Published by the

"AGRICULTURE THE TRUE BASIS OF A NATION'S WEALTH."

Maritime Farmer Association

NO 21

VOL. I.

REDUCTION

Having over-bought in the following goods, we are determined to close them out at

COST PRICES

DRESS TWEEDS

commencing at 3½ cts. per yd.

DRESS GOODS, 175 PIECES,

Commencing at 8 cents per yard

GREY COTTONS, 10,000 YARDS,

WHITE COTTONS 2,000 YARDS, induced to attend.

Commencing at 5 cents per yard.

Commencing at 6 cents per yard

PRINTED COTTONS, 300 PIECES, Commencing at 6 cents per yard

Black Lustres.

300 pieces, commencing at 14 cents per yard.

Wool Shawls, 200. Commencing at 75 cts each.

COTTON FLANNELS 200 pieces, commencing at 7 cents per yard,

> A LOT OF WOOL GOODS At quarter prices to clear.

It would be to the advantage of buyers to cal

\$25,000

ALE F

will be continued until the whole Stock is disposed of, consisting of

Dress Goods. Shawls, Mantles,

Furs,

Muffs,

Caps, Blankets,

Flannels, Swansdowns

Clouds,

Promenade Scarfs, Breakfast Shawls

GLOVES and HOSIERY

Cottons,

Prints.

Tickings, Ribbons.

Velvets.

together with a general assortment bye-laws of the Society, what progress of every description of Dry Goods. they have made, and when they will rich treasures of fruit, grain and vege-

THOMAS LOGAN,

Opposite Normal School. Fredericton, January 8, 1880

Agriculture.

were present, Mr. J. H. Reid, Presi-

granted by government to the Y. A.

Sunbury and Carleton Societies.

went on to make some pertinent ob-

all good farmers to take an interest

in their County Societies and shows,

and to subscribe for a good agricultural

farmers, he said, do not become mem-

members, neglect to attend the an-

and what was more important, do not

subscribe for and read an agricultural

the current practical experiments in

Farm in the Province, provided, al-

capital, not more knowledge, that is

subjects connecting with farming. A

The President then read and submit-

ted the Treasurer's account. The bal-

increased in 1879, chiefly owing to

expenditures made on the grounds in

for shingles, etc. Report received.

J. Pickard, M. P., Vice Pres.

were then elected, viz. :-

J. H. Reid, President

J. Richards, Secretary

J. A. Beckwith, Treasurer

F. B. Coleman, A. Limerick.

G. Y. Dibblee, Wm. Edgecombe.

The officers for the ensuing year.

Audit Committee .- J. A. Fdwards.

On the motion of Mr. Coleman,

special meeting. Meeting then ad-

creameries in the State of New York,

States and Canada.

FREDERICTON, N. B., JANUARY 22, 1880.

Among the Farmers of King's Co. FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

York County Agricultural SocIety Meeting. The Annual Meeting of the York County Agricultural Society, took place on Thursday afternoon, 15th friendly chat; see what they are do- purpose, which has the advantage, inst., in the Temperance Hall. There ing; note the improvements going on; also, of not decaying; and when it is and return the social calls of friends put down in a thorough manner is dent, Mr. J. Richards, Secretary, and Messrs. J. A. Edwards, A. Limerick, ways welcome. Of course you will quire drainage, the first step is to dig F. B. Coleman, P. McPeake, John Grieves, and a few other members of advice given by the FARMER, and same in depth, taking care to have it the Society. The minutes of the last with which you are not expected to descend to the point at which you Annual Meeting and of the adjourned find fault.

meeting in June, having been read by the Sec'y and confirmed by the meeting. with its pretty villas and churches from the cellar will require to be The President made a short address. behind, we cross the substantial struc- deepened sufficiently to carry off the He said that it would be very desi- ture (which spans the Kenebecasis water, and for that purpose should be rable, in the event of the Provincial river at this point, and generally one or two inches lower than the Exhibition being held in St. John, known as the Hampton Bridge) we trench around the celiar. that the York County Society should reach the Norton hank and turning to Thus prepared, remove all obstructake steps to have a preliminary show the right we start on our tour among tions from the floor, making it as in Fredericton, on the Thursday and the farmers of Norton. Thanks to level as possible. Now spread go and Friday presious to the meeting our friend at our side who is thorough- coarse gravel from two to four inches in St. John, He thought that the ly conversant with Norton farmers, in depth over the entire surface of the feelings of the citizons generally, we are able to obtain many facts of floor, filling the trench around the would be in favor of such a show, and

if combined with two days sport, it would attract a great many people, and numbers from St. John would be From the articles exhibited a good selection might be made to send to thing and everything in its place we add two barrels of the coarsest sand the Provincial Show. "We" would thus have a good opportunity "to wallop the St. John people on their ground." As the amount annually friend-good farmers Passing on we Spread the cement about one inch in S. was now distributed among three other Societies in the County besides under good cultivation and improve- smooth it like a plasered wall. itself, it would be necessary to secure their co-operation, and also that of the

paper. While a large number of our pends largely upon it, and we heartily which will be entirely rat-proof. wish our young friend success. Passbers of the County Societies, or if ing the farms of Mr. Henry Dixon, Mrs. Gray, and Mrs. Scribner, the nual meetings and the fairs and shows, two latter of which are rented, we reach the homesteads of Elisha Fowler. Joseph Pickle, Ramsy Jackson, paper, thereby loosing the benefit of and Henry Baxter in the order named.

We note improvemnts being made agriculture, some are now discusson almost all these homesteads. ng the question whether it would not Messrs. John and Silas Raymond's be advantageous to found a Model farms are the next to call our attention. These gentlemen have always ways that the government (which taken an active interest in agriculmeans the people) meet the expenses tural matters, and their farms give thereof. How many farmers, he evidence of good cultivation and care. would like to know, would read Mr. Geo. Barnett, whose farm we much less practice, the scientific next notice, has the reputation of experiments put forth in the anmaking great improvements by good nual report of such an institution. cultivation and management. Mr. seeing how the more practical matters John Burnett has a nice farm and nearer home are neglected, how many greatly delights in good dairy cows, would visit a model farm? It is more of which he showed very fine specimens. Mr. William Frost and James wanted in agriculture, where labor Crabb have each snug farms. Mr. saving implements and manures are Frank Pickle furnishes the wagons, required-'tis capital that is needed. sleds, carriages, etc., for the farmers, The agricultural paper, (the only one and his work is said to give good in the Province) the MARITIME FARsatisfaction. Dr. Gilchris, of Port-MER, printed in this city, should reland, St. John, has a fine farm here. ceive the unanimous support, not where he breeds his pure bred Jerseys only of the farmers of York, but of and thoroughbred horses, some of the farmers throughout the whole Province, and they should aid it also by contributing practical articles on in his stock department, but in his

resolution was passed authorising the Passing the finely cultivated farms President to communicate with Presiand neat and substantial farm houses dents of the other Societies in York, of Mr. Wm. Provan, Irvin Smith, and Sunbury, and Carleton, on the subject Wm. McVery, we reach the farmof a preliminary show in Fredericton stead of Capt. Baxter, which deserves We have some knowledge of our more than a passing notice. It enjoys a beautiful location and can be seen at some distance; its pretty farm-house ance against the Society was slightly and comfortable barns; with its well kept grounds, making a picture well worthy the artists' pencil, while the 1878, putting up sheds, repairing and neatly constructed fences, brilliant in constructing bridges, &c. Balance their coat of white, gives additional over expended in 1878, \$187, received effect to the surroundings, and makes 1879, \$1,215, expended \$1,422, over the picture one of great rural beauty expenditure, \$256. But the \$256 did which never fails to impress the benot represent the whole balance hoider with the excellent taste disagainst the Society, as some \$300 in played. In all the arrangements the all, were still owing certain parties Capt. has been his own architect and landscape gardener, and has reason to feel a degree of pride in his efforts. Capt. Baxter takes great pleasure in showing his visitors the paintings of the beautifully modeled clipper ships which adorn his rooms and which h very successfully sailed for their own-Executive Committee .- P. McPeake. ers for quite a numbers of years: also the rare curiosities gathered from the cities of the East, of which he has many. Successful as he was while resolution was passed to inquire of the in command of his vessels, he has proved equally so as a farmer, reclaim. committee who were last year ening rough and unfruitful fields and trusted with the amendment of the compelling them to yield up their tables. As we are not to the end of will be prepared to submit them to a

There are 1000 cheese factories and us again. and probably 3000 in the United horse thief: "It would have been our farmers will not lose sight of 40,000 tomatoe boxes and 25,000 onion extra milk and butter from the cows that can increase the domestic joy shape of a cone, and bake in a modercheaper for him to go afoot.'

How to make Cellar Floors and Walls Rat-Proof.

Rats are an intolerable nuisance in At this season of the year when the cellars, making sad havoc with vege farm work is not pressing heavily on tables and fruit. As a preventative one's hands, nothing is more enjoyable to their depredations, we have found than to take a run round among our the following plan of constructing cordance with suggestions made by neighboring farmers, and have a cellar floors to answer an excellent the Grangers at their last annual whose visits to our domicile are al- there for life. As most cellars resee that this is in accordance with the a trench say 12 inches wide and the purpose having the outlet of the Leaving the village of Hampton, drain. Of course the drain leading

walls with small round or cobble The first farm cottages we meet are stones within 3 inches of the surface, those of the Messrs. Fairweather, look- then spread the gravel over the stones, ing neat and tidy as usual. Every thus making a complete coating of thing around the homestead denotes gravel over the entire surface. Now care and method; a place for every- take one barrel of good fresh cement. judge to be the motto of these gentle- of fine gravel with water sufficient to men, and we should say they deserve make it the consistancy of mortar for supply. the compliment paid them by our mason's use, and work it thoroughly. reach the farmstead of Mr. Charles thickness, taking care to have it in its

ment. Parson Wameford's neat and Should the walls of the cellars be the Sugar Maple. It proves to be cessive drops will form a saw like cosy cottage is next to hand. The somewhat open, use the cement and farm is managed by his son "Hamile," sand in the same proportions, making that was obtained they would be able who enters with great zest into all the it into mortar and paint the walls to offer a good premium list. He then details of farm life, and is making completely, and if thought best, give Maple syrup. However, it is just many improvements. We like the them a coating of the mortar. When servations on the duty encumbent on idea of our young men settling down the substance once becomes hard to farm life at home, instead of look- (which will be in a few days) you for green fields afar off. The pros- may flatter yourself that you have strong. perity and hope of our country de- an indistructable floor, and a cellar

Questions to be Discussed.

The generally received opinion that the questions to be discussed at the Provincial Farmers' Association at its approaching meeting at Sussex, are of an important character. It now becomes the duty of those who the discussions to give the various subjects their best consideration, and each highway district could muster the syrup until you are ready to pour thus prepare themselves for the duties zation. This fact is generally conthe Province, to remind our brother farmers who will give their attendconneil of agriculturists, and the pub. with age, and become a total loss, press in the printing office of M. Du-

kindly fruits of the earth as drawn from the soil by our agriculturists farmers who will in all probability of the Association, and we know them to be actuated by a strong the best results will follow their de-

A Maple Grove The Rural New Yorker has an acin Western New York made his maple grove pay him a handsome will cease to talk of hard times. percentage. He must have been down sap instead of the old-fashioned over fifty acres has been more uniour tour and do not wish to weary form than from the corn and fruit your readers, we say good bye until next week, when you may hear from labor of clearing and fencing. These Scotia, have a contract for a firm in they will soon pay for themselves ou This is the epitaph of a Nebraska are facts of much interest. We hope the West Indies, to supply them with the farm, in the saving of grain. The

At the opening of the Ontario Legislature, the Lieutenant Governor in his speech, says that "a measure will be introduced proposing certain changes in the Ontario Agricultural College," which are said to be in ac-

At New York, on Wednesday the ment over a break in the "corner" on wheat, as reported from Chicago. The first quotation from that city, noon the market had fallen from 6 to 10 cts. per bush., and was followed by still lower figures before the close of the day's proceedings.

Europe in a much larger ratio (as compared with the quantities this country has for export) than from the United States. It will therefore not surprise those who watch the course of trade, if the Dominion becomes denuded of wheat early in the coming spring, and a reaction of prices may occur owing to actual shortness of

Dixon, whose land we are informed is place before it sets or hardens, and Co., will please accept our thanks ative testimony to our correspondent's statements on the keeping qualities of with him than it may with us, as the temptation to taste frequently is very

The Strength of the Ox.

It is an "Old Farmer" who wrote. for The American Cultivator, this sugis clean; but much increase is by the

farms do we find many oxen, and, in from thirty to fifty yoke of oxen, now it into the molds, where it "cakes" the entire town cannot produce twenty without further manipulation. that await them. We shall not stop voke. Here we find the cribs, and to tell our readers of the importance in fact, the whole barn, clean of food which very probably attaches itself for man or beast. The great mistake to the utterances of any public organi. of abandoning the use of oxen on our died. This was Mile. Foucault, comadvance the agricultural interests of ty of his farm to a very low ebb. father died and left her a penniless Substituting horses for oxen has not orphan. She tried all sorts of means while the ox may be put to work pont. She remained there two years

> carry large stocks of cattle, and the She died, it is said, worth \$400,000. barns overflow with plenty. If the worn out farms of the East are ever

AN EXPERIMENT.—An old turkey the inventor of the sheet iron pans raiser gives the following experiment now so generally used for boiling Four turkeys were fed, on meal, boiled sugar, one year going as high as of very finely pulverized charcoal 6,900 lbs. and receiving therefore mixed with their food-mixed meal \$1000. The average profits of his and boiled potatoes. They had also \$16,000 for forty years. He has the same day, and here was a differ- has been proved that the cutter and the pleasure of a ride. Put a portion | Cocoa-nut Cones.—One pound of usually tapped 1,200 to 1,500 trees ence of one and one-half pounds food cooker may be used with a large of your money in subscriptions to cocoa-nut grated, half a pound of and sometimes as many as 2,500. each in favor of the fowls which per cent of profit in feeding most The income from a grove scattered had been suplied with charcoal, stock. Experiment shows that ground

boxes this spring.

Communications.

Letter from Prof. Burwash Sackville.

To the Editor of the Maritime Farmer :

Sir,-Perhaps all of your readers may not be aware that a valuable manure is found in the water which has been used in washing wool, or the fleece of sheep, washed before shear ing. Potash, which is a valuable 7th inst., there was quite an excite- manure, especially for light soil, exists in such quantity in the sweat of sheep, that saving the water which has been used to wash the fleece, and extracting the potash, has become a showing a decline of 2 cents per bush. branch of industry on the Continent followed by still lower figures; at of Europe. This water would prove a valuable manure for the sugar beet, as that plant requires considerable farmers to waste another potash manure, viz. their wood ashes. These are worth five times as much for Messrs. Hall & Fairweather, in manure as they are for soap making their annual review of the flour and in fact concentrated soda ley is now wheat trade, say that at present the so cheap that it would hardly pay a farmer to leach his ashes if he had no Dominion of Canada is the cheapest other use for them. Let him try the are going forward from Ontario to again. I have seen the effect of such an application plainly visible after several years.

Sugar Making.

The final process in making maple sugar probably causes more perplexity than all that precedes it, and multifarious are the directions which experienced hands give for the benefit of beginners. The first doubt arises when the syrup begins to thicken. Perhaps the simplest tester for the proper consistency is a tin dipper; put it, bottom up, into the boiling syrup, and raise it, so as to let the syrup run for straining has come, the syrup will for the sample of honey made from hold together slightly, and the suc excellent, and is very strong corrober- edge along the rim of the dipper. it drain, hanging it over the cask. possible it has proved a better keeper Let the strained syrup stand at least twelve hours to settle. Now comes the sugaring off process. Dip or pour the syrup from the cask, taking care syrup which may have gathered at A convenient size for the sugaring off pan is 18 by 24 inches. and 8 inches deep. When first put and mix thoroughly. Skim off the scum as it rises, and test the syrup from time time by stirring a small quantity in a dish with a spoon. On few of the many "run-down" it "grains" and stirs dry, take the will be privileged to participate in fact, little stock of any kind. In it can be conveniently poured into many towns where, thirty years ago, moids. If white sugar is wanted, stir

a decline, which has finally compelled She was the daughter of a colonel proved a success; it costs much more to gain an honest living but failed, of the ox does not depreciate with age, and finally copyist to Alexandre Duwhile if any ordinary accident befalls mas the elder. On leaving the serviwick is generally conceded. That the cident befalls him he is a dead loss to money to buy a small piece of ground at Clichy. Here she built a series of There are still some old-fashioned small houses, or rather huts, which farmers who have adhered to the old she let out to ragpickers, and which wealth to our people cannot be doubt. In such places we find, as Solomon Her feats of arms among her turbued. The path of duty appears plain, says, much increase. Such farms lent tenan's have become legendary.

be the leading spirits at the meet- redeemed and made productive, it it seems, not half the tavern-keepers, must be through making them carry hostlers or teamsters, know how to tie more stock, and the recuperation a horse; either making some clumsy must commence by keeping oxen, knot that is troublesome to undo, or modern Yankee, despising the pa- proper way, after passing the tether brains have broken down from excess from which our pushing friend can- of the straps through the loop. If the not emerge without at once reversing horse, nibbling, pulls it, he merely of prevention is worth a pound of but do not add water to do so. Roll his course, and coming back to first ties the knot tighter. And to unhitch, cure," and this ounce of prevention is principles. The sooner the average it is only necessary to remove the end parture from the true path of pros- loosened. Not one fourth of the butch. perity, and again sees oxen in the ers or farmers know how to tie the place of horse teams, the sooner he legs of a calf or a sheep for transpor- for a piano or an organ, she should water, one teaspoon of vinegar, and tation. The majority of people, when wind the cord tightly around legs, causing painful congestion. The proper way is to make a half knot only on each hind and fore leg alternately. easily untied. I find, usually, a pocket on the same article but with one pint being about the right size. Tied in

> their pen. The eight were killed experiment, times without number, it they being much the fattest, and the or cooked corn will produce a consimeat per hundred than when fed dry J. Ford & Sons, of Milton, Nova cookers can now be had cheeply, and alone will pay for them.

Poetry.

A Lost Chord.

BY ADELAIDE ANNE PROCTOR. Seated one day at the Organ, I was weary and ill at ease. And my fingers wandered idly

Over the noisy keys.

I do not know what I was playing, Or what I was dreaming then; But I struck one chord of music, Like the sound of a great Amen.

It flooded the crimson twilight Like the close of an Angel's Psalms, And it lay on my fevered spirit With the touch of infinite calm.

It quieted pain and sorrow, Like love overcoming strife; It secured the harmonious echo From our discordant life.

It linked all perplexed meanings Into one perfect peace, And trembled away into silence As if it were loth to cease.

I have sought, but I seek it vainly, That one lost chord divine, Which came from the soul of the Or And entered into mine.

It may be that Death's bright angel Will speak in that chord again,-It may be that only in Heaven I shall hear that grand Amen.

HOME INTERESTS.

Farmer's Children.

Some farmers make a great mistake in not talking of their business matters before their children, and explaining the reasons for success and ant, and the noblest occupation of failure. Instead of speaking disparagingly of everything connected with off along the edge. When the time their homes, they should try and make Times says: "A well ordered farm, not to disturb the sediment or dark value than a few hundred dollars you have it, or an old quilt cut into over the fire, pour in a teacup of sweet things which go so far towards mak. good condition for a much longer milk to about 40 pounds of syrup, ing farm life one of the most pleasant time than without it. to lead, and whose influences and benefits are felt all through their If lives by the children. How often do we hear farmers ask

kept, seeds to be planted, or roots to be raised, and after these necessary rough New-England farms has started monly calle "La Femme en Culottes." propounded. This one is—which pays a stew pan over the fire for five minceded; it is therefore quite in the line the owner to keep a less number of and the granddaughter of a general a good thing to have the farm clear pint of hot water, and simmer twenty of our duty as a journalist, seeking to other cattle, soon reducing the fertili of the First Empire. In 1848 her of mortgages, and to have a snug sum laid aside for a rainy day, but there are treasures as desirable as even to barness horses for farm work till one day the idea struck her to these. A mind well stored with drachms of vermillion and add one ance at this yearly gathering, that than oxen and more to keep them. assume male attire, and in that dis- knowledge, a quick and ready symthe position they have assumed as a Horses soon depreciate in value guise she became a corrector for the pathy with nature, with art, with the thoughts of great minds, give a plealightly at two years of age, and pay when, her sex being discovered, she sure no amount of gold can procure. makes it very important for them to his way until he is of mature age, when got notice to leave. She subsequently If farmers were more indulgent to give to the various questions con- his carcass is valuable for food. If wrote in one or two small prints, their children in the matter of prosidered, mature consideration, that the properly cared for, the market value then she became a concert-hall singer viding them with resources of entermost possible service to the County, him, he may be converted into beef ces of the novelist she again found cities and villages would not be so which he places a high value on. The The importance of agriculture as at once without loss. Far different is employment in a printing office, crowded as they are with young men effecting the interests of New Bruns- the case with the horse, for if an ac- where she was able to save enough and young women seeking employment. Women living upon a farm sometimes lead a very secluded life, working hard during the day, and must become the great source of way, and have kept large ox teams. are now known as the City Foucault. often until far into the night, allowing themselves no amusements and can we wonder if they grow morbid

and discontented. This is especially How to TIE A Horse.-Incredible as true of farmer's daughters. If the brain is held steadily to one task, it will, after a time, give way and utterly refuse to work. The country the time. After this is taken from the making a hitch that is insecure. The is full of men and women, whose of work, and who are ordered by their physicians to rest. "An ounce delightful to take, if only there is a firm and resolute will to administer fastening with a bow at last, which is he should have a chance to realize water: when it strings and hardens this way they are absolutely secure dren are seldom inclined to seek plea- is cool work white, while it is being that they can, when they will, have pieces. meat being greatly superior in point derable number of pounds more of that they need once in a while as a add the sugar to it then the cocoa-nut and in the ear. Grindig mills and feed them have opportunities for playing stiff froth. Drop by the teaspoonful

Home must be made pleasant to the young folk, or they will leave it: for they are bound to have amusement of some kind. There are many things which ought to be taught in our public schools that we now ignore. In every school in the farming districts there should be a system of bookkeeping adapted to farm accounts, practically illustrated and so simple in its theories that it would fill the necessities of every farmer, who ought not to be afraid of figures. Teach your boys that in farmers somethind more than muscle and physical endurance is required, that, agriculture is a science or art that should be conducted according to clearly defined laws and well established principles, and successful in proportion to the intelligence that directs it. There is a tendency among a large number of farmers to such utter absorption in land cultivation and money getting that there is no room left in their hearts or their lives for the cultivation of their minds or those of their children. If the injury thus done was to the parents alone it would be comparatively small, but it has the power of perpetuating and multiplying itself from generation to generation. There are many farmers alive to the importance of the suggestions given above, but there are many who need to give heed to them, and avoid alienating the affections of their children from the "earliest, the most import-

Recipes.

Stair Carpets.—Stair carpets should them attractive and pleasant for their always have a slip of paper put under families. A writer in the New York them, at and over the edge of every stair, which is the part where they well chosen stock, comfortable build- wear first, in order to lessen the ings, a neatly kept garden, roadway, friction of the carpet against the or entrance way, gates well hung, boards beneath. The strips should be fences well kept, shade trees, orna. within an inch or two as long as the mental shrubberry, paint without and carpet is wide, and about four or five whitewash within-all these are inches in breadth. A piece of old worth more to a farmer in money carpet answers better than a paper if carefully scraped together and jeal- regular lengths and covered with thin ously hoarded and loaned to needy cotton of any kind is the best of all. neighbors." These are some of the This plan will keep a stair carpet in

Beef Tea.-Beefsteak or any lean part of the meat will make good beef tea. For one pint take one pound of lean beef, remove any fat or gristle, pan off the stove, and let it cool until this question? Which pays best? cut the meat in pieces, and put it in a And then goes on the comparison stone jar with one pint of cold water. between different kinds of stock to be Tie down the jar, and put it in the oven for two or three hours. Then pour off the beef tea, and with blotquestions have been satisfactorily ting paper take off all the fat. For settled, how seldom we hear another quick beef tea, cut up and remove the question fully as important being fat from one pound of beef, put it in best for the children's welfare? It is utes, keeping the lid on; then add one

> To make Artificial Coral for Ornagether. Have ready the branches or twigs peeled and dried, and paint hot. The twigs being covered, hold them to a gentle fire, turning them round till they are perfectly smooth. tainment and culture at home, our White coral may also be made with white lead, and black with lamp black mixed with rosin. Cinders, stones. etc., may be dipped into this mixture, and made to assume the appearace of

Chocolate Creams .- Two cups of sugar, one cup of water, one and a half tablespoons of arrowroot, one tablespoon of vanilla, a half pound of chocolate. To make the cream. Mix the sugar, arrowroot and water: Let them boil five to eight minutes, stir all fire, stir until it comes to a cream. When it is nearly smooth, add the vanilla and make the cream into little balls. Outside. Melt the chocolate, the balls into the chocolate while it is

Vanilla Candy.—One and a half If the farmer's daughter longs cups of white sugar, one cup of hot have a chance to earn it, and every extract of vanilla: to the sugar add thing should be done to make home the hot water: let it boil gently life attractive. If the son desires a without stirring, when it begins to horse and buggy of his own, or a thicken it will be yellow. Try it as watch, or other innocent gratification, you would try molasses candy in his desires. With books, with music into a lump in the water it is done. with birds and flowers at home, chil- Pour it into a buttered dish: when it sure away from home. By all means worked pour the extract of vanilla on keep a good horse and carriage, so it. Cut it with seissors into small

some of the magazines, and a good sugar, the whites of two eggs, and the healthy newspaper, not forgetting yoke of one egg. Beat the yoke well; tonic, an invigorating book. Let and whites of the eggs beaten to a games, chess, checkers, croquet: and on sheets of buttered paper placed on ndeed every innocent amusement tins. Form each little cake into the should be, as far as may be, provided. ate oven about half an hour.