

Maritime Farmer.

FREDERICTON, N. B., May 28, 1884.

To be Withdrawn.

The FARMER is informed of very excellent authority, that the petition against Mr. Temple's election is to be withdrawn, and all proceedings, seeking either to unseat or disqualify him, will therefore end.

It is also understood that the petition seeking the disqualification of Mr. Temple's late opponent will be removed from the files of the Court.

Cumberland.

Sir Charles Tupper's constituents in Cumberland, gave him a splendid banquet at Amherst on Thursday. It was their farewell to him, after a close political alliance of twenty years; a hearty God speed from his personal friends, among whom he was born and spent his youth and early manhood. On the occasion, Sir Charles was presented with an address, by the Municipal Council of Cumberland, the majority of whose members were his political opponents. Sir Charles was very happy in his reply, and touched briefly on the leading points of his life. Addresses were also delivered by Hon. C. J. Townsend, M. P. for Cumberland, Senator Almon and Mr. Daly, M. P. for Halifax, Mr. C. H. Tupper, M. P. for Pictou, Mr. A. C. Bell, M. P. for Pictou and leader of the Opposition in the Nova Scotia Assembly, Senator McFarlane, the Warden of Cumberland, and New Brunswick was represented by Mr. Wood, M. P. for Westmorland, Mr. P. A. Landry, M. P. for Kent, Hon. D. L. Hannington and Mr. J. A. Humphrey, M. P. for Westmorland. Mr. Hannington replied to the toast of the New Brunswick Legislature. The banquet was held in the Amherst Music Hall, over two hundred gentlemen sat down to it, and during the speech making, the gallery was crowded with ladies. The affair was an entire success, and a marked compliment to Sir Charles, coming as it did from the people who know him best, and have given him such unwavering support. Sir Charles sailed for England on Saturday, to fill the position of Canadian High Commissioner, at London.

The Liberal Conservatives, of Cumberland the same evening that they banqueted Sir Charles, met in convention, and nominated Hon. C. J. Townsend, as their candidate, for the vacancy in the House of Commons, caused by Sir Charles' resignation. Mr. Townsend is a young lawyer of much ability. He has sat for Cumberland in the Nova Scotia Assembly, since 1874, and from 1878 till 1882, he was a member of the House of Commons. He is a ready speaker, personally popular, of good presence, and well deserves the confidence of a fine constituency like Cumberland. The date of the election has not been fixed, nor have the Grits placed a candidate in the field, if indeed they will, Mr. Townsend's acceptance of the nomination leaves a vacancy in Cumberland's representation in the Nova Scotia Assembly.

The "Telegraph" and Mr. Jack.

The "Telegraph" publishes a note from Mr. Edward Jack, who states that the FARMER had no authority from him, for making the statement, that the Local Government had dealt in a blundering and parsimonious manner, with regard to the Forestry Exhibition. Well, the FARMER is prepared not only to stand by its original statement, but to further, and assert that Mr. Jack was not only disgusted with the Government's treatment of himself and the Exhibition, but that he made no secret of his dissatisfaction and disgust, in frequent conversations, and with other persons than the editor of the FARMER, and our statement in this connection, is capable of proof. It was not necessary to send out Mr. Jack, and interview him on his feelings in the matter. He made the remarks we have attributed, in effect, to him, voluntarily, and unasked. But it will be observed that Mr. Jack does not deny that he was disgusted with the Government's parsimony and blundering. He merely writes the "Telegraph" that the FARMER had no authority from him for making the statement it did. However, even in this, Mr. Jack is mistaken, and we shall be generous enough to believe, that he has forgotten the circumstances, rather than that he repudiates his own statement, made voluntarily, as we are prepared to show, to more than one individual in Fredericton.

With regard to some other points, which the "Telegraph" endeavors to make in reply to our last article on the subject of the Forestry Exhibition, we shall merely word, in recapitulation. The New Brunswick Land and Lumber Company were the parties who first formed the idea of having this Province represented at the Forestry Exhibition. They employed Mr. Jack, who spent most of the past winter in preparing information for his visit to Edinburgh. When the matter had been thus originated, the Government stepped in, to co-operate with the company, and it was understood that Mr. Jack should be the joint representative. So far, all went well, and not till Mr. Jack appeared on the scene with his high sounding title of Agent General, did any trouble appear. This gentleman, whom we shall credit with the best intentions, wanted to go to Edinburgh too, and here was where the difficulty arose. The Government would only give one thousand dollars towards the expenses, which even with the sum set aside for the same purpose by the Land and Lumber Company, appeared to Mr. Jack as inadequate to meet the demand two delegates to Edinburgh would make upon it. Mr. Jack then declined to go to Edinburgh unless he was assured of more generous treatment, and it was then that the FARMER, from information furnished by Mr. Jack himself, stated that Mr. Jack was disgusted with the blundering and parsimony of the Government, and would not go to Edinburgh as the representative of that body. This brought matters to a crisis, which finally resulted in Mr. Cornwall being crowded out, and the Government raising its allowance for expenses, from one thousand to twenty hundred fifty dollars. Mr. Jack decided to accept the stipulation, and has gone to Edinburgh to represent jointly the Government and Company. The "Telegraph" does us an injustice, when it alludes to the FARMER entering as Mr. Cornwall. What we stated was, that Mr. Cornwall could not be expected to possess much information regarding the Province, having lived in St. John but a few years as an Insurance Agent, which is not at all discreditable to that gentleman. There are plenty of men who have lived all their lives in New Brunswick, are quite as intelligent as Mr. Cornwall, and have taken as much interest in the development of the country as he, but they would not feel as competent to represent their Province at the Forestry Exhibition, as Mr. Jack undoubtedly is. This is the editor of the "Telegraph" for instance, who has written much of the un-

Agriculture in Newfoundland.

Newfoundland is preeminently a fish country. That commodity represents the material support of the people, and when the fish trade is dull, all other classes of business are paralyzed. The attention of the people of Newfoundland has recently been directed to the necessity for the development of the country's agricultural resources, and has been pointed out that these, though not very important as yet, could be expanded, and improved, so that the inhabitants would not be so entirely dependent on the fishing business. The approaching opening of a railway across the island, will assist very greatly in the development of the farming interests. There is certainly not a very large area of Newfoundland, capable of sustaining a purely agricultural population, but the tillage of the land would serve as a help to those who may make fishing a business during the season for its prosecution.

The King of Spain is going into consumption. Philadelphia boasts of 35,000 more females than males. The Canadian Wimbledon team sail for England on the 28th of June. Twelve hundred British immigrants arrived at Winnipeg one day last week. Since the 15th of May, 2,000 cattle have been shipped from Montreal to England. Boxing is to form part of the gymnastic exercises of French and English soldiers. A swarm of locusts, nine miles wide, has settled in Texmaca, Mexico, destroying all herbage. The city engineer of Philadelphia, proposes the water supply of the city horribly polluted. In the New York Assembly the bill granting relief of suffrage to women was lost by 67 to 62. For Bronchitis and Asthma, try Allen's Lung Balm; the best cough prescription known. See advt. An English and German syndicate has purchased 1,000 acres of land in Florida for the settlement of small farmers. The supreme court of Maine has decided that a dog is a wild man and therefore not entitled to the protection of the laws. Mr. G. J. Banger, the great English cricketer hit a ball a distance which was calculated to be 107 yards before it struck the ground. Within two months, the House of Lords has had two Roman Catholic secessions—the Abingdon and Lord North, both converts. A line of railway cars, to be drawn by camels, will shortly constitute one of the peculiar features of travel and transportation in Central Asia. Always avoid, harsh, purgative pills. They first make you sick and then leave you constipated. Carter's Little Liver Pills regulate the bowels and make you well. Dose, one pill. Maturin Amero died at Donnet Settlement, Digby County, N. S., recently, aged 100 years and two months, leaving 50 grand-children, 100 great-grandchildren, and 40 great-great-grandchildren. Davis Quinine Iron and Wine, is a tonic that at once invigorates the digestive organs, improves the appetite, and by all its impurities of the blood, cleanses the system. Price 50 cents, at George H. Davis'. The Canadian Pacific Railway traffic reports for the week ending May 14th were 43,830 tons, as compared with \$118,000 for the like period last year. The mileage is now 2,408, against 1,152 last year. "What is name, &c." "Cure-All" Lotion, (the name given to it by one of its proprietors) is now for sale by all respectable dealers throughout the Province. It is stated that the Shaw Brothers' tenancies are to be removed from Maine to the city of Portland, Maine, and the creditors, on such terms as will admit of their resuming business in Maine. At a court-martial at Saragossa the other day for the trial of fourteen Spanish officers charged with desertion, a man was sentenced to imprisonment for life, a lieutenant to 20 years and the others to 12 years each. At the great fire that took place in London last month, the force employed at the scene of the conflagration consisted of 23 steam engines, 3 hand engines, 5 hydrants, and 207 men. The approaches were guarded by 600 policemen. The London Times says it will be idle for American railway bonds to expect to get capital from Europe in future as easily as in the past unless it be shown that they mean to turn over a new leaf and manage the properties under proper principles. The little republic of San Marino, Italy, has a standing army of forty men, including officers, and a public debt of \$1,080. In pleasant weather the army goes fishing or sets up picnics, and leaves the country in charge of an ancient servant. There is nothing so dear as cheap medicine; it is dear at any price. This is true of the medicine advertised in the "Telegraph" under the name of "Cure-All." Buy "Sheridan's Cough Cure" and you can't make a mistake. The large packs are utterly worthless. In the city of New York alone it is estimated that there are at present no fewer than 400 millionaires, thirty of whom own from \$5,000,000 to \$50,000,000 apiece, while there are about ten who possess from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. Amongst the passengers of an English steam ship arrived at Montreal last week were six black nuns from Liverpool, five young girls from Brittany and seven priests from New Hampshire already have been received at various stations to work among the Indians. THE GREAT PERMANENCY OF MURRY & LAMAR'S EUCALYPT WATER gives it a wonderful advantage over nearly all other perfumes; days and weeks after its application the handkerchief or garment exhales a soft, rich fragrance, agreeable, refreshing and healthful. The stream of German emigration is again rising. The total number of those who left the Fatherland for America in the first quarter of this year was 57,292 as compared with 28,201 in the same period of 1883, or considerably more than a whole army corps on a war footing. Life insurance companies make a discrimination as to the age of the insured; that his life is shorter than that of the white man. Some experts believe this to be erroneous, and the Massachusetts Legislature has passed a bill forbidding such a distinction. Mr. Robinson hesitates to spend his signature. At Monte Carlo it is the custom to fill the pockets of supposed suicides with bank notes and bills, so that they may not kill themselves on account of losses. They tried this trick on a presumably dead fishman a short time ago; but he was not dead at all, and slipped off with the money in the most lively style. A. H. Andrews, of Chicago, has been commissioned to make the gavel that shall be used at the June convention in Chicago for the nomination of a republic for the Presidency. He has seen every State Territory for pieces of wood to be used in making the gavel. Rock maple from Maine, birdseye from Vermont, and beech from New Hampshire already have been received. It is said that a year ago last Christmas, Fish, the president of the defunct Marine Bank, New York, gave each of his three daughters \$50,000 in money, and this has been held to be the largest sum ever given by a man to his children. He had good houses and let him know what they were to their taste; the deeds would be in their stockings on Christmas morning. As a paper it may be seen they did not kill themselves on account of losses. They tried this trick on a presumably dead fishman a short time ago; but he was not dead at all, and slipped off with the money in the most lively style. A. H. 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One of the most fashionable and strangely assorted marriages of the season was solemnized recently in St. Peter's Church, London. The bridegroom was Sir John Lubbock, Bart., a partner in the immensely wealthy banking house of Roberts, Lubbock & Co., M. P. for London University, a Fellow of the Royal Society, and a well-known scientist. He is a rich widower, fifty years of age, tall and thin, and has been for many years a martyr to gout, which confines him to his bed most of the time. His last appearance in the House of Commons was at the time of the division on the vote of censure when he left his sick bed and hobbled on crutches to his place in the House to give his vote to the Government. He managed to discard his crutches at the wedding and marched bravely down the aisle of St. Peter's with his feet enveloped in huge cloth boots. He is a stout, good-looking man, and his marriage vows in a troubled, querulous voice to an accompaniment of spasms of the gout. The bride was Miss Fox Pitt, the daughter of the late Sir John Lubbock, and the granddaughter of a peer. She is both young and beautiful, and was superbly dressed in a robe of ivory satin brocade, trimmed with orange blossom and white ribbons, and garnished with pearls and diamond stars, the costume being valued at £5,000.

Mr. W. H. Edwards, a recent English settler in the Province, writes home an interesting letter to the "Chronicle" from which we publish some extracts. This class of information, reliable as our readers will see, should go far towards making our Province favorably known in England. Mr. Edwards, who by the way, does not give his exact location, says he settled on the Upper St. John River, close to the Free Grant lands, rented a small farm and commenced work. He had no practical experience in farming, but in spite of this and other adverse circumstances he did well. Mr. Edwards writes:— "I am perfectly satisfied that there is a better chance for a home here than elsewhere, if he is willing to work, and, if without capital, turn his hand to the first thing that offers; for it is no use for a man to come out here and say, 'I am a carpenter, mason, &c., &c., and wait till he can see a chance in any particular branch, but he must take the first dollar that offers till he can improve himself. There is no doubt, from a few good mechanics here, but what we want are agricultural laborers, or those who are willing to do farm work. Last year, in my opinion, the best thing that was done was to labor famine, and if it were not for the readiness of the people to mutually assist each other, the farmers' crops in many instances would have been ruined. Mr. Edwards has not a bad idea of our winters either, and his words ought to break down the prejudice prevalent in England on this point. He says:— "This winter has been the coldest on record, and the thermometer has fallen as low as 50° below zero, or 82° of frost. Now, I have been out in the snow, and have been in the sled, and I have not suffered any inconvenience, and with the exception of having the extremities properly covered, I have not had any other trouble. I was used to a home, and my wardrobe does not include extra-fur-lined coats or gloves, and I can assure you that I have felt colder and more uncomfortable than I have ever felt any time this winter in Canada. One thing is certain, that no man who is sober and in health need, if he will but follow the example of the people here, be troubled with the whole day on the road. It must be borne in mind that these 'cold snaps,' as they are called, last but a very short time, and that they are through in a few days, while the thermometer does not touch zero at all, and many days when it is not below freezing point."

An English Settler's Opinion of New Brunswick.

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GENERAL NEWS.

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At the great fire that took place in London last month, the force employed at the scene of the conflagration consisted of 23 steam engines, 3 hand engines, 5 hydrants, and 207 men. The approaches were guarded by 600 policemen. The London Times says it will be idle for American railway bonds to expect to get capital from Europe in future as easily as in the past unless it be shown that they mean to turn over a new leaf and manage the properties under proper principles. The little republic of San Marino, Italy, has a standing army of forty men, including officers, and a public debt of \$1,080. In pleasant weather the army goes fishing or sets up picnics, and leaves the country in charge of an ancient servant. There is nothing so dear as cheap medicine; it is dear at any price. This is true of the medicine advertised in the "Telegraph" under the name of "Cure-All." Buy "Sheridan's Cough Cure" and you can't make a mistake. The large packs are utterly worthless. In the city of New York alone it is estimated that there are at present no fewer than 400 millionaires, thirty of whom own from \$5,000,000 to \$50,000,000 apiece, while there are about ten who possess from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. Amongst the passengers of an English steam ship arrived at Montreal last week were six black nuns from Liverpool, five young girls from Brittany and seven priests from New Hampshire already have been received at various stations to work among the Indians. THE GREAT PERMANENCY OF MURRY & LAMAR'S EUCALYPT WATER gives it a wonderful advantage over nearly all other perfumes; days and weeks after its application the handkerchief or garment exhales a soft, rich fragrance, agreeable, refreshing and healthful. The stream of German emigration is again rising. The total number of those who left the Fatherland for America in the first quarter of this year was 57,292 as compared with 28,201 in the same period of 1883, or considerably more than a whole army corps on a war footing. Life insurance companies make a discrimination as to the age of the insured; that his life is shorter than that of the white man. Some experts believe this to be erroneous, and the Massachusetts Legislature has passed a bill forbidding such a distinction. Mr. Robinson hesitates to spend his signature. At Monte Carlo it is the custom to fill the pockets of supposed suicides with bank notes and bills, so that they may not kill themselves on account of losses. They tried this trick on a presumably dead fishman a short time ago; but he was not dead at all, and slipped off with the money in the most lively style. A. H. 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