

## 800 U. S. Wireless Outfits Taken


New York, April 12.—The police continued to-day to dismantle all wireless stations in this city except those operated under Government direction. It has been estimated by the authorities that there were at least 3,000 professional and amateur stations in Greater New York. Of these 800 had been dismantled up to this morning. Most of the stations were of the amateur variety. They had little radius, but were torn down with the more powerful machines which needed only tuning to record messages from across the Atlantic. There were no discrimination.

Governor Whitman has directed the sheriff of the State to see that private wireless machines in every county are dismantled. The first county to start the work was Westchester, where Sheriff Wisensdang assigned Deputy Sheriff Crawford to the task. Most of the outfits in the county are on the homes of wealthy residents, whose sons have used them for amusement and educational purposes. Among others torn out yesterday was a conspicuously powerful radio outfit in an out of the way part of the county. This instrument was capable of sending and receiving waves from great distance.

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Eight more suspected Germans were taken to Ellis Island yesterday for temporary interment preparatory to their removal to a detention camp now being made ready in the South. Among the men were the chief wireless operator and three of his assistants from the German radio station at Tuckerton, N. J. Others rounded up were Walter Keisling of East Orange, G. von Igel, L. Wilhelm and Wilham Ort of Hoboken. Agents of the Department of Justice are in the Hudson valley today looking for a suspicious alien reported to Capt. Wm. M. O'Leary yesterday by Col. Wm. G. Bates of the 71st Regiment. The authorities refuse to disclose the nature of the case against this



**KEEP THEM WORKING**

A horse in the field is worth two in the barn. You can't prevent Spavin, Ringbone, Splint, or Curb from putting your horse in the barn but you can prevent these troubles from keeping horses in the barn very long. You can get

**KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE**

at any druggists at \$1 a bottle, 6 for \$5, and Kendall's will care. Thousands of farmers and horsemen will say so. Our book "Treatise on the horse" free. 115

Dr. E. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburg Falls, Vt.

man, but his capture is eagerly desired.

Documents taken from Chas. Mayor, a German waiter, arrested yesterday by Capt. Boyle of the West 100th street station are being examined with care. A number of letters were found on Mayor, who confessed that he had obtained admission to this country illegally in 1915. A code book found on him interests the Department of Justice more than the letters. Mayer went to the Hotel Bonta at Ninety-fourth street and Broadway yesterday and, without asking permission, started to go to an upper floor. He met Arthur Bonta, proprietor of the hotel, on the stairs and told him he was looking for a Mr. Nelson. As there was no guest by that name in the hotel Bonta ordered the stranger out.

He followed him to the street and capped on Captain Boyle to arrest him. When the German letters and the code book were found in Mayer's pockets the Department of Justice was notified of the arrest. Unless Mayer is held on some charge preferred by the police he will be interned in all likelihood.

## Canadians Chase German Foe

Canadian Headquarters in France, via London, April 13.—(By Stewart Lyon, Special Correspondent of the Canadian Press).—The full fruit of the battle of Vimy is ours to-night. The Germans are in full retreat, and the Canadians, advancing as rapidly as the mined and wrecked roads permit, are hard upon their heels. Givenchy, Petit Vimy, Vimy itself, Farbus and Willerval are ours. London, April 13.—On a twelve mile front from north of the River Scarpe to south of Loos, British troops to-day pressed back the Germans all along the line and captured six villages. They have gained a footing in German trenches northeast of Lens. Prisoners and guns also were taken in the advance.

Southeast of Arras the British also made progress and are now

astride the Hindenburg line as far as a point seven miles southeast of Arras.

The villages seized by the British are all east and north of the Vimy Ridge. They are Balleul, Willeval, Vimy, Petit Vimy, Givenchy-en-Gohelle and Angres. Perograd, April 13.—Austrian troops engaged with the Russians in G. Hea ran up white flags and a truce to go over to the Russian lines yesterday. The Austrian artillery was turned on them, and they returned to their lines.

## Germans Uneasily Ask About Status

New York, April 12.—Displaying American flags and Wilson campaign buttons, a throng of Germans besieged the Federal Building yesterday seeking to learn their status. Their uneasiness was heightened by the disappearance from the German colonies of a large number of residents who left no word of their whereabouts. Word was passed among them that the men had been arrested and placed in internment camps.

Manufacturers and importers belonging to German firms called at the building in large numbers throughout the day to turn over their code books to the government officials. The authorities have determined to ward against all sending of messages by spies by obtaining the code secret of every firm in the city which might have German sympathies. All of the German chemists of the city are to be under surveillance, as well as the keepers of sporting goods stores and pawnshops, where arms or ammunition might be sold.

The Germans who thronged the Federal Building invariably asked what to do in order to avoid conflict with the government. Every one who asked the question was told to observe the President's recent proclamation. They learned there would be no question concerning their safety if each would observe the rule, "Obey the law and keep your mouth shut."

## Effective War On Submarines

New York, April 10.—The New York Times this morning publishes the following:

The British have been destroying U boats at the average rate of one a day since Feb. 1 and, latterly, at an even higher rate, according to information brought to New York yesterday by persons returning from Europe, who said they had the authority of naval officers and officials high in the Admiralty for the figures. In the month following the declaration of unrestricted submarine warfare British ships sank 32 submarines. Since then, it is said, the average number destroyed has been between 7 and 15 with the number running as high as 23 in a week.

Kronstadt, April 8 (Via London, April 10).—Kronstadt is feverishly preparing to repel an expected German naval attack when the Gulf of Finland is free of ice. A correspondent of the Associated Press reached the famous island fastness by travelling over the vast ice waste which separates it from the mainland, found the garrison working night and day in anticipation of the long predicted assault.

The fortress is entirely controlled by a council elected by the troops, which is unanimously resolved to defend Russian freedom and territory to the last. The council is equally resolved against fighting for the annexation of foreign territory. One member of the council said that as long as Germany was unwilling to abandon its plans of annexation there was nothing to do but fight

He said that everything possible had been done to put the defences of the fortress in first class order and that the stronghold was as strong to-day as ever.

## Inhuman Acts German Nurses

London, April 11.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—Appalling revelation of the systematic brutality of German women of the Red Cross towards British wounded have been made to the Berne correspondent of the Times by scores of British soldiers, of all ranks, released from German prison camps. On the long journey of the British wounded through Germany it was the common amusement of these women to tempt our men, who were in the last extremity of hunger and thirst, by holding out food and drink to try and make them snatch it, and then withdrawing it. Many of the wounded, begging for water, had coffee, water and soup tendered to them, and then at the last moment the gentle nurse would spit in the cup or glass. Frequently the wounded had to drink the defiled stuff, while the women looked on and laughed.

An equally common entertainment with these women was to offer a wounded man a glass of water, and then pour it slowly on the ground. Cases of physical maltreatment of British wounded by German nurses were just as common and systematic as the refusal to give them nourishment. The nurses not only refused to attend to British wounded, but regularly insulted and spat on them. Frequently they even struck or kicked a bandaged limb in order to give pain. "If," says the Times, "the German Red Cross is merely a branch of German militarism it has prostituted its sacred sign, shamed its name, and forfeited all right to be regarded as an organization of humanity."

## British Guns Churned Ground

New York, April 11.—A news agency despatch published here to-day follows: "With the British Army in the Field April 11.—Swept forward by a storm of shells the like of which has never before been seen even in the greatest of wars, the British advanced jammed its way still further through the German wall of steel to-day.

It was possible to-day to understand in a way why the British losses in the great spring offensive to date have been far less than the minimum anticipated. British artillery in its concentrated fury of discharge literally churned the ground the Germans held. It was the same story over again that was first told when the Germans started their retreat. They had to go back. British artillery had made their positions a horror, a shambles, a sea of hummocky earth, pock-marked by craters.

"German prisoners to-day led back behind the lines declared the British fire was so cyclonic that many of their officers fled for their lives at the first titanic outburst."

## Germany Will Beat The World

Amsterdam, via London, April 12.—The American army is held up to ridicule by Major Morath, writing in the Deutsche Tages Zeitung, who jeers at the idea that the United States can give any effective military aid to the Allies. Major Morath says:—

"The American army is no danger to Germany. The Civil War cost half a million lives, because neither side had a trained army. Now Wilson, forgetful of history, is trying the same thing, but it will be shown once more that the braggadochio of his country men is in inverse ratio to their fighting value." Major Morath concludes with a sneer at "shoddy American war material," concealing which he says the Russians could tell a tale.

The Vorwarts says ironically that it is now considered good form to join the anti-German-world league. The Socialist organ declares that Brazil, Peru and Chile, professing to be preparing to fight for humanity and civilization, are really instigated by their material dependence on New York, London and Paris, and the ease with which rich German trans-Atlantic communities can be attacked. It urges, however, that "as the fruits of many decades of pioneer work are at stake, the menace should not be minimized."

The world league is becoming grotesque in size, it concludes "Goliath versus David."

The Kreuz Zeitung says: "Thirteen hundred millions of the world's inhabitants are fighting seventy million Germans. Let the rest of the earth come as well; we will beat them all."

## He Had Walked

Sandy boarded a crowded car and obeyed the conductor promptly when he told the passengers to move up. The car started on its way, but stopped at the next

# GinPills

FOR THE KIDNEYS

## WHAT THE KIDNEYS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR

The function of the kidneys is to purify the blood. Every three minutes, the entire blood stream passes through the kidneys and is relieved of its impurities by these body organs. When the kidneys fail in their work, poison accumulates in the blood—pains are felt in the back, the head aches, the urinary system is deranged, the joints and ankles are apt to swell and there is grave danger of rheumatism, sciatica, and lumbago.

Gin Pills restore the kidneys to their normal activity, and should be taken as soon as any of the symptoms indicated above are felt. Gin Pills soothe and heal the kidneys. Don't neglect kidney trouble—you will only suffer needless pain.

All druggists sell Gin Pills—50c a box, or 6 boxes for \$2.50. A sample will be sent free upon request to

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED  
Toronto, Ont. 62

W. S. Address—No-Drugs Co. Inc.  
202 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y.



block to admit other passengers, and again Sandy moved up. The operation was repeated block after block, and Sandy had been as obliging as possible. Finally when he reached his destination, and as he passed the conductor he was gripped by the arm and pulled back. "You didn't pay your fare," said the man. "Fare be blowed," exclaimed Sandy. "Why, mon aliye, I've been walking all the way."

## Lens Threatened By Canadians

British assaults have broken four miles more of the German front in an important sector of the Arras battlefield. The Hindenburg line has been riddled on its northern end, Lens is fast being hemmed in and General Haig's forces are swelling back the Germans from the Loos sector far to the southeast of Arras. Correspondents report every indication of a continuation of the German retirement under the smashing offensive of the British. The Teutons are being hard pressed as they retreat, and explosions and fires are observed in their rear.

Great importance is attached to the success of the British in the fighting north of Vimy. They have carried there several important positions, including points between Givenchy-en-Gohelle and Angres, enabling General Haig to link up the ground won in the engagements early this week in the Arras region with positions gained long ago in the costly battle of Loos. This movement is resulting in the envelopment of Lens, with its valuable coal fields. The fall of St. Quentin also seems imminent.

New York, April 14.—A news agency despatch published here to-day follows:

"With the British Armies A-field, April 14.—Lens must fall soon to the Canadians. Its occupation was deemed to-day on a matter of a very short time."

Printed Butter Wrappers

FOR SALE

AT

"The Dispatch" Office