artillery commanding the swamp causeways from Grodno Manwhile a victorious Russian igain and throw a few more divi-lart lery commanding the swamp

If you only knew 3

How delicious the clean, dustless teas of "SALADA" brand are, you would hasten to use them.

Black, Green or Mixed. . . !

Sealed Packets only. 35c., 45c., 55c. and 65c. per Ib.

consensys from Grodno. Mean is a broad, rather than a parrow while a victorious Russian army i ler, Christ an instead of Pagar. ing as the right wing of the Rus- Separate Place Germany's Hope. weeping north of Plok, is weeping the G rmans hack in the region north of the Vistula.

ls Bound Up

(Topeka (Kan.) Cap tal.)

"One week of European war," President Farrell of the "Steel end them to the c mais rat. Germans have now been pushed Trade banquet, "did more than ten years of ac demic discussion to convince this country that foreign trade is an element in domestic prosperity."

> This is high authority. The fact only to be mentioned to convince wards the Prussian cities Sildin open minds. We have had the erroneous idea that if only we could contrive to get exclusively into our own hands the home market the great American market, all would be well-let the markets of the world go to anybody who wants them. Well, since the war we have had it to ourselves. Never so much so. No competition anywhere to American command of he home market. Even more than that-we have had an enormous excess of exports over imports. Yet prosperity has taken wings and skipped to parts unkn.wn.

The moral is too plane. As min cannot live to himself alose, neither can a nation. This is a happy liscovery, for it is consistent with expanling human intercourse friendliness and co operation. I

London, Murch 2. - The corresp adent of the Daily Chronicle telegraphs from Copenhagen:-

"The Copenhagen correspondent With The World of the National Zeitung states that the firm opinion prevails in Germany that peace will be made with Russia by the end of May The teeling in Germany is that the nation's position is hopeless h says, unless Germany oan con clude a separate peace.

"It is believed here that Roumania welcomes the ascendency of he triple entente in the Dardanelles as a solution of a delicate protlem and posible disquietude if Russia alone eventu 1 y took cuarge in Constantinople. Consequently it is thought the present naval operations must exert great influence on Roumania, whose future attitude, many persons here believe is intim itely connected with the Italian policy.

"Beyond this, the friends of the Ales welcomed the successful demon strations for two reasor:

"First, because it reduces the German naval activity to its proper prospective; and, second, becau-e it will impress the Bulkans with the strength of the Alhes."

Aviators Used As 'Safe ty First' Device By Turks

London, March 4 .- The Turkish fleet, assigned to give battle to the Anglo-French warships inside the Dardanelles, has fled at the approach of the Allied war squalron, according to Athens depatches today.

While a heavy fog hung over the strait, the Turkish war craft lifted an chor and steamed silently out of Nagara Road and into the Sea of Marmors.

With the lifting of the mist the Allied aviators reported not a single Turkish war vessel in the strait and reconnoitering fights far up Marmora Sea failed is reveal their whereabouts.

Admiralty officials today admitted they were puzzled at the mysterious disappearance of the Turkish fleet.

When the bombardment of the Dardanelles began nearly the entire naval forces of the Sultan were concentrated in the narrows of Nagara Road to block the progress of the Alied fleet towards Constantinople. The successful advance of the Anglo-French warships brought them to within six miles of the spot where the enemy fleet was concentrated.

The Turks are believed to have withdrawn to the very approaches of Constantinople, and are prepared to pass the Bosphorus and enter the Black Sea if the Otcoman capital falls.

Turkish aviators flew over the Allied fleet all day Sunday, and the report they made of the strength of the bombarding forces is believed to have caus cd a precipitate retreat.

London, March 4-The Allied fleets this (Thursday) morning resumed their bombardment of the inner forts of the Dardaneiles, according to a despatch received by the Reuters Telegram Company from its correspondent at Atheus.

The text of the despatch follows:-"The bombardment of the inner forts of the Dardanelles was resumed this morning, (Thursday.) fen big warships took part in the operations. According to Britisha officer, only two of the Turkish forts remain intact. Alhed landing parties found the charred remains of soldiers in the damaged forts, showing that the Turks had burned their dead before evacuating these

PATRIOTISM and PRODUCTION

"I would urge the farmers of Canada to do their share in preventing the people of Great Britain from suffering want or privation." HON. MARTIN EURRELL, Minister of Agriculture.

The Empire Needs Many Foods

In the past Great Britain has imported immense quantities of these staple foods from Russia, France, Belgium, Germany and Austria-Hungary as shown by the following:

Average Imports Years 1910-1913 Wheat..... 28,439,609 bush. Oats..... 23,586,304 Barley..... 15,192,268 Corn...... 7,621,374 703,058 639,653 Beans..... Potatoes..... 4,721,590 Onions 271,569

121,112,916 doz. Eggs. Butter and 91,765,233 lbs. The above mentioned sources of supply of staple foods are now, in the main, cut off as a result of the war. Great Britain is looking to Canada to supply a large share of the shortage. Every individual farmer bas a

Meat.... 26,509,766 lbs.

For information and bulletins write to

Canadian Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Canada

Millions of bushels rather than millions of acres should be Canada's aim.

That there is abundant reason to expect larger returns from the same area is conclusively shown when we compare the average production of the present time with the possible production. Note the following brief table which shows the average in 1914 and possible production per acre.

Possible Average Fall Wheat. Spring Wheat... 14.84 Barley. Oats.. Corn, Grain .. Corn Ensilage-(Tons)..... Beans

By "possible" is meant the actual results which have been obtained by our Experimental Farms and by many farmers. These "possibles" have been obtained under intensive cultivation methods and conditions not altogether possible on the average farm, yet they suggest the great possibilities of increased production. By greater care in the selection of seed, more thorough cultivation, fertilization, better drainage, the average could be raised by at least one-third. That in itself would add at least \$150,000,000 to the annual income of Canada from the farm. It would be a great service to the Empire, and this is the year in which to do it.

Increase Your Live Stock

Breeding stock are to-day Canada's most valuable asset. The one outstanding feature of the world's farming is that there will soon be a great shortage of meat supplies. Save your breeding stock. Plan to increase your live stock. Europe and the United States, as well as Canada, will pay higher prices for beef, mutton, and bacon in the very near future. Do not sacrifice now. Remember that live stock is the only basis for prosperous agriculture. You are farming, not specu-