

Brilliant Coup Of Naval Forces

Continued from page 3

Equadron.

London, April 24.-Some of the news papers say that the officer referred to by Admiral Sir Eric Geddes, the First Lord of the Admiralty, as having devel needed the latter bodies frequently open the fog and smoke screen for the place orders and assist in the distribu British raiders on the Belgian coast sub tion. Much of the seed handled by the marine bases and as having been killed Commission is, however, distributed in the attack was Acting Wing Comman der Frank A. Brock. He was the son of widely known fireworks manufac bodies, agricultural societies, farmers' turer. Young Brock entered the naval air service in January. 1916, as a flight tientenant, became a flight commander | 5 eve as a control on prices asked by the in 1916, and received the Order of the British Empire this year.

London, April 24. - R. ports of intense activity at German naval bases, says a Dai'y Mail despatch from the Hague, ur connected in some circles with an eddress Emperor William made to sub marine commanders in Flanders. Dur ing his speechathe Emperor said: "The setivities of the submarines, together with our victorious armies and fleet, are calculated to bring us a strong German peace. I am convinced that the united ettength of these three weapons will in a comparatively short period make our opponents, who are still bent on destroy ing Germany's strong and free future. ready to accept an equitable peace."

War Time Seed Supply

Dominion Seed Branch Provides Supplies to Provinces through a Seed Purchasing Commission

Operating under the direction of the Seed Commissioner and composed of members of his staff, the Seed Purchas ing Commission aims to insure a reserve supply of staple farm seeds for distributun where needed. Outside offices of the Commission are maintained at Re gina, Toronte and Quebec City. The beed Branch Staff of seed inspectors and the chain of Government elevators, under the control of the Board of Grain Commissioners of the Department of Trade and Commerce, co-operate with the Seed Purchasing Commission in the inspection, cleaning, storing, sacking and discripution of seed supplies. The grain trade also assists in purchasing on the basis of small brokerage commis-

The purchases of the Commission are financed by appropriations made by Orders-ig-Council, and proceeds from rales deposited to the credit of the Receive! General. The Commission makes sales only in car lots of one or more kinds of seed and subject to payment by sight draft with bill of lading satached. Prices are fixed to cover the ec uni cost of the cleaned seed as near 1 as can be determined.

All of the cerea! grains purchased for ered are obtained subject to inspection as to definite standards of quality for reed grades. Small premiums per bush ei are offered on car lots which will add or seed with a limited dockage in releaning. Relatively pure varieties are

available in the quantities required only in a few items; hence the operations of the Commission do not interfere unduly with the business of secdamen who always handle named varieties.

I'ne seed surplus or requirements of ach province are estimated by the Serd Branch district officers in consulta ion with the Provincial Departments of Agriculture, and where supplies are through the usual channels of commerce for seed supplies. Municipal governing clubs or groups of farmers take advantage of ordering in car lots and this

THE WINTER TERM

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Has Offensive Been Resumed? FAU.T

London, April 24. - "The hostil rtillery activity increased vester far afternoon and evening on the rester part of the British front ourticularly in the Somme and An ere sectors, in the valley of the Scurpe and in t e sector north of B-thune and no thenortheast of Bulleut.

"At duck hostile infantry left their trenches to at ack northwes of Albert but met with heavy . fle and mach negun fire and wer or.

"Strong hostile attacks develop ed also late in the evening in the neighborhood of Dranoutre are were repulsed by French troops at. ter sharp fighting. Free-o. of British artillery inflicted sever lo on the enemy.

"During the night the activity of the enemy's artillery continued Colborne, and at an early bour this morning

a heavy bombardment was on e along practically the whole B itish front from north of Albert to car jaction with the French sour o the Somme. Strong infantry at wks are reported in progress in the Albert sector and between the Same and the A re rivers.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE. April 23 - (By the Vascorated Pres)-N with-ist f. g their concen tation of men and it is a varing pours, he Gr all ret n rm . rki a.

Pr oners report there a mile Kness and an epidemic I r r set among the Grane, add a hat the rations are man qua e to ne ne. d. of fighting soldier.

Tai- morning we carried our -uc cessful operations east of the Clarence River with he object of etraightening our line.

L ndon, April 24. - The national executive of the labor party has passed a resolution express og its deep gratitude and sdu ration at the army's heroic resistance to the terrible onslaughes. "Such mag nificent courage," siya the reso'u tion, "is consistent with the best British traditions and imposes an imperative obligation on all rections of the community to assist by skill, energy and sunstance to carry on the great work of beratoo in which the army is engag ed in order that the just off remov testit in the final (verbrow of melvace-in and secure a lasting deman a r peace for the worle."

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, April 23 - (By the A . e a ed Press.) - Tae valor ave carinate es of the amercan op- dur ng the German actark S comprey last Saturd y in g v. much ed praise by the French cape on the same front, in a reper forward d to the general comme day by the colonel of a Fren en mlanery regiment which took parationhase gogement.

the shelle can unued to fall alorg American front north west of I al o.ca , or generally speak. ing the artill ry fire wa lighte an not There was a ; h crease, however, in the aud n chin -gno ties against the Am-" positions around Secheprey"

WANTED

ANTED, -Two girls to arn type setting

I quire at THE DEPATCE OFFICE

TREES AND PLANTS

For Spring Planting

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MONTREAL



BETTER EDUCATION IN WESTERN CANADA

Suggestions as . How to Add to the Efficiency of the E \cational Syster

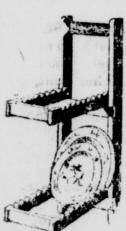
Mr. W. B. Willoughby ha er of the Opposition in Waskatchewan, interviewed by Saska chewan Public Education League, said in part: There are a few things I would particularly like to see thoroughly discussed from every angle. Firstly: What subjects shall be taught in the schools? Secondly: What steps can or ought to be taken to make the rural school a community centre? Thirdly: How should school districts be formed? With the present areas, or with greatly-extended areas? Or should they be abolished altogether and the work undertaken by the municipal councils, or some new body? Fourthly: What instruction should be given in agriculture, gardening, manua training, etc., and what preparation in addition to the present should the tachers have therefor?

I am quite satisfied that from the teaching point of view we shall never have arrived at any satisfactory solution until a much bigger percentage of the teachers engaged in the profession, whether male or female, enter it with the expectation of making it ; their falling in life, and not making it a stepping-stone to something else. To accomplish this, however, inducements must be held out to them to remain in the profession, such as a fair salary, a pension system, a more decommunity life and residences

for teachers. Unfortunately but a very small percentage of the parents get really interested or in touch with the work that the children do in school. By using the school for the various social activities of the school district or locality, I think the parents would become greatly imbued with the work. The grounds would soon be beautified, the teacher would have a residence, the travelling library might in instelled, and in many other way: dry as-dust work of the present would be made infinitely more attractive.

Useful Plate Rack

An economist of space sometimes finds areat difficulty in security a



place to s re dishes and especially plates so that they are secure and at the same time easily accessible. An Englishman has discovered a very handy way of overcoming this difficulty with a folding plate rack

which can be used for storing plates in very small space in the pantry or in trying them. The making of the plate Pok requires but little skill with is. It should be built in accordance with the tire of the plates to be placed toon it, and securely brace. If desired, it can be made to fold up out of the way when the rack portion is

Ten Big Rivers

There are ten rivers, each more than 1000 miles long, in the United

Verdant Ceylon

Of Ceylon's 16,307,840 acres of land only about 2,875,000 are under culti

Cleaning Enamelware Kerosene will quickly cleanse zinc or enameled sinks, bath tubs and refrigerator linings.

School of Town Planning A school of town planning has been established by the university of Londea near that city.

A Strong Wood Loonst has the greatest tensile strength among ordinary woods, 2,200 younds to the square inch.

Acetylene in Old World The streets of mon than 250 towns in France and Algeria are lighted Complete by acetylene

BEST FRUIT BOXES

Verious Shapes and Sizes Discussed by Dominion Official-Should Standardize When Possible

A. H. Flack, chief fre insperor of the Prairie Provinces, writes as follows: The apple box has frequently been discussed and no decision has ever been reached in regard to it. We have for domestic purposes two sizes to select from, both of which are in use in British Columbia to-day. One is the box specified for export in the Inspection and Sales Act, Section 325, which has inside dimensions of 10x11x20 inches, containing 2,200 cubic inches, while the other is the Oregon box with inside dimensions of 10 %x 11 2x18 inches, cubic contents being 2,173% cubic inches. As far as the ada, bility of these packages for appaca is concerned I do not believe there is very much difference.

If anything the Oregon box has the advantage. The chief argument in faver of the Oregon box, to my idea, le that the length is identical with the pear and peach box. This is really a very important point, as it enables mills to produce cheaper by utilizing material for other packages fast otherwise would be wasted, and is certainly an advantage in warekousing stock and loading mixed cars. it could also be of convenience to the trade in warehousing at distributingopolats. Some objections may be alsed due to the fact that our Australian markets require a different package. It is unfortunate that such is the case, but, nevertheless, ham of the opinion that it will be to our Myantage to adopt the Origon box for domestic purposes.

Peach and Apple Boxes In regard to apple crates it is quite shvious that some steps should be taken in order to have only one sixo ta use. Undoubtedly several ideas exist as to what constitutes the best package for this purpose. In regard to e e peach box we have one in also in Bittish Columbia measuring 1 inches side, and another measure: 111/2x18 inches. I think it world be advisable to agree as to which of these two packages to adopt. It will, of course, be necessary to have several different depths and I would sugg st 31/2 inches, 4 inches, and 41/2 inches. in regard to the width, lily inches

would be the same as the apple and pear box suggested, with the account aning advantage.

New Kind For Pears Regarding the pear box. I would I ggest the one measuring 115g. acres lide, 81/2 inches deep and 18 inches length inside. This would give us a ackage of the same length and width as the apple and peach box suggested. in view of the fact that a lug package s now being used for some markets, would, I consider, be desirable to standardize one. I would favor the acific lug, as used by the Pacific Fruit and Produce Company. This package is used largely for cherries and is shipped containing 2 pounds aet by weight. It measures 14 inches in width, 51/2 inches deep ward a 61/4 mc'arin length, having a hand gouge on a h end, with a cleat 14x1 1/2x 1/4 titles under the naver which perthe a free circulation of en

SAVING AUTO TIRES

Most people, ignoring the simplest precentions in driving, more than double the wear on their tires, and so are out repeatedly the cost of a new set, writes a tiremaker. Some of the driving faults and the troubles they cause he lists thus:

Jamming brakes hard down or starting auddenly puts unnecessary strains on the tire fabric

Wheels out of line continually yank 11 tire tabric.

Pulling hard instead of coasting over crushed stone drags cuts into a

Spinning or skidding burn rubber and scrape it of.

Oil and grease left on tires will

Avoidance of these carelessness will say diorty per cent. of the mormal met of tires, concludes the tire man,