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Examine Your

THE

Printing Supply

Letter Heads Note Heads **Bill Heads** Statements Envelopes Tags **Business** Cards Invoices

Ladies' & Gents' Calling Cards suide grooves for the fingerboard as 300 miles away, the apparatus being shown in the drawing. Those for the an adaption of the wireless telegraph.

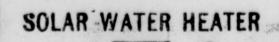
DISPATCH

THE LATEST FIDDLE

improvement on This Old and Ever Popular Musical Instrumon

For hundreds of years the begin ner has been compelled to feel his way up and down the scale of a vielin Ingerboard that had not the alightest indication of the places where the tones changed. It has been necessary by hard practice to learn just where these points were and train the fingers unconsciously cover them when a requence of tenes was desired.

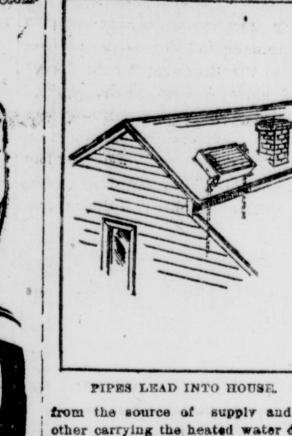
Now a young Australian has come to the fore with a new violin that svercomes this difficulty and makes it possible to tell every note a violin oan make at a glance. He has accom-



Mar 28 1916.

on flousetop and Water Monted by Raye of Sun

Through the ingenuity of two young mbers, it is now possible to have m water in a house that has not) boiler in it. The apparatus which hecomplishes this is known as the minr water heater, and its name inficates its operative principle. A coll # bat pipes of very thin metal, resembling a radiator, is set in a wooden framework which is mounted on the roof of the house. Two pipes lead down from this coil into the house, one of them bringing the water up



from the source of supply and the other carrying the heated water down into the bathroom or whatever room is wanted for. The rays of the sun upon the metal coll heat the contents of the coil to a temperature high enough for most purposes, except on cold winter days.

Thunder Director

A scientist at the Lyons, France, observatory has perfected an appliance that detects thunder storms

Phones in Holy City The telephone has invaded Jerum im, a system having been installed hat sonnects official points, business susses and some residences.

Helping Theatre Patrone

In Magiand there has been patente membination of opera glasses and mand intensifiers for the use of plane mers whose bearing is impaired.

What promises to be a valuable denali of asbestes has been discovered Tonentiette

VARIED RICHES OF GREATER ONTARIO

Northern-grown Wheat is Province's Best-Climate, Minerals, Pulpwood and Fisheries Discussed

Mr. J. L. Englehart, as manager of the Ontario Government's Temiskam ing and Northern Ontario Railway gave facts on the riches of Greater Ontario; the agricultural, fshery and mineral possibilities of which equal the very best in the world. The climatic conditions, he said, are all that are to be desired; the rainfall well distributed throughout the area, with temperate summers, delightful autumn, and sunshine at Haileybury equal to that at Toronto. There were virtually three soils mould, created by leaves and forests for countless ages; below this, clay which on test compares favorably with that of Lambton county, except for fall wheat and corn; underlying the clay is limestone -a reservoir into which roots descend and refresh themselves, create growth, ripen grain, roots, vegetables, etc. Greater Ontario has twenty millions of acres of alluvial soil. This. does not include vast stretches of agricultural possibilities south and west of James Bay.

Success Already

Mr. Englehart said further that tarms taken up by settlers at fifty cents per acre are now valued at from \$100 to \$150 per acre. Temiskaming took the highest mark in 1916 for potatoes in the standing field stop competition for Ontario. An exhibit of spring wheat from Uno Park was awarded first honors in competition with counties from York east and Parry Sound south. Settlers. could get usually \$36 per acre for pulpwood cut, drawn and peeled; thus settlers were paid for clearing their own land, the work being easy as compared with old Ontario, as there are no tap roots; while uncleared spruce wood forms a savings bank for settlers on which they may draw as needed. In New Ontario the approximate value of pine on Crown lands was \$150,000,000; on licensed hads, \$10,500,000; pulpwood, approxi-mate value, -300,000,000.

Wedding Invitations and Announcements Tickets of all Kinds Posters, Handbills Dodgers Programmes

ALSO CARRIED IN STOCK **Road Taxes, School Taxes Poor and County Rates** Deeds, Mortgages Bonds and Bills of Sale **Receipts** and Notes in Books of 50 each



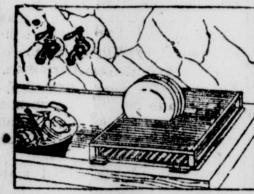
low notes are wide and deep and those for the higher notes are narrow and shallow. But he has not been satisfled with simply placing guides along the fingerboard.

plished this by inventing a system of

He has caused these guides to be made of different colored woods or painted different colors so that one can tell at a glance just what note is familiar with the system. Books of instruction containing music written on diagrams similar to the strings of the new violin are furnished students and they quickly and easily learn just how to master this most difficultand sweetest-of all musical instruments.

DISN DRYER WORKS AUTOMATICALLY

This is a device for letting the dishes dry themselves. Two frames of pine strips are made, each one foot wide and long enough to fit across the kitchen sink. Cross strips are nailed across each frame, these strips being just far enough apart to permit a plate to stand on edge between them. The cross strips on the bottom frame should be nailed at right angles to



the cross strips on the top. Four blocks two inches high should be placed at the corners and between to frames to hold them apart, and the whole should then be nailed tosother.

After the dishes are washed they should be placed in this holder and then scalding hot water poured over them. That is all that is necessary. The dishes will dry themselves in a short time. The frames can be hinged to the back of the sink, if desired, and raised out of the way when not in use.

An Earthquake's Work

A fortunate landslide in China unsovered a rich deposit of coal many miles from where any coal had been known to exist.

Small But Mighty

Though only one-tenth of an inch is Mometer, a new steel v 13 for aeroplane guys has tensile strength of \$50,000 pounds to the square inch.

WAR CHANGES MIGRATION

Sigratary Habtis of Birds Changed Since War

A French correspondent writes: War has made great changes in the hebits of European birds. A convoy of pheasants heralded the naval bat-tie of January 24, 1915, and pheasants ave also been known to give warnhg of Zeppelin raids over the eastern counties of England. In normal times mearly all birds of passage used to pass over France on their way north ir south, but the thunder of the guns s changed all this. The route taken woodcocks leaving England for rarmer climes is across the Channel no Brittany, and Landes to the Pyrenees, and as these birds do not ave to cross the war zone, they have to their old route throughout he hostilities, but their brethren mCScandinavia and Holland, who heed to fly by way of the Aisne and the mud lakes of Champagne, now make a long round by sea and do not puch land until they arrive of the past of Brittany.

Snipe from Russia and Peland wing eir yay for sunny climes by way the western coast of the Black lea to gain the Bosphorus, or else gross Greece and Roumania. German and Danish snipe go south by way of Italy, and the thrushes escape the shrapnel of the front in France by crossing Switzerland and making for Italy . The wild ducks of the eastern tounties of England, which used to fly sver the North Sea, have also a horfor of battles, and now fly north, then west, and then south again, skirting the coast of Ireland.

The calendar of the migrations, which for thousands of generations has been rigorously kept, hat since the war, become more elastic, and some birds, such as the matins, have renounced their return journey to the north and remain in Tunis rearing their young. Owls show no fear of artillery and remain in close proximity to the trenches, which they help to keep clear of rats and mice."

Montal Grasshoppers

Many of as waste fully one-fourth of our time and energy by constantly breaking away from the particular thing we are doing, to do or start something else-to return in a moment or so to finish what we left. We fump-mentally, physically, or both from one idea to another and back again all day long. In most cases this habit one be corrected, it is sothing more than thoughtlessness. And ht should be corrected for such per, us in office or shop are not only inof.) at but have a tendency to dis-turb others? They are nothing more time grassingport. - 1 - 2mg

Cheap Power and Munitions

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Fisheries are important, with anaual value of four millions. The largest fresh water fisheries on the continent, he claimed, are within the Province of Ontario. The salt waters In James Bay and Hudson Bay are teening with fish-a virgin field. The speaker predicted that that region would form the future summer resort the Province, with motoring from Facific to Atlantic. Between Cochrane and James Bay there were more than a million horse-power. secluded part of the world are ideal modifions for munition factories that may be of imperial importance, as minerals are plentiful which furnish strates for explosives and also for the very best fertilizers, which will be needed in our Canadian West.



Quaint Peculiarities of People of Celtio Principality

Wales has plenty of coal, slate, concery, and consonants, but very few Wraames. If a Welsh schoolmaster hould say, "Jones, you may go home school would quit. People who are not called Jones are called Williams, or Evens, or Hughes, or Lloyd. They divide these names between them, and make the best of it. They do not follow the English method of taking their surnames from towns and villages. They felt that to do so would cutethem off from the rest of mankind. Nobedy could possibly call on Mrs. Llanymynech. Dislocation of the jaw is a great drawback to social intorcourse.

The Welshman has the Celtio imagination. He never calls a spade a spade. When he has done describing this implement of agriculture, the stolid Englishman thinks he has been listening to a story from the "Arabian Nights." Hence the Englishman says the Welshman is an "untruther." He ian't really. It's only a difference of method. The Welshman means the truth, which is the main thing. His conscience is all right, if his story isn't.

The Welshman is intensely patrio-tic. He regards Wales as the hub of the universe, "look you." The Welsh and the Manx are akin, and it was a Manifian who spoke of "the Isle of Man and the adjacent islands of Great Britain." But Welshmen art not devoi ! " the Imperial spirit. They have holped to colonize the earth's empty spaces. They have fought in every