THE SOCIALIST TALK REBELLION

(Toronto Mail and Empire.) The German Chancellor has publicly made reference to revolutionary pamphlets that are being circulated by Socialist malcontents. These pamplets and printed articles pass secretly from hand to down. This is why the masses hand, and the government and police are powerless. They know that under the calm surface created by their iron discipline there's surging fiery rebellion in the hearts of a large part of the population. One of these pamphlets hat been obtained by a British correspondent, and the text is il'uminating. Under the heading, "Hunger," 't declares:

pass. Famine!

burg, Brunswick, Magdeburg, they lied to the people when they Koblenz, Osnabruck and many o her towns there have been riots by the famished people in front of the

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With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, ES they cannot reach the seat of the dis wase. Catarrh is a local disease, great The submarine war has procured ly influenced by constitutional condit ions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Ca tarrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Cure was prescribed by one of the best phys1 cians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best torics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combins tion of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials free,

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food stores. And the government pie. of this state of siege, to the hungry cry of the masses, has only one reply to make-a state of sie-

ge, salvos fired by the police and

military patrols. "Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg accuses England of the cr me of having caused famine in Garmany, and the partisians of war to the teath and the supporters of the government repeat this idle talk. But the government should have known that it was inevitable: that war with Russia, France and Enggland would result in a blockade of Germany. Since the beginning of time It has been the custom of noble-souled peoples during war to harm each other economically and prevent the importation of food. War, the assassination of proples, is the crime, the plan of starvation is merely a consequence of this

crime." "Cruel enemies have "encircled" us,' cry the makers of war, Why have you adopted a policy that has brought about this 'encircling? is the simplest counter question. Any imperialistic policy for prey ie a crime, and this has been the policy of all States. But the Girman government adopted an imperialistic policy whereby it attacked all other States, entered into conflict with all and finally allying itself with the corpse state of Austria and with Turkey, whose failure was in vitable, it forcibly caused this world-war.

"And after criminally plotting this world war it has made itself etill more culpable. The govern ment has done nothing to check this famine. And why? Because

't does not harm the government al cliques, the capitalists the country equires or the usurers of food products' who are benefiting by it. Because if, at the beginning of the war, serious measures had been taken to prevent famine and misery. the blind masses would have recognizer the redoub able gravity of the situation and their enthusiasm over the war soon would have died have been appeased by cries of triumphant victories while they have been delivered over to the agarian usurers and capitalists;

"With the cry, 'Hold out until the end, by which Scheidemann (leader of the Socialists supporting the government) and his associates have rendered the government great service, an attempt has been made to prevent the people from "The inevitable has come to looking ahead. The reigning classes did not wish to abandon "In Leipz g. Ber'in, Charlotten-, their mad plane of annexation, and eaid: "if we hold out till the end Germany will diccate peace and will dominate the world.' The people also were decoived by the state ment that 'the Garman submarines will prevent England's importatione: England will implore peace, and then the war will end.

"These are stories for children. new enemies for Germany, but it is out of the question to think of its preventing England's importations, even if Germany had ten times the number of submarines she now has.

"We are told that the new dictator of food products' will attend to their proper distribution. It is too late. The usurers of food pro ducts have accomplished their work. To collar them now would serve no purpose. There is not ea augh food left to 'distribute' in a manner that would satisfy the peo-

"This is the naked truth!

"The people have been forced into a war in which importation has been cut off. Criminal capitaliste, tolerated by the government have done the rest.

"What will happen? The war may continue for six months more, perhaps for a year, leaving the men to die slowly of hunger. But then the future generation will be sacrificed. To the horrible sacrifices in dead and mutilated on the fields of battle will be added other victime-children and womenwhich will perish from lack of

"And even then the end will not have come, for this war can no longer be concluded by force of arms, even if it lasts one or two years more. German militarism, after all its 'victories,' finds itself in a blind alley. If the war continues it will be solely because the people tolerate the infamy.

"Men and women of the laboring classes, it is with us that the reeponsibility rests. E ther the working classes will continue to persist in their idiotic resignation which will cause long infirmity n a miserable decline, or the pro letariat will rise, deny their services to the government and the reigning classes and force them to make peace.

"There is no choice. Action is necessary! Rise men and women Show your will, make your voices

"Down with war!

"Long live the international

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AI

"The Dispatch" Office

Dismissal of Von Falkenhayn

Paris, Aug. 31. - (Mail-Empire by C, F. Bertelli, French military expert. -The Kaiser's dismissal of von Falkenhayn and the appointment of Field Marshal von Hindenburg to take his place as chief of the general staff, is a sign that things are going wrong with the German army

The official North German Gazette hinted this week that the Germans might withdraw from the great Noyon sailent in France, which the Somme offensive is intended to obliterate. It is printed out that only if a popular hero like Hindenburg decreed such a retreat would it be accepted without trouble from the German people. The expectation is that it will be Hindenburg's strategy to begin shortening the German lines everywhere.

Lieut-Colonel Bousett said to-day: 'Hindenburg's appointment is a complete surrender by the German court party, headed by the Kaiser, to popuar opinion."

General Delacroix said: "The incident shows the German army is badly rattled. Von Moltke was made the scrapegoat for the Marne; Falkenhayn pays for the Verdun defeat and the Russian offensive."

A Rotterdam despatch says:

"The military crisis in Germany is reported, on excellent authority, have been the climax of a bitter con flict between Falkenhayn and Hinden burg over the Verdun offensive. Hin denburg was utterly opposed to any offensive in France, but wanted to strike immediately a blow at Russia. For this he was prepared, not only with a plan of campaign, but with pre faith." parations actually behind the front, in Courland. He made a demand on the general staff for additional forces to carry out the enterprise, but they were refused by von Falkenhayn, and von Hindenburg's plan was overruled in favor of the offensive against Verdun

"Behind von Falkenhayn in this disastrous decision was the German Crown Prince, who is held by well in formed persons, to be really responsi ble for the coloseal blunder of Verdun.

"The fall of von Falkenbayn is re garded here as of the greatest signi where they choose.

ficance, even imperilling the Honen zollern dynasty."

'Welcome to the Wooden Man.'

All the newspapers profess to see in the sudden change of leaders a sign of Germany's weakness. General von Falkenhayr is generally paid the trib ute of being the great strategist of a hopeless cause, while the opinion is ex pressed that von Hindenburg is merely a popular idol, who is unlikely to prove even a temporary success as a general issimo.

"In her deadly peril, Germany is un likely to have chosen the new chief merely to placate public feeling. We shall do well to take von Hindenburg seriously and to recognize that, though conditions are against him, he is no weakling. The glimpses we have had of him suggest a man with big and sim ple ideas, which often make for success

The Times military correspondent ex pects some immediate alterations of strategist ideas in the German conduct of the war, adding: "All this summer von Hindenburg has been eating his heart out at the Russian front, while the troops for whom he clamored, have been frittered away at Verdun. His interests and prediections are believed to lie in the East. He belongs to the strategic school which would have struck in the East. The position points to the probable shortening of the front in Franse and Flanders, and he is today the only man in Germany who could or der the ruthless shortening of the West ern front, without the collapse of public

London, Aug. 31.-The Daily Chron icle, in discussing what interpretation may be put upon von Hindenburg's a pointment, says:

One interpretation is that the Ger with the growing failure of Austria and the accession of new enemies, they may be expected to act on their favorite maxims that the right defensive is an offersive, and the right place to strike is not where the enemy chooses, but

"Now I'm happy I I've got a

parcel from home through the

Over-Sees Club, but don't I wish

there was one every week!"

London, Aug. 31 .- The morning news papers today devote many columns to a discussion of the retirement of General von Falkenhayn, and the appointment of Field Marshal von Hindenburg as chief of the general staff, under such headlines as "A Crisis in Berlin," and

The Times says:



Catchers. Clean to handle. Sold by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

-SAND AND GRAVEL

increased Demand For Washed Mar terial In Cement Work. More than \$18,000,000 worth of state and gravel was dug out for sul in the

United States in 1009, according to

report just issued by the geological

This notable increase in production is due in great part to the more extensive use of sand and gravel in concrete construction work, but larger quantities were also used as railroad ballast and filling. • 'here was also a considerable increase in the use of molding sand. The production of gians sand in 1909

was but little more than that in 1908. During 1809 the geological survey made field and laboratory studies of many kinds of sands and gravels in localities where federal buildings were in course of construction. These studles have shown great differences in the quality of sand and gravel used at different places for making concrete. Some contractors contend that run-ofbank sand gravel is the best for making cement concrete, but this contention is generally not sustained by practical trials and experiments. The most desirable material is that which is free from clay, loam or dust. Mica also is objectionable if present in large quantity, as well as pyrite or limonite. A coating of dust on gravel prevents its proper contact with cement, and the pebbles are therefore easily broken out

of the concrete. During recent years, particularly in the large building centers, there has been a greater general appreciation of the importance of using proper sand and grayel in cement concrete, so that leading architects and builders are requiring sound, clean, washed material

To Keep Brasswork Bright.

Brass rails or other brasswork on launches or boats can be easily kept bright by the use of sperm oil. Son boatmen polish their brasswork only once with putz or polishing powder. while for the rest of the season they keep it bright with sperm oil, which is rubbed on with a very oily cloth. Before starting on a trip the brasswork is rubbed over with the sperm oil cloth mans are preparing a Riga Petrograd to prevent the salt from reaching the offensive. Confronted, as they are, | brass, and on the return the sait is readily taken off, leaving the rail bright. This method was recently suggested to an automobilist, who found it to be a great success, because be could polish up his brass very eastly after it had been left several days. Scientific American.

The Queer Argan Tree.

Among the most remarkable trees; of the world is the argan, which abounds in southern Morocco but is seldom seen elsewhere. A forest of argans has a curious scattered appearance, because the trees grow singly and far apart. They are very leafy, but seldom exceed twenty feet in height. The branches put out horizontally and begin a yard above the ground. Sheep, cattle and camels feed on the leaves, and goats will stand on their bind legs to reach them, but torses and mules refuse to touch them. The wood is very hard and extremely useful to the natives, who make charcoal from it. The fruit, resembling a large olive, is used to feed cattle and to manufacture a valuable oil. It also furnishes the principal sustenance of the poorer natives.

A Martyr to the X Ray.

Dr. Hall-Edwards of the Birmingham university, according to the English Mechanic and World of Sciance. has not been spared the payment of a henry price for the benefits he has conferred on mankind by his researches in X ray photography. A short time ago both his arms were amputated as a consequence of the dangerous experiments he had carried out. He has just made the novel suggestion that photography should be included in the ordinary university course of training. The connection between photography and art, he thinks, has been or wated. Nothing has belped science more than phot aphy of late years, and ir should therer re receive more attention than It does at present in the education given both in schools and in the unforalties.