-AND-

at the old stand heretofore occupied by THOMA. W. SMITH, on Queen Street. Dated this 29th day of June, A. D. 1881.

THOS. W. SMITH,

H. LEBARON SMITH.

CARD.

To our Customers and the Public generally MR. T. W. SMITH, aided by his son, has succeeded in establishing on a firm basis, by strict attention to business, low prices, and careful consideration of the requirements of his

A First-Class Modern Tailoring an

OUTFITTING

SHOEMAKING

ESTABLISHMENT

Complete Outfit from Head to Foot,

and at the lowest prices going; and hope to pro-cure from the citizens of Fredericton, and of the

THOMAS W. SMITH & CO. Fredericton, July 7



FEBRUARY, 1882

JUST RECEIVED :

New Gray Cottons, New White Cottons, New Cotton Ducks, New Tickings, New Prints.

Park's justly celebrated

IN WHITE AND COLORS,

GENTS' TWEEDS.

VERY DESIRABLE PATTERNS.

season of the year, we are offering reductions in every department in order to make room for extensive Spring Importations.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

Special Bargains in Remnants.

EDGECOMBE.

Fredericton, Feb. 2, 1882

Maritime Farmer.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Marck 2, 1882.

The Budget Speech. Last Friday, Sir Leonard Tilley, delivered his Budget Speech in Parliament. Every member was in his place, and "the ladies cage" was brilliant with the fashion and beauty of the capital. He never, in his long experience, made a similar speech under such happy circumstances. Even his bitterest foe connot but admit, that Canada, during the last year, has been extraordinarily prosperous; that its credit never stood higher abroad; that its revenues have greatly exceeded its expenditures; that, there has been

the greatest activity in its manufacturing industries All he can do is to deny that the great change that has come over the country has been brought about, in any way, by policy of the Government. He will have a hard task to do that. Sir Leonard claimed, that, under a bountiful Providence, that prosperity had been, in a great measure caused by his fiscal policy. He claimed, that under that policy, Canadian bonds stood per cent higher than these of any other colony the manufacturer was more prosperous than he was three years ago; the artizan had, if not in all cases higher wages, constant employment; the laborer had all the work he wanted to do; the merchants' business had been increased; the shipowner, owing to the increase of the carrying trade, had been aided, as the drawback of 75 cents per tor full covered all the extra cost which had been thrown on him; the lumber trade had flourished, and the farmers had been greatly benefitted by the extension of the home

market, and the better prices they got for

When Sir Leonard can bring forward s

many evidences of prosperity, it is a hard

their corn, barley, rye and oats.

and thankless task for anyone to attack the policy of his Government, under which that prosperity has been brought about, or to argue that the country would have been more prosperous under a different policy. The mass of people accept facts-seeing the country prosperous and advancing, they cannot help giving government its full share of credit. Last year, Sir Leonard said, it ha ESTABLISHMENTS been fully proved, that, the tariff had both increased the revenues and protected industries. He had estimated that there would and has been induced from his growing trade and the increasing demands of the public, to enlarge his business so as to supply every article required for the covering of man. To carry out this idea, and to enable him to fulfil all orders, he has associated with him his son, H. Le-BARON SMITH, so long and favorably known to his patrons, and has added a customers' and silks, and in the finer descriptions of woollen and the higher class of cotton goods. He maintained that it was a good thing to have a surplus. Having that large surplus, and four millions Saving Bank's Deposits, he had been enabled to meet \$8,500,000, by which amount the public debt had been increased, and still pay less interest by \$90,000 than in the previous year. He denied that that the prosperity of the country was due, not to the national policy, but to large exports and inflood of gold; and showed that taking the average of five years of the late and three years of the present government. the increase exports under the latter had only been \$1,290,148. He also denied that taxation had been greatly increased under the present government-the average for the last three years had been \$4.65 per head, while that of the five years of the McKenzie government had been \$4.88. Nor had his governcountry generally, that patronage to which first class work and attendance, low prices, and courteous and prompt attention to business must entitle them. had been \$23,949,000, that of his government \$25,178,000, but they had been called on to meet great additional expenses for working railways, interest on debt, Indians the North-West, etc. He took a very hopeful view of the public debt, which in 1881 was \$155,395,790, or \$35 per capita, less than one dollar greater than it was in 1878, and argued, that, when the twenty-five millions

> \$203,397,680, but that by increase of the Sinking Fund and surpluses, and of population, that debt would be reduced 271 millions, and the per capita debt \$33.20. But to leave these captivating and risky calculations and come to sure ground-the receipts of the current year from all sources were \$31,710,000; expenditure, \$27,250,000; surplus, \$4,460,000. The increased expenditures of the year amounted to \$943,475; for

> increased railway working expenses, immigration, post office, Indians, and Mounted Police. The expenditures for 1882-3 will nearly correspond with those of 1881-2. Payments on capital account this year amounted to \$12,656,840, but the government had means to pay them, "without borrowing a penny.

and the remission of duties the government were prepared to make. Sixteen additional articles are to be placed on the free listthe most important of these are tea, coffee, tin in blocks, pigs, bars and sheets, also brass, Brittania metal, iron sand, spelter, China clay. quinine, quicksilver, bees, and fowls for improvement of stock etc. On thirty other ar ticles the duties are to be changed. (We shall publish them when we receive the official list.) The government are also prepared to take off the stamp duties, and to give \$150,000 to be distributed to the fishermen in way of bounty, with the view of encouraging the building of fishing vessels. The result of both propositions will be that the revenue will be decreased by \$1,300,000, and the expenditure increased by \$150,000 These propositions will be hailed with great satisfaction by the people at large. Sir Leonard estimates the revenue for 1882-3. at \$30,600,000; the expenditure at \$27,000,-000; leaving a surplus of \$3,000,000. Payments, amounting to \$16,340,000, will have to be made on capital account-including \$8,200,000 to the P. R. Syndicate, and \$6,-000,000 on the Lake Superior and British Columbia sections To meet that expenditure there would be the surplus, deposits on interest and in the Savings Banks, increased Deminion note circulation, substitution of 6 per cent debentures for part of the 5 per cents falling due in September, in all \$16,

We bave only space to remark on another As is our custom, at this point on Sir Leonard's great speech, the effect of the National Policy in stimulating manufacturing industry. In the manufacturing towns it had increased the value of buildings, of plant, of goods manufactured, and hands employed. It had put 95 new factories, employing 7000 hands, in operation ; by next season the cotton mills now in course of erection will give employment to 3110 additional hands. Since 1879, there had been a total increase of 24,875 men employed, representing nearly 100,000 persons, and "these have to be fed by the farmer." Numerous articles, brown and bleached shirtings, felt hats, woolen raps, woolen clothing, cotton underclothing, carriages, manufactures of iron, common furniture, etc., are sold cheaper under the present tariff, than imported goods of the same kind were in 1878. Park's cotton goods are sold as low as (some lower

than) they could be imported from the United States under the former tariff. The price of sugar was higher, but the effect of the competition between the three refineries now in operation would lower it; and also the result of having 400,000 spindles in operation next year, as was expected, would be to put the price of cotton goods in the

United States and Canada on a equality.

Late Dr. Ryerson.

On Sunday, 19th inst., there passed away in Toronto a notable personage-one of the pioneers of Upper Canada, and a force in it during his long and useful life-Dr. Egerton Ryerson. He came of good Loyalist stock and of a long lived race. His father, old Colonel Joseph Ryerson, survived until his 94th year, and his eldest brother is still living in Toronto, and has passed his 90th year Dr. Ryerson was seventy-nine when he died and his death was as great a surprise as grief to his friends, who did not at first think that the illness under which he succumbed was so serious. Colonel Joseph Ryerson when quite a stripling, joined the Loyalist forces, and saw much hard and dangerous service during the American Revolutionary war as a volunteer, and afterwards, as an officer of the line. At the peace along with his elder brother Samuel, who also fought during the war, he came to the newly constituted Province of New Brunswick. 1784 he settled near Fredericton; and there he married. Several years afterwards Col Joseph followed his brother Samuel to Upper Canada. In Charlotteville, in the County

of Norfolk, on the 26th of March 1803, Egerton was born, the youngest of six brothers. Col. Joseph was a Tory of the Tories. Church of England man of course. To anger and disgust, when Egerton grew up (and his earliest life was that of a backwoods boy, obliged to labor with his hands on the farm, and with but poor opportunties for education,) he forsook the church of his father and joined the Methodist persuasion Circumstance and spiritual enlightment forced him to take this step, and he left his fathers roof. The years after were spent in study and in teaching and preaching, (with a short interval of work on the farm to which he returned at his fathers order) until in 1827, when he came in full connection with the Methodist body. Preaching however proved not to be his great life work. He had a combative turn of mind, and an incisive pen. He wielded it with effect, to the great horror of his veteran Tory parent, against the once famous Dr. afterwards Bishop Strachan, who looked upon Methodist preachers as an idle, ignorant, republican set of men, with no right to the title of Protestant clergy or to any share in the Clergy Reserves set apart for the support of the same. He be came editor of the Christian Guardian, the

Methonist organ. He passed over to England three or four times on business for the body. All through the contest for "Responsible Government," he was on the side of the moderate reformers, and was opposed to Lyon McKenzie and all republican insurrectionary movements. He was one of those men, who, in a crisis take a sort of middle position between two extreme parties, seeing faults in both, and endeavour to bring about a solution of its difficulties, by conceding reforms without doing too much violence to the existing state of things. Upon the whole his strongest sympathies were with the Conservative party. It was not until the troubles were ended, and after the union of the Canadas in 1841, (in which year he became Principal of the Upper Canada Academy, at Coburg, and was first called Dr. Ryerson,) that he entered upon the work by which he will ever be gratefully remembered He was appointed Chief Superintendent of Schools, in 1846 by Lord Metcalf. Dr. Ryerson, it may here be said, put himself forward that year as the champion of the Governor's perogative in the famous struggle that grew out of Lord Metcalfes action in making appointments to office without consulting his Council. He, however, appeared to much more advantage as the promoter of popular education than as a hot partisan political phampieteer. Of him it has been said that no more zealous friend of the cause of education ever worked in official harness Whether in the cause of collegiate learning

in the high schools, of the public schools, of which he was practically the founder as they now exist, he laboured with an ardour, an energy and an intelligence for which Canadians living, or hereafter to live, can never cease to be grateful. During the latter years of his life, he wrote, and published in 1880.

Agricultural Report.

of dollars subsidy was paid to the Syndicate, and all other obligations met, it would be a work on "the Loyalists of America and their Times, which, however is rather the materials for the history than the history it-

tains the Secretary's general report, the proueedings of the Board of Agriculture during the year, account of stock imported in August 1881, account of sheep and swine and bulls

sold, and estimates of the cost of stock on the Farm, accounts of and Provincial Grants to, the Agricultural Societies, and the New Brunswick Herd Book. A perusal of it will Sir Leonard took the house by surprise give the reader a very fair idea of the state of agriculture in the Province. It will show that the position of the farmers is improving;

Societies to better account, which are well

monthly in the Journal of Agriculture at of Council, on Tuesday evening next. some cost. By publishing the Herd Book in the Report which has extensive circulation, and will fall into the hands of those in most need of the information, the Province is put

only to the cost of printing which is trifling. C. T. A. Vote in St. John.

The supporters of the Canada Temperance Act in St. John are extremely disatisfied at the result of the vote on Friday, and demand scrutiny before a County Court Judge. The official reading of the returns by the Sheriff took place on Saturday, and took the affirmative voters, who had confidently accepted the first announcement that the Act had been carried by a majority of 3 as correct and final, very much aback. The figures are for keen and bitter feeling. We believe that the supporters of C. T. A. would do more wisely to let the matter stand as it is than to probe into the returns again. They will not as subscriptions to the MARITIME FARMER. satisfaction.

The Attack on the Stock Farm.

The leader of the Opposition led off an attack on the government for establishing the 'Stock Farm." He was of course, bound to let fly his arrow at the smallest chink he could see in their armour. But he has missed his mark. We were of opinion that the great majority of the farmers and the people on Jews. are well pleased that the Farm is now an institution of the Province, and we believe so We fail to see, that the Government early spring. have acted in so unconstitutional manner as

to merit condemnation. It is not as if they of Boston for \$500,000 for alleged infringehad expended money as a project never sub mitted to the Legislature. It was well known that the establishment of the Farm would follow the importation of stock, and the Farm was absolutely necessary for the maintenance of the best part of the stock, for the purpose of which they were imported It was engaging the attention of the Board of Agriculture last year, when the house was in session, and everybody who took any interest in the matter, knew that the Board would come to a decision in the course of the summer. Surely, when a Board of Agricul-

ture, was, by the will of the Legislature, form-

ed to look after the agricultural interests of

the Province some latitude was to be allowed it. What the government did was to acknowledge the right of the Board to deal with the matter, but as the finally responsible body to exercise a supervision in order that the Board should deal with it in the manner they thought most conducive to the interest of the Province. And their action will be ratified by the Legislature, and we believe approved by the people. The Opposition endeavour to show that the establishment of the Stock Farm, was not only un constitutional, but injudicious. They try to make out that, Stock Farms have always proved failures. But is not the undoubted superiority of the stock of P. E. Island due in the very great measure, to its Stock Farm What does Hon. W. W. Sullivan, Attorney General and Premier say of it? "All intelligent farmers, who are desirous of being abreast of the times and anxious to improve their stock, consider the farm indispensable.' "To-day there is no institution or department of the government so popular as the Stock Farm." See further his letter to the

ished in the Agricultural Report. may not have done very well in the past, with their stock. But times are changed. The live cattle trade to England is now well established, and our farmers, if they study their true interests, can neither neglect to improve their stock, or to improve the opportunity offered to them to do a profitable busithem to do both

The Exhibition of 1883.

On Monday, the Provincial Secretary made the statement that it is the intention of the government to hold an Exhibition in St. John, in 1883, and that the attention of the Minister of Agriculture has been called to the advisableness of the Dominion Government co-operating, but that, as yet no formal answer has been received. There is little or nothing to be said against this decision of the government. In 1883, the Centennial of the Province, the landing of the Lovalists. the foundation of St. John, will be celebrated. It is but fitting that in the chief centre of population, wealth, trade, commerce and manufacturing industry that, among other ways of celebrating the occasion, an exhibition should be held which will give an approximate idea of the progress that has been made for the last hundred years. It is only to be hoped, that the two kinds of celebration, the sentimental-the speech-making in honor of the Loyalists, etc., -and the practical the exhibition of the products of the Province they helped to found, will not interfere with one another. Evidently the sentimental will have to give way to the practical, so far that it will have to be postponed from the right date, the 18th of May, to October when it is only possible to hold the exhibition. The exhibition of 1883, will be one in which the manufacturers and farmers of every country in the Province should feel a pride in taking part. Throwing aside anything like sectional jealousy, they should take advantage of the timely announcement made by the government, and begin thinking of making their preparations. We trust that the Dominion Government will make a lib-The Report on Agriculture for 1881, con-

has so long stood faithfully by him.

eral grant towards the exhibition, which will

be open to all the Provinces. Some mark of

confederation, would at this time be much

appreciated; and Sir Leonard Tilley has now

an opportunity to do a graceful act to the

Province of his birth, and to the city which

their interest in the eastern section of the

Water Works Vete. The vote cast on Tuesday on the question that many of the Societies on which pro- submitted to the electors "shall the City territory. grees in agriculture in a great measure de- Corporation forthwith proceed with the pends, are well managed and doing good the introduction of water, according to the work: that they are importing more im- best and most economical manner possible," proved stock and implements, and the mem- was small, Still it was an advance more bers are taking increasing interest in their ways than one on the vote cast on the day of meetings; while other Societies fritter away the Aldermanic elections. Then the total the means at their disposal, without benefit vote cast was 305- 174 nays, 131 yeas; to themselves or the Province. The Secre- majority against, 43. On Tuesday last the tary offers some suggestions regarding the total vote cast was 370-208 yeas, 162 yeas; turning the means at the disposal of such majority for water works, 46. Yet the vote cast does not represent half the city electorate, which is 824. Though the vote The total cost of the stock imported was is not so large, or the majority so decisive, as \$15,298.73. The sheep and some bulls sold the City Fathers wished, or expected, they realised \$5,509 the value of the sheep lost will, we suppose, accept it as a sufficiently at sea is put at \$674.90—in all \$6,183.90— affirmative answer to their proposition to which leaves the value of the stock on the justify them in taking action. It would be useless to postpone action in the hope that "The New Brunswick Herd Book," print- the electors would at some future time give ed in the Report, contains all the entries up a more satisfactory or decisive answer to o the class of 1881, in the four principal their proposition. If they should conclude breeds in the Province, viz., Shorthorns, Ayr- to let water works alone until there is a shires, Devons and Jerseys. There is also stronger favorable turn in the minds of the an index which will be found very conveni- electors in support of them, they may as well ent for those looking for information. In abandon them altogether, for it is now pretty former reports only portions of the "Herd | well proved that more than one-half of the Book" were published which did not meet electors will refrain from committing themthe wants of breeders. The need of a com- selves, one way or the other, when a proposiplete Herd Book has been long felt, and its tion involving expenditure of money and publication could not longer be delayed In increase of taxation is submitted to them. Ontario, and in England and the United The City Fathers have got their answer, States, volumes are published every year, the now let them act. There need be no long publication of which entail a large expense. waiting for an answer, for their course of In Nova Scotia new entries are published action can be decided on at the next meeting

Reports.

The Report of the Chief Commissioner of Public Works, shows that the expenditure in 1881 was \$124,700, that in 1880, \$118,539 The total expenditure on "great roads and bridges" last year was \$96,806 The expenditure on Government House was \$2,872; on the Legislative Buildings and the Public Offices \$1,659

fore the Legislature, we learn that the repeipts of the Province for the fiscal year which ended Oct. 11, 1881, were \$607,445.21 and the expenditures \$598,843.70

The revenue derived from land sales, sales of licenses, mining licenses, &c.. amounted the Act, 1074, against it, 1074, ballots reject- to \$147,649 Refunds of County School was so close a vote taken on any question in \$21,326.16 The amount expended for agri-

50 cents and \$1 a bottle.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Cetewayo is expected in England in May. The rateable value of London is just twice

The Russian Government has announced its intention of preventing any more outrages

At the South wild geese are flying northward, and it is regarded as a token of an A suit has been brought against the city

a few doses of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will Time, money, comfort, health, all are

Sir A. T. Galt has submitted to the Committee on the Russo-Jewish relief fund a view to their settlement in the Canadian

NETIC MEDICINE, and recommend it for both sexes in all cases of sevual weakness. An English statistician calculates that

volumes of the same size in talk. PERUVIAN SYRUP cures Dyspepsia, General Debility, Liver Complaint, Boils, Humors, Chronic Diarrhea, Nervous Affections,

Female Complaints, and all diseases originating in a bad state of the blood. Justin McCarthy has embodied a scheme of Home Rule for Ireland based upon the Constitution of the Dominion, and according her the same rights as to legislative power as

A sanguine seer says that in his mind's eye he can discern the approach of the day when all the coal will be consumed at the pit in generating electric energy for distribution by cable to all consumers. That will be a bad day for the railways.

President of the Board of Agriculture, pub-After March 1, the importation into Canada of head ropes used for tying up cattle One or two importers or breeders of stock the United Kingdom, as on shipboard, will be prohibited, because it is believed that contagious disease will be communicated by the use of the rope.

Queen Margaret of Italy has among the ladies of her court two Americans whose magnificent jewels almost eclipse the famous diamonds of the Roman princesses. They ness. "The Stock Farm" will greatly help are the Princess Trigiano Braucacci, nee Field, and the Princess Cenci, nee Spencer.

> The Pope expects to purchase for the Vatican the largest topaz in the world, which weighs seven pounds, and upon which famous lapidaries of Naples have been working since 1832, fifty years ago. It has carved upon it representations of Jesus at the Last

No new thing under the sun-except that the Estabrook Steel Pen Co. are every year old standard reliable pens are having a larger run than ever. All the Stationers keep

In a single room at Charleston, S. C, are all white-the principal is a man; all the other teachers are women, many of them compelled to seek employment.

largely reduced, the popularity of the service is increasing. An instance is found in the fact that during the stay of the "Black Watch," the 42nd Regiment of the line, in A law has been passed in New York re-

sell goods, to provide seats for them so that they shall not be obliged to stand up all day. Summonses were lately issued by one of the city courts, against the three largest retail drygoods firms in New York for violation of letter from Voltaire to J. J. Rousseau, giving A Committee of ex-Confederate soldiers esented Mrs. Garfield with resolutions sympathy framed in Tennessee marble.

Mrs. Garfield in reply said that it had been the late President's wish that there should be no North or South, but a united country she was continuing further, but grief over-The Legislatures are now sitting in St. John's, Nfld., Fredericton, Charlottetown, of the members of both parties at the Parlia-P. E. I., Halifax, N. S., Ottawa, and Toronto;

weeks politics will certainly reign supreme in the public interest over a vast region of pass to his landlady. She was sitting with Ministerial declaration of policy. her little girl in the pit of the theatre, when the heavy villain was about to stab the tragedian in the gizzard. The child, seeing is coming into extensive use in Russia. The her friend's danger, started up and shrieked

out, "Oh, please, don't kill him, or he won't | 55 when compared with the cost of barrels, give us any more tickets for the theatre!" Mason, who attempted to shoot Guitteau and reliquefaction. The substance used is from the gaol yard in Washington, the dry soap. The petroleum, when heated, prisoner endeavoured to introduce Guitteau's readily takes it up, and on cooling forms a

tactics of interrupting the proceedings. As jelly. Dilute acetic acid restores fluidity. Mason, however, had not succeeded in kill- With three per cent. of soap the mass of the ing his intended victim, he was not allowed petroleum becomes quite firm. But there to run that court, and the judge promptly sat always remains a small quantity of petroleum Alarming news comes from Battleford, N. thought, is an element of danger, as it would W. T. A large force of Blackfeet has been leum was stored, and becoming vapourized committing depredations, and murdered and mixed with air would be highly explo-

several traders. The Sioux also stole a num- sive. But some method will surely be disber of horses and drove them across the border. When the owners overtook and rescued them they were prevented by the United States authorities from bringing them back to the Canadian side. The Court of Enquiry on the loss of the steamenin Moravian has given judgment

generally freeing Capt. Archer from blame, but censuring him for not taking a more where all other remedies failed. We refer southerly course, so as to reach deep water here to St. Jacobs Oil. We know of several but censuring him for not taking a more after taking the last sounding. In consideration of the circumstances attending the case, and the Captain's acknowledged abilities as a The question of an Iberian union has

sumed a fresh shape, a member of the Portuguese Chamber of Deputies having suggested the conclusion of an offensive and defensive alliance between Spain and Portugal. By this means, he claims, both countries would be enable to reduce their active forces on sea and land, and to devote further attention By the Auditor General's Report laid be- to the prosecution of trade with the South In explaining in the British House

Home Rule, Mr. Gladstone said the centra- The latest man who has been made happy BUTTER COOLERS. lization of Parliament should be the cardinal rule of the policy, that local institutions are Catholic Library of this city. The following a source of great strength, and that the only is Mr. Conlan's indorsement ed 22, total vote cast, 2,170. There never loans 1880, 1881, and interest amounted to limit which, in principle, is necessary to them Union Catholic Library Association is adequate provision for the supremacy of St. John, or on one which has excited such states of the central authority. He believed a wise I wish to add my testimony as to the SPECTACLES, EYE GLASSES. and just way of settling the demand for merits of St. Jacobs Oil as a cure for rheubringing Irish affairs more under Irish con- matism. One bottle has cured me of this Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry trol is not to regard it as a first step towards deal of bother for a long time; but thanks cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping separation, but rather to ask the promoters to the remedy, I am cured. This statement gain a victory by it, or if they do, it will Cough, Croup, Influenza, Consumption, and in charge to formulate the guarantee they is unsolicited by any one in its interest. Bank of P. E. Island notes will be taken not be one which can give them much all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Chest. proposed to give for the supremacy of Parlia-

West even the innocent spelling bee may be the source of the gravest crimes. In a Nebraska village the other day two men quarrelled over the orthography of a word.

In the unvarnished society of the Far

when one of them named Raiven shot the other through the heart. What else could be expected of a man who spells raven with an "i?' He had no business anyway at a spelling be e.

The Milford Haven steamship scheme is well under way. The construction of several steel steamers to form the new express line has actually been begun. The direct line of ment of a patent value used on all steam fire railway across from London if complete all but a small link, and when this is construt-We should not suffer from a Cough, when ed the journey from London to Milford will occupy but five hours, and the passage across the Atlantic to New York only a few hours over five days.

An Italian has invented a process for solidifying wine. From a small quantity of scheme for advancing aid to refugees with a this extract may be obtained a bottle of generous wine of good taste and beautiful color. The object is to victual ships and supply ALL OUR DRUGGISTS now heartily en- armies. A chemist in Marseilles has found dorse the amazing success of Mack's Mag- a chemical combination by which he can solidify and even crystalize brandy. The brandy in its new form looks like alum. It entirely loses its smell.

One of the largest meetings the cotton every man on an average speaks fifty-two masters ever held took place at Manchester, volumes of 600 octavo pages per annum, and on the 22nd ult. The chairman dwelt on that every woman yearly brings out 520 the serious position of trade caused by declining prices and increasing stocks. Resolutions were unanimously passed that it is necessary to adopt short time in the manu- White facturing department and circulars have been sent to all masters in north and northest Lancashire, asking whether they are willing to reduce the production to the extent of wo weeks during March.

Baron Von Schaeffer, Austrian Minister to the United States, in an interview, expressed are possessed by Ontario and the other pro- the belief that Skobeloff really speaks the views of the Panslavist party in Russia, and thinks it not unlikely that the latter country would not be unwilling to get into difficulties with a foreign nation so as to divert attention from troubles at home. In the event of a contest with Austria, he thinks Germany would take a hand. He attaches little importance to the Herzegovinian insurrection.

It is probable there will be serious trouble before the Bradlaugh matter is settled. The police say they never saw so rough and dangerous a crowd as that which now attends his meetings. It is rumoured that he intends going to the House with his followers and trying to force his way in. All over the country the "residuum," as Bright once called the "lower classes," is enthusiastic in support of Bradlaugh. They do not sympathize with his atheism, but they feel he is being denied his rights.

The annual report of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, laid on the table of the Commons, shows an increase of 17 vessels and a falling off of 322 tons measurement in Canadian shipping the past year. The cost of maintenance of our navy was \$126,605, the cost of repairing the La Canadienne being about \$15,000. Taking warning by the appalling disaster on the Thames on 24th bringing out new styles of steel pens to meet | May last, in pursuance of an Order in Counthe popular demand. In the meantime, their cil, a limit will be placed upon the number of passengers carried by each steamer. The Duke of Hamilton is going to sell not

only his magnificent library but the notable collection of pictures, statues, and decorathere are 1,400 negro children. The teachers tive furniture of Hamilton Palace. This includes pictures by Botticelli, Andrea Mantegna, Leonardo, Albrecht Durer, and ladies of great refinement, themselves once Titian, and Rubens' great work, "Daniel in mistresses of slaves, whom necessity has the Lions' Den," and his "Loves of the Centaurs." Other treasures of the collection It is strange to note that while the esti- are Valasquez's portrait of Philip IV., and mates for the army in England are to be Vandyck's equestrian portrait of Charles I., a replica with variations of that at Windsor The King of Holland is one of the most ardent autograph collectors of the present century. He has paid \$300 at a Paris sale Edinburgh, it more than doubled its strength. for a bundle of letters from the Duchess de Civrac, lady-in-waiting to the daughter of quiring shop-keepers who employ women to Louis XV., giving details of court life. At the same sale a will of Voltaire dated July 10,1769, and the original MS. of the proceedings taken at Paris for the canonization of St. Vincent de Paul brought \$1,000. A him the plot of the "Henriade," brought \$200; and the plan of a battle sketched by

The practice in England with regard the Queen's speech is different from the prac- Oil Tanned Buck Gloves. tice in the colonies. We learn from the Times that, according to a long standing custom, the Queen's speech is communicated Lined Doeskin Gloves. on the evening before the opening of Parliament to the leaders of the Opposition, and it is made known informally to a select number mentary dinners given by the Liberal and and in a few days they will be sitting in Conservative chiefs in the Upper and Lower Houses. It is intended by this arrrangement to remove any pretence that the party in power have taken their opponents by surprise and to give the latter the time to agree upon A Berlin tragedian occasionally gave a the manner in which they will meet the

The plan of solidifying petroleum for transportation, first broached a few years ago cost of solidifying bears the relation or 6 to and besides there is enough leakage prevent-At the court-martial 23rd ult., on Sergeant ed to pay for the processes of solidification which will not solidify, and this, it is heavy tax of the cost of barreling.

A WONDERFUL SUBSTANCE. The Chicago Western Catholic says "It is indorsed by Bishop Gilmour, of Cleveland Ohio, and by some of our most honored and respected priests throughout the country who have used it for rheumatics with success persons in our own circle who was suffering with that dreadful disease, rheumatism, who tried everything and spent hundreds of dollars for medicine which proved of no benefit seaman, they direct that his certificate be We advised them to try St. Jacobs Oil. Some of them laughed at us for faith in the "patent stuff," they chose to call it. How-ever, we induced them to give it a trial, and it accomplished its work with such a magiclike rapidity that the same people are now its strongest advocates, and will not be with-Mr. Joel D. Harvey, U. S. Collector of I ternal Revenue, of this city, has spent over two thousand dollars on medicine for his wife, who was suffering dreadfully from heumatism, and without deriving any benefit

whatever; yet two bottles of St. Jacobs Oil accomplished what the most skillful medical men failed in doing. We could give the Commons his recent utterance in negard to this wonderful remedy, did space permit us. through the use of this valuable liniment is Mr. James A. Conlan, librarian of the Union

Very respectfully, JAMES A. CONLAN.

FEBRUARY, 1882

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED AT

White Cottons,

GRAY COTTONS, JANUARY

White Sheeting Cottons. SHEETING COTTONS,

PLAIN AND SWILLED.

Pillow Cottons, 42, 45, and 54 inches wide.

PRINTS. AMERICAN CAMBRICS. Striped Piques.

CRETONS. **PATCHWORK** ANGOLA.

Knitting Cottons, in all the leading colors.

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(Successor to late Thos. Logan) Opp. Normal School.

Fredericton, Feb. 2, 1882

MITTS! MITTS!

Plymouth Buck Gloves. Lined Antelope Gloves. Lined Kid Gloves. Russian Cloth Gloves. White Ringwood Gloves. Antelope Driving Mitts.

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BABBITT'S JEWELLERY ESTAB'MENT. OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

CHRISTMAS **NEW CHRISTMAS GOODS**

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Gold and Silver WATCHES Gold and Silver NECKLETS Polite treatment whether you Gold and Silver LOCKETS. Res Elegant Gold Setts Jewellery Fine Gold CHAINS. Sleeve Buttons, Studs. Gents' Signet Rings. Gem Rings, Fruit Knives. Silver Ware, Tea Setts.

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N. B .- No LOTTERY in connection with this business. All purchasers will get the value of their money at the time of purchasng. No tickets issued.

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CHRISTMAS.

A Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year, To all my patrons far and near

The subscriber respectfully invites the ATTENTION of his friends and the public generally to his large and well selected Stock of

SHOES, SLIPPERS, Overboots,

which have been personally selected to supply He feels confident in saying that the

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