Maritime Farmer.

FREDERICTON, N. B., May 21, 1884.

Politics in Nova Scotia.

The resignation of Sir Charles Tupper, and Mr. Macdonald's transference to the Senate, creates vacancies in the representation of Cumberland and Cape Breton, in the House of Commons, and already the Nova Scotia political press has commenced a warfare. There is likely yet to be another vacancy, as it is probable that Sir Charles Tupper's place in the Cabinet will be filled by a Nova Scotian sitting in the Commons, who will have to return to his constituents for re-election. Mr. Daly, the Catholic M. P., for Halifax, has been named as an aspirant to office, and it has been reported that Hon. T. W. Anglin, of Toronto, will be brought down to oppose him, but both of these rumors lack confirmation. Mr. Daly is a popular man in Halifax, is well connected, and could scarcely be defeated, by any candidate of the Grit party, much less by an imported politician of Mr. Anglin's calibre.

Another report names ex-Governor Archibald, as Tupper's probable successor, and that he will seek election in Cumberland. There is no doubt he is the ablest man the Conservatives could choose, but whether he would care to re-enter active political life, is doubtful. Mr. Archibald is at present in England, and the use of his name is of course unauthorized.

Both Cumberland and Cape Breton counties are intensely Conservative, and will doubtless be carried by the Government party easily, if the proper candidates are chosen. Cumberland as our readers well know, has always been represented in the House of Commons, by Tupper, and for the past ten years, Macdonald and a Conservative colleague have held Cape Breton. The Halifax *Recorder*, a very Gritty paper, is urging its party to immediate organization, with a view to doing vigorous battle in the constituencies now open, or to be opened, and endeavours to awaken the Grit leaders, by reference to their back down in Halifax, last summer. The coming elections in our sister Province, will be eagerly watched by the Liberal Conservative party of New Brunswick. Surely our friends in Nova Scotia will not allow such strongholds as Cumberland and Cape Breton, to slip from their hands, when we in York, with a Grit majority of nearly one thousand against us in 1882, triumphantly carried the constituency for the Government in January last, by a majority of one hundred and seventy-eight!

It is understood that the Grit Local Government of Nova Scotia, are in the throes of reconstruction, and that some of its leading members are to retire, because of disagreement in the apportionment of the offices. One gentleman already, has announced his retirement, Mr. Fielding editor of the *Halifax Chronicle*, giving a very good reason indeed, if it be the correct one, that he cannot spare the time from his profession. The Legislature is no place for newspaper editors. As Mr. Ellis of the St. John *Globe* before he became a member of the Legislature, once said, "it destroys their independence," and besides, it corrupts their morals. The Halifax *Mail* however, avers that Mr. Fielding could not get all he wanted in the Government, and so resigned. They have'nt such good discipline in the Nova Scotia Grit Cabinet, as we have in ours. Here, the whole machine is subordinate to its leader, the immaculate Andrew, and its members dare not question his will. He brought them into existence from obscurity, and could as easily blot them out.

It seems hardly fair, however, that clever young men like Mr. Pipes, the Nova Scotia Premier, Mr. Fielding and Mr. Longley, of the *Recorder*, should have to stand back and permit a political nonenity, such as is Alonzo J. White, to be Attorney General, and mere figureheads like Church and Gayton, to fill the offices of Provincial Secretary and Commissioner of Mines and Werks. The secret is here, however, that like our own New Brunswick local combination, up to the present time they have not dared to re-construct, lest offence should be given to some member of the party, and the whole government would fall to pieces. Mr. Pipes can only count on a majority of four or five in Nova Scotia, and Mr. Blair is not sure that he has any, so they both continue, trusting to luck and manipulation. In the whole broad Dominion, there isn't a Grit Government that possesses either a solid majority in Parliament, or the confidence of the constituencies.

The Forestry Exhibition.

The *Telegraph* would be wise, not to stir up the facts in connection with the Local Government's blundering in the Forestry Exhibition business. Our contemporary quotes from the *Reporter* which said that "it looked a short time ago as if the exhibits from this Province would go uncared for," and then accuses the FARMER and *Sun* with having circulated unfounded reports regarding the matter. The *Telegraph* knows very well, that its accusation against the FARMER at least, the *Sun* is able to defend itself, is based on information not warranted by facts. The reports to which the *Telegraph* probably alludes, is a statement that appeared in the FARMER several weeks ago, in effect, that Mr. Edward Jack was not to represent the Local Government at the Forestry Exhibition, because of the latter's parsimony and blundering. These statements, the FARMER made on the authority of Mr. Jack himself, who, we may add, was thoroughly disgusted with the Government and its plans regarding the Exhibition. The *Telegraph* and *Globe* made a great splurge about what big things the Government were to do at Edinburgh, and how generously it had acted in the preparations therefor. It had appointed an Agent General, who had himself industriously interviewed by reporters, and the public were led to believe that the whole surplus population of the old country were to come over to New Brunswick as a result of the Agent General's efforts at the Exhibition and elsewhere. The Government knew at the time, that Mr. Jack had been preparing information for months regarding the Province, at the instance of the New Brunswick Land and Lumber Company, and instead of enlisting his services also on behalf of the Government, they selected a very respectable gentleman no doubt, who lived for a few years as an insurance agent in St. John, but who could not be expected to possess much information respecting the rest of the Province. Well, Mr. Cornwall, for that was the Agent General's name, commenced too, to make preparations for his visit to Edinburgh, and one of his efforts to induce immigrants, was the shipment to England of several hundred copies of the hand book issued by the Crown Land Department under the late government, which afforded so much amusement to Surveyor General Mitchell in the Assembly last winter, and which Mr. Blair and his colleagues have never ceased to ridicule. But even Mr. Cornwall saw that the Government's exhibit at Edinburgh would bring but little credit on New Brunswick, and at the last moment he, like Mr. Jack, declined to undertake the responsibility of accompanying it.

If the *Telegraph* wanted to give the public the truth in this matter, it should have stated what we have written and it would have added that the Government's exhibit will owe its presence in Edinburgh to the New Brunswick Land and Lumber Company, in whose charge it has been sent. For this service, the Government contributed the magnificent sum of twelve hundred and fifty dollars, and a large proportion of this amount has already been expended in the preliminary arrangements.

We were inclined to withold these facts because we were ashamed, that after all the vaporings of the Government organs, our Province was being so shabbily treated by the Government in this matter of the Forestry Exhibition, and it is only the *Telegraph's* assertions, that what the FARMER and *Sun* had stated were "unfound reports" and "idle gossip" that has compelled us to state the facts and vindicate ourselves. If the *Telegraph* is not satisfied with this, let it interview Mr. Jack who is now in St. John.

Increased Railway Accomodation

Although there has been no official announcement yet, on the subject, we have it on excellent authority, that the new time table on the New Brunswick Railway between this city and St. John, which is to come in force on the second day of June, will make provision for largely increased facilities for travelling between the two cities. It has been decided we understand, that there shall during the summer, be three trains daily to St. John, the first one to leave here about 7 A. M., and run through in two hours and a half, the second to leave about 1 P. M., to connect with the "Flying Yankee, and a third through train to leave here at 5 P. M., arriving in St. John at 7.30. The first train from St. John for this city, will leave there at 5 A. M., pick up passengers between St. John and Fredericton Junction for the "Flying Yankee," wait at the latter point for the fast train, which leaves St. John at 7 A. M., receives mails and passengers therefrom, and come through to Fredericton, arriving here about 9.30 A. M. The afternoon train will leave St. John for this city about the usual time, 4 P. M. The Western mails from this city will be despatched by the 7 A. M., train, so that the present 9.30 A. M., train will be cancelled, and the Western mail will likely arrive an hour earlier in the afternoon, than at present.

The principal advantage of the changes to Fredericton, and one which will be greater even than the increased travelling accomodation, will be the early arrival of the St. John mail passengers and newspapers. The afternoon mail to St. John, we presume will be despatched by the 5 P. M., train so our business men and others will have ample time to answer all correspondence between the arrival of the morning mail at 9.30 A. M., and the departure of the afternoon mail at 5 P. M. We don't say that the new arrangements as we have outlined them, are correct to the letter, but they will be found to be nearly accurate. The New Brunswick Railway Company will very greatly increase the popularity of its management, if its present intentions touching this matter of mail and passenger accommodation between Fredericton and St. John, are carried out, as we have no doubt they will be.

A Nobleman in Prison.

A recent London sensation, is the imprisonment of Lord St. Leonard's a British peer, on the charge of having criminally assaulted a domestic in the employ of a gentleman of whom he was a guest. Lord St. Leonard's grandfather was an errand boy in a London lawyer's office, studied law, eventually rose to be Lord Chancellor of England, and hoped to lay the foundation of a great family. The distinguished Chancellor died intestate, and his grandson, the present Lord St Leonard's was thrown on the world with an annual income of £40. His title won him a wife who had £100,000 in her own right, and with his sudden accession to wealth, he began to indulge his eccentric and extravagant tastes. His favorite companions were jockeys and pigeon fanciers. He fell from bad to worse till he landed in bankruptcy and the divorce court, and thenceforward his decadence was complete. The hotel bars were closed against him, and bar maids ran away at his approach, yet he continued and is yet a member of the House of Lords. He had not a penny in the world, when recently he met a man named Crawford, who had been a miner in California, a sheep farmer in Australia, and being a genial person, he invited the bankrupt peer into his house and plied him with liquor and other hospitalities. Lord St. Leonard's repaid his hosts generosity by committing an indecent assault on a domestic, and it is for this crime that he now languishes in Clerkenwell prison, while only a few days before his incarceration, he sat in the House of Lords as a fellow legislator of the Archbishop of Canterbury and all the other great peers of the English realm. Whiskey was the chief cause of his downfall.

A Wall Street Panic.

The Stock gamblers of Wall Street, New York, created a financial panic last week, the original cause being the failure of Grant & Ward, for fifteen million dollars several days before, and the difficulties of the second National Bank. The Metropolitan Bank, one of the largest monetary institutions in New York, speedily succumbed, the Marine Bank followed, and on Wednesday morning last, when the failure of firm after firm was announced at the Stock Exchange, the panic spread, and Wall Street soon became thronged with anxious speculators in stocks, and depositors in the Banks. Since Black Friday, in 1873, Wall Street has not presented such scenes as were witnessed there on Wednesday. The New York *Sun* says the panic was emphatically one among the Stock gamblers, and nothing else. It began, culminated, and ended in stock speculation, and went no further. The only serious mischief likely to follow the brief panic, is distrust of the Banks, arising from the failures of a few among them, plainly traceable to dishonesty, or gross imprudence on the part of their officers. The American press generally take this view, and allege that the general business condition of the country is sound. The Grants of whom the head of the firm was the ex-President, are ruined financially, and have robbed many of their friends in their stock operations. The panic has about subsided.

Broken out Afresh.

[Chatham World.]

The Opposition papers are constantly asserting that "Costigan must go," and professing to believe that Sir John Macdonald is seeking for a pretext on which to remove him. Mr. Costigan proved, by tender of his resignation last session, that he is not a member of the Cabinet against the wishes of his colleagues, and silenced the prattle of his enemies for a time. But it has broken out afresh.

Proposed Banquet.

The approaching visit of Hon. A. P. Caron, Minister of Militia, and Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Inland Revenue, to this city, has suggested to the personal and political admirers of those gentlemen, the idea of giving them a reception worthy of their position in the Government of the country, and we understand, that as soon as the date of their visit has been learned, the gentlemen who have the matter in hand, will set about making the necessary arrangements for their reception. It is proposed, we believe, among other things, to entertain the distinguished Ministers at a public dinner, at which they will meet our representative citizens.

Mr. Caron has been in New Brunswick already, when he officially inspected the Military Camp at Sussex, in 1881, but he has never visited Fredericton. His connection with the Department of Militia and Defence has given great satisfaction to the force under his administration, regardless of political feeling, and he will be warmly welcomed to Fredericton. Mr. Caron, we have authority for saying, took strong ground in Fredericton's favor, during the agitation for the location of the Military School, in which he was very cordially supported by our old friend Mr. Costigan, who is always welcomed to Fredericton, and the proposed joint banquet to the two gentlemen, we have no doubt, will be one worthy of its recipients.

A Plucky Women.

Talk of women's pluck! One died in a Georgia dentist's chair under the influence of chloroform the other day, and another who had been sitting in the office all the while, and had witnessed the removal of the body on a stretcher, at once placed herself in the operating chair, remarking:—"Come on with your chloroform. You say that it doesn't kill more than one in a thousand. It has just killed one, so I guess I won't be the next." Her luck was just as good as her philosophy and her courage, and six times was the same amount of chloroform administered to her that had been given to her unfortunate predecessor, and six times teeth were successfully extracted.

The Midgets Married.

A London despatch May 13th says:—Miss Milly Edwards and General Mite (Frank J. Flynn,) who have been for some time drawing large attendances at St. James' hall, Manchester, Eng., brought their receptions to a close on Saturday. Love has been busy with their two little hearts, and as a result, an interesting ceremony took place in Manchester yesterday—no less than the marriage of these two smallest people in the world. General Mite is nearly 20 years of age, and weighs only nine pounds. Miss Millie Edwards is about 17 years old, and weighs only seven pounds. The ceremony of marriage between two such morsels of humanity was one of the most extraordinary sights ever witnessed. After the wedding they departed for the Continent to spend their honeymoon, and visit Amsterdam, Hamburg, and probably Brussels. They will then return to their native land, America, and retire into private life.

Brides for French Convicts.

Each year one of the general inspectors of prisons in France vists the six central penitentiaries where women convicts are serving their time to ask for volunteers to go to New Caledonia as wives for convicts serving out sentences in that penal colony. Fifty women who answered this appeal were shipped the other day from Bordeaux, and when they arrived in New Caledonia they will be divided between the two religious establishments, one at Nonmes and the other at Bourall. The convicts of the first class—that is, those who have distinguished themselves by good conduct and who are accordingly to be rewarded by land grants—are reformed by the arrival of the women. Those who are unmarried, or who are widowers and desire to get married go to Noumea or to Bourall, where they are allowed to make theia choice among the women. Of course they are not forced to make a choice, nor are the woman forced to marry if the men who who select them do not not please them. The authorities introduce the men and women to each other and allow them to act as they please. During the last century a more rapid and more curious system has been in force. When women arrived they, with the men, were drawn up in lines to face each other. The name of a man was called and then the name of a woman, and when the list had been called over the couples thus paired were at once married.

Positive Nuisances.

Says a salesman in Edgecombes:—"We have to endure a great deal at the hands of those ladies who never buy. These people take up valuable time, and a good part of our energies is directed to the effort to circumvent them. The moment on "old timer" comes up to the counter she is instantly recognized by some of the salesmen, and the warning signal, a tap on the counter, is passed along the line. Then we have some fun. The "old timer" will call for, say, a certain shade of yellow. She is told it is not in stock. "Oh, what a pity!" she exclaims, "that is just what I want. If you had it I would buy sixteen yards of it." Then it is the next man's turn. He comes up, accordingly, and tells the first salesman he is mistaken, that there is still a bolt of twenty yards of that identical stuff in the store. He brings it forward and lays it down. You would think the shopper who never buys would be disconcerted at this turn of affairs. Not a bit of it. She says smilingly:—"Oh, that is just what I want. Lay it aside for me, and I will see my dressmaker and find out just how many yards she needs, and to-morrow I'll come back and buy it." Then she departs with a simper, but she never comes back. We amuse ourselves in this way, but it is a terrible nuisance all the same.

A Remarkable Coincidence.

The Derbyshire *Times* says there is a very curious coincidence in the death of the Duke of Albany, His grand uncle the Duke of York and Albany died in almost a similar way, about the same age, and only about thirty miles away from the same spot. Fitzgerald, in his "Lives of the Royal Dukes and Princes of the Family of George III," says: "In the month of September, 1767 (September 17), the Duke of York and Albany, who was as usual travelling abroad, was seized with a fatal illness at Monaco, and died. This gay and interesting prince was not thirty years of age and had made a favorable impression on every one he encountered." The account goes on to say that the prince died of a malignant fever, after a severe illness of fourteen days, and then says: "His Royal Highness had danced rather too much at the chateau of a person of fashion, and this had not only fatigued him, but had occasioned a very strong perspiration." The writer then describes the Prince as having taken cold, and neglecting precautions, he became rapidly worse and ultimately died. The parallel goes further in some small items the Captain Perceval of that day being Captain Wrottesley, upon whom fell the melancholy duty of breaking the news to the Royal family. All the arrangements necessary in connection with his approaching death were made by the Duke himself, we are told, and the author then says:—"After His Royal Highness had settled this arrangement he seemed remarkably easy. He declared himself perfectly resigned to the Divine will, and he spoke of his dissolution with all the piety and resolution of a Christian and a man, acting up to those exalted characters to his latest breath." This parallel is certainly curiously and painfully interesting at the present time, the names of the two Royal Dukes, their ages, the circumstances of their deaths, and the locality all being so singularly coincident. Even the dates (1767-1884) have this peculiarity, that if the numerals in each case be added together, they amount to the same sum—21

From Death's Door.

M. M. Devereaux of Ionia, Mich., was a sight to behold. He says: "I had no action of the Kidneys and suffered terribly. My legs were as big as my body and my body as big as a barrel. The best doctors gave me up. Finally I tried Kidney-Wort. In four or five days a change came, in eight or ten days I was on my feet, and now I am completely cured. It was certainly a miracle." All druggists keep Kidney-Wort which is put up in a liquid and dry form.

The MARITIME FARMER only $1 a year.

A Woman who Scratches Backs for a Living.

The "woman who scratches backs" is doing a good business in St. Louis. To a reporter who recently interviewed her she said: "Some of my best customers are perfectly healthy people with sensitive skins. If they change their flannels, or are tired, or wear tight garments, they want their backs scratched as a luxury. You see my hands are peculiar. I can slip them down a lady's back no matter how tight her dress. There is a hollow in the back on purpose. My hand fits into that." The long, slim hand, with nicely rounded nails that she displayed, was guiltless of rings, and the palms were rosy and soft. "At first," continued the young woman, "I was employed at hospitals among sick people, but I did not like that and as I could get steady employment among well-bred people, I preferred them. Gentlemans' backs! Certainly. You know Captain ——, on Winder Street? I scratch his back an hour every day. His wife used to do it, but she broke down. It was too hard work for her. It is as delicate and sympathetic work as playing a musical instrument; not too hard nor too soft, just enough to leave the skin a healthy red and establish a good circulation. When I am through with one patient I have—a lady—my arm is so weak and nerveless I cannot move it, while she feels well and strong." The charges for this sort of business are 50 cents per hour.

Funeral of Mrs. C. P. Brown at Winnipeg.

The Winnipeg *Sun* has the following regarding the funeral of the late Mrs Brown, wife of Hon. C. P. Brown:—

"All the prominent people in the city assembled to pay their last respects to the memory of the lamented deceased lady. Before 3 o'clock arrived, the house and surrounding grounds were filled with people. A few minutes before 3 o'clock the Rev. Mr. Rutledge began the service in the parlor. He read some passages from the New Testament bearing on death and the resurrection. He interspersed some appropriate remarks during the reading. Rev. Mr. Pitblado offered a fervent prayer for the afflicted father and motherless children. At 3 o'clock the last look was taken, after which the remains were borne to the hearse by the following pall-bearers: Hon. Messrs Norquay and Biggs, Col. Kennedy, C. E. Hamilton, Somerset Aikins, W. F. Luxton, G. B. Spencer and Duncan McArthur. Among those who attended the funeral were: His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. Mr. LaRiviere, C. J. Brydges, Mr. Walsh, Mr. Hargrave, Mr. Harder, Joseph Royal, Messrs. Cyr, Young, Lecomte, Prud'homme, Woodworth, Crawford and MacBeth, members of the Provincial Parliamemt. At the grave in Brookside cemetery, a short service was performed. Deep sympathy was expressed by all, for the stricken husband.

The Sunbury Blonde Acquitted.

Carrie R. Morse, *alias* Marion E. Warren, *alias* Marion E. Dow, etc., etc., originally Miss Grass, of Waasis in the County of Sunbury, has been acquitted in the New York Police Court, of the charge of obtaining money under false pretences, but she is to have a new trial. Miss Morse, it appears, completely captivated the young members of the jury, by her good looks and winning ways. A New York despatch of the 16th inst. says:

Carrie R. Morse, who is well known in Boston and Philadelphia, and who was lately president of the ladies' investment bureau, was on trial today before Judge Cowing upon an indictment charging her with grand larceny in obtaining $600 by false pretences from Miss Catharine Herter. Miss Morse is a tall, handsome blonde, with bright blue eyes. She was clad in a tan colored tailor-made cloth suit. She was smiling and easy, and kept her eyes fixed upon the younger members of the jury. Miss Herter testified that she answered an advertisement for an operator to look after the stock indicator in October last, and met Miss Morse, who was the advertiser. Miss Morse said that she wanted an operator at $15 per week, but that she required $600 as security. Miss Herter did not have the money, but she borrowed it from Miss Wilson, of Newark. Miss Wilson testified that she went with Miss Herter to Miss Morse's office on Oct. 12, and asked why Miss Morse required security: She said that she represented a syndicate of thirty ladies, and was in her third term of the ladies' investment bureau. One of her former operators had run away with $1000. Ordinarily, she required a deposit of $1000, but, as Miss Herter was an agreeable young lady and spoke several languages, she would require only $600. She gave a receipt for the money, guaranteeing 6 per cent. interest, and told Miss Herter to report for duty on Oct. 23. On that day Miss Morse could not be found, Ex-Asst.-Dist.-Atty. O'Bryne introduced for the defence, the record of a civil suit against Miss Morse, and, in his summing up, argued that the receipt guaranteeing interest and the record of the civil suit showed that the $600 was merely a loan to Miss Morse, which she had not been able to pay. Miss Morse did not testify in her own behalf, and no other witness was called. The claim of the prosecution was that the money was obtained by Miss Morse with a fraudulent intent. The jury, after deliberating for three hours, reported that they could not agree. They stood eight to four for conviction. Judge Cowing discharged them and remanded Miss Morse to await a new trial. After the verdict was announced Miss Morse's interest in the younger jurors disappeared.

The *Globe* takes advantage of Sir Leonard Tilley's presence in St. John, to call him a "financial fraud," a "political humbug," and some other choice names. It must be taken into account however, that the *Globe* has a personal grudge against Sir Leonard, so these epithets when applied to him by our contemporary, lose their force somewhat.

The losses by fire in the United States, as estimated by the National Board by Fire Underwriters, last year amounted to nearly $50,000,000

Ward and Ewing, of the New York Club, are the best paid baseball players. They receive $3,200 each for the season's play.

Miss Agnes Beckwith, the lady swimmer who visited Canada last summer, will attempt to swim across the English channel the end of August.

Baird's French Ointment will cure the Itch in a few days, cures Salt Rheum, Chapped Hands, Scald Head, Obstinate Sores and Wounds. Sold by dealers.

There was lately presented to the Empress of Russia, a labouring man who has had two wives, the first of whom brought him four times quadruplets, seven times triplets, and ten times twins. The second wife the first time brought forth three children, and the other six times, two. The whole number of children by the two wives amount to 72.

If your child is suffering from Worms, we would recommend you to give at once Dr. McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup, it is not only a safe and effectual remedy, but an exceedingly pleasant one.

Although Gen. Grant has suffered a heavy loss by the failure of Grant & Ward, he will not be altogether unprovided for. The people's gift of a quarter of a million dollars is untouched, and Congress is about to place him upon the retired Army list, with the rank of general, a position that will yield an income of several thousand dollars.

Evidence given before the army transport commission shows that the tinned meats were rotten and the fodder filthy which were sent to Egypt. Many bales of fodder were found to contain bricks and rubbish in the centre, and much of the hay in the mattrasses for the men smelled so foully that it was used as litter for the horses.

It will be news to most Methodists that John Wesley added to his other multifarious activities that of a lexicographer. This is the fact, however. He published anonymously in 1735 a "Complete English Dictionary, Explaining most of the Hard Words which are Found in the best English Writers." Perhaps the most interesting definition in the book is this:—"Methodist—One who lives according to the method laid down in the Bible."

The main building for the New Orleans Exposition will be much the largest exposition building ever erected in the world. The architect has succeeded, at a moderate cost, in producing the largest single room—every part of which can be seen from any point—of which there is any knowledge. The building is 1378 feet long by 905 feet wide, and covers 33 acres, or 11 acres more than the main building of the Philadelphia Centennial Exposition of 1876. There are 1,656,300 square feet of floor space, including the gallery.

CURRENT COIN.

Boston has 20,000 more women than men.

A sale of hotel property in Winnipeg recently realized the enormous price of $771.80 per foot.

M. de Lesseps announced at a banquet in Paris that the Panama Canal would be open in 1888.

In Sweden a man who has been convicted of drunkenness three times loses the right of suffrage.

Last year the women of the United States contributed $600,000 for foreign missionary purposes.

Elizabeth Dean, a New Jersey woman, has just died at the age of 84 from the effects of tight lacing.

Since January 1st, the Waren line have carried from Boston to Liverpool 8562 head of live cattle, with a loss during that time of only 47 head.

For Coughs and Colds, use Allen's Lun-Balsam. Relief is warranted or money refunded. See adv.

About two million sheep are at present in Colorado. The clip this year will be ten million pounds.

Ten thousand people are said to be homeless in Louisiana on account of recent heavy floods in some portions of the State.

The canning works at Auburn, Maine, put up last year 70,000 cans of pumpkins, 40,000 cans of tomatoes, and 50,000 cans of corn.

The common sense shoe, low broad heels and wide toes are much worn. The pointed toes and French heels are not much used now.

Out of six hundred and fifty bottles of wine bought in different parts of Paris and analyzed at the municipal laboratory, only six bottles were found to be pure.

A. B. Norton made a vow 40 years ago that neither scissors or razor should touch his beard or hair until Henry Clay should be elected President of the United States.

Always avoid, harsh, purgative pills. They first make you sick and then leave you constipated. Carter's Little Liver Pills regulate the bowels and make you well. Dose, one pill.

A gun weighing 212,000 pounds was successfully cast at South Boston recently for the government. It will be the largest gun even constructed in America, and will throw a projectile six miles.

Warren B. Johnson, sixty-five years old, who left California on foot June 1, 1883, with a horse, wagon, cow and dog, arrived at his home in Webster, Mass., Friday, all the animals with him.

Time and money are both saved by keeping in the house a bottle or two of Baird's Cure-All Liniment. Hundreds can testify to its value for Diphtheria, Rheumatism, obstinate Pains and Lameness.

Some of the delegates from the West in attendance upon the Methodist Conference in Philidelphia are giants. Several of them weigh 300 pounds each. One of them is six feet six inches tall. The other delegates look up to him.

One of the girls in the freshman class at Vassar startled the professor and her class brothers when called upon to decline the pronominal adjective, hic, by starting off:—Hic, hæc, hoc, hug-us, hug-us, hug-us, quick! quick! quick!"

The statute in memory of William Tyndale, the martyr, who was burned at the stake in France, at the instigation of Henry VII in 1536, for printing the English Bible, was unveiled on the Thames Embankment, London, a few days ago.

A New York financier has compared the methods of the firm of Grant & Ward to those of sawdust swindlers, and characterized their business as "the most gigantic confidence game known to the annals of of criminal judisprudence."

A 19-year-old son of John Ruse, a wealthy farmer near Munice, Ind., Thursday night, climbed an apply tree, fastened a strap to a limb and around his neck, shot himself and fell dead. No other cause is assigned than reading pernicious literature.

Some people prefer hot lemonade to the usual form, but it is only recently that we have seen it recommended in diarrhœa. Dr. Vigouroux recommends a glass of hot lemon every hour, or half hour, as an easy, agreeable, and efficient treatment for diarrhœa.

Let farmers' boys take courage. Professor Brewer, of Yale College, says that fifteen of the twenty-four Presidents of the United States were farmers or the sons of farmers. Further that men educated on farms have had the leading part in making the nation what it is.

A Household Prefume. Every family able to appreciate and enjoy the pleasure afforded by a really healthful and delicious prefume, should supply themselves with the genuine MURRY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER. It is the most delightful and most lasting of all fragrant Waters.

Bennington, Vt., has the largest dealer in the world in genuine spruce gum. His average sales of this commodity reach 12,000 lbs. annually. The largest portion of the gum is obtained in Canada, though considerable quantities are procured in New Hampshire, Maine and Vermont.

A steamer has arrived at Buffalo from up the lakes with 163,000 bushels of oats on board. To give the average land lubber a fair idea of the size of this cargo, the Buffalo *Times* figured it out and found that it would take sixteen hundred and thirty teams, forming a procession over nine miles in length to move it.

Decatur, Georgie, is a quaint old town which 40 years ago refused to allow a railroad station to be built there, and thus made way for Atlanta, six miles farther up. The Town Council passed two ordinances on Wednesday night, one forbidding children to play marbles on the streets, and the other allowing hogs to run at large.

Imitation diamonds are now made which are almost impossible to distinguish from genuine ones. No one, therefore, ought to buy a diamond of any value nowadays without submitting it to an expert. There are "stones" to be seen which are called "diamantes brilliants" which might pass anywhere as diamonds.

A writer in the *Medical Times and Gazette* recommends the use of hot milk as a restorative. Milk when heated above 100° F. loses its sweetness and density, but has a more beneficial influence over mind and body when exhausted by labor and mental strain. Its effects are more invigorating and enduring than those of alcoholic stimulants.

Henry George has just lectured in New York on "the eighth commandment" "Thou shalt not steal" was the golden rule of national prosperity. Men who steal watches and pocket handkerchiefs, he said stood a good chance of going to the penitentiary, while a man who steals a railroad stand a good chance of becoming a millionaire.

James Winters, a farmer, was stung to death by buffalo gnats near Helena, Ark., a few days ago. While he was at work in a field the gnats swarmed up and enveloped him. Their stings becoming unbearable, he started for home at full speed. All remedies failed to relieve him and he died in a short time in great agony, his face and neck having turned almost black.

A circular has been issued to Irish Nationalist in America by James Stephens, stating that as the time has arrived when a union of all Irishmen is possible, he has consented to again assume the leadership, and that a conference of Irish leaders will meet in Paris on receipt of an answer from America. He declares that before he dies Ireland shall be an independent republic.

A recently published report states that out of every thousand recruits for the Russian army examined in 1882,57.5 per cent. were rejected for physical disability, 460 of these were thrown out as being "too narrow chested," 50 for consumption, and 10 for poverty of the blood. Investigation showed that over 50 per cent. of the men of St. Petersburg between 30 and 22 were "weak and sickly."

A lawyer hired to defend a thief opened his conference with the latter by saying: "Now don't be ashamed to tell me everything. Remember we are one now." "Yes, I know," replied the thief, "that the business we are both in ought to make us pals; but, for gracious sake, don't be to familiar with me before the jury. They may think me as dangerous to the community as you are and find me guilty, just to get even with you."

A Card.

There is a terse and pointed way of speaking that bears the impress of honest conviction—especially when such conviction is uttered respecting certain commodities whose market value never fluctuates and whose consumption never decreases—save with a corresponding decrease of physical suffering. So we thought when hearing people, who were complaining of General Debility, Kidney Disease, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism and Neuralgia, receive the same reply—"Get Humphreys' Homeopathic Specifics." They are sure, safe, and efficacious.

MAY 14 1884 MAY 14

JUST ARRIVED

AT

EDGECOMBE'S

A beautiful showing of

NEW DRESS GOODS,

In all Leading Novelties

BLACK SILKS

(QUALITY GUARANTEED)

Trimmings of all Kinds to Match.

NEW PRINTS,

Grey and White Cottons,

TABLE LINEN,

NAPKINS, OIL CLOTHS,

TOWELS,

Carpets, Lace Curtains,

SUNSHADES, UMBRELLAS.

Gents' Tweeds and Underwear, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Scarfs.

A choice line of

Ladies' Underclothing,

With a fashionable and varied assortment of

New Millinery,

Small Wares & Fancy Goods.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

FRED. B. EDGECOMBE.

Fredericton, May 14, 1884

THOMAS W. SMITH

Has just completed his importation of

English, Scotch and Canadian

TWEEDS,

ENGLISH,

FRENCH,

AND GERMAN

Suiting and Trousering,

Making the largest and most complete assortment of CLOTHS in this city.

Call and examine our stock and leave your measures. We warrant every Garment to Fit, and Styles and Finish not outdone by any in the trade.

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

HATS, CAPS,

Boots and Shoes,

—AND—

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

on hand as usual, and very cheap for Cash.

THOS. W. SMITH.

Fredericton, April 9, 1884

FEBRUARY 20th, 1884.

JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED

—AT—

Lottimer's

Fashionable Shoe Store,

a Large and Splendid Assortment of

LADIES' and MISSES'

FINE KID SLIPPERS.

—o—

ALSO:

LADIES' FINE KID

Tie Shoes,

very nice for Evening wear.

A LOT OF

Ladies' White Jean,

ELASTIC SIDE BOOTS

at less than cost to clear.

Gents', Boys and Youths'

DANCING PUMPS

AT

Lottimer's Shoe Store.

Gents' Kid and Patent Leather

DRESS BOOTS

AT

LOTTIMER'S SHOE STORE.

Fredericton, February 20.

SPRING 1884.

NEW GOODS

NOW OPENING

—AT—

John J. Weddall's.

WHITE COTTONS.

GREY COTTONS.

WHITE SHEETINGS.

GREY SHEETINGS.

PILLOW COTTONS.

NEW PRINTS.

HAMBURGS

Best Value ever shown in this City.

Hollins & Co's. Angola,

BEST MAKE.

Parks' Knitting Cottons,

No. 4 to 40.

Patchwork.

CHECKED SHIRTINGS.

Park's Carpet Warps,

ALL COLORS MADE.

☞ Parks' Colored and White Warps ALWAYS ON HAND.

JOHN J. WEDDALL.

CORSETS!

CORSETS!

Tennant, Davies & Co.,

have just received TWO CASES of those celebrated CORSETS from the Manufactory of the

Worcester Corset Co.,

INCLUDING THE

Double Hip Abdomial,

Every Pair Warranted,

Improved Bon Ton,

Every Pair Warranted,

Dermatoid,

Every Pair Warranted.

Elastic Adjustable Hip,

Carnival, &c., &c.,

which are made of the best materials, and also contain their celebrated Busk Protector and Patent Lock Clasp, which prevents the Steels from unhooking while being worn.

HAVE ALSO RECEIVED:

New Grey Cotton,

New Grey Sheetings,

New White Cottons,

White Sheeting,

Pillow Cottons, &c.

Park's Knitting Cotton;

Park's and Moncton Cotton Warps, &c.

☞ INSPECTION SOLICITED. ☜

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.,

Directly Opp. Normal School,

Queen Street, Fredericton,

February 20, 1884

NEW GOODS

NOW OPENING

DEVER BROS.

New Dress Goods.

New Corsets.

New Hamburgs.

New Prints and Cambrics

New Gloves.

New Hosiery.

Grey Cottons.

White Cottons.

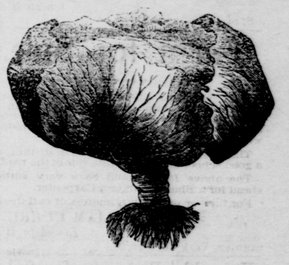
White and Grey Sheetings.

Pillow Cottons.

White and Blue Warps.

DEVER BROTHERS.

Fredericton, March 26



FIELD,

GARDEN,

AND

Flower Seeds,

AT

Davis, Staples & Co.,

Opposite City Hall.

Queen Street, Fredericton.

NEW STYLES

—IN—

GENTS'

NECK WEAR.

SCARFS,

BOW'S,

TIE'S, &c.

We have now in Stock and making up daily the Latest Styles in Neck Wear, you can get a choice from sixty nine different patterns of silks, at

C.H. Thomas & Co's,

QUEEN STREET.

April 2, 1884

FAILING!

That is what a great many people are doing. They don't know just what is the matter, but they have a combination of pains and aches, and each month they grow worse.

The only sure remedy yet found, is Davis' Quinine Iron and Wine, and this by rapid and thorough assimilation with the blood, purifies and enriches it, and rich, strong blood flowing to every part of the system repairs the wasted tissues, drives out disease and gives health and strength.

This is why Davis' Quinine, Iron and Wine will cure Dispepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Malaria, Intermittent Fevers, General Debility, etc. etc.

BURTON, Sun. Co., July 17, 1883

GEO. H. DAVIS:

DEAR SIR,—I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and for several weeks could eat nothing, and was growing weaker every day. I tried Davis' Quinine, Iron and Wine, and am happy to say I now have a good appetite and am getting stronger.

Yours,

JOSEPH MCCAWLEY

Davis' Quinine Iron and Wine is not a drink and does not contain whiskey. It is a simple preparation of Iron and Quinine that causes no injurious effects. Get the genuine. Ask for Davis' and take no other. Price 50 cents. Prepared only by

GEO. H. DAVIS,

Cor. Queen & Regent Sts.

Fredericton, Jan. 23, 1884