HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Hon. JOHN J. FRASER

Liberal Conservative Candidate

FOR YORK.

Polling, Tuesday, June 20th.

LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE COMMITTEE ROOMS!

The COMMITTEE ROOMS in the **Stone Barracks**, Queen Street, will be open **Every Day and Evening** until after the Election. Friends of the

Hon. JOHN J. FRASER,

the Liberal-Conservative Candidate for York County, are cordially invited to call at the above Rooms at any hour of the day or evening.

BENJAMIN CLOSE, *Chairman.*
JOHN BLACK, *Secretary.*

Fredericton, June 1, 1882.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Hon. JOHN J. FRASER

The Liberal Conservative Candidate for York,

will address Public Meetings in the constituency as follows:—

THURSDAY, 15th inst., 1 p. m., School House, near McFarlane's, Campbell Settlement.

THURSDAY, 15th, 8 p. m., School House near Ingraham's Southampton.

FRIDAY, 16th, 1 p. m., School House, near Sullivan Creek, Canterbury.

FRIDAY, 16th, 8 p. m., near Grosvenor's, Eel River.

SATURDAY, 17th, 8 p. m., Caverhill, Queensbury.

MONDAY, 19th, 8 p. m., near the Forks, New Maryland.

HOW TO VOTE.

On the voter entering the polling place, the presiding officer asks him his name, occupation, residence, etc., and his answers are entered by the clerk. If no objection be offered, the voter is given a ballot, of which the following is a likeness:

Election for the Electoral District of York County, June 20th, 1882.

I. FRASER, John J., of Fredericton, County of York, Barrister.	X
II. PICKARD, John, of Fredericton, County of York, Gentleman.	

.....

except that the cross will not be on it. The presiding officer has previously initialled the ballot and numbered the counterfoil attached, the voter is then directed to enter a compartment provided, where he will make a cross X to the right of the name as we have marked above.

Should the voter be unable to read, he must take an oath to that effect. Then he will be accompanied by the presiding officer to the compartment, and in the presence of the candidates' representatives (who are sworn to secrecy) the officer makes the cross alongside the name of the candidate for whom the elector desires to vote.

Hon. Mr. Fraser's Nomination.

The Bone and Sinew of York at his Back.

Mr. Geo. Gregory's attempt at Bulldozing, and awkward blunder.

On Tuesday at 12 o'clock noon, Sheriff Temple opened his Court to receive Nominations of candidates for the House of Commons. Hon Mr. Fraser's nomination paper was promptly handed in by Mr. John Black his agent, but for a time there was a hitch regarding Mr. Pickard his consent in writing as the law requires, not having been obtained before his leaving for the country on Monday. At one o'clock the worst fears took possession of the few sympathizers around Myshrall's, Mr. Pickard's headquarters, lest Mr. Pickard would not arrive before the time for closing the nominations, 2 p. m., had arrived. There was probably one glad heart in the crowd for the time seemed opportune for its possessor to leap into the coveted breach. Everybody knows that Mr. Geo. Gregory's suddenly aroused interest in Mr. Pickard is of the most selfish character, and that it is with a view to strengthen his claims on the party to succeed Mr. Pickard, that he is stumping the constituency now, and extorting the truth to the utmost. We are told that at Canterbury and Harvey, Mr. Gregory announced that up to the time Mr. Fraser came into the field for the Dominion. He (Mr. Gregory) was Fraser's friend and supporter, and that what he objected to was the manner in which Fraser was nominated, This was altogether too absurd for the intelligent electors of those districts to swallow, and they did not fail to remind the unscrupulous and ambitious Mr. Gregory of it, besides a lot of other unpleasant matters, which we refrain from mentioning.

Already we have shown that Mr. Gregory's regard for Mr. Pickard did not go any further than self interest: his pretended friendship for Mr. Fraser will deceive nobody, and we shall now exhibit the manner in which he sought to displace both.

As we have said, Mr. Pickard's friends were fearful lest he should arrive too late to attach his signature to the nomination paper, and here was Mr. Gregory's chance. What did he do but rush to his office and prepare

A NOMINATION PAPER FOR HIMSELF,

so we have it from one of his friends, and had it in readiness should Mr. Pickard fail to arrive in time. But he was disappointed in supplanting Mr. Pickard for that gentleman was on the spot, and Mr. Gregory was foiled. It is told that never a cheer went up from Mr. Gregory, when Mr. Pickard's friends heralded his approach. Mr. Gregory next turned his attention to Mr. Fraser and about fifteen minutes before the time for the Sheriff to close his polls he made his way through the crowd in the Court House and read in a halting and excited voice

A PROTEST AGAINST FRASER'S NOMINATION,

on the alleged ground, that, *the residence and additions of the persons nominating him were not set out as required by law.* On this ground he asked the returning officer to declare Mr. Pickard elected, a piece of presumptuous cheek that really "outGregoryed" Gregory.

Now we shall show that Mr. Gregory either attempted to "bluff" the Sheriff, presuming upon that gentleman's ignorance of the law, or that he blundered into a stupid interpretation of the law himself in his blind haste to place obstacles in the way of Mr. Fraser's candidature. Now if Mr. Gregory had taken time to examine the nomination paper he would have observed that the "residences and additions" of the nominors *were* set out and that the signatures were duly attested to by Mr. Black, Mr. Fraser's agent, and if Mr. Gregory had read the law a little further he would have observed that there is a section which provides that any informality of nomination shall not interfere with a ballot being taken, so practically Mr. Gregory had not a leg to stand on.

Now was the protest a piece of "bluff" on Mr. Gregory's part or was it only a stupid blunder in reading the law. The electors who knew that gentleman will agree with us that the former is the proper conclusion. And now what have the intelligent and honorable electors of York to say to this piece of attempted dishonesty. Will not Mr. Fraser's friends most unqualifiedly denounce the intended gross deception, and will not Mr. Pickard's supporters condemn such unfair means to gain an advantage over an absent opponent. What a pity for Mr. Gregory's sake that Mr. Pickard was not late in arriving. Mr. Gregory would then have filed his own nomination, and we would have had the edifying spectacle of Mr. Gregory protesting against Mr. Fraser's nomination, and requesting that Mr. Gregory be declared elected by acclamation. Mr. Gregory's effort will recoil on the cause he attempted by such unfair means to forward.

The electors of York want a fair and manly contest, and let the best man win. A resort to such trickery and dishonest methods is worthy only of a police court shyster.

NOMINORS OF MR. FRASER.

Read the following list of Hon. Mr. Fraser's nominors, representing every parish in the county:

We, the undersigned Electors of the Electoral District of York, hereby nominate the HONORABLE JOHN J. FRASER, Barrister, of Fredericton, as a Candidate at the Election, now about to be held, of a member to represent the said Electoral District in the House of Commons of Canada.

Witness our hands at Fredericton, in the said Electoral District, this ninth day of June, 1882

Benjamin Close,	James Henry,
H. A. Davidson,	John Palmer,
Henry S. Strange,	James Colter,
W. W. Graham,	Alex. Mitchell,
Jos. E. Smith,	Robt. Macklin,
Fred Bird,	John C. Humphries,
Asa D. Brooks,	R. Davis,
W. H. Lawrence,	G. N. Bookhout,
David Cropley,	Geo. W. Ross,
Henry Boone,	John Edmonds,
Tobias Bourgoyne,	Jeremiah Meagher,
J. McKeen, (1,)	H. A. Cropley,
G. H. Simmons,	B. R. Brown,
James McGuire,	Daniel Jordan,
John McBean,	Chas. Ingraham,
Luke Lawson,	John Woodward,
John Rutherford,	G. A. Barker,
D. Glendenning,	Michael Ryan.
Jesse Christey,	John McCarty,
Henry Burtt,	Dow Vandine,
George Ball,	John Eggar,
John L. Marsh,	Wm. Jarvis,
John Richards,	Joseph Gallagher,
John C. Mott, M. D.,	John M. Wiley,
E. D. Estabrooks,	Jas. A. Vanwart,
G. A. Cliff,	Loran C. Macnutt,
Benjamin Long,	Joseph Philips,
S. Patterson,	S. A. Purdie,
James Tenant,	John N. Grant,
H. B. Rainsford,	R. H. Rainsford,
J. N. Hallett,	G. F. Whittaker,
Jos. Hawkins,	John E. Perks,
John McKeen, (2,)	C. L. Estabrooks,
John Hinchey,	A. A. Nason,
Turney Manzer,	W. Thos. Murray,
Harry Beckwith,	Archibald Moore,
W. W. McGeorge,	Thomas Jones,
Wm. Merrithew,	C. A. Sampson,
Thomas Slipp,	Wm. Lemont,
W. B. Barker,	Julius L. Inches,
F. B. Coleman,	A. Brown,
Roderick Haines,	Robert Aiken,
James Gray,	James Yerxa,
John W. Barker,	John Carson,
Wm. McKenny,	Robert Elliott,
Geo. W. Fenwick,	W. A. Stairs,
Isaac Kilburn,	Geo. E. Lint,
John C. Murray,	Amos Lint,
Andrew Lipsett,	John McPherson,
George Kitchen,	J. D. McPherson,
Thos. Goodspeed,	Alex. Burchill,
James S. Neill,	R. M. Pinder.
C. H. Thomas,	Edmond Love
John Black,	William Currie,
Zopher B. Dunphy,	George Good,
James Bird.	Murray Scott,
Horace Dayton,	W. E. Scott,
Thomas Hull,	F. P. Robinson.

and over one hundred others, whose names we regret we are unable to publish.

POLITICAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

The Approaching Dominion and Local Elections.

Vote for Fraser, electors of York, and cease to be represented by a man, who has no influence at Ottawa and can get nothing for his constituency.

Mr. Blake's reception last summer cost Mr. Pickard something over $1000, but his friends say it was the poorest investment he ever made.

What man of ordinary intelligence is there in the County, who would not have taken a better position in the Canadian Parliament than Mr. Pickard, who was never known in his life to stand up and speak for his constituency's interest.

Mr. Tommy Potts, who is to electriy the Grits to-night, in the City Hall, by abuse of Sir Leonard Tilley, has, during the past few years, received *twenty-two thousand dollars* from Sir Leonard Tilley's Government for doing really nothing. The Grits must have been in deep despair when they sent for Potts.

Mr. Pickard admits that the Dominion Government will be sustained in the elections, then what reason is there in electing him to go to Ottawa five years longer to vote in opposition? York has been out in the cold long enough. It is time for the electors to arouse themselves, and elect a man who will have some care to their interests, and who will be able to assert his rights. We have been represented by Mr. John Pickard long enough.

The residents of New Market Settlement in the Parish of Kinsclear, and of Williamsburg and Maple Grove in the Parish of Stanley are without doubt the most unfavorably situated districts in the County, as regards postal facilities. The two latter settlements are *eight miles* from Stanley, the nearest Post Office and yet Mr. Pickard, though requested time after time, has never attempted to secure these neglected districts the postal facilities they require. The electors in those localities next Tuesday will cast their ballots for Mr. Fraser almost to a man. They are tired and sick of Mr. Pickard's passive reign, and have no respect for his political influence, which has been unwilling or unable to procure the postal advantages they desire.

On Tuesday, nomination day, SIXTEEN supporters of the Dominion Government were returned by acclamation, *while not a single Grit candidate was returned.*

Of the sixteen New Brunswick returned *two*, Hon. John Costigan, Victoria, Minister of Inland Revenue, and Hon. Peter Mitchell, Northumberland.

Sir Charles Tupper, Minister of Railways and Canals had no opppositon in Cumberland, N. S., and Ontario contributed two, and Quebec eleven to swell the number returned by acclamation to sixteen, a record never before equalled by any Government.

In 1878, Anglin, in Gloucester, a Grit, was the only election by acclamation; but in 1882 how things are changed. *Not a Grit now, but two Conservatives.* We can assure the electors of York that there is not the shadowyest possibility of the Dominion Government being defeated, and we *can quote Mr. John Pickard* in support of this. He has acknowledged in various parts of the County that the Government will be sustained.

But how he can turn around, and in the next breath ask the electors to vote for him, who, if elected, will be doomed for the next five years, to sit in hopeless opposition, is more than ordinary mortals can understand.

The Grits have imported from St. John Mr. Tommy Potts, a sore-headed office seeker to help them in their hopeless effort to defeat Mr. Fraser. It isn't much good they'll get from Tommy's visit. It was only last summer that he was a warm admirer of Sir Leonard whom he now abuses for the reason that he was not appointed to an office under the Government.

Sir Leonard, in speaking the other night at Portland, thus referred to Mr. Sorehead Potts' recent political somersault:—

And now with reference to Mr. Potts. I do not wish to say a great deal about him personally. But Mr. Potts says that a man who does not change his opinions gives evidence that he is not worthy of confidence. He compliments the man who changes, because, he said, he had changed *his* opinion. (Laughter.) Well, now, I did not know until very recently that Mr. Potts was opposed to the National Policy as it exists at the present moment, for if my memory serves me—and I do not think it is very treacherous—after that magnificent meeting which was held in the Exhibition building, at which Sir Charles Tupper and myself were present and spoke, Mr. Potts spoke to me about my speech on that occasion, pointing out that there were some points which I could have made stronger. (Applause and laughter.) Of course, Mr. Potts would have done better than I did. (Great laughter.)

The Grits are getting desperate in this constituency and stoop to the basest canvases to gain their end. They dare not rely on the policy of their party, or the chances of their candidate on his own merits, but resort to the vilest personal abuse of every respectable person who differs from them. Mr. Pickard has two subsidized sheets running daily, but their indecent effusions are the best means of weakening his cause. Neither have any public support, but they flood the country at Mr. Pickard's expense, and he must bear the odium of their deceptive and untruthful utterances.

The news that reaches us from the noble old parish of Stanley, with regard to the arrangements for the Dominion election there, is of the most gratifying character. York has much to expect from this stronghold of the yeomen of the County, and we have the most assuring promises that on this occasion Stanley will be faithful to its record in the past. The electors there, judging from the array of men who are in active canvas for Hon. Mr. Fraser throughout the parish, are determined to carry everything before them. At the organization meeting, held a day or two ago, the following persons were appointed to constitute the general committee:—

Capt. Wilkinson, *Chairman*; Dr. Moore, *Secretary*; W. T. Howe, Donald Fullerton, Thos. Gilmore, William Sanson, Edward Humble, A. Humble, H. Thomas, Joseph Thorburn, John Sanson, A. Douglas, Wm. Clarkson, William Currie, Jas. Sanson, John Scott, George Humble and Henry Gorman.

Of these, a sub-committee of five, with Adjutant William T. Howe as chairman, is already on the stump in the different settlements, and every man of them is meeting with the most flattering success.

THE LOCAL CONTEST.

Nominations to-day.

There was a good attendance of country people at the County Court House this morning, waiting for the nominations of candidates to the Local Assembly. At a few minutes before 12 o'clock, Sheriff Temple took his stand on a table, set for the purpose in front of the County Court House, and proceeded to read the qualifications necessary for any elector or candidate, while a goodly number of electors and citizens gathered around anxiously awaiting the nominations.

Hon. George E. Colter was then nominated by Dr. J. C. Mott, of Prince William, and the nomination was seconded by Warden Pinder, of Millville;

E. L. Wetmore, Esq., was nominated by Mr. Jas. W. Jewett, of Bright, seconded by Mr. John C. Murray, of Kingsclear;

A. G. Blair, Esq., by Mr. Henry Sloate, of Mouth of Keswick, seconded by Mr. William Scott, of Prince William;

F. P. Thompson, Esq., by Mr. Samuel Fox, of Southampton, seconded by Mr. Morethy Smith, of Southampton;

G. Fred. Fisher, Esq., by Councillor McCormack of Prince William, seconded by Councillor Johnson of Douglas;

Mr. Leverett Estabrooks, by Mr. George W. Dykeman, of Prince William, seconded by Mr. Barry Smith, of Fredericton;

William Wilson, Esq., by Samuel Scott, of Prince William, seconded by Mr. Henry Sloate, of Bright;

Hiram Dow, Esq., M. D., by Sidney S. Ingraham, of Queensbury, seconded by William Wade, of St. Mary's.

A poll was demanded by Andrew G. Blair, Esq.

As we go to press, Dr. Dow, the first speaker, is holding forth on the hustings.

Town and Country.

Hon. Mr. Costigan, Minister of Inland Revenue, arrived in this city on an official visit by the noon train to-day.

St. Ann's Rowing Club is to have a moonlight excursion on board the "David Weston" on Friday evening, the 30th inst.

The Supreme Court opened on Tuesday, but adjourned till the 24th, on account of the non-attendance of barristers, many of whom are actively engaged in the elections.

Another of our old and respected citizens, Mr. John Biggs, passed away last evening. Mr. Biggs was well-known in the community, and attained a ripe old age.

Sergt. E. A. Smith, of this city, leaves on Wednesday next for Quebec, to sail for Wimbledon. We wish him a very large measure of success, a pleasant voyage and a safe return.

Messrs. Bond & Milden have been awarded the contract for the erection of the new Church of England Hall, corner of Brunswick and Carleton streets, at the sum of $3,240.

We have to record to-day the death of Mrs. A. P. Miller, wife of Mr. Miller, painter, of this city. The deceased had been ill for some time previous to her death, which took place this morning.

The Annual Meeting of the Methodists in the Fredericton District, will be held at Marysville next Tuesday. On the following evening Prof. Sterne will give an organ recital, and there will be addresses by several elergymen.

Cowper asks:

"Who hath not owned, with rapture smitten frame,
The power, the grace, the magic of a name?"

And if it is the name of a pen, be sure it is one of Esterbrook's

The Baptist Bazaar held in the Exhibition building Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons and evenings was highly successful. The attendance was large and the receipts in proportion. The Fredericton Brass Band played both evenings, and added much to the enjoyment of the occasion.

Thousands of dollars might be annually saved to farmers if thay would give freely of *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* to their horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, and fowl. They prevent disease and promote the growth. We said Sheridan's. Those put up in *large* packs are utterly worthless.

Excellent reasons exist why *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil* should be used by persons troubled with affections of the throat or lungs, sores upon the skin, rheumatic pain, corns, bunions or external injuries. The reasons are, that it is speedy, pure and unobjectional, whether taken internally or applied outwardly.

The sad intelligence of the death of Mr. Wm. J. Murphy, only son of Mrs. Dr. Murphy, of this city, which occurred at Williamsburg, New York, was received by Mayor Fisher, Tuesday, from Dr. Goff, of that town. The deceased was about 32 years of age, and his demise is regretted by a large circle of friends. His remains were interred at Williamsburg. We tender our sympathy to the bereaved family.

THE ASTONISHINGLY—Short time it takes ZOPESA to act upon the Digestive organs and the Liver, proves its wonderful affinity to the stomach. The first dose relieves. A sample bottle convinces, a large bottle cures.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, and all diseases arising from youthful indiscretions are speedily and radically removed by that wonderful remedy known as Mack's Magnetic Medicine, an advertisement of which appears in another column.

Old Dr. Johnson was a benefactor. Seventy-five years ago he invented what is now called *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*, the wonderful success of which in the cure of diseases of the head, throat and lungs is truly astonishing. No family should be without it.

Messrs. Northrop & Lyman are the proprietors of *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil* which is now being sold in immense quantities throughout the Dominion. It is welcomed by the suffering invalid everywhere with emotions of delight, because it banishes pain and gives instant relief. This valuable specific for almost "every ill that flesh is heir to," is valued by the sufferer as more precious than gold. It is the elixir of life to many a wasted frame. If you have not purchased a bottle, do so at once, and keep it ready for an emergency. Its cheapness, 25 cents per bottle, places it within the reach of all. To the farmer it is indispensible, and it should be in every house.

Marriages.

At Central Kingsclear, York Co., May 28th, by the Rev. H. J. Clarke, Mr. Henry Forsy, to Miss Emma Woodworth, all of Kingsclear.

At Woodstock, June 1st, by Rev. W. W. Colpitts, John Wallace to Abbie A., daughter of E. M Boyer, Esq.

Deaths.

In this city, on the 14th inst., John Biggs, in the 74th year of his age.

☞ Funeral to-morrow, (Friday,) at 4 o'clock.

At St. James, May 19th, Katie, wife of Porter Burgess, and daughter of Jerad and Mary Blaney, aged 27 years.

PHYSICIANS are in the habit of prescribing Hanington's Quinine Wine and Iron, and Tonic Dinner Pills, because they know that *no better* medicines are available, Physicians however, as well as druggists and patients, are cautioned against the purchase of imitations of these remedies. For sale by all druggists and general dealers in Canada. The *original* and *genuine* has Hanington's name on bottle and wrapper.

THOUGH THE SICK COVET HEALTH, they frequently and fruitlessly seek to obtain it by irratisonal means. Misled by false representations and absurd pretensions, they neglect those genuine restoratives which true science has placed at their disposal. No proprietary remedy has met with greater approbation from the medical faculty, and none has given more satisfactory proofs of its efficiency than Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. The conjunction of these latter salts with Cod Liver Oil of warranted purity gives the preparation a great advantage over the ordinary cough mixtures, since the phosphorus, lime and soda are potent auxiliaries of the oil, invigorating the system, remedying poverty of the blood, induced by waste of tissue, and increasing bodily substance. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle, Sold by all druggists.

Extracts from a Letter from C. H. S. Cronkhite, Esq.

Canterbury Station, York Co., N. B., October 10th, 1876.

Mr. J. H. Robinson,

Dear Sir.—In reply to your letter of enquiry, I would say that your *Phosphorized Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Lacto-Phosphate of Lime* is the best preparation of the kind I have ever seen or taken.

and was ordered by my physician to take it

I commenced about the last o August, and since that time I have felt a different man, and also look differently, and all for the better, as the doctor can testify.

I was unable, in the summer to walk an distance without much fatigue. I can now take my gun and *travel all day and feel first-rate at night and eat as much as any lumber man. Have not bled any* since I took your preparation, and can now inflate my lungs without feeling any soreness, and I think I can inflate them up to full measurement same as before I was sick; have also gained in flesh, my weight in the summer was 173 lbs., and now it is nearly 190 lbs., which is pretty well up to my former weight.

The foregoing is a correct statement which I am prepared to swear to, and I hereby authorize you to give it publicity in my name.

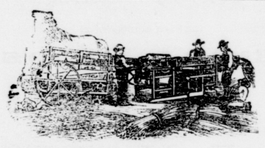
I am, dear sir, yours truly,
(Signed) C. H. S. CRONKHITE.

We, the undersigned, hereby consent to have our names published as witnesses to the effects of *Robinson's Phosphorized Emulsion* on the person of Mr. Cronkhite, and do assert that the foregoing statement is correct in every particular.

(Signed) Alexander Bennett, J. P., William Main, Rev. Thomas Hartin.

Prepared solely by Hanington Bros., Pharmacentical Chemists, St. John, N. B., and for sale by Druggists and General Dealers. Price $1.00 per bottle; six bottles for $5.00.

New Advertisements.



Last winter we sent our Mr. Geo. Hilderbrand to Quebec and Ontario, to visit the factories where ONE AND TWO HORSE THRESHING MACHINES are made. He was instructed to examine carefully the process of manufacture of all, and to see one or more of each kind of machine at work threshing and cleaning grain. We could depend upon his judgement of the respective merits of these machines, because he had practically made himself familiar with such during the past two years. Upon his return, after visiting many factories as far west as Stratford, Ont., he strongly recommended the

GRAY'S

Latest Improved Horse Powers

for one and two horses, and

MOODY'S

THRESHING MACHINES,

As being the very best made and best working machines, and we at once applied for and secured the agency for them in this Province.

The knowledge which we have of the above machines, enables us to offer them for sale *warranted to do more and better work, within the same number of hours, when properly handled*, than any other machines now sold in New Brunswick, whether home or foreign make,

Full descriptive and illustrated pamphlets supplied on demand.

Prices made known on application.

☞ Credits of unusual liberal length.

JOHNSTON & CO,

Fredericton, Newcastle,
Grand Falls, Bathurst,
Petitcodiac, Hillsboro,
and Moncton,

☞ **Local Agents in every other section of the Province.**

Fredericton, June 15, 1882—1in.

American Express Company.

ATTENTION is called to the following REDUCED RATES for carrying MONEY and PARCELS between any of the Offices of the Company.

MONEY.—$100 and less, 15 cents; larger sums proportionally smaller.

MERCHANDISE.—7lbs. and less, 25 cents to $1.00, according to the distance.

Rates between Fredericton and St. John.—30 lbs. and less, 25 cents; 100 lbs, 50 cents.

The Company has 4,000 agencies in the States and Canada. They guarantee to their patrons QUICK TIME, PROMPT DELIVERY, AND POSITIVE SECURITY.

Further information will be cheerfully given by application to

WHITTIER & HOOPER, *Agents.*
JAMES EGGLESTON, *Gen'l Superintendent, Boston.*

Fredericton, June 15, 1882

Turnip Seed!

3,000 lbs.

TURNIP SEED

for sale at lowest prices, by

GEORGE H. DAVIS,

Druggist.

Corner Queen and Regent Streets.

Fredericton, June 15

CROCKERY, TABLE WARE.

JUST ARRIVED:

17 CRATES assorted TABLE WARE wholesale and retail.
1 CASK CHINA TEA SETTS.
32 BEDROOM SETTS, in Ash and Walnut, Walnut, and Pine Painted.
12 ELEGANT PARLOR SUITS at

Lemont's

House Furnishing Store.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE

County of York.

GENTLEMEN:

In announcing my intention of offering my services, at the request of a number of the constituency of this county, as a candidate for the House of Commons at Ottawa, it is but courteous and grateful I should tender you my sincere thanks for the confidence you have for the last ten years so generously reposed in me.

While in the Local Legislature, whatever my shortcomings, my earnest intention always has been to serve the interests of the Province, generally, and of this County in particular. Your continuous support, extended to me for so lengthy a period, I venture to think, warrants me in believing that my political career has largely met your approval.

The very important positions I have held for years, the office of Provincial Secretary and that of Attorney General, must necessarily have exposed my sayings and doings to more than ordinary criticism; and with all this, having, on my retirement from local politics, been requested by a large number of the electors to allow myself to be put in nomination for the Dominion Parliament, I feel the compliment a very high one, and I cheerfully accede to the request.

I may take the liberty of saying that in my opinion, the coming Dominion Election is a very critical and important one for the people generally, for upon its result, depends whether or no the policy, under which the affairs of our common country have so largely improved, shall be maintained My belief is that the people throughout the length and breadth of the Dominion have vastly improved under that policy, and that its being established as the settled policy of the Dominion will cause the investment of a large amount of capital in manufacturies and other industries, and is a necessity for the complete development of the vastness of this Dominion, and the steady advancement of the interests of its people.

While it is a matter of regret to me that there should be two candidates in the county for the election in the Liberal-Conservative interest, which may possibly confuse matters a little, I feel it would be ungrateful in me to decline the candidature offered me by so many of my old friends and supporters. I have been most anxious that a Convention of Delegates from each Parish should have met and named some one individual candidate as their choice, and have done all in my power to accomplish so desirable a course. My efforts and those of my friends having failed in this respect, from no fault of theirs or mine, it would be unmanly in me to decline the high compliment paid me in requesting I should be put in nomination merely because it may render the contest more difficult from the presence of another Candidate ostensibly in the same interest.

I shall use every effort to see as many of you personally, as time will admit. Those I may have the pleasure of meeting, and those I may not meet, I hope will consider my past political record, as a sufficient guarantee for my earnest endeavors, if elected, to serve the interests of the County to the best of my ability.

I am, Gentlemen,
Yours faithfully,
JOHN JAS. FRASER.

Fredericton, May 30, 1882.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE

County of York.

GENTLEMEN:

In the recent reconstruction of the Local Government of this Province, made necessary by the retirement of Hon. Messrs. Fraser and Wedderburn, I have had offered to me, and have accepted, a seat in the Government, with the office of Chief Commissioner of the Board of Works.

I will present myself before you at the approaching Election, and respectfully ask for your endorsement of my course as your representative in accepting this responsible office.

I will use every possible exertions to visit the various sections of the County, but, as the time before polling day is short, I may not be able to see, personally, as many of you as I would wish before that day arrives. I trust, however, that you will be willing to grant me a renewal of the confidence which you placed in me in 1878.

GEORGE J. COLTER.

Douglas, May 25, 1882

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE

County of York.

GENTLEMEN:

Having been requested by a large number of the Electors of this County to offer as a Candidate to represent you in the Local Legislature of this Province, I beg leave to place my services at your disposal. I am prepared to give the Local Government, as at present constituted, a fair and liberal support.

It is my intention to make a tour through the County at an early date, when I hope to meet many of you personally and explain more at length my political views.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
E. L. WETMORE.

Fredericton, May 25, 1882.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE

County of York.

GENTLEMEN:

I am a candidate for your suffrages at the approaching Local Election,

The Agricultural interests of our County are very important, to which are closely allied our Lumbering, Commercial, Manufacturing, and other interests, and they are entitled to a fair representation in our Local Legislature,

I am in favor of administering the public affairs of the Province in the most economical manner, consistent with its wants and interests.

I am in favor of the Government Stock Farm.

I will not pledge myself to be a blind follower of any Government or Party; but, in reference to the Reconstructed Government, I am willing to give it a fair trial upon its merits.

I will hold public meetings in the various Parishes of the County, where I will more fully discuss matters of public interest; and other questions, which have reference to my past and present candidature.

I respectfully ask from you a fair hearing, and an unbiassed judgment.

Gentlemen Electors, please favor me with your support, and I will faithfully serve you to the best of my ability,

Your obedient servant,
L. ESTABROOKS.

Prince William, May 29, 1882

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE

County of York.

GENTLEMEN:

I shall be a candidate at the coming election for representatives to serve your interests in the General Assembly of this Province.

Until a few days ago, I did not think of again contesting the County, and it was only after many solicitations from all parts of the County that I consented to allow my name to be put in nomination.

My past record for thirteen sessions, as one of your representatives, is before you, and by that record you must judge what my future course will be, if I am elected as one of your representatives.

During my long term of service I have asked for no office, and have been quite satisfied to work faithfully for the advancement and prosperity of the people of York and the Province generally.

The resolution moved by me for five sessions of the Legislature, in which I advocated the erection of new Parliament Buildings in Fredericton, is one act of mine to which I might refer as one in which York had a deep interest. It is, perhaps, not generally known that the speeches of many of the members on said resolution, at my last session in the Assembly, pledged said members to support, at some future time, the erection of New Parliament Buildings in this city, and when the proper time came for voting for new buildings, a majority of the members supported the principle contained in my resolution, and we now have the fine buildings in Fredericton.

I am asked many times every day if I will support the present Government or Opposition, if elected. I cannot condemn the Government until they are tried. Three members of the present Government, one from York and two from Westmorland, stood by our County with their votes and influence at a time when a firm, strong attempt was made to move the seat of government from our city and county. And when the time comes that the Government, to which these gentlemen belong, require and ask my support, if I am one of your representatives, I will not forget that York owes them a deep debt of gratitude. I shall give any Government a firm support while they continue to conduct the affairs of the country in a just and honorable manner, with a view to strict economy.

The time is so short between this and the day of election, that it will be impossible for me to visit all parts of the county, but will see as many of the electors as I can.

Now, gentlemen, if you consider me worthy of your support, I shall feel grateful for your vote and influence,

And remain,
Your obedient servant,
HIRAM DOW.

Fredericton, May 25, 1882.

Glass, Glass.

NOW Landing per ship Ragna from Antwerp, direct to St. John, 553 boxes Window Glass, 8 cases Muslin Glass. For sale low, wholesale and retail.

JAS. S. NEILL.

June 8

Nails. Nails.

Just Received and in Stock:

200 KEGS Nails. For sale at less than Factory Prices.

Z. R. EVERETT.

June 1

THE BEST IN

THE WORLD!

I. X. L.

SCRUB BRUSH.

☞ *BUY NO OTHER.* ☜

June 1, 1882

May 3rd, 1882

Tennant, Davies & Co.,

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF

DRY GOODS,

Would beg to announce that they have received, and have now ready for inspection, over

150 Cases and Bales

OF

NEW

AND

Seasonable Goods.

Every department is now complete.

The attention of HOUSEKEEPERS is especially invited to their stock of

Table Linens, Towellings

Towels,

Tickings, Sheetings,

Lace Curtains,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

WHOLESALE! WHOLESALE!!

Their Wholesale Department also contains a full assortment of Goods suitable for the trade. Prices low.

Inspection respectfully solicited.

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.,

Opposite Normal School.

Fredericton, May 4.

BRIAR PIPES

WHOLESALE.

200 DOZEN

Briar Pipes.

10 CROSS PIPE MOUNTS,

—IN—

Rubber, Horn, and Chinese Amber.

WILL BE SOLD LOW.

WHITTIER & HOOPER,

York Street, Fredericton.

May 25

DO NOT BUY

Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, Silverware, and Fancy Goods,

until you have examined Goods and obtained prices at

J. G. McNally's,

Opposite City Hall,

Queen Street, - - - Fredericton.

He spares no time or expense to obtain the very best value for the money.

Large Wareroom packed full of New Goods, and new arrivals by almost every Steamer and Train.

JUST OPENING:

7 Parlour Suits,
25 French Bedsteads,
4 Cases Wooden Ware,
2 Cases Plated Ware,
100 Doz. Albatta Spoons & Forks,
40 Crates Crockery,
50 Gross Table Cutlery,
12 Children's Carriages,
1 Case Parlor Mirrors,
15 Center Tables,

and hundreds of other things too numerous to mention, Wholesale Orders solicited,

BRANCH STORE:

CONNELL'S BLOCK, WOODSTOCK,

F'ton, June 8

STRANGE BUT TRUE.

The only Sure Cure for Dropsy.

READ THE FOLLOWING.

GETSON'S POINT, Nov. 20th, 1881

MESSRS. C. GATES & CO.:

Gentlemen.—I should have written to you before, but neglected to do so. I feel it my duty to send you the following information, from gratitude to you and the benefit of those suffering as I was. About five years ago I was greatly afflicted with Rheumatism and Dropsy; my legs were swollen to an enormous size; I could not even get from my bed without the aid of my wife for several days. I tried all kinds of patent medicine, and a number of bottles of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and also Johnson's Liniment, but found myself worse. I applied to several doctors, from whom I received no benefit. In the following summer I went to Halifax, to the Provincial Hospital, and there lay under the doctors' treatment for eight weeks. I had my leg tapped twice and blistered several times. I suffered day and night—everything but death. I then left that institution and retured home, having received little or no benefit, and expecting never to get any better. I was then advised by a friend to resort to your valuable medicine, No. 1 Syrup and No. 2 and No. 3 Bitters, with a box of Nerve Ointment and Vegetable Plaster. The first few bottles I used I did not feel much better, but when I had taken six bottles the swelling was going down in my legs, and my whole system began to feel better. In all I used but twelve bottles, and I am now enjoying the best of health. I am thankful to God that he made your medicine an instrument in His hands of saving my life.

Yours very truly,
W. E. SHAFFER.

Sworn to before me, at New Dublin, this 27th day of December, 1881

JOHN GAUL, J. P.

COLLIE DOGS

FOR SALE.

1 DOG and 2 Bitches, about 3 months old, Bred from the Dog "Kep" and Bitch "Nettle," imported last year. Apply to

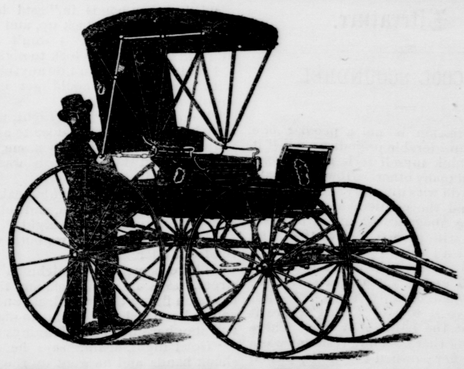
THOS. F. BARKER.

Stock Farm, Nauwigewauk, King's Co.

A LOT of American Rubber Belting, all sizes, from 12 in. down. For sale low.

Z. R. EVERETT.

Spring Trade, 1882



Spring Trade, 1882

EBEN MILLER & CO.,

BUILDERS OF

FINE CARRIAGES,

King Street, - - Fredericton, N. B.

Concord Wagons,	Piano Box Wagons,	Iver's Wagons,
Miller Spar Wagons,	White Chapel Wagons,	Top Phætons,
Brewster Wagons,	Croning Wagons,	Open Phætons.

See Manufacturers of Miller's Patent Shifting Rail.

These Shifting Tops have no rival, as a glance at the cut will show for itself; it is so simple. It requires only one person to take it off or put it on, and when off no one would think a Top had been on, as no unsightly ends are sticking out. When the Top is on it is as firm as a rock. It can be put on any carriage in use. Persons ordering Buggies or Canopy Top Carriages should see that they have this Rail, as it will be greatly to their interest.

These Tops were awarded a Diploma at the Provincial Exhibition in October, 1880

Particular attention given to orders. Repairing done in the best manner, and at the shortest notice

Price List.—BUGGY TOPS, $32 to $50; CANOPY, $15 to $25

Patented in Canada, March 31st, 1877, and in the United States, Dec.