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**HINT ON  
SELECTING DAIRY COWS**

On the Farmer on the Problem of Good Milk—Actual record Best Cows

The good cows are those that are healthy, and that give a large quantity of milk. The quantity of milk depends upon the quality of the feed, the health of the cow, and the quality of the milk. The quality of the milk depends upon the health of the cow, the quality of the feed, and the quality of the milk. The quality of the milk depends upon the health of the cow, the quality of the feed, and the quality of the milk.

Dairy temperament is indicated by a spare, athletic form, large, expressive eyes, a straight prominent back, and an active disposition as opposed to sluggishness. The spare, athletic form indicates the absence of fat, and the active disposition indicates the absence of fat. The spare, athletic form indicates the absence of fat, and the active disposition indicates the absence of fat.

Good milk organs are indicated by a large, evenly-quartered, elastic udder, running well forward and back between the thighs; large, numerous milk veins, running well forward and back between the thighs; large, numerous milk veins, running well forward and back between the thighs.

Dairy Herd Tip  
With the average milk producer the selection of a dairy herd is to select the best cows and breed these to a first-class pure-bred sire. Where the selection of a dairy herd is to select the best cows and breed these to a first-class pure-bred sire.

Tune Deafness  
It has been said of the late Dean Stanley that "he had not a note of music in his head," and could scarcely distinguish one tune from another, a fact which caused his biographer, Howard E. Prothero, to express surprise that "one so destitute of musical feeling" as Stanley should have been the first person to introduce Bach's Passion Music into the religious services of the church.

**BRESNAHAN AS PITCHER**

Roger Bresnahan was a pitcher when he broke into the National League in 1895. Earl Wagner found him in a peculiar way. Rog. had a world of speed and about as much control as Reine Zimmermann has of his temper. He was pitching a game over in northern Ohio. He hit the first batter, and time was called while the batter was taken to the hospital. He



hit the second batter, and, while the doctor was trying to bring him to, Rog broke the short ribs of the third. Then he knocked out the fourth. Then a constable ran out and arrested Rog on charges of assault with intent to kill, with assault with a deadly weapon, and several other charges. Wagner, heard of it and hired Rog, but had to send him back to the minors to come down, as he almost wrecked the Washington grandstand with wild pitches in his first game.

**Fortunes Turned Down**

If ever a man has good reason for "kicking himself," it is when he has had a fortune in his hands and has weakly allowed it to escape. There is a man ending his old age in poverty in Cape Town, who, a generation and more ago, refused to pay a five-pound note for the old homestead under which the treasures of the Kimberley Mine were discovered—a mine which, within a dozen years, was yielding an annual million pounds in diamonds. Had a few years later its total yield exceeded \$100,000,000. And another man died penniless in Johannesburg who declined to buy the barren acres over the De Beers Mine for \$15,000, a purchase which would later have produced the income of nearly \$10,000,000 a year.

**Electrocuted by Car Rail**

A horse which stepped on the track of the Brantford Street Railway in the East Ward was instantly electrocuted. Defective bond wire caused the trouble.

**Mistaken in Parvo**

A gas stove given for cooking small quantities of food has been combined with a heater and flat iron plate by an Illinois inventor to save gas.

A new type of callipers has a centering rod to automatically mark the center of any round object.

**DR. FRIEDMAN**

Doctor Friedmann, the German tuberculosis specialist, stands about 5 feet 10 inches in height, of medium build, straight as an arrow, and one would imagine from his movements that he is of a highly strung temperament. Bluish grey eyes, which when he is in conversation reflect the expression of the ideas he is conveying by speech, sometimes sparkling in their brightness, again at rest as the idea passes away in speech. Often you can notice the far-away look of the man whose thoughts are away from his immediate surroundings, presumably upon his great task of beating the white scourge, and then when he is called again to the surroundings in which he is at the moment, starts as if he had totally forgotten them. He has a black moustache and dark hair, but withal a kindly expression upon his features which couldn't fail to attract, and which is often lit up by a smile as he speaks. He is crammed full of nervous energy, his whole aim is the success of his work and occasionally there is a set look on his features as if nature demanded a little rest from his exertions.

**HOW TO FIGHT CONSUMPTION**

The Grand Duchess of Hesse has hit upon a novel scheme for propagating the knowledge of how to fight consumption. On her recent visit to a hygiene exhibition at Darmstadt she saw some match boxes with printed instructions on the reverse side what to do and what not to do in order to avoid the spread of tubercular contagion. The boxes were stamped "Several billion had been made to the order of some South American government. The Grand Duchess has now succeeded in inducing all match manufacturers of the Grand Duchy to place these instructions on the back of every box they sell, the price to remain the same.

**More German Raiders Afloat?**

New York, May 8.—Captain Guy Gaunt, naval attaché of the British embassy at Washington, to-day investigated the report that two German commerce raiders, accompanied by two submarines, are operating in the trans-Atlantic steamship lanes off the Azores Islands, about 1,800 miles from New York. The story was brought here yesterday by the steamship Venezia, of the Fabre Line, from Bordeaux. Members of the crew said one of the raiders fired several shots at the Venezia, on April 28, but was unable to overtake her.

Captain Gaunt obtained from Captain Boniface, of the Fabre liner, a statement showing the exact latitude and longitude in which the two raiders were sighted. The naval attaché said he intended to write at once to Halifax, so that British cruisers now in American waters would be warned. The Canadian authorities at Ottawa also may be asked to take prompt action to guard British transports.

"They will know in Halifax if any of our cruisers or auxiliaries are in the region reported by Captain Boniface," said Captain Gaunt.

"If those are really German raiders, escaped from Kiel, they will have a short lease of life. Undoubtedly there will be great excitement in London when the news reaches there that the German Raiders are loose again. We will do everything possible to clear the ocean lanes quickly."

New York, May 7.—The steamship Venezia, arriving here on Sunday from

**\$100 Reward, \$100**

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby giving the foundation of the disease, destroying the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Bordeaux, France, with 40 American citizens aboard, was fired upon and chased for several hours by two commerce raiders while off the Azores, according to a story related when the vessel docked. Reports had been in circulation for more than a week that at least one sea raider was again operating in the Western Atlantic, and the news brought by the Venezia caused alarm in shipping circles.

Captain Boniface and members of the crew of the Venezia were reticent when questioned concerning an attack upon the vessel, but the Americans on board, who were employed in caring for horses transported on the Venezia's last voyage eastward, vouched for the accuracy of the story.

According to these men the Venezia encountered the commerce raider on April 28, when three days out from Bordeaux. The hostile craft, they said, loomed up without any flags showing, and bore down upon the Venezia. The raider signalled to the Venezia to slow down but Capt. Boniface's answer was an order for full speed ahead.

As the Venezia started to bear away, according to the story told, a shot passed over her. This was followed by another which dropped close to the Venezia. Before a third shot was fired the Venezia had increased the distance between her and the raider so that the effort to overhaul her proved unsuccessful.

It was said the raiders probably were merchantmen, which had been converted into auxiliary cruisers. One carried two funnels; and the other one funnel.

**German Ships in North Sea?**

London, May 10.—According to a Copenhagen dispatch, Norwegian vessels which have been sighted at Copenhagen in England, report sighting a large German squadron, as well as submarines, in the North Sea. The steam-

**A Daily Treat—  
"SALAD"**

Salted Packets Only - - Black

ship Zeta was stopped and her papers examined three times.

**French Recover  
Lost Ground**

Paris, May 8.—Fighting of great violence continued last night on the Verdun front. Furious German attacks near Hill 304, were broken by the French, the war office announced to-day.

The losses of the Germans are described as extremely heavy. The French attacked east of Hill 304 and drove the Germans from a communication trench, which they penetrated yesterday. East of the Meuse there was a series of night engagements. The Germans were driven from a trench south of Haudromont, which they occupied yesterday, and thirty men, including two officers, were captured.

The offensive movement yesterday covered a front of two kilometres, between Haudromont wood and Fort Douaumont, costing the Germans important losses. Other developments of yesterday are declared textually as follows:

"The night passed quietly on the remainder of the front, except in the region of the wood of Remieres and the wood of Yourry, to the west of Pont-a-Mousson, where our artillery was very active.

"Two German aeroplanes have been brought down as the result of aerial encounters in the region of Verdun. One of them fell not far from Ornes, and the other, seriously damaged, was compelled to come to land to the south of Arannes."

Paris, May 8.—After seventy-seven days of battle, the Germans are making a new attack before Verdun, with another formidable army. Fighting almost equal in violence to that of the beginning of March is in progress on both banks of the Meuse.

The principal effort of the Germans is being directed against Dead Man Hill. Following the Napoleonic policy of attempting to turn what cannot be carried by frontal attacks, the Germans, with a whole army corps, made the assault by way of the ravine between Hill 304 and Dead Man Hill, seeking to crush in the French line along a front of one and one half miles. The ground there is favorable for the attack and the French commander, aware of the weakness of the position, placed one of his best trained army corps at that place. This corps disposed of the initial attack without ceding any important ground, but the battle is still raging, and according to the latest advice the result will not be known until some time to-day.

East of the Meuse the Germans delivered four attacks on a front of 2,000 yards, each advance being made by a different Prussian regiment. The fighting there was as fierce as on the other side of the river and as inconclusive.

General Nivelle, whose promotion to the command at Verdun, put him in charge at such a critical time, is a man of sixty. He comes from Tulle, in the Correze department. At the outbreak of hostilities he was in command of the 5th regiment of artillery. General Joffre soon singled him out for a leading role. He was promoted to be a general of brigade on October 24, 1914, and shortly after was placed in command of the 61st infantry division.

On Dec. 23, 1915, he received his three stars, and at the same time was appointed commander of the third army corps.

**The Poultry Raiser's Opportunity**

The Present Market for Poultry Warrants Great. In the Production of Poultry 1916

From present indications Great Britain will require all the eggs and poultry Canada can produce during 1916. Last year, as a result of greatly increased production, Canada was able to ship to Great Britain the largest quantity of eggs exported since 1902, and at the same time reduced her imports for home consumption by nearly a million dozen.

Canadian eggs have found favor on the British market, and the products are that, providing they are available, much larger quantities will be shipped this year. The unusual high price prevailing at the present time are largely due to this anticipated export demand.

Poultry prices are also high, and will likely continue so for the rest of the season. Last fall and winter all the surplus Canadian poultry was exported at highly profitable prices. Between fifty and sixty cars of poultry were shipped from Western Ontario to the Eastern States alone, and in the Maritime Provinces, particularly in Prince Edward Island, the export demand for canned poultry has greatly enhanced prices to producers.

Although some uneasiness has existed on the part of the trade as regards transportation facilities in view of the high freight rates and the shortage of boats, it is now reasonably certain that an even greater demand for Canadian poultry and eggs will occur this year. It is important, therefore, that every poultry producer takes steps to profit thereby, by hatching as many chickens as possible this spring.

Now is the time, by hatching early, by hatching everything possible in the month of May, to guard against the marketing of so much small, undersized, poorly finished poultry, which annually becomes a drag on the market in the fall of the year. Again it is only by hatching now, and giving the chickens every possible chance to thrive and grow, that a maximum supply of eggs can be obtained in the winter time.

Given their proportionate amount of attention, the growing of poultry brings quick and profitable returns to the farmer. With the increasing costs of meats, milk, butter, etc., there is a constantly increasing demand for poultry and eggs. The labour problem is not critical, as the boys and girls on the farm can readily take care of the poultry. The cost of feed is nominal, prices for poultry and eggs are high,—the highest in fact, for many years. It is obvious, therefore that Canadians have a patriotic, as well as an economic duty to perform in making the year 1916 the banner year for poultry production in Canada.

**Judge Wants Women To Serve On Juries.**

AKRON, Ohio, May 8.—Judge E. D. Fritch declares he would have women jurors in his court if the law would permit.

"It's almost impossible to get men to serve," he asserts.

Akron's prosperity has given Judge Fritch something to worry about. He has had to excuse about 60 per cent of the jurors because they were needed in factories.

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"The Dispatch" Office