VOL. II.

FREDERICTON, N. B., THURSDAY, JANUARY 13, 1881.

NO. 20

ENGLISHMAN'S COUGH MIXTURE

Youghs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarse-less, Difficult Breathing, Inflammaion of the Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, up, and all Diseases of the Pul

Englishman's Cough Mixture. COUGHS AND COLDS should always have ra Every bottle has the signature of T. I

PRICE 25 AND 50 CENTS.

Fellows' Leaming's Essence

Spavms, Ringtones, Curbs, Splints, Sprains, Swellings and Stiff Joints on Horses. Give it a trial and be convinced. Numer Price 50 Cents.

FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, AND CHOLERA MORBUS,

Gate's Certain

This is to certify, that Isaac Thomas, of Middleton, in the County of Annapolis, maketh oath

DIARRHŒA, medicines, resolved to apply to him for aid; and with considerable difficulty, reached the doctor's residence, obtained and took some of his cele-

CERTAIN CHECK and experienced immediate relief, and was a once restored to his usual good health,

JAS. WHITLOCK, J. P. The best preparation for children known. TRY IT.

Price 25 cents, sold by druggists and dealers.

Sworn to at Middleton, this 6th day of Janu-

FOR SALE

VALUABLE FREEHOLD LOTS IN FREDERICTON.

THE subscribers have been authorized by Col That well-situated Lot on Brunswick street Also a fine Lot situate on Waterloo Row, between Dr. Harrison's and Mr. Stephen Whitta-For further particulars apply to

RAINSFORD & BLACK,

FOR SALE OR LEASE For a term of Years.

THE Subscriber's property on Charlotte Street. The House, Barn and Sheds are in good repair-Well of good Water, Green House 16x28 ft, with brick furnace and flue, easily and cheaply heated, and in good repair. The garden and wishing a private residence, with a taste for gardening and the cultivation of flowers, there JAMES S. BEEK.

A LL persons having any claims against the Estate of the late Jeremiah Allen, late of sent the same, duly attested to, within three and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the said Rainsford & Black at their office, Carleton Street, in the City of Fredericton. Pated 11th day of October, A. D. 1880,

MARY ALLEN,

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Possession given immediately. THAT valuable Farm in Kingsclear, about two I miles from Fredericton, situate on both sides of the Old Road, known as "THE SIMMONDS FARM," owned by the undersigned. In connection with the Farm we will sell or rent, Horses, Carriages, Cattle, and Farming utensils. For further information apply to

FRASER & WINSLOW

CUL

April 7.

Family Balsam

PROMPTLY RELIEVING PAIN AND INFLAMATION.

led equal to it. It is perfectly safe to use at any and all times, and a quick and thorough Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back and

Side, Burns, and Scalds, Sprains, Strains,

Bruises, Rheumatic and Neuralgia Pains, Swelling of the Joints, Stiff Joints, Stiff Neck. Contracted Muscles, Spinal Affections, White Swellings, Chafes Calluses, Gal's, Bunions, Chilblams, Corns, Frost Bites, Poisoning by Dogwood, Ivy, Bites, Stings of Insects, Chapped Hands, Lips, Ringworms. Salt

Rheum, Tetter, Pimples, Itching, Dry Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, Old Sores, Scald Head, Outward Humors,, of any kind, Hemorrhoids, Piles, Numbness, Worms, Ague in the Face, Earache, Hoarseness,

Familine.

It Relieves Pain. Good for Swellen Limbs. Physicians Prescribe and Use It.

Boston, Mass., March 29, 1880. MR. H. R. STEVEGS-Dear Sir: I have lately saw her last, about three days ago, the pain tson of my wife, who had been pleased with its ackache, resulting from a settled cold. Notwithstanding that it professes to be a "propriedmirable composition and efficacy. I am yours very truly. GEO. L. AUSTIN, M. D.

Familine

family of four small children, seems to be Croup. Were it not for your Family Balsam, I should not be said in praise of it. I have recommended it to many others, who have tried it with equal-Very gratefully,

41 Newman Street, South Boston, Mass. Price 25c. and 50c. per Bottle.

MRS. WM. WHALLEN,

PREPARED BY H. R. STEVENS.

Proprietor of Vegetine, Boston, Mass., and Toronto. Ont.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE, situate at the Mouth of the Nackawick, in the Parish of Southampton, in the County

FAMILINE is sold by all Druggists

Colonel Stewart and Eliza Saunders, his of the Nackawick, in the Parish of Southampton, The tract in the whole contains fourteed hun-

House, Dumfries, York County.
The road from Fredericton to Woodstock on brough the premises The steamer plying between Fredericton and Woodstock on the River St. John runs directly by the premises during the summer season. the premises, and there is a Grist and Saw Mill, with a good road to them, not more than three A new Tannery is now being erected within

uantity of hemlock on the premises, and as bark is increasing in price, this makes the pro Administrativ. ed in Fredericton or to H. A. Devid

> RAINSFORD & BLACK. Fredericton, March 23rd, 1880

CABLE CHAINS, ETC.

UST received per steamship "Toronto" 1 cask Table Knives :

do. Padlocks, Trunk, Box, Cupboard, and 5 Biacksmith's Bellows; 4 do. Vices;

2 Anvils; 6 doz. Galvanized Pails,

cessful as men. Boys and girls can earn large sums. Many have made at the business over one hundred dollars in a single week. Nothing like it ever known before. All who engage are surprised at the ease and rapidity with which they are able to make money. You can engage in this business during your spare time at great profit. You do not have to invest capital in it.
We take all the risk. Those who need ready

free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. House for Sale.

THAT beautifully situated House and property A. McLean, is now offered for sale. The property by F. P. Thompson, M. P. P., and did, we think that the former should and a large garden, and is one of the most plaes. ant and desirable localities in Fredericton. It is offered for sale on very easy terms. For further information apply to A. A. STER- wards the production of speed that he ness, that we believe it would be worth

WM. A. McLEAN. Fredericton, March 25, 1880

Poetry.

The days glide on by winged feet A river flowing, broad and deep, The face from mine is turned away,

It may not be so dear, alway, Thy heart would fain its love forget It cannot yet, dear love, not yet. I stand outside a fast-closed door, Against me closed forevermore

Yet parts us neither bolt nor bar, Who are so near and yet so far, heart that would its love forget And cannot yet, dear love, not yet. I hear thy voice so soft and low,

And silent tears unbidden flow While yet its music fills the air, I pass and breathe a silent prayer My heart would fain its love forget! And cannot yet, dear love, not yet.

One step-and I by thee could stand And touch thy dear familiar hand; One look—and I upon thy breast Would lean, and, weary, find my rest. Poor heart that fain would love forget, And cannot yet, dear love, not yet.

One word—and I again might raise My face to thine, and meet thy gaze And with no word thy heart shall read, That love is all a woman's need. Dear heart, wouldst thou thy love forget Thou canst not yet, dear love, not yet.

If e'er the truth thou cans't divine, Seas will not part, nor bolt nor bar, We shall be near, who now are far, True hearts that fain would love forget Yet cannot yet, dear love not yet.

Communications.

For the "Maritime Farmer." York County Trotters

At the trotting meeting held at Moosepath Park during exhibition week, there were present the representative horses of Nova Scotia, P. E. Island and New Brunswick, and a tion subsided. With proper care as to diet, and slight constitutional treatment, I think she has few from the State of Maine. The Free for All Race, which was the most important event of the meeting, was won by "Pocahontas," who was bred and raised in York Co., as was also "Flying Dutchman," a stallion im- sugar from the beet in Maine :ported from the United States, " Anodyne," a chestnut gelding from Maine, record 2.25, "Bright," the fastest mare in Carleton Co.," Nellie Thorne, three faced the starter, "Anodyne," "Flying Dutchman," and "Poca-The first heat was won by "Anodyne," the second by "Dutchman," the third, fourth and sixth by "Pocahontas," thus proving her stantly relieves Croup; also is an excellent medicine for Coughs and Sore Throat. Too much canability to outspeed and outlast any horse present at the meeting. "Pocahontas" is a black mare, bred by Mr. Scott of Prince William, foaled in 1868. She was got by the "Louns.

berry" horse, he by the "Farmer,' a large work horse imported from Ottawa in 1853 by the Carleton Co. Agricultural Society. Her dam was a chestnut mare by the "Merril" horse. "Pocahontas," like "Lady trotters, but that she is a trotter no one who saw the last heat in the race between her and "Protection" over Fredericton track, which she

We have some two year olds' in petent judges are superior to any of that age shown at the Exhibition. THE Subscribers are authorized to sell for The largest, "Zulu Chief," a grey colt foaled in 1878, 16 hands high and weighs 1050 lbs., was bred and is thirty-five miles from the City of Fredericton, and about twenty-eight miles from the Town of Douglas. He is by "R. R. Morris," theory. by "Mott's Independent," by "Rys-

dred acres, one hundred acres or thereabouts of which is intervale and cleared land, the remain. dyk's Hambletonian," his dam a large ter, her dam the "Phillips" mare by "Warrior."

full brother, "Ben Morris," was taken prove very suitable for our country. to Boston by Mr. Bowen, and with We did not anticipate such an ending

brino Monarch," by Fisk's "Mamtrotting bred horse in the Province, We call the attention of horsemen to

stallion called "Rob Roy," 151 hands ogage in. The business is so easy to ever owned in this city for endurance. to make to make more money out of She was by "Rainbow," who was out fail who is willing to work. Women are as suc- of "Young Goshen," by "Retriever, it before they learned how to produce "Crown Princess," trial in 2.19, g. g. the former learned all about the work d. "Night Cap" was a daughter of a money should write to us at once. All furnished Roy" is an exceedingly well formed at any other branch of farming. We colt, with that powerful trotting were afraid that the company could action for which the "R. R. Morris" family have become famous. He is a not continue to pay the price they

Roy" possesses are so strongly to-

Agriculture.

A Word to our Readers.

tion which the MARITIME FARMER has it will now be a long time ere we can met so far. While making the ac- induce capitalists to invest their knowledgment, we cannot refrain money in an enterprise that has from urging upon our agricultural proved unsuccessful so near home. friends the necessity of their giving To a certain extent we feared the us their hearty co-operation. We result that has come about in this have often done so before, and must matter. In conversation with farmers ping weareth away a stone, so may should get about the same price for continual urging prevoke action. We the beets that they obtain per barre would like to make the FARMER a in the market for other roots, and paper which may be said to represent would say they were just as difficult the agricultural interests of the Pro- to raise as other beets, carrots, potavince; to make it a field, as it were, toes, etc., and unless they got the on which the farmers in different parts price they were accustomed to, they of the Province can meet to inter- would not grow them. On suitable change thoughts, to discuss topics land from 15 to 30 tons per acre can theories, and give the results of their raising 20 tons, with ordinary land observation and experience. We and care, at \$5 per ton, the price paid friends to send us notes of what is Take land, labor, in fact everything, transpiring in their neighborhood, and into consideration, we don't believe not to be particular as to the form in any other crop will pay as well. We which they send them. We shall see mean any crop that can be disposed to their being put in proper shape be- of in large quantities at the time of fore our readers.

of news from different parts of the root, -after a heavy loss in marketing Province; it would help to make our root crops. As the farmer got into farmers better acquainted with each the way of raising the beet it is profraternity amongst them. Let our the crop and get 25 or 30 tens per seriously to heart, and act upon them. company has not been treated with

Beet Sugar a Failure in Maine.

The following extract from the Aroostock Pioneer informs us of the her sire and dam. The entries were failure of the attempt to manufacture

"The Maine Beet Sugar Company have concluded to abandon Maine as a "Walker," and "Lookout." Only frem Portland, which fact is regretted by the editor of Home Farm, who thinks the press of Maine withheld the positive aid to which the enterprise was entitled. The Pioneer pleads guilty to the charge of not only withholding aid, but did all in its power to show the farmers of Aroostook the absurdity of changing their system of farming which has for years yielded almost fabulous profits. From first to last we had no confidence in the scheme of sugar beet culture in Maine, and the result has proved our position correct. When the "head centre," Mr. Gennert came here for the first time, on his way to Presque Isle, he labored hard and Daggett," who also was raised in York long to convince us that there were Co. and has a record of 2.25, does not "millions in it," but the more he belong to any of the noted families of labored, with his tongue, the more certain we became that there was no meney for Areostock farmers in the sugar beet at three dollars a ton delivered at the factory. They are trotted in 2.33 without skip or break, actually worth twice that sum to feed to stock. A few farmers of the Aroostook valley tried the experiment York Co., that in the opinion of com- on a small scale, and discovered their error at the end of the first crop. 'Tis said "there is no great loss with- Steamships; and further out some small gain." In this instance the gain was in knowledge by actual experience which, although

der is good land, the greater portion of which is covered with a fine growth of hardwood, hem lock and spruce.

The treet has been lold of interior been lock of the lock and spruce.

The treet has been lold of interior been lock of the lock and spruce.

The treet has been lold of interior been lock of the The tract has been laid off into lots, a plan of a horses imported from England by vince will be most serious; in fact the which can be seen at the office of the subscribers, and at H. A. Davidson's, Esq., near Halfway H. McMonagle and was called a hun-failure in Portland will completely Stanley, Jan. 5, 1881. crush out any little chance we had That "Zulu Chief" will make a of making a commencement in a busitrotter there can be no doubt, as his ness that we fondly hoped would of the fine promises that were made Another fine two year old is a geld- by the promoters of this business, and ing bred and owned by C. Whittaker, we regret it the more from the fact Lanty," a dark grey 15 hands that we think it is a mistake. Every high and weighs 900 lbs., by "Mam- thing that we have learned about this brino Chief," his dam a pacing mare matter, and we have given it a good by "R. R. Morris," g. d. by Geo. M. deal of attention, winces us, that, Patchen, jr., g. g. d. by "Young it should be a success, both in Maine Pirate." This probably is the best and in the Provinces. We have felt as in him are united the three most all along that the farmers of Maine fashionable strains, the "Hamble- did not appreciate the great benefit tonian," "Mambrino," and "Clays," it would be to them. It appeared to backed up by thoroughbred blood. us, as if, they thought they must 1 cask containing Scissors, Brass Cocks, Harness Rings, Team Bells, Roller Buckles, Window Cord, and Sash Line; this pedigree, as he is in style and conformation all that the pedigree ness all at once, and we anticipated the same difficulty with our own Another two year old that attracts people if we ever got so far as to have attention from passers by is a bay a factory ourselves. We believe that high and weighs 875 lbs., bred and they should have been content to reowned by Dr. Gregory. "Rob Roy" ceive a fair price for the raw beet, for was got by "R. R. Morris," his dam some time, and look to the future for "Jess" was one of the best mares their profit. But, no; they wanted by imported "Trustee," g. d. "Lady the raw material to the best advan-Messenger," by "Warrior," the dam tage. We've felt that the price offered of "Crown Prince," record 2.25, and by the company was ample, and when

of the families whose blood "Rob aid in his power to build up the busicannot fail to prove a trotter that will more to the State than any other now carried the peas into the intestines, add to the fame of his lamented sire. existing. We feel more than usual where no digestion took place at all.

interest in our neighbors doings in this matter, as we knew our own success depended entirely on theirs. Our circumstances were so much alike that we must succeed or fail in the We are very thankful for the recep. business just as they did, and presume

persist in doing so. As constant drop- they always seemed to think they fore the disease was detected. generally interesting to advance be grown. There is no difficulty in would especially like our farming a return of \$100 per acre can be got.

harvesting without any trouble for It would add greatly to the interest storing, or loss of time attending the of the FARMER if we could give items market, or less for small or imperfect The Post thinks that the first considerother, and to produce a spirit of fitable; he would make a specialty of farming friends take these few words acre. Altogether, we regret that the public aid should be knocked down to

all suffer from it. Steamship Subsidy.

more consideration, and fear we may

At a meeting of the Stanley Agricultural Society, the following reso- The class of persons who usually take fed, if needed, during the droughts of lution was passed and forwarded to us by the Secretary or publication to field for their operations, and are now the "MARITIME FARMER." We have engaged in removing their machinery great pleasure in inserting it in our that the poor have a claim on their lengthen out the season of summer

Whereas this the Stanley Agricultural Society in York County, N. B., have before them an extract from the minutes of the Board of Agriculture of this Prevince, passed on the 20th day of December last relating to the exportation of sheep and cattle, and being convinced that the establishment of a line of Steamships from St. and add to the encouragement of Agriculture generally throughout this Province; it is therefere

endorse the action taken by the Board of Agriculture in the matter of a subsidy to a line of Steamships to ply between the Port of St. John N. B., and Liverpool, G. B, and would respectto bring all possible pressure upon the Federal Government with a view of persuading them to submit to the Dominion Parliament at its present session, provision for granting a subsidy of at least \$50,000 per annum for at least three years, to such a line of

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the Secretary owned by Alex. Thompson, Esq. of more expensive, is far better than Board of Agriculture, to our repreof this Society, to the Secretary of the sentative in the Dominion Parliament We fear that this is a death blow to at Ottawa, and to the MARITIME FAR-

EDWARD SPEER, Sec'y Stanley Agricultural Society

Great Yield of Butter.

The yield of butter from Mr. A. B. Darling's Jersey cow, "Eurotas," 2,454 pounds for 340 days, from Nov. 10th, 1879, to Oct. 15th, is published The milk of this extraordinary cow was kept by itself and churned every two days, the results of each churning is given and foots up for the \$40 days says:-778 lbs. 1 oz., or an average for the

triffe over 2 lb. 41 oz. per day. publish them again, with other particulars of this cow. Immediately discontinued.

whole time the cow was milked of a

truth of the statement.

water immediately before being kill- that is deposited in our chimneys and ed. It was found that the water had flues.

Foot and Mouth Disease.

Among the other troubles and losses

Country Poor House and Farm.

We see by the Chignecto Post, that Councillor Avard, of Botsford, contemplates the establishment of a poor house and farm in Westmoreland. He contends, first, that the poor are more comfortably housed, lodged and fed than under the present system, and the benefit of the tax-payers is effected. arion is a very important one, and we concur with it. It says :-

It is a most barbarous and degrading system that the care of the old stock of the Province. and infirm or sickly, or those whose misfortunes have driven them to seek the lowest bidder. Even the poor are to make money out of their keep and who can only do it by keeping their charges bare of the comforts of life. Common feelings of humanity, if not the teachings of Christianity teach well to do brethren, and it is not a feeding. fulfilment and discharge of that duty to hand over the unfortunates to those en this subject :-

who can "take the most out of them." Mr. Avard points to the success of farm would effect a very large saving

the County's poor of \$2943. This as a reserve to be drawn out if needed. year's assessment for the support of the poor in Westmorland for the proceding year amounted to above \$5,-200, or, exclusive of the French districts, about 4,400—nearly 50 cent. more than the cost of the like

service in Northumberland,' poor largely devolves.

Soot as a Garden Mauure.

very pronounced in favor of soot as a garden manure. If our Horticulturists this at the least expense-for that Fill the jug with water and cork it; have not yet tried it, they may safely do so on such good authority. It pound of hay or grain, will be likely the cork is withdrawn the water will

The value of soot as a manure ap- to restore it, and here 'a penny saved' covered, it will then cease, and as the pears to be slowly but surely impress- 18 'a sixpence lost.' Animals grow water is used more will come out from ing itself on all classes of cultivators. less in winter; most of their food the jug, and so on, forming a con-That it is a powerful fertilizer requires goes to keep up internal heat to sup- tinuous self-acting fountain. Such a We have not got the full details at but little in the way of experiment to ply that escaping by reason of the contrivance will keep the water from hand just now, but will endeavor to prove. The rich verdure it imparts cold outside. A warm place will save freezing except in the coldest weather. to any plant to which it may be ap. much of the food thus used, and less The jug should be emptied at night. plied, either as a sole-dressing or as a will be required, or more will go to liquid manure, is powerfully demon- increasing growth and weight, and after the 15th Oct. "Eurotas" was strative of its manurial qualities. We that is profitable. Warm shelters, allowed to go dry, and on the follow- apply it to everything: to kitchen barns, stables, closed cracks, tight ing Nov. 4th, she dropped a heifer garden crops, to fruit trees, and to pot fences, straw sheds well shut in, 'dugcalf, just 20 days after milking was plants, both foliage and flowering, outs' on the prairies for eattle, horses, with the most satisfactory results. It sheep, swine, poultry-all of these is applied broadcast to the open are feed-saving, growth-producing, There may be a number of instances quarters of the kitchen garden, and health conserving, and therefore of cows giving as much butter as dug in with any other manure that sources of real profit. There is money "Eurotas" for a short time, but we may be used along with it; it is mixed in keeping every animal shielded from have no account of any cow giving with potting soil, either by itself or wind and cold, as much as possible, along with any other fertilizer that it excepting only that they be not con-778 lbs. in a little over eleven months. may be desirable to add to any com- fined in foul air. Growing animals We observe some of the English past; and it is mixed with our cow need more food and protection than writers wont believe it, but there ap- urine, or with any artificial manure mature ones. The future size, vigor, pears to be no reason to doubt the that we may desire to use as a liquid and value of a horse, cow, or sheep, manure; and in every case with the may be doubled by a little extra feed best results. It is especially valuable and care during the growing period, as an application to all plants that are and especially in winter. The boy's Horses should be watered in the liable to attacks of insects or worms idea of feeding his pig only on alterson of imported "Cannon Ball," g. g. he would find out that he could make morning before they are fed. A full at the roots. Carrots, parsley, and nate days 'so as to have a streak of parsnips, which are subject to fatal, fat and a streak of lean meat' is too being fed is a sure way of producing or at least damaging, attacks of wire often acted upon-unintentionally of indigestion, if not inflamation. When worm, may be so invigorated by con- course. The one day's hunger will water is drunk by horses the bulk of stant and regular applications of soot. pull down a colt or calf, or other it goes directly to the large intestines, water, that they will resist the attacks animal greatly. Warm or unfrozen the little things are right, for it pays THAT beautifully situated House and property full brother to "Boxer," who is owned commenced with, but, so long as they and little of it is retained in the of these earth pests, and these them- water is a health-saver and food-saver. stomach. Some old and worthless selves appear to be destroyed by the Thought and mechanical skill will has a frontage of about 80 feet on Sunbury Street, and given every horses, by way of experiment, were qualities of the manure. We make it devise many contrivances for saving fed with split peas and supplied with a rule to save every particle of soot feed.

Only \$1.00 a year for the FARMER. is light to blanch the cream.

Soiling.

There is no rule of universal appliwhich have of late, afflicted the Eng- cation, no system that can be bene- ite breed of cattle in this Province. It lish farmer, that destructive, if not ficially carried out under all circum- is surprising to read that there is no deadly pest, foot and mouth disease, stances. Fer instances there is the County in Scotland where the purthreatens to assume alarming proper- practice of soiling cattle, feeding them chase or retenture of first class bulls is tions. It is spreading in the south- with green crops, cut and carried to less followed than in that county, eastern counties, and has found its the barn, instead of turning them out which gives a birth place and a name way into Bedfordshire, and Northam- to pasture. In cases where good to one of the very finest herds of milch tonshire, and has attacked what the pasture are scanty, where cattle can- cows. A farmer of North Ayr, seeing North British Agriculturist calls "a not be turned out with a reasonable symptoms of falling away in some of distinguished Herefordshire herd" prospect of being able to pick up their the cattle of this herd in the county, several animals of which herd had own living, it must necessarily be and suspecting the cause wrote, lately, only lately returned from the Birm- practiced if the farmer does not wish to the North British Agriculturist, and ingham and Smithfield Fat Shows, to have a lot of poor, hungry, unsight propounds the following question: where the disease manifested itself in ly animals on his hands, good neither "Will the continued use of one-year them. To add to the alarm the disease for milk or beef. In New Brunswick, old bulls, or as we in Ayrshire term was about the same time discovered generally, farmers should, we think, them, bull stirks, not lead to the dein a cargo of Irish cattle landed at both soil and pasture their cattle. terioration of the herd?" The reply Bristol, portions of which were spread They should turn out their young of the Vetinary Editor is of general over the country around Bristol, be- and growing stock and their milch application and reads, as follows :cows to pasture where they will have "Breeding from immature animals, air and exercise and a fresh bite of whether male or female, must certaingrass. But, they should also feed them with succulent fodder in the in almost all breeds, is more likely to barn. The too general system of be reproduced. Want of robustness turning out cattle, day by day, as is particularly prejudicial amongst soon as the ground is bare of snow, to Ayrshire and other milking breeds, wander where they list to find food, which are kept rather sparingly durwander where they list to find food, and then giving them a little dry hay aggravated by insanitary surroundwhen they are put in the barn at ings, frequently give rise to the scrosecondly, that a very large saving for night; and of exposing them to the fulous and other swellings which occur bitter frosts of winter to wander dis- in certain tribes and districts. and consolate on the snowed up roads and

Every farmer, an experienced agriculturist says, must judge for himself he was fit for service. This cautious whether the system of soiling, or any system of judging by results is not human and are entitled to considera. part of it, is applicable to his own now suffciently prosecuted." tion, if not kindness, and it is sheer special wants. He strongly recombrutality to hand them over to mencs the growing of winter rye, for persons, whose object in most cases is feeding green early in spring, before pasture grass becomes abundant, and the sowing of corn for fodder, to be care of the poor, are the last persons summer, and the sowing of barley in with whom they should be entrusted. the early autumn, to cut the same

The New England Farmer remarks

and the crops that can be grown for thoughtful farmers who find it necesthe Chatham Institution, to support feeding green in summer, it has been sary to haul stones long distances, second proposition, that, the our aim to show what may be done, gather them up in large heaps during establishment of a poor house and and what is done by those who have the leisure of summer. Then they not an abundant supply of pasture can be rapidly and easily hauled in feed for all the stock they would like winter, when other farm operations John N. B., to Liverpool, G. B., would for the tax-payers. He estimates the to keep; but we never advise any are not so pressing, and labor is cheap greatly facilitate such exportation, cost of the building at \$4,000; of 12 very radical change from pasturing and teams are unemployed. During acres of land, outbuildings, stock, im- to soiling. A partial system of soil- the summer large stones should be plements, etc., at \$5,000, total \$9,000. ing would, however, be safely adopt- raised from their beds, and when the Resolved, That this Society heartily The expenses of the Institution for the calculate with more certainty how ed with snow, a team can readily draw ed by any one. It enables one to ground has become frozen and coveryear 1877 were \$2,312, and during much stock he can carry through a them to the fence by means of a chain that year the average number of pau- season. It relieves one of the neces- hitched about them. They will be pers was 33, the cost of each being sity of selling stock or buying hay found to slide along more evenly, and therefore about \$1,35 per week, in- every time there is a short supply of without the pitching and rolling about fully ask the representative of this cluding medical attendance, convey- more uniform and of course profitable on bare ground. If a stone-boat be ance, and other charges. Writing on product is milk, butter, cheese, beef used, it should be provided with a this subject the Moneton Times says :-- growth, or work. Hungry animals tongue, as it moves so easily down a "But the Northumberland system are very unprofitable animals when slight declivity that it is liable to run provides also for out door relief and there is little with which to feed against the team. A heavy load is the cost of this during the year named them. Crops put in for feeding green easily started by a slight movement reached \$621, making a total cost for are like deposits in the bank, put in to the right or left.

Wintering Cattle.

There are some subjects on which a farming paper must insist, which it stantly supplied with water in severe must din into the ears of its readers. | weather, but it can be done if one This matter is well worthy the to which it must constantly recur. appreciates the necessity. A method consideration of municipal bodies Such a subject is the care of cattle great value. A cask (it need not be a -hroughout the Province, and ought during the winter. Nothing new can tight one) is sawed in two and one to awaken some interest in the far- now be said about it, but it is well to half used as the covering to the watermers on whem the support of the remember what has been said, and put jug. An earthen jug is so fastened the advice into practice. The Ameri- into the half barrel by means of cross can Agriculturist says :-

care at this season, generally; not that point. The space around the jug The North British Agriculturist is merely to get them through winter, is filled with fermenting horse manure but in the best condition, and to do when the "fountain" is ready for use. means the best profit in the end. Any theu invert the tub, bringing the flesh or strength lost for want of a mouth of the jug over a basin. When to require half a dozen pounds of feed flow until the mouth of the jug is

Use of Young Bulls.

Ayrshires are we may say, the favor-

ly lead to deterioration. Any deing adolescence. Inborn delicacy. which are said to be extending. Inin the woods to browze on the acrid forefathers, whe were acute and good stead of using very young bulls, our evergreens, if they can, has very observers, were wont to empley a greatly deteriorated the common youngster only to see what his stock would be. If not up to a fair standard, he was promptly got rid of; but if satisfactory, he was kept as long as

Hauling Stone in Winter.

Those who have never tried it would be surprised to see with how much easy a team can haul a leaded steneboat, which in the absence of snow would test their strength to the utmost. It is a good time, while snow is upon the ground, to haul stone for season, as it stands frost and will thus building or other purposes, as they can be heavily loaded upon a sled or stone-boat, and is easily unloaded. Of course this stone hauling in winter can be carried on successfully only when the stones have been previously "In discussing the soiling system, placed in heaps or piles; and many

WATER FOR FOWLS IN WINTER .-Poultry sometimes suffer greatly in winter through having their water supply cut off by freezing. There is some difficulty in keeping them conis here given which has proved of pieces, that its mouth will come near the bottom of the tub, upon one side "The farm animals are the chief -a piece of a stave being removed at

> It is a matter to take the horse's across the field for their water; it seems to cost nothing, yet if a farmer's time, or that of his hired man, is worth anything, it costs a great deal in the course of a year. It is a small matter to chop each day's wood upon the day it is used, and thus have it all fresh; but fifteen minutes in harvest time is worth more than in January; besides, there are vastly more economical ways of making firewood than with an axe. It is a very little matter to tighten a loose nut, but it sometimes costs life and limb not to do it. A pear tree here, and a peach tree there, cost so little than one is inclined to think they are of no account but when the fruit is ripe they are appreciated. A single step from one room to another is " only one step." but the thought of a stairway made out of these steps during a lifetime, is enough to almost make a woman's back ache. Look to the details, that well in the end .- American Agricul-

A Michigan farmer invented a trick with a hole in it. He sold rolls of As little light as possible should be rolls of butter that had peen made admitted into the milk-house. Light hollow, filled with water and frozen