The "Maritime Farmer,"

a Weekly Journal, devoted to AGRICULTURE, POLITICS, LITERATURE and NEWS, is published from the Office.

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FREDERICTON, N. B.,

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THE MARITIME FARMER having a larger circulation than any other paper published in Central New Brunswick, furnishes a most desirable medium for advertising.

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☞ Address all communications to

L. C. MACNUTT,
Editor and Manager,
FREDERICTON, N. B.

Maritime Farmer.

FREDERICTON, N. B., October 22, 1884.

THE DRAWING ROOM

AT

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

ON

WEDNESDAY, 22nd October,

WILL TAKE PLACE AT

NINE, P. M.

ORDINARY EVENING DRESS.

☞ Ladies and Gentlemen who purpose attending, are requested to bring TWO CARDS, with their names legibly written thereon.

(Signed) MELGUND,
Governor-General's Sec'y

IMPORTANT.

We have had a most hearty response to our offer to send the FARMER to new subscribers from October 1st, 1884, to December 31st, 1885, FOR ONE DOLLAR, and it still remains open. Back numbers to October 1st, the date on which our new story was commenced, will be forwarded to those who wish to, but have not taken advantage of this opportunity to secure the best family newspaper published in Fredericton, for FIFTEEN MONTHS, FOR ONE DOLLAR.

☞ There are still a number of old subscribers in arrears, and we invite them to remit the amount due before their accounts are placed in other hands for collection. All amounts received will be promptly acknowledged through the paper.

Viceregal Visitors.

This afternoon, Fredericton will have the pleasure for the first time of receiving a visit from Lord Lansdowne, Governor General of Canada and his amiable lady the Marchioness of Lansdowne.

Their visit is not an official one, being a mere holiday trip. Lady Landsdowne is a niece of Lord Russell, Commander-in-Chief of the British garrison at Halifax, and with her husband, has been visiting her relative in that city. It was on the invitation of Governor Wilmot, we believe, that they consented to pay Fredericton a flying visit, and in accordance with their own wishes, no public demonstration, except social and civic courtesies, has been planned.

His Excellency and suite, will arrive at 5 o'clock this afternoon by special train from St. John, and will be received at the Railway Station by a guard of honor of one hundred men from the Infantry School Corps, under command of Major Gordon, and led by the Band of the Corps. The party will be driven to Government House, where they will be guests during their stay in this city. In the evening at 7 o'clock, His Excellency will be entertained to dinner, the invited guests, including prominent political, civic, church and military dignitaries, after which, he and Lady Lansdowne will hold a reception at 9 P. M.

To-morrow, at 10.30 A. M., in the Assembly Chamber, His Excellency will be presented with an Address by the City Council, when the public will, no doubt, have an opportunity of hearing his reply thereto.

In their Address to the Governor General, the City Council will extend to him a cordial welcome, It is not unlikely that reference will be made to the distinguished career of Lord Lansdowne's father, who for many years filled important positions in the Imperial Government, and to his own prominence from an early age in the management of British affairs. The address may note the fact, that Fredericton has nearly completed a century of existence, and in this connexion Lord Lansdowne may be reminded of the loyalty of the founders of Fredericton, who took up their homes in what was then a howling wilderness, inhabited only by Indians and wild beasts. The address would naturally conclude by a reference to past visits of Royalty and representatives of the Imperial authority and with kindly wishes for the success and happiness of the Governor General and Lady Lansdowne.

At the conclusion of the reading of the address and His Excellency's reply, the representatives of the city and others will be presented to the vice-regal party, after which they will take carriages and visit various interesting points in and around the city, including the Cathedral University and Marysville, after which luncheon will be served at Government House, and the distinguished visitors will leave by train at 5 P. M., for St. John, *en route* to Ottawa.

This is the best information the FARMER could gather up to noon to-day, and may be relied upon as, in the main, correct. It may be remarked however, that there has been a delightful uncertainty about the proposed movements of the vice-regal party, which has not been dispelled by official action.

Henry Charles Keith Fitzmaurice, Lord Lansdowne, succeeded his father in 1866, and is the fifth of his family who has held the present title, it having been created in 1784 by George III. He was born, January 14th, 1845, and is therefore in his fortieth year. Educated at Eton and Baliol College, he graduated and and in 1868, commenced what bids fair to become a brilliant and useful career. At the age of twenty-three, he was appointed a Commissioner of the Exchequor of Great Britain and of the Treasury of Ireland which he held from 1868 to 1872. During Mr. Gladstone's first administration, he was appointed Under Secretary of War in 1872, and held the office till the Government went out in 1874. On Mr. Gladstone's second advent to power in 1880, he was appointed Under Secretary of State for India, an office which he retained only for a short time.

Lord Lansdowne in 1869, was married to Lady Maud Evelyn Hamilton youngest daughter of the Duke of Abercorn, and has two sons and two daughters living. His eldest child is a daughter; his eldest son is Henry William Esmond, known as the Earl of Kerry, and is twelve years of age. Allied to the Duke of Abercorn, the head of the noble house of Hamilton, by marriage with the present Duke, Lord Lansdowne is connected with the highest of Britain's aristocracy, and is regarded as a young peer of great promise. He was appointed to the Governor Generalship of Canada, August 18th, 1883, and arrived at Quebec, October, 22nd, one year ago to-day, where he was sworn in the following day. His first public speech in Canada was in reply to an address from the Corporation of Quebec, presented the same day. This is his first visit to the Maritime Province, and at Truro, Halifax, Kentville, Annapolis and St. John, he has been warmly welcomed by the people.

Honoring Mr. Costigan.

"While Ontario, the other day, attending the inaugural ceremonies of the Trent Valley Canal," says the Ottawa *Sun*, Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Inland Revenue, was waited on by a large representative body of Catholic gentleman of that town and the surrounding district who presented him with an address. A noticeable and pleasing feature of the event was the fact that those who united to do honor to Mr. Costigan comprised members of both political parties. Liberals, as well as Conservatives, took part in the affair and signed the address, thus bearing testimony to the estimation in which the representative Irish Catholic in the Cabinet is held by his fellow countrymen and co-religionists.

Mr. Costigan in reply to the address, after expressing the pleasure he felt at being so warmly greeted by members of both political parties, said few men in public life could point to a more consistent and steady, though humble support of their party, than he. When his friends were defeated in '73 and his old and respected Chief found himself the leader of a small minority, it was not political necessity that made him, Mr. C., remain in the Conservative ranks. He, at that time, he said, relied more on his personal strength in his constituency than upon any aid that could be given him by either political party, but he felt that having had no reason to sever his connection with his party in the days of their strength and their prosperity, it would be cowardly to abandon them in the hour of adversity, and defeat. But while he continued, he claimed to be an earnest Conservative, he wished to assure them that there never was a time in his past record, nor did he believe a time would come in the future, when he would sacrifice his principles as an Irish Catholic to party purposes. He believed he had in the past given some proofs of this. On the New Brunswick school question he fought the battle of the minority fearlessly, and determinedly, uninfluenced in the slightest degree by what might be the effect on his party.

When the people of Ireland were suffering from famine a few years ago, he brought the matter under the notice of his leader, and found that the matter had already attracted his attention and sympathy, and, to the credit of the Government and Parliment of Canada be it said, a liberal grant was sent to relieve the Irish sufferers. He was, in '82, selected by Irishmen in most of the cities and towns in Canada to move the "Irish Resolutions" in Parliament. In that case, as in the present, the signatures of many good and staunch Reformers were attached to the memorials and petitions forwarded to him, Mr. Costigan, as the mover of the resolutions. Few men, he said, even among the most sanguine of our own people, counted on so complete a success as crowned that movement. And he hoped that the importance of that success would not be undervalued by those most deeply affected by it. He claimed that the position of Irishmen in Canada was bettered by that success, because it created a better feeling between them and their fellow-Canadians of other origins; and it dealt a serious blow at the unreasonable prejudices that had unfortunately existed against our people.

Subsequently Mr. Costigan was entertained at lunch by the signers of the address.

Hon. Isaac Burpee, who is in poor health, is visiting New York.

Mr. Blair's organ publishes an article with a suggestive heading, "the need of capital." Has the subsidy given out so soon?

"The Local Government has directed the publication of a hand book on the Province, which is an advanced stage of preparation." says Mr. Blair's subsidized organ. We may add that the hand book in question is being prepared by one of the editors of Mr. Blair's organ, and that the sum this little diversion is to cost, will be someting over five hundred dollars. A personal organ is a pretty expensive thing, but the money don't come out of Mr. Blair's pocket. It constitutes a draft on the Provincial Treasury.

Mr. Blairs organ asks:—"Can an officer who has served many years faithfully, be superannuated merely because he happens to hold different political opinions from the temporary representative of the constituency in which he lives? Yes it seems so. Mr. Temple and Mr. Vanwart and Mr. Fisher and Mr. Black and Mr. Wells and numerous others, were "superannuated," by Mr. Blair, because Mr. Blair alleged that these gentlemen "held different political opinions, from the temporary representative of the constituency in which they lived."

That Questionable Transaction.

(Chatham World).

The $600 and $100 were expended on the private wharf properties. It was the Surveyor General who who was applied to for the money, but Mr. Blair must have known all about it, of course. His statement is, therefore, wanting in frankness.

Press Amenities at Moncton.

(Transcript.)

The *Times* facetiously refers to the *Transcript* as "the little organ up street." If our contemporary refers to the *Transcript* newspaper, most people will agree that it is quite as large as the pap-fed organ down street, and certainly is a much more reputable organ. Besides, if the *Transcript* is a little organ, it manages to keep its confrere down the street at the boiling point most of the time. If the *Times'* reference is intended as a personal application to the editor or the *Transcript*, all that need be said is that he cannot help being small any more than the editor of the *Times* can help being a very ordinary looking person, or, as friend Milner, of the *Post*, would say, a common looking fellow with fully developed pedal extremities.

A BUDGET OF NEWS.

Culled, Clipped and Collected from Everywhere.

The cholera is fast subsiding in Italy.

Britian urges Egypt to disband her army.

Portland, Oregon, will not have the Chinese.

A miner, died at Honesdale, Pa., from the effects of a rat bite.

Silver has been struck in Georgia which yields $2,000 a ton.

Four hundred persons have been injured by a cyclone in Italy.

The crater of an extinct volcano has been found in New Jersey.

Row boats have passed the first cataract of the Nile with ease.

Bogus Newfoundland bank bills are said to be in circulation in Canada.

Hon. Mr. Masson has been appointed Lieut. Governor of the Province of Quebec.

A Toronto tradesmen is being prosecuted for pushing the trade by guessing at buttons.

A new naval war college for the United States is to be established at Newport, Rhode Island.

Edmund W. H. Fairweather, of the *Sun* has been appointed a clerk in the St. John post office.

The Scott Act was sustained at Charlottetown, P. E. Island, on Thursday by a majority of forty.

A barrel of whiskey exploded in a saloon at Canton, Mississippi, from spontaneous combustion.

Major Wilson, of Kingston, Ontario has been attached to the Royal Artillery and goes to Egypt.

An employee, suing his employer damages arising from injury received, was non-suited at Brantford, Ontario.

Crops in North and South Carolina are almost ruined by drought, which has lasted for more than three months.

Seven friends met recently at Eastville, Upper Stewiacke, N. S., whose joint ages exceeded five hundred years.

Provisions for the interchange of money orders between France and Algeria and the Dominion have been made.

From the report of the American Board of Missions it transpires that missionary work in China has not been impeded by the war.

The Chilian Minister of War has decided to fortity the seaport of Valparaiso and arm it with the best artillery of modern manufacture.

A Collingwood, Ontario, burglar left his coat in a house which he had visited professionally, and thus furnished a clue to his capture.

The Lieut-Governor of Ontario has issued a proclamation creating Algoma and Thunder Bay the large disputed territory, a new judicial district.

The Imperial Government and the United States are trying to make the extradition treaty wide enough to include defaulting bank cashiers, etc.

Trouble is anticipated from the rapid extension of a religious sect in Russia, which, while remaining loyal to the Government, denies the Czar's religious supremacy.

Lord Rosse, the owner of the largest telescope in the world, is in Philadelphia at present, a guest of Mr. George W. Childs. From Philadelphia he goes to Princeton, and thence to Canada.

Oleomargarine is reported to be still sold in New York in considerable quantities, a great deal being exported to Holland, where it is worked up into "bosh" butter for the English market.

The principal of a female seminary at Madison, Indiana, was knocked down in the school and horsewhipped by the father of a girl whom the professor had punished for whispering in class.

Mrs. Julia Seeley, wife of a hotel keepsr at Mervale, has been arrested in Kingston, Ont., on a charge preferred by her husband of attempting to poison him by putting paris green in a glass of beer.

Judge Rigby, on the 16th inst., at Antigonish, N. S., sentenced Francis Bowie to be hanged on the eighth day of January next, for being an accessory, with his son, in the murder of one McDonald.

Since he has attained his majority in 1868, the Duke of Norfolk has, in one way or another, given more than $2,500,000 to the Roman Catholic Church, besides princely sums devoted to private charities.

Dr. C. W. Hewson has successfully removed from the mouth of Miss Austin, of River Philip, Nova Scotia, a tumor of four months' standing, which had grown rapidly until it was the size of a hen's egg.

Prince Bismarck cordially approves of England's proposed protectorate of New Guinea, and Germany is willing to assist in its execution in return for England's assistance in establishing and consolidating German settlements in Africa.

It is announced in Cincinnati, upon private and authoritative information, that President Arthur and Miss Tille Frelinghuysen, daughter of Secretary Frelinghuysen, are engaged to be married, and the wedding will take place during the second week of January next.

On the opening of the British Parliament a commission will be appointed to inquire into the state of the navy, and the Admiralty will ask for an increased grant for shipbuilding to enable it to give orders to private firms for the construction of swift, heavy armed, light armored vessels.

Joseph Rusan, Percy, writes: "I was induced to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for a lameness which troubled me for three or four years, and found it the best article I ever tried. It has been a great blessing to me." Beware of similarly named articles; they are imitations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

Social circles in Albert county are excited about the promised marriage of an Albert county lady and an Albert county man, which was to have taken place the other evening. The invited guests and clergyman were on hand, so was the intended bride and her attendants, but the groom failed to come to time and the ceremony had to be postponed.

Advices from Jamaica state that Mr. Solemon has given notice that on the first meeting he will move in the Legislative Council that in the opinion of the Council it will be for the general interest of that island that steps should be taken for negotiating and concluding arrangements for its political and commercial confederation with the Dominion of Canada.

Heavy rain storms prevailed throughout Jamaica on the 17th and succeeding days. On the evening of the 17th, the rain fall was reported 6 23-100 inches. Railway bridges being inundated two feet, railway trains passed with much danger and difficulty between Kingston and Spanishtown. Telegraphic communication was interrupted throughout the land.

Friday afternoon a distressing accident occurred at Geo. Rix's farm, near Pass Lake, about three miles from Orillia, Ont. Rix was threshing, and, when about finishing, his two little boys went up into the mow to play among the straw. One of them, about 10 years of age, tumbled over the beam and into the mouth of the machine. He was immediately swept in and torn to pieces.

The situation of the Cuban army owing to its suspension of monthly pay is pitiable. The soldiers have received no money for six months, and some have had none for a much longer time. The officers are at the mercy of the usurers to obtain the necessaries of life for their families. The civil and military police are also unpaid. In several of the interior towns the troops have taken food by force.

Every observer who walks the streets of a great city, and scans with intelligent eye the colorless faces of more than fifty per cent. of the people he meets, can easily agree with us in the statement, that this age, which makes such drafts upon the working energies of the greater part of man in the intense pursuit of business, has destroyed in a proportionate degree the animal health and robust constitution. Nature in this stage of exhaustion, cannot be restored of itself, but requires some stimulating tonic, to strengthen and keep the system in regular order, and in Northrop & Lyman's Quinine Wine we have the exact remedy required. The peculiar operation of this medicine, in cases of general debility and nervous prostration, has undergone long and close observation, and it is believed it will never fail, if properly and judiciously administered. Prepared by Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, and sold by all druggists

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Newsy Notes and Notions of Everything.

Paris is to have three lines of underground railway.

Milwaukee has a "lady" rag-picker who is worth $40,000

The steamship *Umbria* on her trial trip made 24 miles an hour.

The total strength of the British army in Egypt on Sept 22 was 13,559.

One hundred New Jersey girls have bound themselves not to marry any man who chews tobacco.

Stringent laws against swearing have recently been passed in Spain, the evil having become a serious one.

Baird's French Ointment will cure the Itch in a few days, cures Salt Rheum, Chapped Hands, Scald Head, Obstinate Sores and Wounds. Sold by dealers.

John Chinamen has a new trick to play against the American restriction laws. He goes to Havana, gets naturalized, and enters the United States as a Spanish subject.

The city of St. John's, Newfoundland, has got a livery stable, the first in its history, with four horses and three single wagons, and the people are greatly elated over the novelty.

A sea serpent, "with black horns like fish-hooks," has been seen off Egg Harbour Inlet by a Jerseyman named Dudzy, who says it looked like a cross between the devil and a submarine shingle mill.

According to the London *Graphic* there is living in Llyeta, Japan, a family all of whose members have reached the age of 100 years, and there has been no exception since the family was founded A. D. 730.

NO LADY who delights in flowers, and likes to see them do well and bloom abundantly, should be without *Hanington's Food for Flowers*. Ordinary packages 30c. sufficient for twenty plants for one year.

In the centre of a cake of ice harvested last winter, was found a turtle, eight inches long and five inches wide, which, when thawed out was a lively as any turtle ever is. A turtle appears to have more lives than a cat.

The making of large lenses is a matter of many difficulties, as may be inferred from the fact that there have been nineteen failures to cast the thirty-six inch glass for the great Lick telescope to be mounted in California.

In South Siberia there is an uncivilized race known as Bourats, who worship a human god. When their god reaches the age of nineteen, they poision him, and choose a male infant to be their god, who is likewise poisoned when it reaches that age.

The aperture of Lord Rosse's telescope is six feet, which is higher than he is himself, and it has a focus of fifty-three feet, or more feet than he is of age. He looks about forty years old, is ruddy, and has more the appearance of a jolly farmer than a stupendous earl.

MESSRS W. J. NELSON & CO.: "I have used your Minard's Liniment and think it is the best Liniment put before the public. It sells like hot cakes. Send me one more gross at once."—MESSRS. KENDRICK & PAYNE, Barrs River, N. B.

R. Ku Ki, the new Japanese Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States, says that much progress is being made in Japan in the way of building railroads, extending the telegraph, bettering educational facilities, &c., and he feels proud of his country.

There are several species of fish that have smaller fish within them. The inner fish belongs to the eel family and are so slippery that they pop down the throat of the fish they are going to board with before it can shut its trap. When once down it is safe, besides being sure of a living.

A red wood tree furnished all the timber for the Baptist Church in Santa Rosa, one of the largest church edifices in the country. The interior of the building is finished in wood, there being no plastered walls. Sixty thousand shingles were made from the tree after enough was taken for the church.

The editor of a newspaper in Illinois, who is also a candidate for State Senator, conducts his canvass by means of photographs sent to storekeepers and postmasters with a request to tack up or put in the show-case. The request is always complied with, and the deserving candidate is enjoying a great boom at small expense.

Naturalists tell us that almost every whale in the seas has more or less of an extra load to carry. There are several species of fish which are poor travelers that take advantage of the whale's good nature and fasten themselves to it in such a way that they do not have to exert themselves at all to get from one place to another.

The story is told by the Rev. Dr. Prime that in Albany, the subject of signing petitions being under remark, a man bet that he could get the signatures of ten highly repected residents to a paper asking Gov. Dix to hang one of the leading clergymen. He won without difficulty, as not one of the signers insisted on reading the document.

A young woman went to work in a New York shirt factory. She worked at the machine that was run by steam, without taking her eyes off the muslin, till twelve o'clock. She had made twelve shirts, and found that there was due to her twenty cents, from which five cents was deducted for thread, leaving fifteen cents as half a day's earnings. Is it any wonder she was discouraged?

Mr. T. C. Wells, Chemist and Druggist, Port Colborne, Ont., writes: "Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure sells well, and gives the best of satisfaction for all diseases of the blood." It never fails to root out all diseases from the system, cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, etc., purifies the blood, and will make you look the picture of health and happiness.

Was ever a terser election speech made than the following, asks a London paper. The speaker was the late Mr. John Peel, and the occasion a meeting at Accrington, when Mr. Peel who was always very loth to speak, was at last prevailed upon to say a few words. "Men of Accrington," he said, "if you are so backward in coming forward, we shall be all behind, as we were before." He said no more.

When a man is struck by a bullet, Archibald Forbes tells us, he seldom feels any pain. He feels the blow, as if some one had struck him with a fist, but it is not for an hour or two that the wound begins to smart. One English officer in Ashantee went about for some time with a couple of slugs in him without knowing that he had been touched, and it was only when his comrades noticed the blood that he was aware that he had been wounded.

The Indians of California manufacture baskets which are waterproof. They are made of a kind of willow that grows on the mountains about eighty miles east of Los Angelos, on the borders of the Colosade desert. The baskets are said to be light and better than any tin, galvanized iron, or other kind of receptacle for water. They are extensively used by Mexicans and old settlers, and will last, with constant use, a dozen or fifteen years.

Lord Dufferin told a New York *Herald* correspondent that he knew there was a disposition in some quarters to consider the employment of the Canadian boatmen as for political effect, but, he asked, "why should that be the case? Rapids are rapids everywhere. The Canadian boatmen are just the men for such work, and with a knowledge of the Upper Nile and the St. Lawrence I do not hesitate to say that there is nothing about the Egyptian climate that will be hard to bear by Canadians. In fact, there are few quarters of the world where one has to endure such intense heat as along the St. Lawrence in summer."

Miss Mary Elizabeth Garrett, the daughter of the late John W. Garrett, of Baltimore, is now said to be the richest unmarried lady in America. The estimates of her father's wealth run from $15,000,000 to $50,000,000 and of this she receives a third. Miss Garrett receives as her share of the property the elegant and costly residence at the corner of Monument and Cathedral streets, with all the plate, furniture, and pictures it contains. She will also be the owner of Montebello and of the beautiful Garrett cottage at Deer Park, where her father died. In addition to this property, Miss Garrett will also come in for her third of the personal estate of the testator. Miss Garrett is 28 years old.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure

Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites

In Consumption and Scrofula.

DR. J. R. BURTON, of Valdosta, Geo., says: "I have for several years used Scott's Emulsion, and find it to act well in Consumption and Scrofula and other conditions requiring a tonic of that class."

FUN, FACT AND FANCY.

Five Minutes Light Reading for Everybody.

I Doubt it:

When a pair of red lips are upturned to your own,
With no one to gossip about it,
Do you pray for endurance to let them alone?
Well, maybe you do—but I doubt it.

When a sly little hand you're permitted to seize,
With a wonderful plumpness about it,
Do you think you can drop it with never a squeeze?
Well, maybe you can—but I doubt it.

When at apering waist is in reach of your arm,
With a wonderful plumpness about it,
Do you argue the point 'twixt the good and the harm?
Well, maybe you do—but I doubt it.

And if by these tricks you should capture a heart,
With a womanly sweetness about it,
Will you guard it, and keep it, and act the good part?
Well, maybe you will—but I doubt it.

A man with a cast in his eye—a trout fisherman.

As a matter of fact, anybody has a right to complain of coffee when he finds grounds for it in his cup.

In Ohio there is one divorce to every seven marriages. The other six pairs are probably boarding with their parents.

The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

"Yes, I believe in woman's rights," said a bright-eyed damsel; "I believe she has a right to a husband—even if she has to support him!"

"Oh, father, look at that man's big knuckles." Is he a base ball catcher?" "No, my son, he is only a candidate. He has been shaking hands."

Young man when you see an old maid adjusting her spectacles and clipping out that part of a paper headed "Sealed Proposals," it is time for you to take to the woods.

Why do you stop at the gate with George every evening?" asked an Brunswick street mamma the other evening. "He always presses me so, I can't help it," was the truthful answer.

About 40,000,000 pennies were coined in the United States last year. The contribution boxes managed to swallow most of them, and the poor heathen are now playing penny ante.

INFLUENCE.—The influence of McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup on the stomach is beneficial, whether there be Worms present or not; no unpleasant results follow the use of this medicine.

They were expecting the minister to dinner. "Is everything all ready, my dear?" asked the head of the house. "Yes, he can come now as soon as he likes." "Have you dusted the family Bible?" "Good gracious! I forgot that."

George Leppert, of Fort Jervis, N. Y., while out on bail charged with larceny, stole the law books of his counsel and of the judge before whom he was to be tried. George was probably afraid that they might accidentally discover what was in the books.

"What name does your husband call you by?" said a bride to a friend who had been married several years. "Does he call you ducky or lovey? My darling calls me ducky." "Does he? Mine used to call me popsey-wopsey, but he dosen't use that term now." "What does he call you then?" "He calls me, "Say, there."

"Yes," said a well known man-about-town, the other day; "I feel now that I am really getting old. I used to figure very largely at marriages a best man and usher, but now all my friends are married, and I am just beginning to be asked to act as pall-bearer. Well, every dog must have his day," said the antiquated beau, moving off, "so I don't complain."

No wise young woman will marry a man who treats either his mother or sisters with disrespect or neglect. Not one man in a hundred of that class will make even a decent husband. Poverty is not a bar to marriage, but meanness, or drunkenness or laziness, or the lack of virtues first mentioned, is, which neither good looks, nor money, nor family connection should be allowed to influence.

RHEUMATISM is a constitutional disease, and must be treated through the blood to entirely remove it from the system. It is an exceedingly painful disease, but not dangerous, excepting when it attacks the heart, when it usually proves fatal. SCIATICINE cures it *permanently* by neutralizing the RHEUMATIC POISON in the blood.

"So you are the new girl," said the boarders to the pretty waiter lass; and what name are we to call you?" "Pearl," said the maid, with a saucy toss of her head. "Oh!" asked the smart boarder, "are you the pearl of great price?" "No; I am the pearl that was cast before swine," retorted the pretty waiter. There was a long silence, broken only by the buzz of the flies in the milk pitcher.

They were discussing divorce. A coloured lady, whose face evinced much decision of character, said: "Wall, I knows dat yer kaint allus git er'vorce, fur sometimes de jestice o'de peace shets up dar sorps an' goes fishin' but ver ken mos' allus git a siperation."

"How?"

"By different ways. I 'dopted de hot water cure. Daniel, my husban', got so 'stre-pulous dat I had ter try it on him. I scalded de ginnerman, an' he ain't been back sense."

"Will you pull the bell?" she asked of a man across the aisle as the car reached the corner.

"No, madam," he answered, with a bow; "but I will be most happy to pull the strap which rings the bell."

"Ah! But never mind. The strap is connected with two bells and you might stop the wrong end of the car!"

And the look she turned upon him was full of triumph veneered with cayenne pepper.

"For instance, my dear," said the base-ball enthusiast, as he was explaining the technicalities of the national game to his best girl; let us take an example. If your father should come up behind us now and kick me off the front steps, that would be a 'put out' for the old man. If the dog should chase me as far as the gate that would be an 'assist' for the dog; and"——

"And what, darling?" anxiously questioned his fair pupil.

"And if I should ever come round to see you again after that, why that would be an 'error' for me."

She screamed.

The night was dark, cloudy and romantic as he stood under her window at the parental mansion. A rope chock full of elopement, stretched from the window to the grounds. Softly the sash was raised and her angelic form appeared at the casement.

"Is everything ready?" she whispered in a third-scene, box-set voice.

"Yes," he responded in the same theatrical tones.

"Have you the horse and buggy at the corner, a dark lantern, two revolvers and a double-barrelled shot-gun?"

Yes, yes," he replied; "everything is arranged. Slide down."

"And have you hired two men to chase us?"

A Step in the Right Direction.

We are much gratified to learn, from an authentic source, that the Board of Cavalry Equipment of the United States Army, comprising experienced and able Cavalry officers, has concluded to recommend for exclusive use in the Service, the Specific Veterinary Medicines made by the Humphreys' Medicine Company. This determination has been arrived at only after a most thorough and exhaustive examination of the subject. The above Board of officers, in the line of duty, applied to this Company for information upon the subject more especially referring to two points—the relative loss of stock and the cost of treatment. The Humphreys' Company simply referred the Board to various horse horse railroad, express and other large stock owners for information, and the result of the inquiry was such that the Board has recommended these specifics and the recommendation has been approved by the Quarter-Master General and the General of the Army, and the Specifics are being duly issued to the various Cavalry Regiments, Posts and Light Batteries. Now, we have every reason to believe, from the known character of the house supplying the Veterinary Specifics, and the reputation of the medicines themselves, that the experiment, in such it may be termed, will prove entirely successful.—*Davenport Democrat.*

SCISSORED SELECTIONS.

"Kee-es Me some More."

An American naval officer, who had spent some considerable time in China, narrates an amusing experience of the ignorance of the Chinese maidens of the custom of kissing. Wishing to complete a conquest he had made of a young mel jin (beautiful lady) he invited her—using English words—to give him a kiss. Finding her comprehension of the request somewhat obscured he suited the action to the word and took a delicate kiss. The girl ran away in another room, thoroughly alarmed, exclaiming: "Terrible man-eater. I shall be devoured." But in a moment, finding herself uninjured, she returned to him saying: "I would learn more of your strange rite. Kee-es me." He knew it wasn't quite right, but he kept on instructing her in the rite of "kess-es me," until she knew how to do it like a native Yankee girl. And after that she suggested a second course remarking, "Kee-es me some more, seen jine Mee-lee-kee!" (Anglice American) and the lesson went on until her mamma's voice rudely awakened them from their delicious dreams.—*Boston Herald.*

Advice to a Young Man.

(R. J. Burdette.)

And then remember, my son, you have to work. Whether you handle a pick or a pen, a wheelbarrow or a set of books, digging ditches or editing a paper, ringing an auction bell or writing funny things, you must work. If you look around, son' you will see the men who are most able to live the rest of their days without work are the men who work the hardest. Don't be afraid of killing yourself with overwork, son. It is beyond your power to do that, on the sunny side of thirty. They die sometimes, but it is because they quit work at 6 P. M., and don't get home until 2 A. M. It's the interval that kills my son. The work gives you an appetite for your meals, it lends solidity to your slumbers, it gives you a perfect and grateful appreciation for a holiday. There are young men who do not work, my son: but the world is not proud of them. It does not know their names, even; it simply speaks of them as so and so's boys. Nobody likes them; the great busy world doesn't know that they are there. So find out what you want to be and do, my son, and take off your coat and make a dust in the world. The busier you are the less deviltry you will be apt to get into, the sweeter will be your sleep, the brighter and happier your holidays, and the better satisfied will the world be with you.

Something for Nothing.

[Texas Siftings.]

All newspaper publishers have had experience with men who wish to advertise themselves or their business without cost to themselves: It is pitiable to see the shabby means they take to attain the end they have in view. Men who would feel insulted if they were called dead beats, will with bland effrontary ask a publisher to "please mention so and so" (an advertisment), or, handing in what is really an advertisement under the guise of a communication, they will say. "Here's a little item that will help yon fill up with." Men who do this—and there are some in every town—call themselves honorable, and would not think of asking a real estate owner to let them use one of their houses a few months for nothing; nor would they ask him to let them cultivate and use a part of his farm without expecting to have to pay rent for it.

The advertising colums of a paper, is to the publisher what the house or farm is to the real estate owner—his source of income. Why anyone should expect the newspaper publisher to be more generous in squandering his substance than any other business man, is something that cannot be accounted for, except on the supposition that some persons have an idiotic idea that printers sat up type for the love of the work, and that ink and type and printing presses are gifts from Heaven to sinful men who publish newspapers merely for the purpose of smoothing the pathway of their fellow men on the rugged road to fortune and who hope not for reward on this side of the grave.

Costly Funerals.

Prose and Poetry of a Sad Ceremonial.

They had the poor woman in a $50 coffin. The beautiful bunch of white roses in the one hand that was exposed did not conceal the marks of toil on her fingers, the calloused places, the distended joints, and the rough skin. Her iron grey hair was neatly brushed down on the sides of her wrinkled forehead, and the black silk gown, folded so gracefully about her, was full of lustre, bran new and evidently expensive. There were ten hacks for friends of the family, and the hearse was driven by a man in livery, and had eight costly plumes on top.

"How natural she looked, and what a lovely funeral," said a woman who had known the family.

"How unnatural she looked. and what an inhuman thing that funeral was," said a male cynic who accompanied her.

"Why?"

"Because. There was a good woman, a hardworking wife and mother, who never had a ride in a hack, whose fingers never pressed a flower, and who never wore silk. She didn't have time and didn't have money. Now look at her, flowers rare and sweet in her dead hands, lots of carriages following her hearse, and a costly shroud for a body which in life was deemed none too good for a 30 cent worsted. A queer world this, which ignores fashioh in life and falls a blind votary to it in death.

She lay in her lonely coffin,
With her waisted fingers presssed
Over the fair, full roses
They had placed upon her breast;
And the head that ached no longer,
And the pitiful haggard face,
They had pillowed with gleaming satin,
Had shaded with costly lace.
Then I said—and my heart was heavy,
Recalling her life forlorn—
"Let none lay a rose on my bosom
Who have planted my life with thorn."

Capt. Shaw on American Fire Engines.

Capt. Shaw, Chief of the London Fire Brigade, who made a tour of inspection of the Fire Departments of the principal cities of the United States, is the author of a new book on topics connected with his profession, the volume having just been issued in connection with the health exhibition which has been in progress in London for some time. In the course of his article on "English and American Engines Compared" Captain Shaw says:

"The Americans long ago took the lead in steam fire engines, but they stopped where they began, and at this moment nearly all their splendid machines are far too heavy and unwieldy for the work, and the same may be said of almost everything they have in use. So heavy have their hose and other appliances become that they cannot be carried on the engines, and consequently every station has extra horses and coachmen at, of course, an extra cost; but this is not the only drawback. The use of heavy appliances necessarily makee quick movements, even on the ground, most difficult, and on ladders, walls, or other heights, simply impossible. Moreover, in America the men are wrapped in heavy oilskins and sou'westers, which retard their action and prevent them from getting close to their work. All over the continent of Europe, on the contrary, every effort has been made to lighten the appliances, until, in the eyes of Americans, and sometimes even of Englishmen, they appear ridiculously small. Here in England, and notably in the capital, no effort has been spared to get all the appliances of the strongest and best kind for the hard, rough work, and, at the same time, of the greatest lightness, consistent with the necessary strength; and the result is a sort of medium between the cumbrous and unwieldy materials used in America, and the almost toy-like small gear on the cohtinent of Europe. Many of the American steam fire engines are perfect models in every other point but fitness for the special work and lightness. In design, material and workmanship, they compare favorably with any machinery ever made, but they convey the idea of having been constructed by marine or locomotive engineers, without the assistance or advice of firemen."

Young Men!—Read This.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days, to (young and old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

Sept. 17th.

FIFTY CASES

FALL

DRY GOODS!

NOW OPEN

AND READY

FOR INSPECTION!

AT

John J. Weddall's.

Fashion Sheets FREE upon application.

NEW GOODS

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—AT—

DEVER BROS.

New Dress Goods.

New Corsets.

New Hamburgs.

New Prints and Cambrics.

New Gloves.

New Hosiery.

Grey Cottons.

White Cottons.

White and Grey Sheetings.

Pillow Cottons.

White and Blue Warps.

DEVER BROTHERS.

Fredericton, March 26

Menthol Pencils,

Hop Bitters,

Warner's Safe Cure,

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Burdock Blood Bitters,

Holloway's Pills,

Minard's Liniment,

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

Rheumatine,

Hoyts Cologne,

AT

Lowest Prices,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT

GEO. H. DAVIS'

DRUG STORE,

Cor. Queen & Regent Sts.

Fredericton, Oct. 1, 1884

SEPT. 17 1884 SEPT. 17

Fred B. Edgecombe

is now showing a large stock of

SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS!

From Canadian Mills.

Lumbermen's Goods.

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ALSO OPENING, A COMPLETE LINE OF

English, German and French

MANUFACTURES,

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Embracing all the Novelties of the Season,

Wholesale and Retail,

FRED. B. EDGECOMBE,

Queen Street,

Opp. Normal School, Fredericton.

Branch Store, - - St. Mary's.

Sept. 17, 1884

CUSTOM SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

1884 FALL. 1884

White Dress Shirts.
Regatta Shirts.
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In Stock, or Made to Order.

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Don't fail to try one of our 75 ct. or $1.00 Unlaundried Shirts, the Cheapest and Best Shirt ever offered.

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