

Gin Pills

FOR THE KIDNEYS

From all parts of the world we receive words of praise for Gin Pills as the great remedy for kidney troubles. The following is from Jamaica where Gin Pills enjoy a very large sale.

"I was a clerk in a store in Jamaica but had to give up my position on account of kidney trouble. I purchased one box of Gin Pills from a local Druggist and before it was all finished I was entirely better and able to return to my work. I recommended them to a friend who was also in a similar condition and he tried them with the same good results. I may tell you I tried many remedies in Jamaica before I got your Gin Pills.

Yours very truly,

Thomas Price, Bog Walk, Jamaica.
If you suffer from backache, swollen joints, constant headaches, rheumatism, sciatica and other diseases due to kidney trouble, write for a free sample. Or buy a box from your druggist—50c. a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50.

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited
Toronto, Ont.

U. S. Address—NA-DEU-CO, Inc.

202 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y.

Situation In Roumania Is Declared Unpleasant

London, Nov. 25.—The position on Roumania is far from accurately known here, but the Austro-German claims that they have occupied Orsova and Turnu Severin and crossed the Danube at several points are featured in the morning papers as forming an unpleasant situation which at least one of them, the Daily Mail, regards as critical.

An invasion across the Danube, if not checked, it is contended, will result in turning the line of the Alt River, where it was expected that the Roumanians would make a determined stand. This line being usually strong, it was supposed the Roumanians could hold it against prolonged attack. Whether they are actually standing there is unknown, but it is noteworthy that the Austrians claim to have reached the line. There is still no news of what happened to the defenders of Orsova and Turnu-Severin, but it is assumed that the main body retreated hastily, hoping to make sure its retreat between Craiova and the Danube.

Nothing has been learned concerning the measures of the Russians to help the Roumanians. The Times says the present Russian silence regarding their movements on the Roumanian front is more significant than the recent silence of Bucharest.

Opinions here differ as to the extent to which the Germans will benefit as regards grain supplies by overrunning Southwestern Roumania. On the one hand it is considered most important for the invaders. On the other hand it is declared that it is a popular mistake to

suppose that they will get vast stores of cereals, as the country, although rich agriculturally is not a granary and as most of the harvest was gathered and sent weeks ago to Galatz and Braila. The maize harvest, however, has not been finished and part of this crop might fall into the Austro-German hands.

London, Nov. 25.—The Teutons are making vigorous efforts to make their winter quarters nearer Bucharest, or probably reach the Roumania capital itself before winter sets in. Muckensen tried to make a drive to the city from the south, but he stopped between Hirsova and the upper Danube, apparently because Falkenhayn had been unable to get through the Transylvanian pass in the north.

There has been little change in the situation in Transylvania. The Roumanians have retired slightly on both banks of the Olutz River. They have taken another strong offensive in Dobrudja, capturing the towns of Gelengiz, Sazaria, Ester, Palazulmie and Tachaul, fifteen miles north of the Tchernavoda-Constanza Railway. The Russians are also advancing in this region, and have reached the district of Lake Tachaul and crossed the Kartal River at several points.

The German claim they crossed the Danube at Zimnitsa and that the advance in Wallachia has taken them to the Alt River.

Bucharest, Nov. 25, via London.—The war office announces that the advance of German troops who crossed the Danube River has been arrested. A crossing of the Danube was effected at Islacz, near the mouth of the River Alt, as well as at Zimnitsa.

Petrograd, Nov. 25, via London.—The War Office announces that the Germans have made a crossing of the Danube near Zimnitsa 70 miles southwest of Bucharest. The statement says the Roumanians have been pushed back to ward the south of Tzalmianechu, on the River Alt, south of Rothenthurm Pass, and of Maldarachi, twenty miles west of the Alt.

War Material From The United States

New York, Nov. 22.—Britain and France will no longer purchase munitions of war from the United States. Efforts are now being made to secure cancellation of previous contracts for arms and ammunition placed by Great Britain and France in this country. Hereafter, Great Britain will be able to manufacture in the British Isles and Canada all supplies needed in the war with Germany, except in cases of extreme emergency.

These facts became known in New York through sources in close personal touch with commissioners of the British government supervising contracts and the purchase of munitions in this country. Attempts made by representatives of Britain and France in this country looking towards cancellation of all munition orders have progressed to such an extent that French orders are now held in abeyance in several of the American factories.

Pro-German Agitation Ended

London, Nov. 25.—The change in the Russian premier's position has been received here with the keenest interest as marking the culmination of a series of events in Russia which have been almost entirely obscured by the rigid censorship. The significance of these events as deduced, by students of Russian affairs, is indicated by the comment in to-day's editorials. The Daily News says:

"The most important fact in the whole matter is that the pro-German agitation which has lately been going on in Russia has now been finally crushed."

A somewhat similar position is

taken by the Chronicle, which says:

"The fall of Premier Sturmer was due to criticism on two grounds, first, the disorganization of the Russian food supply; second the alleged attempt to promote a patched up peace. Referring to the latter criticism, we can only say that whatever the facts may have been, this history of the past ten days has shown that the Duma and the army are entirely against such a peace and have the same conviction regarding the need of a decisive victory as England and France."

"Egg King" Is Sitting Tight

Chicago, Nov. 23.—James E. Weitz, who owns 6,000,000 doz n eggs in storage here, failed to-day to see Federal District Attorney Cayne. "These eggs are in storage," said the Federal prosecutor, "and will be sold to dealers in Chicago. This makes him immune to all interstate commerce laws. He is not a monopolist because there are people here and in New York doing the same thing—buying low and selling high."

"All the investigations, legislative or otherwise, will not bring the price of eggs down this year," declared the Egg King. "I know the conditions. But why should the public kick on the price? Most people are richer to-day than ever before. Look at the Steel Corporation, boosting its payroll three times in a few months."

"This is the broker's year and as for me, I'm going to sit tight and watch prices climb up and the public can pay. Nobody can do anything to me."

Cultivation of Flax

"The possibilities of producing flax for fibre in Canada have been proven to be very considerable. It would seem wise, therefore, to do anything possible to encourage the growth of this industry in districts suited thereto at this time, when unusually high prices will serve as an impetus to its development and extension." So writes the Director of Dominion Experimental Farms, while the Dominion Botanist speaks of "enhanced interest in an industry for which there certainly is a wide scope in suitable localities in the Dominion of Canada." Both these remarks were promoted by the publication of Bulletin No. 28 Second Series Experimental Farm at Ottawa entitled, "Flax for Fibre; its cultivation and Handling," written by J. Adams, M. A., Assistant Dominion Botanist, who for years was associated with the flax industry in Ireland. The cultivation of flax, as Mr. Adams says, is antiquity. Every biblical student will recall that in the account of the destruction wrought by hail in Egypt it is written that "the barley was in the ear and the flax was boiled." Flax is grown in Canada to some extent, but not, judging by statements of authorities, to the extent that the demand, the price, the business and the soil and climatic conditions warrant. Mr. Adams in his bulletin, which can be had free by application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, describes the plant in all its particulars, tells of the soil and climate required, and sets forth, with illuminative drawings and with minuteness of detail all that is required in its cultivation and harvesting. He also shows that in two years flax has doubled in price.

LOST

LOST.—On Saturday evening November 4, 1916, between Melburn Seely's and James Watson, Upper Woodstock a gray fur robe, with red plaid lining and initials of owner inside lining. Finder will please leave at this office.

Examine Your Printing Supply

Letter Heads

Note Heads

Bill Heads

Statements

Envelopes

Tags

Business Cards

Invoices

Ladies' & Gents' Calling Cards

Wedding Invitations

and Announcements

Tickets of all Kinds

Posters, Handbills Dodgers

Programmes

ALSO CARRIED IN STOCK

Road Taxes, School Taxes

Poor and County Rates

Deeds, Mortgages

Bonds and Bills of Sale

Receipts and Notes in

Books of 50 each

THE DISPATCH OFFICE