

Experts Watch St. Paul's

An association of architects and art craftsmen now does duty in protecting St. Paul's cathedral, presumably in case of incendiary bombs being dropped upon it by Zeppelins.

These men serve in addition to the regular watchmen. Sand boxes and shovels for putting out fires are placed in convenient corners, just as they are in the museums and art galleries of London. So far the Zeppelins have destroyed nothing of importance in the way of art or architecture in England.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & Co, Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Allies Buy U. S. Legs.

Orders for artificial limbs amounting to \$15,000,000 have been awarded to a Pittsburgh firm by the English and French governments.

The concern plans to produce and ship 250 legs and arms each month until the order is completed. The first shipment has been made. Discussing the order, official said:

"Two hundred and fifty legs a month are all our factories can make now, running double time. We will be in shape in a few months to turn out from 1,200 to 1,500 a month. They will be finished and fitted in London and Paris."

CLEAN THE STOVE PIPES.

Stove pipes should be thoroughly cleaned of soot before used in the autumn, not only as precaution against fire, but because the soot acts as an insulation, and keeps the pipe cool. Instead of the heat radiating from a warm pipe, it is carried up the chimney and wasted.

Copper Scarce In Germany

London, Oct. 7.—The German ministry has announced that owing to a scarcity of copper all chandeliers and lighting apparatus as well as works of art, such as statues, will be taken over by the government. Lighting appliances not in daily use will be taken first, but it is said that the government soon will have to seize all the copper in Germany.

Canadian Soldiers Were Maltreated.

(Montreal Evening News)
Quebec, Oct. 4.—Tales of German brutality towards their prisoners of war were told by returned Canadian soldiers who arrived on the R. M. S. Missanabie, which docked here this afternoon at four

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

o'clock. The men who complained of this treatment had been wounded and captured and afterwards exchanged, being considered unfit for further military duty.

To have been held up to ridicule and spat upon, dragged about and thrown into box cars, designated sarcastically by the Germans as "Pulimans," are some of the experiences of these unfortunate men. Two of them, privates Barlow and Turkish, of the 5th Royal Highlanders of Montreal. One hundred and thirty-two wounded men returned on the vessel, some of them severely injured, others slightly, while there were also a few officers out on a short furlough.

War News.

Athens, Oct. 6.—British troops began to land yesterday at Saloniki. French troops are disembarking a mile and a half from the town and are being concentrated in a camp located on ground conceded to Serbia after 1913 upon which to build warehouses. From this point they are entrained as quickly as possible for Guevgeli, on the Serbian frontier.

Bulgarians have evacuated all buildings on the coast near Dedeaghat, while the forts of that city are being armed with long range guns and mine layers are placing a double line of mines across the port. Dedeaghat is full of troops officered by Germans.

Nish, Serbia, Oct. 5.—News of the landing of French troops at Saloniki spread throughout the country with great rapidity and caused intense enthusiasm. It is considered to have dissipated the grim shadow of Germany which was falling across the frontier. These French troops, which already have passed into Serbian territory, are received at every station with the plaudits of the people. Women and children offer to the soldiers flowers, grapes and every sort of present. Macedonian notables, presented the French officers with addresses, affirming their Serbian nationality.

London, Oct. 7.—Alexander Zaimis has accepted King Constantine's invitation to form a new cabinet. He has assured leaders of the opposition they they will be allowed representation.

Paris, Oct. 7.—The rupture between King Constantine and M. Venizelos followed a visit of the German minister to the King immediately after the session of the chamber at which Venizelos outlined the policy he expected Greece to follow.

London, Oct. 7.—The Bulgarian government has stopped the operation of the telegraph lines, and no late news on the situation is available at Petrograd. Anti-war demonstrations have occurred on a serious scale in some districts in Bulgaria, and that a state of siege has been proclaimed in order that this discontent may be dealt with.

Paris, Oct. 7.—Considerable forces of German and Austrian troops have been withdrawn from the Russian Galician front and sent to Southern Hungary to take part in the offensive against Serbia.
Amsterdam, Oct. 7.—Field Mar

shal Lman von Sanders has arrived at Philippopolis. Bulgaria midway between Adrianople and Sofia, where he was met by King Ferdinand.

London, Oct.—In an editorial this morning on the Balkan situation the Morning Post says:

"The German design is probably being pushed forward to the betrayal of the Balkan cause. But it remains to be seen whether Greece and Bulgaria will submit, one to betray and the other to acquiesce in the betrayal of their national interests and sentiment. These are forces which the Germans omit in their reckoning, but they may, nevertheless, prove more formidable than the court intrigues and the ministerial cabal."

The Post demands that the British government take a bold stand, and realize that it is not sufficient to hold lofty views and righteous cause, but to strike for them, and that an intelligent use of force is the whole art of diplomacy in war.

"Let us not look on and see the Balkan cause betrayed as the Belgian national cause was destroyed," says the newspaper. It then contends that if Great Britain uses her land and sea forces with intelligence, she might re-create the Balkan League and defeat the German attempts to reach Constantinople. In these times," the Post adds, "we must not stand upon the order of our going. We have a right to demand of the countries concerned that they declare themselves either as friends or foes. If Greece is helpless in the hands of a faction, let us use our navy and army to free her from that faction."

"The King of Greece has the choice of recalling Venizelos in his own terms or risking the gravest disaster to his country and throne," says the Daily News. "The duty of the Allies meanwhile is to do everything possible to end an intolerable situation and the obvious method is to increase to the maximum, with all rapidity, the army already landed at Saloniki."

Teuton Forces Invade Serbia

Berlin, Oct. 7.—Large German and Austrian forces have invaded Serbia. The Teutonic troops have crossed the Drina, Save and Danube rivers at many places. It is stated that the invading troops have established a firm foothold on the banks of the rivers.

The German announcement indicates that the invading movement is in progress along a large part of the boundary between Austria and Serbia. The Danube forms the border from the Roumanian frontier to Belgrade, the Save from Belgrade to the northwestern corner of the country, and the Drina runs along the western boundary to a point not far north of the Montenegrin line.

Germans Using New Kind Of Gas

Paris, Oct. 7.—A new kind of gas apparently is being used by the Germans in the fighting in the Champagne. Details regarding its effect were made to Dr. Lucien

Dimont by sufferers he was called to attend in Paris hospitals. According to the written testimonials of three men, who fought respectively at Souzaine, Suippes and Moranvillere, they were surrounded for a few seconds by clouds of deep green gas of a rather pleasant odor.

There men asserted that soldiers who wore no masks soon were suffocated, while those with masks lost consciousness for varying periods.

Upon regaining consciousness at field dressing stations, they said, they suffered convulsive seizures resembling epileptic fits. Upon their arrival at the Paris hospitals they were found to have an extremely weak pulse and to be suffering from general prostration, but showed none of the symptoms hitherto associated with gas poison. It is believed that Prusic acid is used as the basis of the new gas.



Chaste and Humane

The Germans still believe in German Kultur. In a recent article. The Kolnische Zeitung explains exactly what this German Kultur is. "It is the perfecting of human existence, both in the man himself and in his external. Kultur works both in the soul in the body. Its aim is to elevate the spirit and make more beautiful the human body. The more Kultur a people possesses the purer are its feelings, the more humane its disposition, the more chaste all its expressions of life. Kultur does not seek the formation of an elite, rather the drawing together of the entire nation for the prosecution of better objects and conditions of life. In all its work Kultur sets an ideal before itself, and in the case of Germany, especially, this ideal is one of goodness and supreme virtue. Kultur is as a refreshing, purifying, invigorating breeze over a miasma-laden atmosphere. It clears away the vapours engendered in the swamps of so-called civilization. The Kultur of Germany is calculated to refresh, purify and invigorate the world."

The proof of German humanness is found in the rape of Belgium, in the wholesale murder of women, children, in the drowning of hundreds of helpless travelers at sea, in the "gassing" of the Allied trenches and in the bombing of English villages, and seaside resorts. The purity, chastity and supreme virtue of the Huns is discovered in their brutal outraging of Belgian women, of which the Bryce and Belgian Commissions leave no room for doubt. That German Kultur does not foster an elite or privileged class is amply demonstrated by the fact that the German people are completely under the heel of the most arrogant military aristocracy the world has ever seen. It is this insolent and ruthless Kultur which proposes to refresh, purify and invigorate a decadent world, and which in the process has plunged

one half of mankind into an abyss of unexampled misery and suffering.

Devices to Meet Submarine Peril

Great Britain has discovered and put into effective operation means of combating the submarine which, according to official reports to the United States government, already have resulted in a loss estimated at between fifty and seventy German submarines. The reports declare that the British admiralty confidently believes it has crushed the German undersea campaign.

New methods of offense and defense that may revolutionize naval warfare have been adopted, and high British naval officers are of the opinion that unless the effectiveness of the submarine is increased it will no longer constitute the menace that it has to commerce and battle fleets.

The British censorship has prevented the disclosure of details concerning the developments. Within the last three weeks, however, confidential reports to various government departments from representatives in European capitals of neutral's as well as belligerent countries have confirmed the British admiralty's view that effective means of dealing with the submarine have been found.

These reports are being closely scrutinized on account of the bearing they may have upon the naval policy of the United States. They reaffirm officers of the navy in their conviction that the dreadnought still is the mainstay in warfare on sea and tend to dissipate the profound impression created by the spectacular and for a long time apparently unoppressed operations of the German U boats around the British Isles.

While the greatest secrecy is thrown around the means employed the United States government has information concerning the principal methods which have been successful in meeting the German war zone campaign. A submarine telephone has been developed to detect submarines from observation boats or station planted offshore connected with points on the mainland.

For the capturing of craft whose presence has not been detected or even suspected the government's reports describe how huge nets have been stretched across the channels through which the submarines may be expected to attempt to pass, and in open waters, near steamship lanes or in the vicinity of warships, nets suspended between floats have been spread broadcast. Armed patrol boats watch, and when the floats disappear beneath the water, showing that a submarine has become entangled, the patrols congregate at the place, and when the victim comes to the surface, as it inevitably must to disentangle itself, it is destroyed by gunfire or captured.

A special type of mine also has been devised, which is laid in large fields that have proved particularly dangerous to submarines approaching steamer lanes.

The German methods of supplying submarines with oil and provisions either at sea or from concealed place along the coasts of the British Isles, have been ferreted out and practically disposed of. This compels the boats to return to their bases at more frequent intervals and leaves them only a comparatively short time in position and equipped for effective duty.

Destroyers, the reports declare, become expert in the game of submarine hunting, and armed trawlers also have proved very effective on account of their speed and ability quickly to get within easy range of their victims. But the greatest single factor, it is said has been a newly designed and built fleet of small seagoing motorboats, armed with one or two three inch guns and possessing very high speed. These boats literally swarm over suspected expanses of the waters and by an effectively worked out system of patrol cover almost every mile of the surface in channels of commerce adjacent to Great Britain. As a submarine must frequently rise to renew its air supply and recharge the storage batteries by which it is propelled when submerged any in the territory covered by the scout is almost certain to be eventually detected and destroyed.