JANUARY.

FRED. B. EDGECOMBE

IS NOW SHOWING

SPECIAL BARGAINS

IN

Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS!

having marked down a large portion of seasonabe Winter Goods to clear before Stock taking.

☞ Intending purchasers will do well to call and examine prices, as they cannot fail to save money by purchasing at the

ALBION HOUSE.

F. B. EDGECOMBE,

Queen St., Fredericton.

Branch Store-St. Mary's Ferry

BUY YOUR

BOOTS, SHOES,

SLIPPERS,

MOCCASINS,

Rubbers & Overboats,

For Christmas Presents, and New Year's Gifts,

AT,

Lottimer's

Fashionable Shoe Store.

He keeps the largest stock and the best variety to be found in the City of Fredericton.

☞ Polite treatment whether you buy or not.

Goods cheerfully exchanged, or the money refunded.

Don't forget to give him a call.

Fredericton, Dec 12, 1882

New Goods! New Goods!

THOS. W. SMITH

HAS JUST OPENED. AT HIS

Tailoring and Clothing

ESTABLISHMENT,

FISHER'S BUILDING,

QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON.

ONE OF THE FINEST LOTS OF

German Coatings & Suitings

ever offered in this market, and a fine lot of

English, Scotch and Canadian TWEEDS,

that cannot be excelled in quality, make or finish.

The above goods were purchased for the express purpose of being made up to order of his numerous friends and patrons, and all who will favor him with a call, in the best manner and style, and in workmanship that cannot be outdone. Every article guaranteed to fit, or no sale.

NEW FASHION PLATES received every month. Call and see them.

Winter Clothing, Boots and Shoes *will be cleared out at a sacrifice, to make room for Spring Goods.*

Now is the time for Bargains.

THOS. W. SMITH.

Fredericton, Jan. 23rd, 1884.

Maritime Farmer.

FREDERICTON, N. B., February 6, 1884.

The Late Contest.

It seems almost impossible to grasp thoroughly the magnitude of the victory just won by the Liberal Conservative party of York. The odds against us at the commencement of the campaign were so great, that it seemed like folly to attempt to overcome them. The triumph therefore, in view of this fact, is all the greater, and the results of the victory, the more extensive.

In another column, we have placed a great number and variety of extracts from Provincial and Canadian journals, of all shades of political opinion, and one and all, fully appreciate the significance of the great victory in York. The returns of the election, exhibiting as they did a crushing defeat for the Grit party, where they counted upon a magnificent victory, fell upon them, as a contemporary has well remarked, "like a thunderbolt from a blue sky," and they have not yet recovered from the staggering blow. They may as well face the situation, however. York has thrown off its old allegiance. It is intelligent, progressive, and free from the bondage of the Grit yoke.

His Duty.

Attorney General Blair of his own motion, to assist his partner in the recent election, dragged the Local Government into the contest, and staked his own and its political existence on the issue. He trailed the Executive through the campaign mire to assure victory to the other end of his firm, and we presume he is prepared to take the consequences. But more than this. Mr. Blair in the Fredericton City Hall, squarely placed himself and his government in a position where the electors must pass judgment upon them. There was no need for such a course. The Local Government had nothing to do with the contest then in progress. The Local Government was formed on the understanding that it would keep aloof from Dominion politics. Some of its members when they were sworn in were Liberal Conservatives. There would in fact never have been a Blair Government, but for the coalition of parties. But Mr. Blair has changed all this. He has not only thrown overboard his oft declared principle that federal and local issues should be kept apart, but he has bent the weak backed Conservatives in his government to meet his own will. He plunged himself into the recent contest on Mr. Gregory's behalf, and Mr. Mitchell, Surveyor General, who owes his present position to the Conservatives of Charlotte, obediently followed the behest of his leader in their attempt to defeat Mr. Temple. The whole power and patronage of the Local Government was invoked by these gentlemen, and the paper bridge business which was so thoroughly exposed, was one of the great levers in this connection. The Road money in the rural districts was manipulated in Mr. Gregory's aid, and in fact all forms of pressure were brought to bear by the Attorney General to accomplish his partner's election. Then as a grand finale to the campaign,—as a sort of clincher—a direct personal appeal to the friends of the Local Government, Mr. Blair hired the City Hall, Friday evening previous to the election, and surrounded by his claquers, simmered the whole contest down to a question of life or death for the Local Government, and on this we say he staked the issue. His words on that, for him, memorable occasion, will not soon be forgotten, They rang out his own death knell. They told of the vortex of confusion, of destruction, into which he was about to hurl himself, but they were uttered all unconscious of impending peril. Here they are, and let them be repeated on every hustings in New Brunswick; let them be written down as the brands that kindled the destruction of one plotting politician while he sought to snatch another from the gulf; "ELECTORS OF YORK, VOTE CONFIDENCE IN THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BY ELECTING MR. GREGORY ON THE 29TH."

There is no mistake Mr, Blair may deny his own utterances. He has had the audacity to do so already, but there they remain and shall remain as they were taken from his own mouth.

Mr. Blair's duty then we say is plain. The electors of York have given him their emphatic reply. They took him at his word, and they VOTED NON-CONFIDENCE IN THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BY ELECTING MR. TEMPLE. The only honorable course open to Mr. Blair is to resign. The electors of York on the 29th of January last, said by their votes, 2012 to 1834, that Mr. Blair and the government he leads no longer possesses their confidence. They did this at Mr. Blair's own solicitation, and they now demand that he shall bow to their decision.

Insulting the Constituency.

Messrs. Gregory & Blair are terribly mad because the electors of York have stepped in and bagged their game. It was just too mean for anything that the people of this county should ruthlessly distribute this happy Morgan family, when their rehearsals had almost fitted them for the great public service they aimed to monopolize, and so of course the end men of the combination have a right to be indignant.

But they have no right to throw dirt at the intelligent electors of this County because they have been cut off in their selfish designs. The men of York are not to be insulted, because they refuse to elevate the whole gang to places of honor and trust. They must be excused if they decline to forward the ambition of these promiscuous persons, but they will be made aware that their penalty is abuse and malignancy. The very day after the election Messrs. Gregory & Blair's organ made a most sweeping charge of bribery and corruption. It charged that "THE ELECTORS WERE BOUGHT UP JUST LIKE SO MANY SHEEP, AND THAT EVERY MAN THAT HAD HIS PRICE, VOTED FOR TEMPLE," and Mr. Gregory, on Declaration Day supplemented this gross insult to the electors by asserting that Mr. Temple MADE THE ELECTORS DRUNK AND CARTED THEM TO THE POLLS.

These are the foul accusations that Messrs. Gregory & Blair hurl against the honest yeomanry of York; this is the reward the electors of York are paid, because forsooth, they refused to bow the knee to the shrine of these corrupt political tricksters.

Says the Moncton *Times*:—"The Local Government lost all the stability it ever possessed when Mr. Elder died. Blair would probably have remained in opposition for a century had he lived that long, had not the late Mr. Elder gone to his aid. He certainly would not have been able to form a Government in the present Legislature without Mr. Elder's aid, and his blundering indicates that he will not be able to hold it together long. It does not take much to upset a Local Government, especially one with a leader like Blair."

The *World* says Monday the 28th inst., was the coldest in Chatham since Feb. 2nd, 1873, the mercury falling to 36° below the cipher. The morning of the 29th was the coldest experienced here this season, it was a cold day right through in fact for the Grits.

The "Farmer" and its Accusers.

The FARMER has had the misfortune to offend Messrs. Gregory & Blair during the recent campaign, and both these gentlemen have devoted much of their time on the public platform, in attempting to confute the hard facts we have put to them, but much more, in characteristic abuse of this Journal. We hope they have had full satisfaction, for the FARMER assures them that all their senseless drivel will not affect in the least, the manner in which we intend treating such politicians as they. The fact that both these gentlemen have held the FARMER up to public execration, whenever and wherever they have delivered themselves of surplus bile, is sufficient evidence that they have severely smarted under the lash it has applied to them. The FARMER wants no better proof of its strength and popularity in the County of York, or of the splendid service it did its party in the late contest, than to know that Messrs. Gregory & Blair, rail against it on every possible opportunity. We thought we had treated this precious pair with more consideration than they deserved. We have carefully eschewed publishing anything, that in calmer moments might be regretted, and we believe, Mr. Gregory at least will admit, that the FARMER in dealing with him, has treated him with greater leniency than he could have expected. The FARMER takes no stock in personal journalism, even in political discussions, and it proposes to continue that course in the future, even though these two lawyers may froth and fume and shout themselves hoarse in its denunciation.

We had felt disposed to allow the bitterness of the late contest to drop. In discussing the result in our last issue, we dealt temperately and fairly with the subject, and especially with the defeated candidate, whose unfortunate position we truly pitied, but on Declaration Day Mr. Gregory dug up all the old canvasses of the election, and made a most unwarrantable attack on the FARMER. One would have thought that Mr. Gregory although smarting under the crushing defeat administered to him, would have felt glad to have escaped so easily from the contest. He should have felt grateful to his opponents in and out of the press, for the generous treatment accorded him while his own style of attack deserved such different treatment in return. We were surprised that one so vulnerable as he, should court bitter controversy, and he ought to feel devoutedly thankful for the consideration he has received, especially from the FARMER, against which he seems desirous of making war.

However, we propose dropping Mr. Gregory just here. The electors of York have consigned him to political oblivion; his own party utter loud maledictions against him who has made shipwreck of, not only himself, but of those whose support he claimed, and we do not care to take the responsibility of keeping open his wounds, or dealing out further punishment to him in his present unfortunate position. With Attorney General Blair, however, we shall have much to say, and we entertain the hope, that the FARMER will yet have a leading hand in the destruction of his political pretensions, as it has cheerfully rendered what assistance it could, in nipping in the bud the aspirations of his business partner. In the meantime EXIT GREGORY.

Golden Dreams Unrealized.

If there is one individual who feels more keenly the defeat of Mr. Gregory, than Mr. Gregory himself, that individual is the Honorable Andrew G. Blair, for the present, Attorney General of New Brunswick. This Mr. Blair was not content with the control of the Local political machine. His thirst was not sufficiently slackened by the power and patronage he is permitted temporarily to enjoy, but like a certain historical gentleman, he sighed for more worlds to conquer. Mr. Blair after becoming Attorney General, swelled out to most unnatural proportions, and his appetite for glory, increased with his ability to satisfy it, until, alas! until the fatal twenty-ninth. He was Attorney General, his dear cousin-in-law and faithful henchman, that great patriot and statesman who had won his way to fame, by a single stroke of horse pedigree policy, sat beside him in the Assembly, next his business partner, must be hoisted into the House of Commons, and then would the machine control be complete.

But what a glorious deliverance from the latter calamity. For ten years Mr. Gregory had nursed the desire to be in Parliament, for ten years had he educated himself in all the methods of political device so ably illustrated by his partner, and the occasion for his vaulting into the long coveted position at last arrived. These gentlemen possibly had never stopped to consider that the electors of York would have a word to say before their farreaching plans could be fully carried to completion. They dreamed of the glorious time when Mr. Blair should fatten at the local board, while Mr. Gregory grew prosperous in the wider arena. But they have had a rude awakening. The County of York has laughed at the pretences of these two gentlemen, and they have crushed their fairy castles and trodden under foot the impertinent ambition, that two men of one firm should solely govern this constituency. The shout of victory that heralded Mr. Temple's election on the 29th of January last, was the funeral dirge of this attempted machine control, and the same voice echoed the final service of Mr. George F. Gregory's political burial.

The Intercolonial Railway.

The report of the Minister of Railways, gives a most satisfactory exhibit of the affairs of the Intercolonial. The gross earnings for the fiscal year ending last June, were $2,370,921, an increase of nearly $300,000 over the previous year. The net earnings were $10,547. The increased trade has been very large, necessitating, the purchase of $628,000 worth of new rolling stock. The minister also reports that the repairs and renewals have included the laying of 31 miles of new rails in the main track with 8 miles of sidings; the erection of 120 miles of snow and ordinary fencing; the building of 6 stations and 5 freight houses; a large wharf at Dorchester, and a new steel bridge over the river Laplanche. The expenditure on the extension into Halifax during the year amounted to $257,824, bringing up the total expenditure on terminal facilities in Halifax since the present government came into power to about half a million of dollars. The number of passengers carried by the railway was 873,600, an increase of nearly 100,000 over last year. There were 970,961 tons of freight carried, an increase of 132,000 tons over last year, while there was an increase in the car mileage of over 4,000,000 miles. The amount expended on canals during the year amounted to $1,697,000, which brings the total expenditure on our Canadian canal system up to $45,000,000. Of this amount the Imperial government have contributed over four million, the old government of Canada, over sixteen millions, and the government of Canada since confederation, twenty-four millions.

A Paralytic Stroke.

W. H. Howard, of Geneva, N. Y., suffered with palsy and generally debility, and spent a small fortune in advertised remedies, without avail, until he tried Burdock Blook Bitters. It purified and revitalized the blood, caused it to circulate freely, and quickly restored him to health.

An Unjustifiable Attack.

Mr. Gregory in the course of a most impolitic and intemperate speech on Declaration day, savagely attacked the Messrs. Burpee, for the part he alleged they took against him in the election. No language was too severe for him to characterize Mr. E. R. Burpee's opposition to him. He charged Mr. Burpee with "political perfidy," and asserted that Mr. Burpee had "turned Turk" upon him. His language applied to Hon. Isaac Burpee, though less severe, was none the less intended in a most hostile spirit. And all for what? Because the Messrs. Burpee, Mr. Gregory alleges, had in the exercise of their judgment, opposed Mr. George Gregory's election to the House of Commons. Surely we have reached a new stage of existence in this country, when men cannot choose whom they will for such a high position as Mr. Gregory desired. Because Mr. E. R. Burpee or any other gentleman opposes Mr. George Gregory, are they to submit to a castigation at his hands on a public platform? It struck his audience as highly impertinent and unjustifiable in Mr. Gregory to attack the Messrs. Burpee in their absence, and simply because they may not have furthered the ambition of Mr. George Gregory.

The FARMER, however, is quite convinced that these gentlemen stand too high in the estimation of the people of New Brunswick; their name, their enterprise and position, are too much respected to suffer from the uncalled for attacks on them by politicians of Mr. Gregory's stripe, and we only refer to the matter here, to show, that no difference how respectable men may be, they are not safe from the poisoned slings and arrows of this disappointed politician.

Sweet Revenge.

Last winter, Mr. Blair had scarcely become warmed in his seat in the government, before he without rhyme or reason, dismissed Mr. Temple from the shrievalty of York, a position that he had filled with credit and distinction, for nineteen years. Without a day's notice, Mr. Temple was ruthlessly cast aside, the Attorney General accompanying the dismissal, with language anything but becoming to the position which he held. At that moment Mr. Temple avowed to Mr. Blair, that he would have satisfaction, and how completely has Mr. Temple carried out his word. His dismissal was the sorriest job ever perpetrated by Messrs. Gregory & Blair. The worm has truly turned; the apparently harmless insect, has stung its pursuers to the quick, and left them writhing in the agony of downfall and defeat. Was ever more sure and speedy justice meted out to revengeful politicians? In the misery of their defeat, they will have time to reflect on the summary punishment dealt out to them for their disgraceful treatment of Mr. Temple, which he has so completely turned against them, and on the snubbing they have received from Government House, when they sought to carry out the full plans they had arranged for the displacement of public officials.

The Century Magazine.

Many noted names lend weight and importance to the table of contents of February CENTURY, either as subjects, or as contributors to the number. In the frontispiece is given one of Rembrandt's most effective paintings, engraved with a skill that has seldom been exceded in the magazine. This painting, "The Head of a Man," is from "The Hermitage" in St. Petersburg. The two articles on Dante are well calculated to extend the interest in his genius. Keats is also illustrated in a remarkable way by a full-page engraving of his life-mask. Edmund C. Stedman contributes a brief essay on Keats. With a picture of the graves of Keats and Severn in Rome is printed an editorial note containing the history of the life-mask and interesting biographical matter. "How Edwind Drood Was Illustrated," by Mrs. Alice Meynell, reveals considerable of the mystery" of Dickens's unfinished story, as it was partly revealed to Mr. Fildes (who was the illustrator), and partly anticipated by him. The "Bric-a-Brac" department has the benefit of a humorous sonnet by Robert Browning and of five short poems by Austin Dobson, which were inscribed in copies of his books presented to American friends. A full-page portrait of "Lieut-General Sheridan" is accompanied by a striking description of his military career, by General Badeau. George B. McClellan writes of "The Princes of the House of Orleans." George W. Cable's convincing polemic against "The Convict Lease System in the Southern States" is brought to the notice of the whole country besides, the fourth part of his serial story, "Dr. Sevier." The other fiction of the number is the third part of Robert Grant's "An Average Man" and a short story, "A First Love Letter," by J. S., of Dale. The illustrated papers not mentioned above are Titus Minson Coan's anecdotal sketch of "Gustave Courbet, Artist and Communist," including a full-page copy of his famous painting, "The Musician," one of the more noticeable paintings in the recent Bartholdi Loan Exhibition; a beautifully illustrated paper by Rowland E. Robinson on "Merinos in America," the text of which is importance to sheep breeders; and the first paper in "The Cruise of the Alice May," a series describing a cruise made among the islands and along the shores of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, with a large variety of useful as well as instructive reading.

St. Nicholas for February

Is a bright, crisp, and cheerful midwinter number, and the seasonable frontispiece.—an original wood-engraving, by Elbridge Kingsley,-is called "A Midwinter Night." Accompanying the frontispiece is a paper, entitled "An Engraver on Wheels," which gives a pleasant and instructive account of wood-engraving in general, and, in particular, of Mr. Kingsley's peculiar methods of work, and of his peripatetic studio, a veritable house on wheels, in which he lives, eats, sleeps, and drives about from place to place, for months together, transferring to the block and engraving whatever strikes his fancy.

Another wintry feature which will find a merry welcome is "The Brownies on Skates," one of Palmer Cox's funnily illustrated poems; "Griselda's Reception" is an amusingly told story of child-life; St, Valentine's Day is commemorated with some very pretty verses, W. O. Stoddard's serial "Winter Fun," is just as timely and even more entertaining than before.

"Historic Boys," a series of sketches, by E. S. Brooks, which bids fair to be of unusual interest, begins in this number with "Marcus of Rome, the Boy Magistrate," a vividly written account of some incidents in the boy-life of the Emperor Marcus Aurelius; Mayne Reid tells in "The Land of fire" of a thrilling pursuit and escape of its heroes in a manner which explains how that country derived its name; Albert Durer is the subject of one of Mrs. Clement's popular "Art and Artists" papers, while Louisa M. Alcott's second "Spinning-wheel Story," entitled "Tabby's Table cloth," is a tale of the Revolution and the Rebellion that will be eagerly read by boys and girls alike.

A charming poem, called "Drifting," by E. Vinton Blake, is illustrated by Will H. Low; G. E. Barnes has done a like office for O. P. Cranch's poem, "Phaeton"; and J. C. Beard and J. M. Nugent have made interesting pictures for a descriptive sketch of the "Pigmy Trees and Miniature Landscapes" of Japan and China, by J. R. Coryell.

Pacific Railway Construction.

The minister of Railways reports that of the 215 miles being built by the government the track is laid on 93 miles; about 100 miles more are graded and the balance is rapidly approaching completion. The whole will be completed by September next. Of the 1900 miles under contract by the Canadian Pacific railway company, 1200 miles are completed, leaving only 700 to be built. Of their subsidy that company have received $12,300,000 in and 11,000,000 acres of land. The report of the government chief engineer, made after recent personal inspection of the whole road, shows that the line has been well and substantially built, the larger streams being spanned by strong iron bridges, resting upon abutments and piers of massive masonery. In addition to the 1200 miles of main line completed, the company have over 300 miles of branch lines under construction most of which are completed, for which they received no subsidy whatever.

ECHOES OF THE CONTEST.

Press Comments on Mr. Temple's great victory.

St. John Telegraph.

We do not underrate the significance of the result.

Truro Sun.

This is the greatest victory ever won in Canada by the N. P.

St. John Sun.

The Grits will boast no more of York as their "banner county."

Moncton Times.

Gregory had everything in his favor—except the sentiments of the people.

Moncton Transcript.

This is a most unexpected reverse for the Liberals of the metropolitan county

Montreal Gazette.

It is impossible to over-estimate the importance and significance of the election.

Moncton Times.

Blair's bridge must be a poor affair. Gregory broke through on the first trial trip.

Carleton Sentinel.

The result is a marked and decided triumph for the Government as it is for Mr. Temple.

St. John Globe.

We must, admit that York has gone back on herself; that the Liberal party is beaten there.

Halifax Chronicle.

It must be acknowledged that the Ottawa Government have won a substantial victory in York.

St. Croix Courier.

The electors of York have, by their votes. consigned Mr. Gregory to the depths of political oblivion.

St. John News.

York electors merit the thanks of the whole body of National Policy supporters throughout the Dominion.

St. John Sun.

The Fredericton press did grand service for the Liberal-Conservative party during the York campaign.

St. John Telegraph.

Our opponents should never be in a position to say that our candidate is not the choice of the party.

Chatham Advance.

There is no getting around the fact, that the victory is as decisive for the Conservatives, as it is unexpected.

St. John Sun.

"As Fredericton goes, so goes York," proved true again Mr. Gregory failing to even carry the city in which he resides.

Chathom Advance.

The Conservatives are to be congratulated on a marked victory, when nearly everything seemed to be in their opponents favor.

St. John News.

The victory won by Mr. Thomas Temple was quite the most remarkable achieved since the last general Dominion election by either party.

Moncton Times.

It is an old saying to speak well of the bridge that carries one safely across. But Gregory will not have many good words for Blair's bridge.

Chatham World.

It is a great victory for the Government, and a good illustration of the popular contempt for the anti-Tory cry that the Grits make so much use of in election contests.

Halifax Recorder.

The ludicrous disaster in York should be a lesson to Liberals in both New Brunswick and Nova Scotia to organize and conduct their campaigns upon intelligent principles.

Moncton Times.

The backbone of winter is broken and if we are not mistaken, Andrew G. Blair's political vertebrae received a wrench in York from which it will never fully recover.

St. John Globe.

The Conservative party has, within a year, made enormous gains in the County of York, and there has been a rapid conversion of people to Conservative principles and practices.

Moniteur Acadien.

The election of Mr. Temple, is a regular "flattening out," not only for Mr. Gregory, but still more for Mr. Blair, and his government, who moved sea and earth in the interests of Mr. Gregory.

St. John Telegraph.

We should learn wisdom from the things we suffer, and whatever the reasons may be, that we have to lower our flag before the enemy, let us see to it that they never lose us another constituency.

Halifax Herald.

We congratulate Mr. Temple and the Liberal-conservatives of York. We outsiders did them the injustice of thinking them over confident. But it appears that they knew what they were about.

Fredericton Reporter.

Mr. Temple, M. P., goes to Ottawa, occupying a very proud position. He is the first Liberal-Conservative who has yet represented York. His election is the grandest victory yet achieved in the Dominion.

Moncton Times.

The Liberal-Conservatives of York won a glorious victory on Tuesday. The *Times* extends greetings to the FARMER, *Capital* and *Reporter*, which did such good work. The St. John *Sun* did excellent work, keeping the *Telegraph* well in hand.

Woodstock Press.

The old Liberal party of York has redeemed the fair fame of the constituency represented so long, and so ably, by Charles Fisher and Lemuel A. Wilmot by defeating Mr. Gregory, the representative of the old Tory-Grit clique, which has been masquerading for the last fifteen years as Liberals.

Sackville Post.

The great re-action against Toryism is marching on! "McDonaldism must go!" The return of Mr. Temple by 178 votes over Mr. Gregory on the 29th ult., when eighteen months ago the Conservative candidate was defeated by 917 votes, is another evidence of the strength of popular sentiment in favor of the N. P.

St. John Freeman.

The election of Mr. Temple, in York Co., was a surprise and a dissappointment to the Liberals in other parts of the Province, who, judging from the action of the county in former contests, and from the alleged popularity of the Liberal candidate, felt satisfied that, while Mr. Gregory could not be expected to poll the large vote usually given to the late Mr. Pickard, his election was sure.

Ottawa Telegram.

One thing that will expedite business not a little in Parliament is the crushing defeat sustained by the opposition in the York election. All the zip has been taken out of the gentlemen to the left of Mr. Speaker, and the unkindest part of it all is, that they had begun to pluck up a little courage and cultivate an exterior of confidence and pleasantry, to which they have long been strangers.

Montreal Gazette.

It this contest the leader of the local government threw his whole power into the scale in favour of the grit candidate. Mr. Blair, the leader of the government, and the representative of the county took the stump and worked night and day for his friend and partner, Mr. Gregory. He appealed to the electors on personal grounds, urged that the issue had become one of confidence in himself and made the mistake of saying, of confidence in his government also, and implored them not to weaken that government by the election of a political opponent for the constituency which he represented. But all to no effect.

Halifax Mail.

Thomas Temple, the new M. P. for York, has risen to his present position by indomitable pluck and hard work. He was for many years a partner in business with the late John Pickard, M. P. He accumulated wealth and took an active part in the development of the county. He was one of the earliest and most active premoters of York's railway interests. For nineteen years he was sheriff of the county, and discharged his duties with rare tact and integrity. If he erred it was on the side of the unfortunate and distressd. He was not the man to harass the poor or despoil the weak. His triumphant conversion of the a grit majority of 917 into a liberal conservative majority of 178 speaks personal volumes for his popularity and influence.

CURRENT COIN.

Subscribe for the MARITIME FARMER only $1 a year.

Photographing on silk and linen is now successfully practised in London.

Some New York dealers keep sealskin sacques and silk, fur lined dolmans for hire. Rents run from $3 to $5 a week.

The Catholic missionaries in China are reported to have been badly treated since the recent troubles with France commened.

Imitation oysters ingeniously glued to the shell, are still sold to the Paris public for the real article. They are flavored with copper.

A Chicago Life Insurance Association has just come to grief, its outstanding policies amounting to $300,000, and its cash funds to 37 cents.

When the iron miners of Pennsylvania can earn but sixty-two cents a day, further "allusion to the pauper labor of Europe" is far fetched.

The first discovery of tin in the United States is announced. It is alleged to have been found at King's Mountains, Cleveland, County, North Carolina.

Prices of eggs in Boston market are higher this week than they have been quoted before since 1865, and it is conjectured that the hens have struck for higher wages.

A tramp recently got a long free ride over the Northern Pacific Railroad by taking up his quarters in a hearse which was carried on a flat car with a house built over it.

A poor creature, while blasphemously personating Christ at a party of roysterers, at Jenkintown, Pa., Thursday night, was taken suddenly ill and the next morning was found dead in his bed.

William Coombs a farmer forty years of age, living five miles south of Elgin, Ill., cut his wife's throat last week. In her dying agony she wrenched the weapon from him and stabbed him fatally.

General James Longstreet, formerly of the Confederate army, is reported to be in his dotage, though he is only 63 years old. His infirmities are mostly the result of wounds received during the war.

At the great fancier's show in New York one pigeon-raiser exhibited 230 birds of all varieties of the pigeon tribe. Some of the tumbles cannot rise six inches from the floor without turning over twice.

Eight years ago a poor New York mechanic invented the glove fastener—a piece of cord about six inches long and a dozen little hooks or buttons. He now owns a block of houses that would sell for $500,000.

It is a very remarkable fact that the watch which King William III. wore when crossing the Boyne is still going and in good repair. It is in possession of the Rev. R. Beacher, Lakelands, Skibbereen, County Cork.

Careful estimates place the value of William H. Vanderbilt's outfit, when he drives, at $150,000. This includes, horses, sleigh, harness, diamonds, and the sealskin garments with which he envelopes his whole frame.

An English Veterinary Surgeon, now in this country, says that *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* are superior to any he knows of in England, as they are absolutely pure. He denounces the large package fraud and warns people not to buy them.

T. W. Follows of Cleveland, Ohio, claims that he has invented a system by which instantaneous and absolutely permanent photographs can be taken upon any substance having a smooth surface by the action of electricity. The expense is less than a cent for each picture.

The police of Paris have declared war on the organ-grinders, and these itinerent musicians are to be banished from the French capital. The charge is made that they are the accomplices of thieves, who robbed in the rear while they attracted attention in the front of a house.

Two boys, each nineteen years old, were hanged at Mount Vernon, Ind., last week for the murder of a lad two years younger, in order to take from him a few dollars which he had earned and saved. They sang and prayed on the scaffold, exhorting the crowd to beware of evil associations.

According to Mr. Edison it won't be long before electricity will take the place of all other illuminators. He claims that within four years it will exclude even so cheap a competitor as kerosene, and the electric light can be furnished at less cost than any other illumination known to the world.

A train on the Union Pacific met with a curious obstruction recently in a flock of 1200 or 1500 antelopes. These animals were running on the road-bed, finding it the easiest road for traveling, and kept a short distance ahead of the engine as it slowed up. They delayed the train half or three-quarters of an hour.

A few days since a private in the Hampshire Regiment at Gosport, in England, called upon the Almighty to strike him blind. A little while afterward he felt drowsy and threw himself on a bed. On trying to open his eyes he could not do so, and he is now under treatment in the Haslar Military Hospital, not having recovered his sight.

It is considered almost certain that this Congress will not approriate money to build any more steel cruisers, and possibly may refuse to complete those that have been begun, for it is believed by some naval men, that if complete they will be failures. A member of the Naval Committee says that no guns in the country can be placed in them, neither is there a foundry where they can be cast, and to construct a plant where such guns could be made, would cost a million dollars.

The wild boy who was captured some time ago in the Santa Rosa Mountains, in the State of San Luis Potosi, and was taken to Tancanhultz, appears to be untamable. He would neither learn to speak nor the customs of civilization. He has subsisted on vegetables and fruits and such roots as he could find, but the other day he seized a child three years old, and choking it, devoured all its left arm and part of its face. When detected he tried to flee with his prey, but was captured. The child died of its injuries.

According to the Brooklyn *Eagle*, the first water-works in the United States were constructed at Bethlehem, Pa., in 1762. The forcepumps were driven by an undershot water-wheel. The works were calculated to raise the water 70 feet perpendicular height; subsequently increased to 114 feet. These works were in operation as late as 1832. The first rasing main was made of gum wood as far as it was subject to great pressure, the rest of pitch pine. In 1786 leaden pipes were substituted. In 1813 they were changed for iron.

Christie Castle is one of the curiosities of Cleveland, Ohio. He is less than four feet in height. His wife is six feet two. He was born in the North of Ireland, and is the father of six children. Yesterday Christie Cattle and Edward Crane, of Warrenville, signed articles to spar six three-minute rounds, with soft gloves, Marquis of Queensberry rules, for $50 a side and gate money. Both men are in active training. Castle is 52 years of age, and his height is three feet nine inches. Crane is three feet six, and 40 years of age. Both are very muscular little men

An unusually interesting funeral occured lately in England, when the body of Mrs Healy, the eccentric keeper of a fruit stall, was laid away to rest in the quiet mould of Finchley Cemetery. She had been a miser and died the possessor of a considerable sum of money. In her will she expressed a wish to be buried in white satin, and to be carried to the grave from by four men in clean white smocks. She also directed that £10 should be spent in refreshments by the mourners after the ceremony. A further sum of 10s. was to be spent in long clay pipes and tobacco. The wishes of the diseased were carried out in every particular.

Tulare Lake in California is rapidly drying up. A few years ago it was 33 miles long by 21 miles wide, but now it is only 15 by 8 miles in area. This result is attributed to the destruction of the forests on the mountains, and more especially the trapping of the water courses by which the lake is fed, and the boring of artesian wells. It is impossible for the lake to maintain itself under these circumstances, and it is doomed to eventual disappearance, as the work of irrigation will be carried on with increasing activity and its sources of supply absorbed. One other reason for its rapid contraction is the small volume of its waters, it being one of the shallowest lakes in the world. The land left dry by the subsidence of the water is found to be very rich for agricultural purposes.

The Best Proof.—THE GLOBE

"I sell more Burdock Blood Bitters than I do of any other preparation in stock," says B. Jackes, druggist, Toronto. If the reader will ask any druggist in the city he will get a similar answer to his query—a proof that it is the most popular medicine for the blood, liver and kidneys known.

DEVER BROS.

GRAND

HOLIDAY SALE!

OF

DRESS GOODS,

SHAWLS,

Mantle Cloths,

BERLIN WOOL GOODS,

Kid Mitts and Gloves, Muffs and Boas.

GENTS'

Silk Handkerchiefs.

FANCY GOODS

IN GREAT VARIETY.

☞ All at Special Low Prices.

DEVER BROTHERS.

Fredericton, Dec 12

Davis, Staples & Co.,

Queen Street, Fredericton.

To select a tasty or useful Christmas Present that will be acceptable, go to the Drug Store of DAVIS, STAPLES & CO., Fisher's Building, where will be found a beautiful and elegant assortment of CHRISTMAS GOODS, and a large stock of Toilet and Fancy Goods, including Perfumes, Colognes, Cut Glass Bottles, Toilet Sets, Wallets, Razors, Pipes, and quantities of nice goods, useful and ornamental, suitable for HOLIDAY GIFTS, which will be sold at prices that will be within the reach of the most limited means.

☞ Call and examine our goods, and see the assortment you have to select from.

DAVIS, STAPLES & Co.

Opposite City Hall.

December 19, 1883

CLOVES. CLOVES. CLOVES.

A large lot of BUCK, ANTELOPE, CALF, KID, CLOTH, and CLANSMORE GLOVES, lined and unlined. For driving or walking purposes.

C. H. THOMAS & CO.,

Gents' Furnishers, and Custom Shirt Makers.

Fredericton, Oct. 10, 1883.

FAILING!

That is what a great many people are doing. They don't know just what is the matter, but they have a combination of pains and aches, and each month they grow worse.

The only sure remedy yet found, is Davis' Quinine Iron and Wine, and this by rapid and thorough assimilation with the blood, purifies and enriches it, and rich, strong blood flowing to every part of the system repairs the wasted tissues, drives out disease and gives health and strength.

This is why Davis' Quinine, Iron and Wine will cure Dispepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Malaria, Intermittent Fevers, General Debility, etc. etc.

BURTON, Sun. Co., July 17, 1883

GEO. H. DAVIS:

DEAR SIR,—I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and for several weeks could eat nothing, and was growing weaker every day. I tried Davis' Quinine, Iron and Wine, and am happy to say I now have a good appetite and am getting stronger.

Yours,

JOSEPH MCCAWLEY

Davis' Quinine Iron and Wine is not a drink and does not contain whiskey. It is a simple preparation of Iron and Quinine that causes no injurious effects. Get the genuine. Ask for Davis' and take no other. Price 50 cents. Prepared only by

GEO. H. DAVIS,

Cor. Queen & Regent Sts.

Fredericton, Jan. 22, 1884

JANUARY 9th, 1884.

REDUCTION

IN THE FOLLOWING

WINTER GOODS:

Cloths,

Shawls,

Blankets,

Comfortables,

Clouds,

Jackets,

—AND—

Furs of all Descriptions.

OUR ANNUAL

REMNANT SALE

—IS IN—

FULL BLAST.

Some Decided Bargains.

JOHN J. WEDDALL,

Opposite Normal School,

QUEEN STREET FREDERICTON.

FALL

1883 AND 1883

WINTER.

Tennant, Davies & Co.,

ARE NOW SHOWING

DRESS GOODS,

Newest Materials.

Mantles and Ulstercloths,

In Plain and Fancy.

Shawls, Mantles,

AND

FUR LINED CIRCULARS.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Fur Capes, Fur Muffs, Fur Boas, Fur Caps, &c.

FANCY WOOL GOODS

In every variety.

☞ In fact all Departments are replete with all the NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON.

ALSO:

Camp Blanketing,

White and Gray Blankets,

Horse Blankets,

Jumpers,

Homespun Shirts and Pants

Knit Shirts and Drawers,

Reefers, Ulsters, &c., &c.

Inspection Respectfully Solicited.

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.,

Directly Opp. Normal School,

Queen Street, Fredericton.

October, 17, 1883

NOTICE.

GEORGE L. HOYT of Prince William, York County, Merchant, has this day executed a deed of assignment, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. Said deed is now at the office of J. A. & W. Vanwart Fredericton, Barristers, or inspection and signature.

Dated this 11th day of January, 1884.

WESLEY VANWART, *Trustee*

1 month