

Greece Showing Her Teeth Again

Athens, Jan. 6.—A despatch to the London Morning Post says:

"The local press which is exclusively pro-government and under existing conditions entirely under the orders of the King and authorities, declares in language of all degrees of passion that the situation is becoming intolerable and that Greece is not disposed to allow herself to be forced by hunger into meek acceptance of the allies' arbitrary wishes.

"As Greece cannot by her fleet break the blockade this can only mean that she will declare war by land against the allies. In fact this is more than hinted by the press, which demands general mobilization. The government plainly indicated the same thing in its protest of yesterday to the allied powers by saying it must refer the

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by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c.

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matter to the Greek people, meaning thereby a convocation of the Cabinet chamber and the holding of public meetings throughout the country to support the government's line of action.

"That the Athens government is meditating some desperate stroke seems evident from all indications, and especially from the fact that reservists here are being secretly enrolled and notified to hold themselves in readiness to join this or that regiment at an hour's notice. I am informed also that military measures with regard to the artillery and stores and munitions are being extensively taken."

London, Jan. 6.—The Greek council of ministers has approved a restriction of the daily rations and the appointment of a food dictator, says an Exchange Telegraph Company despatch from Athens to-day.

Arrests of person accused of sedition, which had ceased for several days, have been begun, the despatch adds.

London, Jan.—A despatch to the Times from Piraeus, dated Dec. 31, says that the real key to the situation in Greece is the military position in Macedonia. According to this story, King Constantine has received discouraging news from beyond Monastir to the effect that Field Marshal von Mackensen considered it impossible to move on Monastir before another two months at the earliest. The Greek government realizes, therefore, says the despatch, that if it broke with the Entente it would have to support the struggle alone.

Germany Unable To Prolong War

Paris, Jan. 5.—Writing in the Figaro, to-day, Alfred Capus says:

"It is not a bad thing to familiarize public opinion to-day with possible conditions of peace. In fact the situation has entirely changed since Germany proposed the conference.

"Discussions of this kind would have been dangerous last year. They would have led the enemy to believe us weary of war and would have strengthened his confidence. Because he has taken the initiative the case is reversed this year and it becomes evident that Germany is now unable to prolong the war for more than a few months.

"This does not mean that she is ready to accept our conditions. Before submitting to them she will use her last military and diplomatic resources and will strike many dangerous blows, which may be dangerous if we fail to prepare for them hour by hour. This will probably be the characteristic feature of the war of 1917. We must be prepared to meet formidable onslaughts and repulse them vigorously. Out of this a peace will evolve, which this time our adversaries will have to sue for and not suggest with dominating superiority.

"Then it will fail to the Allies to state their conditions. There will be no question of arranging the national life of 100,000,000 human beings, but simply to safeguard oneself as far as humanly possible against their voracity. The experience of two years has pointed out the means to do so.

"Each one of the Allied countries has come to realize what are the conditions indispensable for her own particular safety. Russia has mentioned hers. The forthcoming reply to President Wilson will lay down ours. Great Britain and Italy will speak in their turn. Then, when the supreme battle opens, the idea of peace will be clearly outlined in all minds; the end in view will be discernible to all eyes."

Kaiser's Appeal To The People

London, Jan. 6.—The German Emperor, according to a copy of an order to the German army and navy, received here, charges the Allies with rejecting his offer of peace because they desire the destruction of Germany. He declares that all the responsibility for further sacrifices falls on his enemies and that "with God's help, Germany's arms will enforce the understanding they have rejected."

Amsterdam, Jan. 6.—A Berlin telegram says that the following order of the German Emperor to the army and navy has been officially published:

"Conjointly with the allied (Central Powers) rulers, I proposed to our enemies to enter forthwith into peace negotiations. Our enemies refused my offer.

"Their hunger for power desires Germany's destruction. The war will be continued. Before God and humanity I declare that on the governments of our enemies alone falls the heavy responsibility for all further terrible sacrifices from which I wished to save you.

"With justified indignation at our enemies' arrogant crime and with determination to defend our holiest possessions and secure for the fatherland a happy future you will become as steel. Our enemies did not want the understanding offer by me. With God's help our arms will enforce it.

"WILHELM, I. R."

London, Jan. 6.—The capture of Braila by Field Marshal von Mackensen is discussed by the morning papers in reference to its probable effect on the Russian defence of the Sereth line. Braila formed the advanced defence toward the eastern end of this line. Some of the commentators fear that the fall of the town may seriously shake the whole Russia-Roumanian position on the Sereth line, and may mean the abandonment of that front and the withdrawal to the Russian frontier, or perhaps beyond it into Besarabia. In the meantime the German effort to turn the line from the west is being pressed with an apparent prospect of success.

Raphael Sees Finish of War

England's well known astrologer, Raphael, whose predictions are always awaited with interest, has issued his almanac for 1917, in which he predicts the end of the war this year. He says that the President of the United States will be in danger during the winter, as well as some notable citizens of the States. He predicts a serious naval disaster in the United States during the summer and the inauguration of a religious crusade against places of amusement.

In regard to the war, it is significant that astrologers in the United States have also predicted the end of the war in 1917, the majority of them fixing the date about July 27. Raphael says that in the fall and winter of the present year (1916) there is an ominous direction of Mars and Saturn which portends the defeat of Germany, the overthrow of kingly power and the establishment of a German republic; 1917 will see the end of the war and the Kaiser, too.

Raphael also sees trouble in Great Britain after the war, and adds: "Our King's troubles will not end with the war, for his sun is nearing the place of Mars at birth, which threatens renewed troubles, serious disturbance

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in the land, strikes and bloodshed. The economic war will be coming on, the battle between capital and labor, or master and man. It will be a most anxious harassing time, which will continue for some years. Troubles threaten His Majesty on every side."

Raphael also sees trouble for the Russian empire—sinister and seditious influence within the empire—and these will be augmented with the end of the war.

In the horoscope of President Wilson, Raphael sees trouble brewing also.

"President Wilson is a clever man," he says, "but trouble awaits him. His Jupiter is in Ares, near our king's ascendant, which is decidedly favorable, and he cherishes no ill will against this country but he must not overlook the fact that his Mars by progressive motion comes over our King's ascendant. There are strong indications that the President will make an effort to secure peace on a footing favoring Germany. We must watch and give him to understand that we want no outside advice when the day of reckoning comes. It must be no 'give and take,' but a clean, decisive job."

Austria-Hungary Near Collapse?

London, Jan. 8.—A Berne despatch to the Daily News says:

"If news reaching here from usually trustworthy sources is accurate, Austria-Hungary is very near collapse. No effort is made to conceal the differences which have arisen between the two Kaisers, and Swiss newspapers attribute to Count Golachowski, who recently arrived here from Vienna, a statement that the quarrel between the monarchs has gone too far to be patched up.

"Austria compelled Germany to agree to a joint offer to open peace negotiations, and now that the offer has been definitely rejected, well informed neutral observers state that developments of even more sensational character may take place during the next few weeks.

"The liberty allowed to newspapers in the discussion of peace is held in some circles here to indicate that the authorities are anxious to make in flamed public opinion an excuse for ending the war."

Berlin, Jan. 7, via London, Jan. 8.—"One of our submarines, says an official statement issued today by the German admiralty, 'torpedoed and sank on Dec. 23rd, in the eastern Mediterranean an enemy transport of more than 5,000 tons. The vessel was accompanied by warships.'

London, Jan. 8.—Commenting on the German admiralty report of the sinking of an Entente transport, the London Press Bureau says: "No transport, British or French, was sunk in the eastern Mediterranean on Dec. 23rd."

Drive Through The Holy Land

Washington, Jan. 8.—The Holy Land may be the next important theatre of war. Official despatches received here indicate that the British forces in the Suez region are preparing for a drive through Palestine. The object of this move undoubtedly is to join the Russian army that has moved south from the Caucasus, cutting the Bagdad railroad and ending Germany's dream of eastern empire.

It is not permitted to reveal the nature of the despatches which convey this information, but the conclusions drawn from them are amply supported by the facts of the present military situation of the belligerents.

The Russian offensive in Asia Minor last spring, which took Trebizond, Erzurum and Mush, has been halted for short of its goal.

The British campaign from the Per-

sian Gulf up the Tigris-Euphrates Valley, ended in disaster at Kut el Amara. But the British forces at Suez recently captured El Arish, 75 miles east of Suez, and have pushed on beyond there, how far is not known. The British to-day are farther east of Suez than at any time since the war broke out. The Czar's army in the north has been reinforced, and the Tigris army has been reorganized and is pushing up the valley. Everything points to excellent chances of success if a combined effort from three directions is made against the Turks.

The Turkish censorship has closed down tightly on all news from Palestine, particularly from the Lebanon district, where it is evident preparations are being made to resist such a move.

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TORONTO— — — ONTARIO

Norway's Reply to Coal Embargo

London, Jan. 6.—Great Britain has received Norway's reply in regard to the coal embargo and the situation is much improved, according to a Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, quoting the Christmas Tidnings Tegn. The consensus of opinion in the Norwegian press is that the differences between the two countries will soon be settled.

At Barcelona, Spain, the German consul general has issued a notice requesting all youths aged sixteen years and over to register at the consulate in view of the prospect of soon being called to the colors.

Three hundred persons have been killed and many injured in a disastrous earthquake in Central Formosa. It is estimated that one thousand houses have been destroyed. The city of Nantze has been damaged extensively by fire.

Villa was defeated at Jimenez on Thursday by General Francisco Murguia, with a loss of 1,500 rebel dead, wounded and captured. The rebel leader, Martin Lopez and another Villa general are among the slain.

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