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L. C. MACNUTT,

Editor and Manager,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

Maritime Farmer.

FREDERICTON, N. B., July 2, 1884.

The Masonic Celebration.

An outline of Yesterday's Programme

The Centennial Anniversary of Free Masonry in this Province, was very enthusiasticly celebrated at St. John, yesterday. There was a long procession, in which probably six thousand Masons, of various degrees and grades, took part. At the Mechanics Institute they gathered afterwards, and a programme of special interest was presented. There was music by the 62nd Batt. Band, choruses by a selected choir of Masons, an eloquent invocation pronounced by Rev. Mr. Brewer, a clever historical address, sketching the introduction and growth of Masonry in New Brunswick, by Mr. Ellis, editor of the *Globe*, Grand Master, a speech of welcome by by Mayor Grant, spoken in his broadest Scotch accent, a splendid oratorical offort by Dr. Macrae, who generalized the principles of the craft and combatted the attacks recently made on Free Masonry from the Vatican, and a vigorous and pleasing speech from Major-General Laurie, Grand Master of Nova Scotia, all making up a most interesting and attractive programme.

The Masons of Fredericton were well represented by about fifty members of "Hiram" Lodge and a few from "Alexandria" Lodge, St. Mary's, marched under the same banner. The officers of Hiram Lodge were there in force, and were proud, and properly so, of the rank and file. Led off by the Fredericton Brass Band, which seemed to excel all its former efforts, they formed a striking portion of the procession. The Knight Templars of St. John, St. Stephen, Calais, and St. Andrews, in their plumed cocked hats, gauntlets and swords, looked the embodiment of valor. In the ranks of the Knights, the commanding figure of Hon. B. R. Stevenson, rose strikingly to view, and it was noticeable that the St. Stephen contingent was led by a Frederictonian, Mr. G. F. Pinder. Mr. D. Jordan also had a prominent position with the St. John Commandery. The Demolay Encampment in which Hon. James Holly, is Eminent Preceptor, wore a unique dress.

It would be unjust to pass over the efforts of the Fredericton Band. From the time they struck the first note at Chubb's corner in the morning till they left for home, they were objects of interest and compliment from the people. By special invitation of Mayor Grant, between seven and eight in the evening they performed a fine programme to possibly two thousand spectators on King Square, and were heartily applauded. Unprejudiced judges of music yesterday, pronounced the Fredericton Band the best on the ground, and that in competition with the St. John, St. Stephen and Sussex Bands.

The Fredericton visitors arrived home shortly after one o'clock this morning, having come by the regular night train to the Junction, and thence by special in charge of Con. Hagerman. One word more. While our citizens at home were suffering yesterday from the oppressive heat, in St. John, for comfort, overcoats and umbrellas were a necessity. We'll take heat in ours, however, in preference to a fog, that finds its way through the thickest covering.

Hard Hitting.

Dr. Harrison, of the University, evidently has the courage of his convictions. He delivered an address at the University Encœnia on Thursday, in which he hit straight out from the shoulder on past educational abuses. We were glad to hear the Doctor speak so plainly, and on the same line that the FARMER has taken. We would have welcomed his valuable assistance sooner however. A year or two ago, such an address would have been more timely, but possibly Dr. Harrisou did not have an opportunity. Some people criticize his address, on the ground of its having come too late. They say he discharged his cannon after the enemy was routed, and driven from our borders, but however tenable such criticism may be, it is a matter of congratulation, that one gentleman connected with the educational machinery of the country, has been brave enough to speak his mind on educational subjects, and at an educational gathering. The fulsome flattery which we have been so used to hearing, became nauseating; and Dr. Harrison's address may be the advent of honest criticism.

There is one matter to be regretted, however, and it is that Dr. Harrison failed to express his opinion on the reduction of the teacher's salaries, and some other objectionable changes made in the School law recently, but it may be possible that he had some reason for this. These are abuses and might properly have been condemned on that occasion. However, Dr. Harrison, did fair work for one day, and we commend him for his manly outspoken opinions.

We give below, the extracts from his address, bearing more particularly on the Schools. He said:—

"No errors therefore should be more unsparing criticised than the errors in education. Errors in education are most unsparingly criticised in other communities. Other communities have discovered by bitter experience that the world is yet very far indeed from anything like a perfect science of education. From England, from Scotland, from the United States, and from Ontario is heard the voice of dissatisfaction with existing methods. "We attempt too much in education," says one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of British schools, "we have not time or strength to deal with half of the matters which are thrown upon our minds, and they prove a useless load to us. There is a fatal want of proportion between what we put into our minds and their real needs and powers. This want of proportion is the great obstacle to progress. The moment we pass beyond the acquisition of reading, of writing, and of calculating, there is no clear well-grounded consent as to what is to be taught, how much, and how." In the couse of a lecture in the Philosophical Institute of Edinburgh in 1882, a commonsense medical man told his intellectual audience the following practical home-truths: "Too many things are taught at the same time. Think of an undeveloped brain getting up book knowledge on ten different subjects. The cramming up of the dry facts of these many subjects is in most cases a weariness and pain while the intelligent study of one-third of them might be a pleasure and a lasting profit. Let parents occasionally take their children's night tasks and do them themselves. It is enough to make one despair of the inherent reasonableness of human nature to think of the amount of time and toil that are given in Edinburgh to the learning of things for which there is no inherent capacity in the learner."

How has it been in our own New Brunswick community? If I were to characterize the last decade of our educational history and literature, I should say it was a period of exaggerated laudation. Wise men have discovered long ago that in the search after truth, "the first thing is to invent a system and the second thing is to be disgusted with it." The facts of experience are the true test of educational theories. and tried by this test let the disappointment of parents who have in their children given the system a faithful trial, let the mental vacuity, hatred of books, and habits of idle reverie that have too often resulted from going through the four highest grades of our common schools, be set over against the exaggerated laudations of our school system, which have been constantly sounded in our ears by men who have tested the system by watching for years its effects on their own children. So far have we been from anything like a rational criticism of educational affairs that in an opening addeess before the Teachers' Provincial Institute we were gravely told that no man was competent to express an opinion about the prescribed course of study in the common schools, unless he had studied psychology and physiology and what not. All parents have a much simpler and surer test in their children, and tried by this test much of the criticism which I have quoted as having been expressed in other communities is applicable to our own. An educational system may look well on paper, and so do the garden shrubs and trees with tempting fruit pictured in the books of those nurserymen who yearly invade New Brunswick and carry off our money, leaving trees, the fruit of which is scantity and utterly disappointing to our hopes. Time, which discovers all things, has discovered that a great mistake was made in abolishing the superior schools of this Province. Time has discovered that the ranking of the schools on the basis hitherto prescribed has tended to encourage mechanical work rather than intelligent teaching, and there is a sense of relief since it has become a thing of the past. Time will discover to all observers what lengthened and pains-taking personal observation has already made painfully obvious to a few, that somewhere in the two years which are spent in grades five and six of our common schools, one year of the precious life-time of the school children of New Brunswick is absolutely lost and worse than wasted. If we are to march prosperously up against the Ramoth-Gilead of ignorance we must abandon the vogue which has hitherto prevailed in educational matters and substitute rational criticism for exaggerated laudation.

The Election in Victoria.

Mr. Baird was elected in Victoria, Saturday, by a good majority over Mr. Porter. He was early in the field, and the fact of his being a warm friend and supporter of Mr. Costigan, no doubt influenced a large number of the electors to vote for him. Mr. Porter on the other hand, is a Liberal, and therefore, though personally respected, failed to secure the necessary support to elect him. On local political grounds, as we have before said, the election of either of the candidates, makes little difference, both having declared themselves independent.

The *Victoria Star*, however, calls attention to what it alleges in effect, is political crookedness in Mr. Baird, but whether he is open to the charge, we do not know. The *Star* says:

"Mr. George T. Baird, one of the Candidates, aspiring to fill the vacant seat in the Legislature for Victoria County; is the recognised Government Candidate, by Press and People: aud, if "silence gives consent" —Mr. Baird has tacitly given an uncontradicted approval to his alleged political position.

Admitting the fact; how can it be possible that, the Government Candidate, on his canvassing tour through the County, denounces that Government?

In all sincerity we ask the question. Not only does Mr. Baird denounce the Blair government; but, produces in confirmation, the Auditor General's statistical Reports!

Precedents, are sometimes accepted in lieu of law; and Custom ratifies it—but in all the tergiversations, the twistings, the windings, the inexplicable labyrinthian harlequinisms of political aspirants, we believe the present exhibition is unparaleld and unprecedental!

If Mr. Baird, in the political integrity of his heart, feels it his Duty to himself, to his County, and his Country, to denounce the corruption of any existing Administration—then, all honor to the Man who does it; but, to denounce a Government, and yet remain a a supporter of that Government, is to us, a political anomaly superlatively incomprehensible; but, perchance, the 'Government Candidate' can explain.

If what the *Star* says is true, Mr. Baird must be a very wicked man, but he will certainly have his punishment, if one-half of our contemporary's big words hit him. Just think of "tergiversations twistings, winding inexplicable labyrinthian harlequinisms unparalleled and unprecedented," being hurled at a gentleman of Mr. Baird's slender physique this hot weather, not to mention the effect of a "political anomaly superlatively incomprehensible," shied in the same direction, similarly.

The Russell Verdict.

The case of Furlong *vs.* Russell, tried in the Circuit Court before the Chief Justice last week, resulted in a verdict for the defendant, Russell. This was an action brought by Thomas Furlong, liquor dealer of St. John to recover five hundred dollars, alleged to be due from J. Alfred Russell, of this city, for liquors sold and delivered to the said Russell. The defence set up, was that Furlong, knowing the Scott Act to be in force in Fredericton, sold the liquors to Russull with the knowledge that he (Russell) intended to sell the same within the City of Fredericton contrary to law—the rule being that a person who contributes to the performance of an illegal act, by supplying a thing with the knowledge that it is to be used for that purpose, is precluded from receiving the price of the thing so supplied. His Honor the Chief Justice charged strongly for the defence, and the Jury returned a verdict for the defendant, as stated above. H. B. Rainsford for plaintiff, J. A. Vanwart, for defendant.

This verdict brings up a new point in the law, and will likely have the effect of making St. John liquor dealers do their business on a cash basis. It ought to assist also in the administration of the law hereafter.

The earnings of the Northern Pacific Railway for the fiscal year just ended, fell short of the estimate, $2,500,000, and the stock dropped to 41¾.

The Liberals want Mr. Anglin in Parliament, and have induced Wheeler, M P. for West Ontario, to resign, to make room for the rejected of Gloucester.

The Independent Republicans are to hold a convention immediately after the Democratic Convention, and if the latter's nomination is not satisfactory, an independent nomination will be made.

The Teachers are generally dissatisfied that no Provincial Institute is to be held this year. Is the Government and Board of Education afraid of the criticism of the teachers on the recent changes in the School Law?

Dr. Bailey, of the University, has been invited to become an honorary member of the British Association for the advancement of Science, and to read a paper before that distinguished body at its meeting at Montreal in August.

Hon. C. J. Townsend was elected to the Commons in Cumberland on Thursday by acclamation, which is an evidence that the Tories have no intention of "going." This is the second seat in Nova Scotia carried for the Government by acclamation within a year, no Grit appearing to face Mr. Stairs in Halifax last summer. The election in Cape Breton occurs to-morrow, the candidates being H. F. McDougall, government, and N. L. McKay, opposition.

A Fredericton paper churlishly refers to the firing of cannon by the students at the University, Thursday night, and threatens them with the lockup, if the like occurs again. We fancy that very few people have any objection to the "boys," celebrating in that way, the end of a successful course through College, and therefore will take no heed to this journalistic growl. The editor was a University student himself once, and in those days. possibly helped to discharge the identical cannon, that so disturbed his ears Thursday night. For our part, we can see no objection to this harmless celebration once a year.

GENERAL NEWS.

W. Dobson is gazetted Collector of Customs at Dorchestor.

The new Cunarder *Umbria* has been launched. Her engines are the largest in the world, being of 12,500 horse-power.

Capt. Doane, of Digby, a veteran of the war of 1812, is the oldest Free Mason in Nova Scotia having been initiated at St. John in 1815.

Floods swept away the railway bridges over the Bow and Elbow Rivers, N. W. Territory last week causing damages to the extent of $100,000.

At Quebec, on the 16th inst., on the marriage of Miss Rae to Hugh son of the late Sir Hugh Allan the bride's father presented her with a cheque for $250,000.

At St. John, Newfoundland, on Friday, nineteen prisoners, charged with the murder of five Orangemen on St. Stephen's Day, were all acquitted amid intense excitement.

The one hundred yard foot race at Bethelem, Pa., on Friday between Fred Rodgers of Trenton and Harry Wheatley of Canada, for $1,000 a side, was won by Rodgers in 9⅞ seconds.

The well known strengthening properties of IRON, combined with other tonics and a most perfect nervine, are found in Carter's Iron Pills, which strengthen the nerves and body, and improve the blood and complexion.

Visitors to Fulton market, New York, the other day, gazed with astonishment at the largest salmon caught in the country, if not in the world. It was taken in the Restigouche river, near Newcastle, and weighed over fifty-two pounds.

W. T. Baird's Cure-All-Liniment is entirely different from any other Liniment or Preparation for the relief of pain, from its peculiar penetrating power it acts promptly and is used both internally and externally.

As they reached the other end of the Don bridge he said:—"You must pay your toll, Miss Edith." "What is that?" she innocently asked. Then he kissed her. A few moments afterwards she remarked:—"I don't like this side of town; let's go back."

At Hillsboro, Albert Co., on Friday as the mate and three of the crew of the schr. Fanny Flint, of Lubec, Me., were running a line to Plaster wharf, the boat upset and and the mate, John Corbett, and two Norwegians were drowned. The fourth man, Edward Steeves, swam ashore.

IT REMOVES WRINKLES AND SOFTENS THE skin. The regular use of MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER at the toilet tends to prevent and remove wrinkles, and softness of the skin produced by it taking away the natural inclination of the cuticle to form into ridges and furrows.

The American Lacrosse team sailed from Liverpool for New York on Friday having had a most successful trip. They have played eleven matches, winning all but one and making 48 goals against 8 lost, an almost unprecedented score. The American and Canadian teams will play in New York July 9th and 10th.

☞ A Happy Thought. Diamond Dyes are so perfect and so beautiful that it is a pleasure to use them. Equally good for dark or light colors. 10c. at druggists. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. Sample Card, 32 colors, and book of directions, for 2c. stamp.

Rev. Wm. Mitchell, formerly of St. Andrews church, St. John, has been dismissed from the pastorate of a church at Westboro, Mass., for stealing books from a store in Boston. In view of his pecular mental and physical condition, it was recommended that a generous fund be raised for his support.

Life is full of disappointments. We recently offered to cure a bad case of Rheumatism for a year's subscription in advance, but just as we were on the point of lifting the shekels, a sympathizing friend suggested *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*, and the money and the patient vanished instanter.

The Toronto *Globe* correspondent who has been visiting the Maritime Provinces to observe the operation and effect of the Scott Acts, sums up his experience in the conclusion that the East has a temperance sentiment vastly stronger than the West, that the mass of people are uniformly more sober and orderly, and, third, that the Scott Act promotes the sure and steady growth of morality, order, and sobriety in the community.

A little girl at Hamilton, Ont., swallowed a needle one day last summer. Little heed was paid to this accident, but since that time the young lady has suffered sharp pains in various parts of her body, and occasionally bled from the lungs. She was treated for a pulmonary affection, but did not improve. Lately she complained of severe pains in her right arm. The needle she swallowed a year ago was extracted and the pulmonary affection disappeared.

A youth in Hardin County, Ohio, wrote to a friend, asking his advice as to getting married, saying, with a modesty worthy an insurance agent, that he had found a girl who would furnish all the collateral to begin housekeeping, and that "it would cost him no more to live double than single." The advice given was that the girl would be happier by marrying a mule-driver who would work to support her than by linking her fortune with a fellow that would not properly provide for her.

Mr. Charles Russell, who, since the retirement of Benjamin, has made perhaps the largest income at the English bar, received last year $75,000; Sir W. Gull, who tops the physicians, made $50,000; Mr. Millais stained canvas to a like figure; Archer, the jockey, made $43,000; Tennyson receives $25 a line; Ouida, $5,000 a novel; but in the race for wealth, Simms, the dramatist of "In the Ranks," a rank piece of stuff, can look with contempt on his baffled pursuers, having made last year $160,000.

A series of sermons against freemasonary has been inaugurated in Catholic churches at Montreal. Rev. Father Hameon, S. J. delivered a powerful address in the church of the Jesuits recently in denunciation of the order on the ground that it was not Christian, having pagans, mahomedans, protestants and catholics in its organization. Father Dowd read a letter in St. Patrick's church on Sunday from Mgr. Fabre, stating that the principles of freemasonary had spread rapidly in this province among Catholics, and especially French Canadians. His lordship called on all to separate themselves from the society.

A sub-lieutenant took sick leave, and spent his leisure in the steps preliminary to getting married. The colonel heard of the indiscretion, and peremptorily telegraphed. "Join at once." With the fatal order in his hand the youth proceeded to say farewell to his betrothed. But the lady was more intelligent in military matters. "I am glad that the colonel approves the match," she said; "but why is he in such a hurry?" The sub-lieutenant was still too literal for the fair one, who had further to explain that to "join at once" meant "marry immediately." The result was that in forty-eight hours the colonel received the following reply per telegraph: "Your orders are obeyed. We were married at once."

St. Nicholas for July

Opens with, "How the Tories broke up Meeting," by Emma W. Demeritt, a spirited sketch of revolutionary times. An interesting and valuable contribution is the story of Richard Lord Jones, "The Youngest Soldier of the Revolution," by W. W. Crannell. In "Nabby Blackington," Virginia L. Townsend aptly versifies a bright touch of nature, an incident of the march to Concord. E. S. Brooks falls into line with the boyhood biography of "Stephen Van Rensselaer; "The Boy Patroon," the "Historic Boy," who nobly supported the cause of independence. Of timely interest and importance is Charles Barnard's graphic and accurate account of "The Bartholdi Statue," the great Liberty that soon is to stand on Bedloe's Island, New York Harbor, Of the serals, J. T. Trowbridge's "The Scarlet Tanager" ends with an interesting denouement; "Marvin and his Boy Hunters," pass through many entertaining adventures; and Louisa M. Alcott contributes a "Spinning Wheel Story" of healthful and helpful significance to hosts of American girls. There are poems and verses by Celia Thaxter, Charles G. Leland, and J. G. Francis; a paper on "Picnics," by Susan Anna Brown; an amusing and well-executed frontispiece by Alfred Kappes, and many beautiful illustrations by other well-known artists.

The Medicine we can't do Without.

Wm. Mallman, of Ohio, Merchant, says:—when customers come in that can't remember the name of "Minard's Liniment," they ask for the medicine we can't do without, or the rheumatism killer. No family will be without it after one trial.

CURRENT COIN.

Kind words cost little, but pay large dividends.

Goat Island, at Niagara Falls, is valued at $1,000,000.

It is proposed to garrison Aden permanently with British troops.

Colorado has to buy $2,000,000 worth of grain every year for cattle feed.

The city of New York will lose $800,000 by the failure of the Marine Bank.

A shoemaker in Birmingham has discovered dynamite and cartridges in boot heels.

A Baptist lady in Texas devotes to the Lord's causes all the eggs laid by her hens on Sunday.

It is estimated that 34,000 persons have been converted in England since last fall through Moody's efforts.

An Ohio woman has just paintented a fire escape. It won't, however, let her husband off from building the fire in the morning.

Moses Williams of Laurens County S. C., who is 84 years old, recently harvested his grain crop himself without a cradle 75 years old.

A diamond field has been discovered at Bingers, in New South Wales, which promises to rival the diamond deposits of South Africa.

The 100-ton gun at Gibraltar recently injured by the bursting of the shot before leaving the gun, cost the English Government £16,000

If your children are troubled with worms, give them Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; safe, sure, and effectual. Give it a trial and be convinced.

One can always tell a temperance man at a political convention by the fact that he has his pockets stuffed full of bad cigars, which he took instead of drinks.

Le Dimenche, an Amiens paper, has discovered that next year is the 1,900th anniversary of the Virgin Mary's birth, and advocates a celebration.

Carters Little Liver Pills will positively cure sick headache and prevent its return. This is not talk, but truth. One pill a dose. To be had of all druggists. See advertisement.

Not very long ago tomatoes were known as love apples, and were regraded as poisonous. Last season the canning establishments of the United States put up 52,322,952 cans of tomatoes.

A marble shaft has been erected in the national cemetery at Vicksburg to mark the spot where the Gen. Grant, in his interview with Gen. Pemberton, demanded an unconditional surrender.

Davis Quinine Iron and Wine, is a tonic that at once invigorates the digestive organs, improves the appetite, and for all impurities of the blood, is unsurpassed. Price 50 cents, at George H. Davis'.

In Siam they decide a law suit by putting the litigants under cold water, and the one remaining the longest is declared the victor. The only possible use for lawyers in Siam, then, is to hold the stakes.

A hen can lay an egg, but generally has to lie to lay it. A bricklayer must always lay a brick to make it lie. A man will never lie unless he is on the wicked lay. Some lawyers do a good deal of lying about laying.

In the course of last year the German Lifeboat Society saved 277 lives, and rescued persons belonging to 47 German vessels, and to 5 English, 4 Dutch, 4 Swedish, 3 Danish, and 2 Russian ships. The Society supports 87 lifeboat stations.

A length of earthen drain pipe was recently brought to the Board of health of Brooklyn into which the root of a willow tree had forced itself through the cement joints. The obstruction was twenty-eight feet long, and in places totally prevented the flow of water.

Parsons' Purgative Pills make new rich blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill a night from one to twelve week may be restored to sound health, if such a thing is possible.

Dr. Howard Crosby condensed into a short sentence the most effectual society sermon of the season, when he said, to the young lady graduates of the Van Norman Institute, the other night: "If all young ladies where what they should be we'd never see a dude nor a dog-cart." That ought to be printed in big letters and hung up in every female school in the land.

An exchange says: "A Creole family recently arrived in Paris and alighted at a boulevard hotel. They brought a pet monkey with them. Yesterday the intelligent animal, being left alone in the dining room, got drunk on champagne and smashed all the crockery. He was ultimately locked up." The Darwinian theory seems plausible.

MRS. GEORGE SIMPSON, says: "I have suffered severely with corns, and was unable to get relief from treatment of any kind until I was recommended to try *Holloway's Corn Cure*. After applying it for a few days I was enabled to remove the corn, root and branch—no pain whatever, and no inconvenience in using it. I can heartily recommend it to all suffering from corns."

Harvard college has refused to make Gov. Robinson of Massachusetts an L L. D. At the hour of going to press the governor was still alive, and his physician had strong hopes of his recovery. Next to be refused a free pass to a snake show, nothing prostrates a governor quicker than for a college to withhold from him the degree of LL. D.—[Norristown *Herald*.

Between the ages of 15 and 45 a woman can grow about seven crops of hair. It averages about seven ounces to the crop, and when of the prevailing popular color brings a handsome price. The total annual crop is estimated at 100 tons, gathered from 800,000 heads. This is not taking into account that which gets into butter, where it does not bring nearly so good a price.

A Boston lady is making a presiding officer's gavel of rare wood and stone of historical value. It will contain a fragment from Washington's tomb, marble from Cæser's palace in Rome, and a piece of a torch found in the wolf's den occupied by General Putnam at Pomfret, Conn. The gavel is to be used at the National Democratic Convention, and is to be presented to the successful Presidential candidate.

Mr. Henry Marshall, Reeve of Dunn, writes: "Some time ago I got a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery from Mr. Harrison, and I consider it the very best medicine extant for Dyspepsia." This medicine is making marvellous cures in Liver Complaint, Dispepsia, etc., in purifying the blood and restoring manhood to full vigor.

Somebody has been inquiring into the circumstances which led to there being just twelve men on a jury, and the conclusion is that it was because there were twelve prophets of old. The apostles numbered twelve, there were twelve Jewish judges, twelve pillars in the temple, twelve patriarchs, twelve tribes of Israel, twelve stones on Aaron's breast-plate, twelve gates to Jerusalem, twelve months in the year, and twelve signs in the Zodiac.

Dr. Sturge, a medical missionary to Siam, relates how a native doctor administered an emetic to a love-sick lady who had swallowed a quantity of opium with suicidal intent. The scientist of Siam took a live eel, clipped off a part of his tail to make him squirm in a lively manner, and then push him, tail first, down the romantic damsel's throat. When the eel returned to the stream of running water, near which she was made to recline, the opium quickly followed him.

A Russian cavalry general conceived the plan of attaching inflated rubber bags to horses on reaching a stream in order to avoid building a bridge or seeking a ford. On the first trial, however, the horses finding themselves buoyed up, refused to swim and drifted along with the current. Since then the rubber bags are tied together and used to carry the saddles, arms, etc., which are hauled across, while the unencumbered horses swim over easily.

An English doctor reports the case of a lady who had a regularly recurring series of abscesses on the ankles. On entering her sitting-room one day he noticed a pair of her shoes, and on the impulse of the moment he directed his patient to use a broad-heeled shoe. She did so and had no trouble for two years. Her former shoe had a long, tapering heel, set nearly in the middle of the sole.

Respect Old Age.

An old favorite is the remedy known as Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Thirty years reliable for cholera morbus, diarrhœa and summer complaints,

Who is He.

Isaac Stephenson, the representative in congress of the 9th district of Wisconsin, is thus sketched in the United States congressional directory. Born near Fredericton, N. B. June 18, 1820 received a common-school education; is a lumberman and a banker, removed to Wisconsin and settled at Milwaukee; engaged in the lumber business at Escanaba, Michigan, for twelve years, headquarters at Milwaukee; in the spring of 1858 he removed to Marinette, Wiscousin, and has resided there since; has held various local offices, and was a member of the Wisconsin legislature in 1866 and 1868; and was elected to the forty-eighth congress as a Republican.

The Rev. Dr. Brown's Courtship.

The Rev. Dr. Brown, the well known author of the "Self-interpreting Bible," was a man of singular bashfulness. In token of the truth of this statement I need only state that his courtship lasted seven years. Six years an a half passed away, and Mr. Brown had got no further forward than he had been the first six days. This state of things became intolerable: a step in advance must be made, and Dr. Brown summoned all his courage for the deed. "Janet," said he, as as they sat in solemn silence, "we've been acquainted now for six years an' mair, and I've ne'er had a kiss yet; d'ye think I might take one, ma bonnie girl?" "Just as you like, John; only be becoming and proper wi' it." "Surely, Janet; we'll ask a 'blessing.'" The blessing was asked—the kiss was taken, and the worthy man, perfectly overpowered with the blissful sensation, most rapturously exclaimed. "O woman! but it is *gude*—we'll return thanks." Six months made the pious couple man and wife, and added his descendant, who humorously told the tale, "a happier couple never spent a long useful life together."

The July Century

Contains a remarkable contribution to United States history in "The Ku Klux Klan; its Origin, Growth, and Disbandment," by the Rev. D. L. Wilson of Pulaski, Tenn. The Frontispiece is an engraving from a full-length photograph of John Bright, accompanying a careful and discriminating estimate, by T. H. S. Escott, editor of *The Fortnightly Review*. "The Scenes of Hawthorne's Romances," are described in a chatty way, and are charmingly illustrated. "A Greek Play at Cambridge is an interesting account of the production of the "Aias" of Sophocles at this English University. The "Cruise of the Alice May," by S. G. W. Benjamin is completed. In fiction this number is particularly strong. Frank R. Stockton has one of his inimitable stories, "The Reversible Landscape," on art of a kind that cannot be too high, and Miss Julia D. Whiting writes a pathetic New England lovestory, and the conclusion of "Lady Barbernia," by Henry James. Ex-President Theodore D. Woolsey has a suggestive essay on "Academical Degrees: Especially Honorary Degrees in the United States," which will be read with interest in the light of the announcements of the numerous titles which colleges of all ranks confer at this season. Eugene V. Smalley has a brief but comprehensive and popular account of the workings of the United States Patent Office.

How a Woman puts on Shoes.

When a woman has a new pair of boots sent home she performs altogether different from a man. She never shoves her toes into them and yanks and hauls until she is red in the face and all out of breath, and then goes stamping and kicking around, but pulls them on part way very carefully, twitches them off again to take a last look and see if she has got the right one, pulls them on again, looks at them dreamily, says they are just right, then takes another look, stops suddenly to smoothe out the wrinkles, twists around and surveys them sideways, exclaims:—"Mercy, how loose they are!" looks at them again square in front, works her feet around so they won't hurt her quite so much, takes them off, looks at the heels, the toe, the bottom, and then inside, puts them on again, walks up and down the room once or twice, remarks to her better half that she won't have them at any price, tilts down the mirror so she can see how they look, turns in every possible direction, and nearly dislocates her neck trying to see how they look from that way, backs off, steps up again, takes thirty or forty farewell looks, says they make her feet look awful big, and will never do in the world, puts them off and on three or four times more, asks her husband what he thinks about it, pays no attention to what he says, goes through it again, and finally says she will take them. It is a very simple matter, indeed.

What a Woman Can Do.

She can say "No," and stick to it for all time. She can also say "No" in such a low voice that it means "Yes." She can sharpen a lead pencil if you give her plenty of time and plenty of pencils. She can dance all night in a pair shoes two sizes too small for her, and enjoy every minute of the time. She can pass a display window of a draper's shop without stopping—if she is running to catch a train. She can walk half the night with a noisy baby in her arms without once expressing the desire to murder the infant.

She can appreciate a kiss from her husband seventy five years after the marriage ceremony has taken place. She can suffer abuse and neglect for years, which one touch of kindness or consideration will drive from her recollection. She can go to church, and afterwards tell you what every woman in the congregation had on, and in some instances can give a faint idea of what the text was. She can look her husband square in the eyes when he tells her some cock-and-bull story about being "detained at the office," without betraying in the least that she knows him to be a collossal liar.

She can—but what's the use? A woman can do anything or everything, and do it well. She can do more in a minute than a man can in an hour, and do it better. She can make the alleged lords of creation bow down to her own sweet will, and they will never know it. Yes, a woman can do everything with but one exception; she cannot climb a tree.

A School of Whales.

The schooner M. B. Mullen, Capt. Young, from Savannah, reports: "On June 20, in lat. 34 deg. 30 min., long. 74 deg. 14 min., while in a dead calm and smooth sea, was surrounded by a school of whales as far as the eye could reach. They were seen coming to the surface and blowing: they came in such close proximity to the vessel that they could be reached from the deck with a common harpoon, and in several instances within two feet of the vessel's side, spurting the water against the side, and lying perfectly still for several minutes at a time; they then rolled leisurely over and sank down tail foremost until they would stand perpendicular in the water, so that their full length and size could be as nearly estimated as though they had been on dry land; they swam around the vessel for about three hours, and seemed to be holding a complete survey of her, and did not seem to be in the least shy. It was a magnificent sight, the ocean being as clear as a mirror, with not a ripple to obstruct the view. They were in size about 35 to 40 feet in length, square blunt heads, eyes small, about three feet below the top of the head, and well back from the nose, near the jaw; their blow was low and somewhat resembled water thrown from a sprinkler; a small round fin on the back and square fluke; the heads were about five to six feet in length and the after parts much larger in proportion. After about three hours a light breeze sprung up, and we sailed away from the school, which did not seem to be making any headway to any point of the compass.

Few are the remedies whose beneficial qualities and real merits have made them so popular with the public, and increased from year to year their consumption, which, whilst possessing the most valuable remedial properties, are yet so simple in their compound, and so easy to take, as The Quinine Wine, prepared by Northrop & Lyman of Toronto. This article is prepared from the pure Sulphate of Quinine, combined with fine Sherry Wine, and choice aromatics, which relieves the Quinine of its bitter taste, and does not impair in the least degree the efficacy of its action upon the patient; while small doses, frequently repeated, strengthen the pulse, increase muscular force and invigorate the tone of the nervous system, and thus, by the general vigor which it imparts, creates an appetite, which gives to the stomach tone and energy, and fortifies the system against all infections disease. Ask for Northrop & Lyman's Quinine Wine, sold by all druggists.

There are many Cough Mixtures, but only one Allen's Lung Balsam; try it. See adv.

MAY 14 1884 MAY 14

JUST ARRIVED AT

EDGECOMBE'S

A beautiful showing of

NEW DRESS GOODS,

In all Leading Novelties

BLACK SILKS

(QUALITY GUARANTEED)

Trimmings of all Kinds to Match.

NEW PRINTS,

Grey and White Cottons,

TABLE LINEN,

NAPKINS, OIL CLOTHS,

TOWELS,

Carpets, Lace Curtains,

SUNSHADES, UMBRELLAS.

Gents' Tweeds and Underwear, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Scarfs.

A choice line of

Ladies' Underclothing,

With a fashionable and varied assortment of

New Millinery,

Small Wares & Fancy Goods.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

FRED. B. EDGECOMBE.

Fredericton, May 14, 1884

Summer, 1884.

Tennant, Davies & Co.,

are now showing a splendid Stock of Seasonable

DRY GOODS.

Novelties in every Department.

Black Silks—extra value,

Dress Goods in all the latest fabrics,

English Prints and Camarics,

Printed Muslins and Lawns,

Parasols and Sunshades,

Silk and Lisle Gloves,

Hosiery, &c. &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL!

☞ INSPECTION SOLICITED.

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.,

Queen Street, Fredericton,

Directly Opp. Normal School,

June 25, 1884.

SPRING 1884.

NEW GOODS

NOW OPENING

—AT—

John J. Weddall's.

WHITE COTTONS.

GREY COTTONS.

WHITE SHEETINGS.

GREY SHEETINGS.

PILLOW COTTONS.

NEW PRINTS.

HAMBURGS

Best Value ever shown in this City.

Hollins & Co's. Angola,

BEST MAKE.

Parks' Knitting Cottons,

No. 4 to 40.

Patchwork.

CHECKED SHIRTINGS.

Park's Carpet Warps,

ALL COLORS MADE.

☞ Parks' Colored and White Warps

ALWAYS ON HAND.

JOHN J. WEDDALL.

THOMAS W. SMITH

Has just completed his importation of

English, Scotch and Canadian

TWEEDS,

ENGLISH,

FRENCH,

AND GERMAN

Suiting and Trousering,

Making the largest and most complete assortment of CLOTHS in this city.

Call and examine our stock and leave your measures. We warrant every Garment to Fit, and Styles and Finish not outdone by any in the trade.

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

HATS, CAPS,

Boots and Shoes,

—AND—

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

on hand as usual, and very cheap for Cash.

THOS. W. SMITH.

Fredericton, April 9, 1884

FEBRUARY 20th, 1884.

JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED

—AT—

Lottimer's

Fashionable Shoe Store,

a Large and Splendid Assortment of

LADIES' and MISSES'

FINE KID SLIPPERS.

ALSO:

LADIES' FINE KID

Tie Shoes,

very nice for Evening wear.

A LOT OF

Ladies' White Jean,

ELASTIC SIDE BOOTS

at less than cost to clear.

Gents', Boys and Youths'

DANCING PUMPS

AT

Lottimer's Shoe Store.

Gents' Kid and Patent Leather

DRESS BOOTS

AT

LOTTIMER'S SHOE STORE.

Fredericton, February 20.

NEW GOODS

NOW OPENING

—AT—

DEVER BROS.

New Dress Goods.

New Corsets.

New Hamburgs.

New Prints and Cambrics.

New Gloves.

New Hosiery.

Grey Cottons.

White Cottons.

White and Grey Sheetings.

Pillow Cottons.

White and Blue Warps.

DEVER BROTHERS.

Fredericton, March 26

FAILING!

That is what a great many people are doing. They don't know just what is the matter, but they have a combination of pains and aches, and each month they grow worse.

The only sure remedy yet found, is Davis' Quinine Iron and Wine, and this by rapid and thorough assimilation with the blood, purifies and enriches it, and rich, strong blood flowing to every part of the system repairs the wasted tissues, drives out disease and gives health and strength.

This is why Davis' Quinine, Iron and Wine will cure Dispepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Malaria, Intermittent Fevers, General Debility, etc. etc.

BURTON, SUN. CO., July 17, 1883

GEO. H. DAVIS:

DEAR SIR,—I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and for several weeks could eat nothing, and was growing weaker every day. I tried Davis' Quinine, Iron and Wine, and am happy to say I now have a good appetite and am getting stronger.

Yours,

JOSEPH MCCAWLEY

Davis' Quinine Iron and Wine is not a drink and does not contain whiskey. It is a simple preparation of Iron and Quinine that causes no injurious effects. Get the genuine. Ask for Davis' and take no other, Price 50 cents. Prepared only by

GEO. H. DAVIS,

Cor. Queen & Regent Sts.

Fredericton, Jan. 23, 1884

NEW STYLES

—IN—

GENTS'

NECK WEAR.

SCARFS,

BOW'S,

TIE'S, &c.

We have now in Stock and making up daily the Latest Styles in Neck Wear, you can get a choice from sixty nine different patterns of silks, at

C. H. Thomas & Co's,

QUEEN STREET.

April 2, 1884

1884 SPRING 1884

NEW GOODS.

JUST OPENED:

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Prints, Grey and White Cottons,

MUSLINS, DUCKS, SHIRTINGS, TICKS, FLANNELS, QUILTS,

Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Handkerchiefs, Ties, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Satins, Laces, Flowers, Feathers, Veilings, Buttons, Hamburgs, Braids and Trimmings in great variety.

Cloths, Tweeds, Meltons, &c, for ladies, gents, and boys wear.

Men's Clothing—Suits, Coats, Pants, Reefers, Vests, &c. Boys' Suits—Ages 7 to 15, well made, extra good value. Hats of all kinds, for men, boys, and children. Gent's Shirts, Under-clothing, Collars, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Braces, &c.

Trunks, Valises, and Satchels—a large stock at prices far below anything we have before offered. Rubber Gossamer Circulars and Coats, for ladies, misses, gents and boys.

Cash buyers respectfully invited to examine stock, quality and prices. All goods marked in plain figures. Terms Cash.

SIMON NEALIS,

Corner Wilmot's Avenue,

Queen Street, - - Fredericton,

May 7, 1883.

Pure Paris Green.

Just received:

1 TON Pure Paris Green—6 cases in 1 lb. boxes.

For sale wholesale and retail.

JAMES S. NEILL.

June 4