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"The Dispatch"

Violated All Rules of Humanity

New York, Nov. 23 .- The London correspondent of the Tribune

"Intense feeling has been aroused here at the contravention of all laws of war and human ty shown in the torpedoing of the big hospital ship Britannic. The British people are particularly hard hit by the disaster, because the Britannic was built to replace its ill fated sister ship, the Titanic, as direct challenge to supremacy of the great German liners, the Vaterland and the Imperator.

"It is a sad coincidence that the two greatest liners Britain built for trans-Atlantic trafic both failed to see New York. The Titanic went down on her maiden voyage to America, and the Britannic was requisitioned as a hospital ship before she had undertaken her first trans-Atlantic trip.

"Two red crosses painted on

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The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influen ced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Cat arrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the con stitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimon

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wither side of her hull, and a large red cross suspended between her funnels, illuminated at night by ted and white electric lights, proclaimed the Britannic's identity to all passing vessels.

Landon, Nov. 23.—A brief official bulletin Wednesday convey d the news that the White Star Line Steamship Britanuic, of 47,500 tone, the third largest vessel ever built, which since completed, has been used as a hospital ship, was sunk in the Aegean Sea to-day, and that 50 lives were lost. Officoals say that until an investigation is held nothing definite can be said, but the strongest su-picion se expressed by officials that the disaster was due to a submarine's torpedo. It is believed to indicate that submarine warfare of the most ruthless sort is to be waged by Germany.

Austrian and German submarines are known to have been acti we in the Asgean, where there has been no evidence that any mines had been planted there. It also is ity of an obscure Swiss journal, emphas zed that after the recent the joyful tidings that American Channel raid Germany stated that mediation is imminent. The state. bespital traffic across the channel ment is fathered on 'an indepen-

was unusually heavy, which is incast suspicion on the bonafide character of cross-charnel hospital traf-

It was stated that the Britannic buman race. had been a hospital ship ever since she was placed in her service earlier in the war and that besides the wounded no one beyond the necessary crew and medical staff was permitted to travel on the vessel. Few details of the sinking of the giant liner have been made public. There were 1,156 persons on board, all to'd, it is announced, were saved, 28 of the survivors were injured. Further particulars, it was announced, would be made public as soon as announced. Aithough the Admiralty is careful to do not doubt that she wants it state that the ship was sunk either | very much, but we and our all.es by a mine or torpede, officials of the White Star Line declare rmphatically that only a torpedo could have pierced the steel hull of the Britannic.

"Many high officials here show not the least surprise at this phase of German frightfulness. had expected that the Germans would make some such attempt in the hope of accelerating the peace movement. But any such German expectation displays a woeful ignorance of the British attitude in this war. That the iose of life was as small as reported was due in part to cool-headed seamansh.p, and in part to the complete equipment of life saving apparatus on the Britannic. The ship carried eighty-five lifeboats and specially constructed davits permitted three boats to be lowered simultaneous-

London, Nov. 23 -Press despatches from Athens to the effect that there were no wounded on board the hospital ship Britannic when it was sunk off the Greek coast were confirmed to-day by the Admiralty which made the following announcement: No wounded were aboard the Britannic, on which there were only the ship's crew and the hospi-

German Dove Is Cooing Again

London, Nov. 24.—The Times this morning has a leading article entitled "The Dove and the Answer." It says:

"The German dove is cooing again with desperate vigor acro-s the Atlantic. We knew his monotonous voice would be raised anew with the winter. It is seasonal. If it is earlier than usual this year Verdun and the Ancre may account for the phenomenon. On Saturday all the German newspapers were allowed to circulate, on the authordent diplomatic source.'

"We are not in the least impressed by the strain. We expected it, and here it is. There is not a new note in it. It is like much more in the war-a clumsy Garman imitation of the favorite device of Napoleon's. He never tired of proclaiming his devotion to peace. He found just the same obstacles to his bene. volent plans for the pacification of the world. It was always malevolent England who obstructed them. There were others, of course, but they varied: England was always there, inspiring, subsidizing, fightterpreted by officials as intended to ling, and refusing 'the freedom of the seas.' She would not make peace herself, and would not suffer fic and on allied hospital craft in him to impose peace on others; therefore, she was an enemy of the

"Napoleon was quite as sincere as the German squallers. He truly desired peace. He was truly ready to make it at almost any moment of his career, and he truly chargurging others to refuse it. He did ed was a peace which would leave and of these, although all but 50 the triumph of 'militarism' and put it in his power to prepare for fresh wars. That is the sort of peace and the only sort of peace which Germany wants to-day. We officers and men are trained by the simple give it to her.

> "Sie can have peace to-morrow if she chooses. She knows the terme. They were stated by the the first months of the war. They have been again and again repeated since; they have never varied and they are accepted, approved and sanctioned by all the Allies. There is not the slightest foundation for 'peace talk' at present, whatever fictions the anonymous emissaries of Wilhemstrasse may attempt to palm off on American and other neutrals."

Submarine Mot

(Toronto Daily News.)

The underlying purposes of Germany s submarine revival have again been the subject of interesting debates in the British Parliament. These purposes become increasingly obvious. Not only does Germany hope to weaken Great Britain by diminishing her war supplies. She also hopes that when the war is over she will have destroyed so large a proportion of the world's shipping tonnage that her own undamaged ships may emerge from their harbors of refuge and dominate the carrying trade.

She means to obtain this advantage whether sne wins or loses the war, and thus to be in a position to recover her trade and comThe Name

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merce and to recoup herself for her war losses more rapidly than the civilized powers. Thus far the enemy has destroyed over 2,000,000 gross tons of British shipping, or more than the gross tonnage of France, Spain, Italy or Norway in 1914. Two years ago Norway's mercantile marine was the third largest in Europe and it has suffered greater proportionate losses than the British mercantile marine. When it is recalled that Norway is a neutral power, Germany's governing motive is apparent. She clearly aims at dominate of the world's shipping trade after the return of peace. She counts on thus getting all she can out of the war, even if she loses.

In one of his letters to The London Times Mr. D. Thomas Curtin explains that the en' ed England with refusing it and emy's submarines are now larger, swifter, more numerous, more powerfully armed and capable of traveling further from their bases so because the only peace be want- than ever before. Mr. Curtin, whose revalations regarding present conditions within the German Empire have attracted much attenhim supreme in Europe, consecuate tion in responsible quarters, indicates how i the difficulties of building and manning these submarines have been overcome. The undersea boats themselves are constructed on stan dardized plans at twenty different factories and assembled at such ports as Trieste, Zeebrugge, Kiel, Bremerhaven and Stetin. The process of carrying two or three crews on a single vessel. Several submarines recently captured by the British Admiralty had two are absolutely determined never to or three times their ordinary complement of young Germans aboard. For the most part drafts are made from the German merchant to prohibition," he continued. "It is in marine and get their training in the compar atively quiet waters of the Baltic Sea.

While the Germans are busily destroying Ally and neutral shipping, they are building a great many merchant vessels themselves. A Prime M nister at the Guildhall in colossal passenger and freight shipbuilding programme is now in progress at the great 12 to 14 hours a day, allow the enemy to retain nen in their shipyards who would otherwise be required for the army, agriculture or munition work. The scheme is brutally simple. The Huns believe that by building ships themselves and destroying Ally and neutral shipping they will control the situation when bostilities cease. To this end the Krupp factories, the German mines, the shipbuilding yards and great chains of manufacturing enterprises are being linked up into a mammoth trust for the purpose of beating the world in trade if not in war. It has been proposed in Great Britain that the Beilin Government should be warned that its present policy can have only one result. It should be notified that for every ship destroyed by the German submarines a German ship will be required in return. Another proposal is that Germany Super-Zeppelin Wrecked in be deprived of privileges at British coaling stations, all over the world. British shipyards are fortunately said to be turning out new merchant ships faster than they have been descroyed, but the same cannot be said

A "Dry" New York Within Five Years

New York, Nov. 21.-Rome Miller. of Omaha, Chairman of the National Congress of Hotelmen of the United

States and Canada, is quoted in the New York Globe today as saying that New York State will go dry within five years "if the people do not wake up." Other prominent hotelmen, here to attend the hotelmen's national con vention, agree with Mr. Miller as to the "danger" of the Empire State g> ing "dry" and say that the only way to stem the wave of prohibition which is sweeping over the country is to do away entirely with saloons, which measure, they think would satisfy the prohibitionists.

"New York City may laugh now at the possibility of ever going 'dry,' but the laugh will be on the other side if it does not get busy at once," said Mr. Miller. "Six years ago I warned the the people of the coast and got laughed at for my pains. Now Washington and Oregon are dry, and California was only saved from a similar fate by her grape

Mr. Miller pointed out that the great strength of the prohibitionists was in the rural districts, and that it was from this point that they gradually work un til the cities, one by one, were won to the cause.

"It is a fact that the rural element of the entire United States is inclined the larger cities, where live those who are opposed to it, as they are to the curtailment of any of their other liber ties that the stand sgainst it must be

Thousands of hotelmen from all parts yards in Hamburg, Stettin, Lubeck and other of the country attended the opening ports. Two million prisoners, working from here tonight of the first national hotel men's exposition.

Received a Rebuke

On a D. A. R. train a few days ago a man was loudly boasting of the money he expected to make on a certain speculation-"If only the war continues a tew months longer I will be well heeled in, he exclaimed. A moment later he was surprised to receive a blow on the face from a lady passenger-"I have two boys in the trenches," exclaimed the lady. The well deserved chastisment which the lady administered met with the aproval of all in the car. - Digby Courier.

Storm

London, Nov. 25. - The wrecking of a super-Zeppelin in a storm on Tuesday is reported by travellers reaching Amsterdam from Munich, says an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Amsterdam. They report there was only one sur-

vivor of the crew of 28. The Zeppelin is said to have been on the way from Friedrickshafen to Wilhelmshaven on its first voyage, when it was blown out of its course and well in the woods near Mainz

