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AT

"The Dispatch" Office

## German Workmen Are Suffering

Berlin, Nov. 15, via London, Nov. 16.—The afternoon newspapers to-day print a lengthy appeal by Field Marshal von Hindenburg to Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, for an active propaganda among agriculturists to induce not only a greater production of fats, but also a greater willingness voluntarily to give up all available food supplies, for the benefit of the industrial workers, particularly in the ammunition making centres.

The appeal declares that it does not appear to be sufficiently appreciated in some circles that it is a question of life and death for the German people and empire, and that it is impossible to keep workers on an efficient basis unless they have a justly apportioned and sufficient amount of fats. Field Marshal von Hindenburg says he is informed from the coal mine section and other industrial quarters that this not only is the case, but that the quantities of fats in some sections are decidedly too low.

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The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

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## Heavy Loss For German Navy

London, Nov. 17.—A despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company, from Petrograd, says:

"The admiralty staff has issued a communication announcing that, in accordance with the latest information of the recent German naval attack in the Gulf of Finland, and comparing the number of explosions heard in the fog with the reports from the Russian warships engaged, it is possible to affirm that the Germans lost between six and nine torpedo boats."

This supposition, the communication adds, is confirmed by the examination of wreckage, which also shows that the destroyed vessels were of the most modern type and the biggest vessels in this class."

Petrograd, Nov. 17.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs has sent a telegram to all Russian representatives in allied countries declaring

Russia's firm determination not to make a separate peace under any circumstances, according to the semi-official news agency.

London, Nov. 17.—Details of the demands made upon King Constantine of Greece by General Roques, as proofs of the monarch's friendliness toward the Entente, are given in a Reuter's despatch from Athens. According to this despatch General Roques has given a memorandum regarding the demands to Premier Lambros, to whom he was referred by King Constantine. It is stated that the memorandum calls for the use of the Greek railroads by the Allies, the surrender of a quantity of artillery, the explosion of a number of supposed German agents and the occupation of a specified neutral zone by Foch's troops.

London, Nov. 7.—General Roques the French minister of war, has informed the Greek government that General Sarrail has sent troops to maintain a neutral zone along the frontier of old Greece, according to a despatch to the Times from Athens. The despatch says that Premier Lambros acquiesced in principle to this step. It adds that the Allies only propose to use a section of the Greek railroad for a supply service to Saloniki.

## Bulgar-German Forces Retreat

Sofia, Nov. 16, via London.—The retreat of the German-Bulgarian forces in the Cerna Bend under the assaults of the Serbians is admitted in the official statement issued by the war office to-day. According to the statement the Bulgarians have fallen back on a line four to six miles west of Iven, the last town west of the Cerna reported captured by the Serbians.

Berlin, Nov. 16.—The retirement of German-Bulgarian troops in Macedonia to new positions prepared for them in the Cerna region, is announced to-day by the war office.

London, Nov. 16.—Capture by the Serbians of the villages of Tepavtsi and Gniles, southeast of Monastir, is reported in a Reuter despatch from Saloniki. It says the Serbians in co-operation with the French, captured all the positions south of Tepavtsi after fierce fighting. German troops which were defending the positions sustained considerable losses, the survivors being captured or taking refuge in flight.

The prisoners already counted, the correspondent says, are 500 soldiers, two officers and five cadets. Details in regard to the amount of war material have not been received.

Paris, Nov. 16 (noon).—French and Russian troops on the Macedonian front are now within four miles of Monastir, it was announced

officially. The war office says the pursuit of the defeated Bulgarians continues.

On the eastern end of the line British troops have again assumed the offensive, defeating the Bulgarians in the region of the River Struma, and capturing the village of Karakaska.

During the night the Bulgarians abandoned their principal positions west of the Cerna River. The French and Serbians took 400 prisoners and made progress toward Yarasok, in the Cerna Bend west of Monastir.

South of Monastir the French and Russians are reported to be making substantial progress. It is in this region, to the north of Kenali, that they have advanced to within four miles of Monastir.

Petrograd, Nov. 16.—The war office announces to-day Field Marshal von Mackensen's army is in retreat in Dobruja, burning villages as it falls back. An artillery bombardment is progressing all along the Russian front, the war office reports.



## Serbian Win In Macedonia

Paris, Nov. 18.—On the Macedonian front, east of the river Cerna, yesterday, the Serbians captured 800 yards of trenches, the war office announces. They also stormed Hill 1212 in the Cerna Bend, northwest of Iven. The French made progress in the direction of Monastir, reaching the outskirts of Kanena. The statement says that in the fighting with the Serbians the Germans and Bulgarians sustained heavy losses.

Kanona is five miles south of Monastir.

Saloniki, Nov. 17, via London, Nov. 18.—The Serbian official communication issued yesterday says:

"Yesterday there was violent fighting, which was favorable to us, despite fog and a snowstorm. All enemy attempts to recapture lost positions by counter attacks failed completely. The Bulgarians retired on the river Bistritza and Hill 1376. We have taken 300 additional prisoners."

"On our left Franco Russian troops, advancing on Monastir, having occupied the villages of Velushina, Porodin and Jabayani. The prisoners the Serbs alone have captured since November 10 aggregate 3,900, including 1,000 Germans. During the same period the Serbs captured eight heavy and sixteen field guns. We have captured since Sept. 14 a total of 21 guns."

Bucharest, Nov. 17, via London, Nov. 18.—The Roumanian war office statement issued today follows:

"In the Prahova valley there have

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been violent actions by enemy artillery and infantry, chiefly on the left bank of the river. We repulsed these attacks and maintained our positions. In the region of Dragoslavele the enemy attacked with violence in the course of the day and night, reaching some points by the use of the bayonet, but they everywhere were repulsed with heavy losses. In the Alt valley the enemy again attacked violently, obliging us to retire in the direction of Tenuisulesti. At Jiu (Tirgujuhij?) we have with drawn slightly in the direction of Stefanest. We attacked on the wings and repulsed the enemy with severe losses to him. There have been feeble artillery actions along the Cerna (north of Orsova.)

"Southern front: Along the Danube there have been artillery and infantry duels. Our artillery effectively bombarded Rustchuk."

Petrograd, Nov. 18.—Russian troops, near Sarny, southeast of Prusk, have brought down a large Zeppelin airship. The crew of sixteen was captured.

London, Nov. 17.—A successful raid was made on Ostend and Zeebrugge this morning by British naval aeroplanes and seaplanes, says an Admiralty announcement. Many bombs were dropped with good results on docks and shipping, the announcement adds and all the machines returned safely.

London, Nov. 18.—Friday's British official report says:

"Yesterday much successful work was accomplished by our aeroplanes. Two important junctions on the enemy's lines of communication were bombed. Railways, billets and aerodromes were attacked with bombs and machine gun fire both night and day. Enemy aircraft showed more enterprise than usual, with the result that three of his machines were brought down on our side of the line, and two on his own side. At least five more were driven to the ground in a damaged condition. Three of our machines are missing."

Paris, Nov. 18.—The newspapers here say that Sub-Lieut. Nungesser, of the French aviation service, has gone to England to try to bag a Zeppelin, in case there are more raids on London.

Lieut. Nungesser has brought down 17 German aircraft, including every type except a Zeppelin. He has been excused from military service because of a wound, so his trip to England is purely voluntary. He is one of the best known of the French airmen.

## A Distinction For Woodrow Wilson

The election of President Wilson last week was the first time in sixty years that the Democratic party candidate for Chief Executive has been chosen twice in succes-

sion. Mr. Pierce was elected in 1852 and Mr. Buchanan in 1860. Mr. Cleveland was chosen in 1884, defeated in 1888, and re-elected in 1892. Mr. Wilson was first elected in 1912.

National prohibition and total abstinence were favored in a resolution passed Wednesday at the annual convention of the New York Diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church.

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Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., Essexburg Falls, Vermont, U.S.A.

Toronto Nov. 16.—The Mail and Empire to-day prints the following special cable.

London, Nov. 15.—Although the Canadian cavalry has not been much engaged in active warfare, some have seen more of the Somme fighting than some of the Canadian divisions. A western cavalry officer, who came across to London from France to-day, told the Mail and Empire correspondent that throughout the summer his unit had been in close contact with the infantry, and twice had been able to break through the German's lines with good results. Although largely engaged in passive duty, the cavalry have done much patrol work and have been frequently within range of the enemy's heavy artillery.

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