

FREDERICTON, N. B., THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1881.

SPRING... In regard to your favor of a few days ago, I would say...

RINGBONE CURED... I have had occasion to use Feltow's Remedy...

EYES... Feltow's Golden Ointment has no equal as a cure for sore eyes...

IMPORTANT To All Who Wear Clothes! J. R. HOWIE... LATEST IMPORTATION OF CLOTHS...

English & Canadian Tweeds... Always on hand a full line of the Best Quality of TRIMMINGS...

JAS. R. HOWIE Merchant Tailor & Clothier, QUEEN STREET, NEXT DOOR TO BRAYLEY HOUSE.

GREAT TRADE SALE EDGECOMBE & SONS HAVE ON HAND, and offer for sale UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

5 Concord Carriages; 4 Piano Box Carriages; 3 Top Buggies; 2 Single and Double Phaetons with Shifting Tops; 3 Jump Seat Carriages; 4 Portland Fancies; 5 Express Wagons, single and Double; 13 Farm Wagons, with from 11-2 to 2 inch axles; 3 Slovens.

Contracts will be made for any description of vehicles in large numbers, at favorable rates. Our facilities enable us to practice the best work in the shortest possible time.

EDGECOMBE & SONS, Fredericton Steam Carriage Works

FARM REGISTER THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE having directed the Secretary to keep a Register of all Farms and other Real Estate in this Province...

First Premium Provincial Exhibition, 1878. REED & REED WOULD respectfully call the attention of the GOOD HOUSEWIFE to the superior quality of their BROSMS & WISPS.

CATTLE SHIPMENT TO ENGLAND. THE Hon. Judge Peters of Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Messrs. J. & W. E. Harrison of Saint John, having decided to throw into one...

Vegetine, Worth its Weight in Gold. H. R. STEVENS, Esq., Boston, Mass. Sir—Having been persuaded by a friend of mine to try VEGETINE for Kidney Disease...

Vegetine. Gives Satisfaction. I Recommend Vegetine. TUBIN, N. S., June 17, 1880. MR. H. R. STEVENS: Sir—I have the pleasure to inform you that VEGETINE not only sells rapidly but gives satisfaction in every case within my knowledge...

The Standard Medicine. TUBIN, N. S., June 27, 1880. H. R. STEVENS, Esq.: Sir—I have been selling your VEGETINE for the last three or four years, and have much pleasure in informing you that it has given very general satisfaction...

Vegetine. Best Blood Purifier in the Market. ST. JEAN BAPTISTE VILLAGE, P. Q., Jan. 8, '80. H. R. STEVENS, Esq.: Dear Sir—I find the sale of your VEGETINE constantly increasing and from the favorable reports received from my customers...

Vegetine. JOHN BLACK, Agent, Fredericton. THE DOMINION APTY FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION, SAINT JOHN, N. B. Incorporated 1881.

NEW BOOK BINDERY. The Subscribers have opened a BOOK BINDERY in connection with their BOOK AND STATIONERY ESTABLISHMENT, and are now prepared to attend to all orders given them in that line.

WANTED by Fredericton Leather Company. HEMLOCK BARK, HIDES and TALLOW, for which the HIGHEST MARKET PRICES will be paid.

CASH! AT THEIR TANNERY, HEAD OF KING STREET, FREDERICTON. ISAAC W. SIMMONS, Manager. Haying Tools.

HELP. Young men by making money. I have a good chance for those who are industrious and willing to work hard. I have a large stock of goods...

House for Sale. THAT beautiful situated House and property belonging to the Estate of the late WILLIAM A. McLEAN is now offered for sale.

FOR SALE OR TO LET. Possession given immediately. THAT valuable Farm in Kingsclear, about two miles from Fredericton, situated on both sides of the old Kingsclear Road...

REVOLVERS. One Case of Revolvers and Cartridges. For sale low. Z. R. EVERETT, Fredericton, May 20.

A LAW. Regulating and Establishing Public Markets in the City of Fredericton. BE IT ENACTED BY THE Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Fredericton as follows:

1. Every day in the week, Sundays, Christmas Day, Dominion Day, and Good Friday excepted, shall be and is hereby appointed to be a Public Market Day within the City of Fredericton, and the following places and none other shall be taken and considered to be and are hereby declared to be Public Markets of the said City, namely:—

Such parts of the lower half of the County Court House in Queen's Ward, as shall be appointed for the purpose, and the Market by the City Council, to be called the Queen's Ward Market.

2. Such parts of the Phoenix Square Market House as are or may hereafter be fitted up with stalls, shall be taken and considered to be and shall be the Phoenix Square Market.

3. For the purpose of Country Market, Phoenix Square shall be considered to extend to low water market, and to the gutter between the City Hall and the road on Queen Street to the North School Fence on the South East side, and outer edge of the platform on North West side.

4. The several stalls in City Hall Basement, so being the Butchers' Market, shall be open for the purpose of Country Market, yearly, by order of the City Council, under the direction of a Committee of the City Council, to be called the Market Committee, at such open prices or prices as may from time to time be determined by the City Council.

5. The said Markets shall be kept open from sunrise till sunset on every market day, and unoccupied, in the City of Fredericton, and the said market shall not be kept open later than 11 o'clock at night.

6. No person shall exercise the trade or calling of a Butcher in this City, unless he be a resident of the City of Fredericton, and he shall be liable to the same regulations as to carrying on business within the City, and unless he shall receive a license as a Butcher from the City Council, under the provisions of this Law, he shall be liable to a fine of ten dollars for each offence, and no Butcher's License shall be valid for a longer period than one year, and shall expire on the first day of May next succeeding the date of the License, provided that it shall be lawful for the City Council at any time to revoke and amend the license of any Butcher for improper conduct or any breach of this law or any law that may hereafter be made in relation to the same.

7. Any Butcher desiring to procure License as provided in the foregoing section shall pay the sum of ten dollars to the City Treasurer to form part of the revenue of the City, and the City Clerk on receiving from any such Butcher a receipt signed by the City Treasurer for said sum, shall forthwith issue a license to the said Butcher, and the said license shall be valid for one year, and shall be subject to the provisions of this Law, and the regulations made by the City Council.

8. Any duly licensed Butcher wishing to carry on his business, trade or occupation as such in any other house, shop or place within the City other than the Butchers' stalls, shall be liable to the same regulations as to carrying on business within the City, and unless he shall receive a license as a Butcher from the City Council, under the provisions of this Law, he shall be liable to a fine of ten dollars for each offence, and no Butcher's License shall be valid for a longer period than one year, and shall expire on the first day of May next succeeding the date of the License, provided that it shall be lawful for the City Council at any time to revoke and amend the license of any Butcher for improper conduct or any breach of this law or any law that may hereafter be made in relation to the same.

9. License may be issued by the City Clerk annually to such and so many persons, as may be recommended by the Market Committee for the time being, to sell partridges, wild fowl, fresh meat, and poultry within the said City, such recommendation to designate the place or places for sale, and every person so to be licensed, and to be filed by the Committee with the City Treasurer, who shall not be assignable; every such license shall be held at the pleasure of the City Council, and the shop or place for which such license may be granted, shall be fitted up to the satisfaction of the City Council, and be open at all times to the inspection of the Chairman of the said Committee or such person as he may from time to time appoint, and all regulations made by the City Council shall be obeyed on pain of forfeiture of License.

10. No person other than a licensed Butcher, or person licensed under the ninth section of this Law, shall offer for sale, or expose for sale in the said market, or elsewhere within the said city any beef, mutton, veal, pork, lamb, or other fresh meat by the joint or in pieces less than a quarter, under a penalty of ten dollars for each and every offence; and no licensed Butcher shall so offer, or expose for sale in any other place than at the stall passed by him in one of the said markets, or at the house, shop, or place for which he may be specially licensed under the penalty of twenty dollars for each offence; and no person licensed under the ninth section of this Law shall so offer, or expose for sale in any other place than at the stall passed by him in one of the said markets, or at the house, shop, or place for which he may be specially licensed under the penalty of twenty dollars for each offence.

11. No licensed Butcher or person to whom a license shall be granted under the ninth section of this Law, and no merchant shopkeeper, huckster, greengrocer or agent shall offer, or expose for sale, or sell, or contract, bargain for or purchase, or buy in the said City with intent to sell any fresh beef, mutton, veal, pork, lamb, poultry, or fresh meat of any description or a vegetable of any kind, or any other articles usually sold in the Public Market in the City until after the close of the clock in the forenoon on a Market day, under the penalty of ten dollars for each and every offence, upon conviction of a second offence under this section, the party so offending shall, if holding a license under the sixth or ninth section of this Law, in addition to such penalty, be liable to be deprived of his license.

12. None of the articles mentioned in the first part (Part I) of the next section (see 13) of this Law shall be sold or offered or exposed for sale by any person whatsoever in any of the public streets or highways, or in any hotel yard or any other yard or place (except in the public markets) or at any of the Public Wharves or Landings in the City, either by offering the same from door to door, or from shop to shop, or otherwise under the penalty of one dollar for each and every article sold, offered or exposed for sale contrary to the provisions of this section, to be paid by the person selling, or offering, or exposing the same for sale, or the owner, occupier or person having charge of the vessel, boat, cart, wagon, sled, or vehicle or conveyance where in or on which such article may have been sold, offered or exposed for sale, by the person under whose directions or for whose benefit the same may have been sold, or offered, or exposed for sale.

13. All persons carrying articles for sale into the said Country Markets, shall forthwith report themselves to the Clerk of the Market of each article, which they may bring into the said Market, and it shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Market or his Deputy to assign and point out stands for the persons so reporting themselves, and any person bringing any article for sale into either of the said Country Markets shall pay to the Clerk of Market or his Deputy the rates and sums following, that is to say:—

And any person guilty of any imposition in the selling, or offering, or exposing the same for sale, or the owner, occupier or person having charge of the vessel, boat, cart, wagon, sled, or vehicle or conveyance where in or on which such article may have been sold, offered or exposed for sale, by the person under whose directions or for whose benefit the same may have been sold, or offered, or exposed for sale, shall be liable to the same penalty as is herein provided for the person selling, or offering, or exposing the same for sale.

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Agricultural Improvement. Fertilizers Not All-Sufficient. The New England Farmer says:— "Seldom have we ever seen more marked evidence of the truth of a statement, we once heard made by Prof. Stackbridge, when relating his experience in attempting to grow two hundred bushels of corn on one acre of land, than we have seen this season. The Professor prepared the land as well as he knew how, applied a sufficient amount of fertilizer to grow the two hundred bushels, planted plenty of seed and took good care of the crop while growing, but when it was harvested it fell far short of the mark aimed for. The lesson learned was that, although man may furnish sufficient seed and fertilizer to grow two hundred bushels of corn to the acre he must have God to furnish the sunshine, and it is still a question whether even Omnipotence can pour down enough sunshine upon a single acre to produce such a yield.

The best fields of potatoes we have seen this year, were planted upon stable manure, put in the hill, and with seed uncut. The whole seed gave the sprouts a good start, and the manure, which will heat a little, even in cold weather, has yielded an amount of warmth to the roots that has held remarkably during the month of summer sky. Commercial fertilizers, although containing all the plant food needed by the crop, do not give out the amount of heat that the same number of pounds of nitrogen would give in the form of manure, nor do they render the ground quite so light and open to the action of the atmosphere. It is too early yet to hear many reports from experiments, but we predict that many farmers who use fertilizers this season for the first time, as well as others who have used them heretofore, will have their faith somewhat shaken, concerning their value. The very heavy manures, have not been specially favorable, as the more readily soluble portions may in many cases have been carried down or washed away from the immediate reach of the roots. Surely the practice of agriculture is a never ending series of experiments, and every farm is an experiment station, and so long as man is unable to control the seasons and the weather, must not this state and condition of things continue to exist? Where is the call for lottery schemes and games of chance to afford excitement to the human mind, when our whole life struggle with the forces of nature is so much like one never-ending game of chance? The truth is, however, that the so-called games of chance are most usually tricks of skill. There are tricks to be learned, and it is learning these tricks which affords so much interest to one who is contending against the apparent obstacles in nature. Putting up a lightning rod on a building, or spreading a square of cotton cloth over a cock of hay—is playing a trick against the power of the elements; so a building a greenhouse where tropical plants can grow to perfection in midwinter; and who shall not be bound beyond which man shall not go, and see how things are going, are almost necessarily stimulating to move a little with the world. Then the numerous local agricultural societies will be constrained, we fancy, (under pressure from the Board of Agriculture) to do something more than they have been doing to improve the stock of their districts, and to import the best seeds; to enlarge the number of their meetings, to hold meetings in the winter months for the discussion of all agricultural topics, by which a desire for improvement and a spirit of generous rivalry may be created. We think that the Board of Agriculture must have a stimulating effect on the local agricultural societies, if it acts up to the purpose for which it was created. Then, the Farmers' Provincial Association by its meetings and discussions, and the information on the state of agriculture in different districts of the Province, which is spread abroad, keeps alive the spirit in which improvement is made. The Association might help the Board, and each help the other to keep up to its work, and both together do much to improve the means and methods of agriculture, and to encourage directly and indirectly the poor farmers to improve their practice.

We are very sure, that the Board has commenced well. The establishment of the Stock Farm, and the importation of first class cattle, sheep and swine is a decided step on the path of improvement, and will, in time, have a far reaching effect, and help to diminish the number of poor farmers in the Province.

MAKING AND USING MANURE.—No man is a truly successful farmer who allows his land to grow poor while he is cultivating it. He may make money for a time and put it in his pocket; but he does so at the cost of his successors. He takes something from the soil and gives nothing in return. This cannot be continued without beggary of both land and occupant. Writers and speakers tell of the "inexhaustible" fertility of the West. I never hear that word without being annoyed. We might as well say that we can consume a part and still have the whole; not only, but keep on doing so for an indefinite term of years, and still have the whole remain to us. This mistaken idea of an inexhaustible soil has already cost the West a great sum of money, and will inevitably cost many millions more. Much has already been done to put an end to this ruinous system of forever taking from the soil and putting nothing back. Much remains still to be done.—Tribune

Smime's Flesh Good and Cheap. A correspondent of the Country Gentleman says that— "The hog is held in contempt by many. They say that its meat is not wholesome, and therefore unfit for food. I am not afraid, however, to eat pork of my own raising, for I believe it to be as wholesome as any other kind of meat, and is much more palatable to me than beef. Only one kind of meat ranks higher than pig pork, in my estimation, and that is mutton. What gives our pot of baked beans so fine a flavor as a nice piece of pork? And with dandelion greens it is indispensable. For every day use, give me good, sweet pork, either fresh or salted, and you are well on to most of the beef. Pork is undoubtedly the cheapest meat we can raise, for the pig eats much that would otherwise go to waste.

Vermin on fowls and about hen roosts will leave headquarters by inserting a syringe a week steep in water, a pennyroyal herb tea. Drive this weak tea deep thoroughly over the roosts and the poultry and it will cleanse them from lice. Several varieties of flies annoy and such blood from horses and other animals. Pennyroyal steep will drive them away if the animals is washed with it.—American Cultivator.

It is said, and we see no reason to doubt it, that if a cucumber vine is trained to run up a stake on which a few stubs of limbs have been left along its whole length, the crop will be enormous. By this plan the vines not only occupy less space, but are afforded opportunity to follow their natural habit of climbing up, instead of running on the ground.

Only \$1.00 a year for the FARMER.