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L. C. MACNUTT,
Editor and Manager,
FREDERICTON, N. B.

Maritime Farmer.

FREDERICTON, N. B., November 5, 1884.

It seems beyond doubt that Cleveland, the Democratic candidate, has been elected President of the United States. The election occurred yesterday.

Thanksgiving.

To-morrow, Thursday the sixth inst., is the day fixed by proclamation of the Dominion and Local authorities, for a day of Thanksgiving, for the prosperity and success of the past year.

The custom of setting apart one day in the year, as an especial occasion for rendering thanks to the Giver of all good, has come down to us as one of the heritages of Christianity, and its observance is more marked from year to year. There is scarcely a man or woman, whatever may he his or her condition in life, who has not good reason to devoutly return thanks to Almighty God for some benefit conferred, or some danger escaped during the past year. True, misery and woe have been attendants on very many lives; poverty and crime have not hidden their heads; disease and disaster have claimed their victims, and commercial enterprises have in a measure been retarded during the past twelve months, but apart from all these, we have reason to rejoice that God has been good, and merciful and kind, and we owe him a debt of gratitude that he has preserved our lives; that he has permitted us to live in a land smiling with the bounty of his hand, a land of peace plenty and quiet and free from most scourges, which devastate and destroy other countries.

Let us unite then on the morrow, in humble thanksgiving to the Great Head of the Universe, who orders all things wisely and well.

The Ministers' Reception.

Nothing could have been more cordial and enshusiastic, than the reception given the Hon. Messrs. Bowell, Caron, and Costigan, at the Banquet at the Barker House Monday evening, by the Liberal Conservatives of this City and County. The gathering was an influential and representative one, including many of the men who rendered such good service for the Conservative cause during the late Dominion election in York, and who when called upon again, will carry its banner to victory.

The visitors themselves made an excellent impression. Both the Minister of Customs and the Minister of Militia are good speakers, and were given a welcome when they rose to address the Company, that amounted to an ovation. Mr. Costigan, as an old friend, was warmly welcomed, and his address was marked by the strong common sense and temperate statement that stamps all his public utterances. Our own local orators held their own too, in the presence of the visitors. Seldom have we heard Mr. Wetmore, or Mr. Hazen, or Mr. Adams, or Mr. Colter, to better advantage. The remarks of the other gentlemen who either proposed or responded to toasts, were couched in language well befitting the occasion, and it seems scarcely necessary to add, that the Banquet in every particular was a grand success, mutually pleasing to those whom it honored, and to the gentlemen who were glad to have the opportunity of welcoming such distinguished guests as the visiting Ministers, The result of this reunion of the Liberal Conservative party of York, must have the effect of strengthening the sympathy between its members, all of whom present, regretted the unavoidable absence of Mr. Temple, M. P., from the banquet. One thing is certain, the enthusiasm of the party which carried it to such a decisive victory in January last, has not abated, for when Mr. Hazen in his clever address Monday evening, referred to the great odds which had been overcome in that campaign, his voice was lost in applause, which carried one back to the evening of the 29th of January, when Gritdom received its death blow in York.

The *Globe* wants to know why Mr. Temple M. P. was absent from the city while the Cabinet Ministers were here, and if they timed their visit so as to avoid Mr. Temple. Well, the *Globe* is always poking its nose into other peoples' business without getting much satisfaction, but this time we shall satisfy its curiosity by stating, that Mr. Temple left Fredericton on a business trip to the North West, two weeks before the Ministers themselves knew that they would be in the city.

The friends of the University everywhere, will rejoice that its difficulties have been amicably arranged and that work has been resumed in all the classes. Without stopping to discuss the nature or results of the troubles through which the Institution has passed, we may add that, the *Chignecto Post* shows an entire want of knowledge of the University students, when it states that "they have long borne the reputation of being a bad lot." The *Post* ought not to cast such false insinuations abroad. The record of the University and its students is an honorable one, and only such reckless writers as the *Post* man apparently is, would publish so untruthful a statement as we have quoted.

The Subsidized Organ makes a comparison between the dinner given here to Mr. Blake in 1882 and that of Monday evening. For the sake of its patron, Mr Geo. Gregory, the Subsidized Organ ought to let the Blake dinner drop. It was on that occasion, when both political parties were represented, that Mr. George Gregory made such an ass of himself, by introducing party politics and making a bid for Mr. Pickard's shoes, for which he was promptly sat upon by Mr. Pickard. It was also on that occasion that Mr. George Gregory made the remarkable announcement, that "the Conservative party existed by the grace of God, and not by the will of the people."

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.

A Liberal-Conservative Welcome to Hon. Messrs. Bowell, Caron, and Costigan.

Military Inspection and Banquet.

On Monday Hon. Mr. Bowell, Minster of Customs, Hon. A. P. Caron, Minister of Militia, and Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Inland Revenue, accompanied by Mr. M Adams, M. P. P., for Northumberland, and Mr. F. E. P. Aldrich, private Secretary to Mr. Caron, arrived in Fredericton by the noon train from St. John. They were met at the depot by Lieut. Col. Maunsell, D. A. G., Major Gordon and Lieut. Young, of the Infantry School Corps, and after registering at the Barker, proceeded to inspect the Barracks, Post Office and Custom House, where they were received by Lieut. Col. Maunsell, Postmaster McPeake and Collector Street. At 1.30 P. M., the visiting Ministers and a few other guests were entertained at luncheon at the Officers Mess, and at 3 P. M. the Infantry School Corps was paraded on the Post Office Square for inspection by the Minister of Militia, who splendidly mounted, rode to the grounds in company with Lieut. Col. Maunsell.

The minister was received with a general salute from the Corps, the band playing "Hail to the Chief," who afterwards

PASSED UP AND DOWN THE LINES

minutely inspecting each man. The Corps was then put through a variety of evolutions by Lieut-Col. Maunsell, Major Gordon and Lieut. Young, all of which they performed in fine style, eliciting admiration from the large gathering of people who were present to witness the inspection. At the conclusion of the exercises the corps formed a hollow square and the Minister addressed a few remarks complimentary to the officers and men. He said he had already received a favorable report of the corps from General Middleton and his own observation more than confirmed all that had been told him. He complimented Col. Maunsell, his officers and men on the excellent progress that had been made. Indeed the Minister's address was full of congratulation, which must be satisfactory the commandant, and his officers, and men of the Corps. Three cheers, led off by Col. Maunsell, were then given for the Queen, and three more hearty ones for the Minister, who made a most pleasant impression. The Lieut. Governor, Hon. Messrs. Bowell and Costigan and M. Adams. M. P. P., were present and witnessed the inspection. Subsequent to the inspection, Lt. Col. Marsh, Major Staples, Capt. Cropley, Capt. Loggie, Qr. Master Lipsett, Lieuts. Boone, Pinder, Johnston and Perkins of the 71st Batt., who were on the ground in uniform, by invitation of the Commandant, were presented to Hon. Mr. Caron, who made himself most agreeable. During the afternoon the ministers called on His Honor the Lieut Governor at Government House, and at the Barker where they registered received a large number of gentleman who were desirous of meeting the distinguished visitors.

THE BANQUET.

Although the time for preparation was short, the banquet to the Ministers at the Barker House Monday evening was a very great success. Mr. Coleman, the popular proprietor of the Hotel surpassed himself, in catering to the representative gentlemen of the Liberal Conservative party from town and country, who mst around his festive board to welcome the guests of the evening. Before eight o'clock there were arrivals and for half an hour before the dinner at 9 P. M., Mr. Wetmore, M. P. P., was kept busy introducing the gentlemen present, to the Ministers. The Band of the Infantry School Corps, meanwhile had taken up a position in the corridor adjoining the dining hall, and discoursed a fine programme. Promptly at nine o'clock the party sat down to the tables which made a most tempting display. Mr. E. L. Wetmore, M. P. P., President of the Liberal Conservative Association of York, occupied the chair, and had on his right, Hon. Mr, Bowell and Lieut. Col. Maunsell, and on his left, Hon. Mr. Caron, and Lieut. Col. Marsh. Mr. Harry Beckwith filled the vice-chair, and was supported on the right, by Hon. Mr. Costigan, and Mr. Geo. J. Colter, M. P. P., and on the left, by Mr. M. Adams. M. P. P. and Major Gordon. Among the other gentlemen present, were:—E. Byron Winslow, James S. Neill, John McKeen, of Keswick Ridge, ex-Warden Close, of Gibson, ex-Warden Rutherford, of Harvey, C. L. Estabrooks, of St. Mary's, George Hatt, Jr., J. Meagher, Alds. Edgecombe, Davis and Gunter, H. Montgomery Campbell, Fred S. Hilyard, Andrew Archer, Dr. Currie, Henry Wilmot, private Secretary, to His Honor the Lieut. Governor, R. Sutherland, Jr., C. Broderick, Lieuts. Young Gray and Bremner, I. S. C., L. C. Macnutt, editor of the FARMER, Isaac Peabody, of St. Mary's, Andrew J. Humble, of Stanley, H. A. Cropley, and J. W., McCready, of the *Capital*, W. G. Gaunce, Havelock Coy, L. W. Johnston, John B. Grieves, J. Douglas Hazen, H. B. Rainsford, Secretary of the Municipality of York, Sergt Major McKenzie, I. S. C., Thomas S. Sharkey, Hugh O'Neill, Jr., Postmaster McPeake, Alex. Mitchell, W. W. Street, B. C. Foster, William Lawlor, C. H. Giles, J. D. O'Brien and H. Braithwaite.

After a protracted discussion of the excellent dinner, Mr. Wetmore the Chairman rose to propose the first toast of the evening, "Her Majesty the Queen," and the Band played the National Anthem, "The Governor General" was next proposed in felicitous terms frrm the chair, and Mr. Wetmore said he felt he expressed the opinion of all who had met His Excellency that no popular ruler was ever sent to govern Canada than Lord Lansdowne. The Band played "For he's a jolly good fellow," which was followed by the toast of "The Lieut. Governor," also from the Chair, Mr. H. Wilmot responding. Coming to the toast of the evening, the Privy Council of Canada coupling therewith the names of Messes Bowell Caron and Costigan, Mr. Wetmore delivered a very graceful speech, in which he expressed the pleasure the Liberal Conservatives of York felt in welcoming the Ministers of a popular Government. He charged them to say to Sir John A. McDonald, that his party here, looked eagerly forward to the time when they shall have the pleasure of welcoming the Chieftain himself, the mention of the Premier's name eliciting rounds of applause.

HON. MR. BOWELL,

on rising to respond, was received with applause. After some pleasant allusions to his colleagues, he thanked the chairman for his happy allusion to Sir John A. McDonald and spoke in assuring terms of his returning health. He would not launch out into a general defence of the public policy of the present Government, but would rather ask the company to contrast the Dominion at Confederation and the Dominion of to-day. A country like Canada demanded the leadership of a man who not only possessed the brains to conceive a policy, but also the courage to carry it into effect. Of such material was the man he had been proud to follow for the last seventeen years. He then noticed the annexation of the great North-West, and the opposition urged against that policy; the great enterprize shown in the construction of the Canada Pacific Railway, and expressed the hope that their "grand old chief" would live not only to drive the last spike, but also to see the success of his master scheme. Some politicians, in their zeal for the party they espoused, forgot the general welfare of the country they ruled. He sincerely hoped that no such element would ever enter the political composition of any present. While the party in power were endeavoring to build up the country, others were crying it down, and doing this alone for the sake of party politics. Speaking of the Cabinet, he referred in flattering terms to the able representatives New Brunswick had there, in the persons of Sir Leonard Tilley and Mr. Costigan. Thanking the gentlemen of York for their hearty reception, he took his seat amid applause.

HON. MR. CARON

said, coming as he did from the old Province of Quebec, he considered himself a Province man inasmuch as the interests of Quebec were almost identical with those of the Maritime Provinces. If to-night he addressed the people of the Capital of New Brunswick as a stranger, yet he was not a stranger to the Province, for long before he had entered Dominion politics he had visited this Province, and still retained many happy remembrances of those visits. He then passed into the region of the general politics of the Dominion, giving a brief review of the events since confederation, calling attention to the great strides Canada had of late taken, and the place she had won, by a vigorous policy, among the countries of the world. He was a thorough Canadian. Annexation and independence were things not to be thought of. The silken thread which bound us to the mother country, we could well afford to allow to remain unbroken, so long as men like Dufferin, Lorne and Lansdowne were sent to guide our fates. After referring to the benefits to be derived from these interprovincial visits, he took his seat, being warmly applauded.

HON. MR. COSTIGAN,

who was vigorously applauded on rising, thanked the company for the hearty welcome they had extended to himself and his colleagues. This was the largest and most important gathering he ever had the honor of attending in his own Province. The experience he had slowly gained taught him to value very highly the opportunity afforded him to-night of returning thanks to his friends for the toast, but he had another and greater reason to value the occasion so highly—because it gave him an opportunity of introducing his brother ministers to his friends in this Province for the first time. He regretted that the visit had not been at an earlier date, but he believed that his friends would return to Ottawa with advanced opinions of this eastern country. He here touched upon his own experience in provincial affairs previous to confederation, when he was a strong anti-confederate. When, however, the fact of confederation had been established, he had never been the man to say one word against it or to resist the voice of the majority. He called attention to the cry of great taxation that had been raised, and quoted figures to show that the taxation since 1879 had been no greater than between 1874 and 1879, when the deficit left by the late government and the great expenditure for public works was considered. Again thanking the company for the cordial reception of his colleagues and himself he took his seat.

The other toasts were, the Local Legislature by H. Beckwith, responded to by M. Adams G. J. Colter, and Mr. Wetmore M. P. Ps. The Active Milita from the vice chair called forth a hearty response from Col. Maunsell Mr. J. Meagher, proposed "The Bench and Bar," which brought an eloquent a reply from Mr. J. D. Hazen, who, in turn, proposed the agricultural interest of the County, and brought out happy speeches from Messrs. A. J. Humble and ex-Warden Rutherford. The press, proposed by Col. Marsh, was replied to by Mr. J. W. McCready, of the *Capital*, and the City Council, from Mr. E. B. Winslow, met a response from Ald. Gunter. The meeting closed after midnight by singing Auld Lang Syne.

The Ministers left yesterday morning for Victoria.

The Subsidized Organ amuses itself by publishing the most glaring untruths regarding the Banquet Monday evening. It tells a stupid and malicious falsehood, when it says that the tickets were hawked around, and Grits, asked to purchase them. The only member of that party, who received a ticket, was the Provincial Secretary, and he neither attended the Banquet, or had the courtesy to tender his regrets. No Grits were wanted, and none were asked, except Mr. McLellan, and he owed his invitation to a personal friend, and not to the Committee.

The Scott Act.

(Toronto Mail.)

This journal had held from the first, and is more and more convinced, that unless the temperance men exert themselves to enforce the law as well as to pass it, results little short of calamitous must ensue. The people in voting for the Act, forfeit liberty of action to some extent, and also deprive themselves of a considerable revenue, besides annihilating the whiskey trade, which usually figures among the principal industries of the locality. These sacrifices they make on the strength of the assurance that they are thereby contributing to the sum of human happiness. But so surely as they discover that, owing to the inertness of the advocates of the Act, prohibition does not prohibit and that drunkenness is not lessened nor crime abated, just so surely will a repeal campaign be begun in which the prohibitionists will be placed on the defensive with a discredited cause. The result of such a contest would not be doubtful.

The College Difficulty.

[Halifax Recorder.]

Parents will be apt to consider that they had better either keep their children close to home or send them abroad to be educated, The *Recorder's* opinion is that our College institutions want to be reorganized in some respects. There are too many Convocations and Commencements, and Societies in connection with them, too many trashy periodicals, which read as if they were intended to amuse a race of ninnies and soft-heads; to much glorifying both pupils and Professors, and too little real study. The consequence is comparatively poor results. Very few classical or mathematical scholars are turned out; with all our Colleges, a scholar in this respect in this city or outside is a rarity. The time seems to be frittered away in show; and the rage seems to be now for showy professors. Consequently, such fooling as has been going on at Fredericton and Windsor—actually seems to be a good deal of what is accomplished. There had better be more work or less convocation and anniversary business, turning out for the most part extremely superficially educated individuals, to swell the ranks of the merest mediocrity. Hard work seems to have gien way to dress-parade, conferring of "honors" and "degrees" by the bushel, which means little or nothing, and are in many cases not worth the paper they are written on. Now much more attention seems to be paid to the publication of calendars with hosts of names in them, than to the solid toil that is essential to a thorough education. Even the Professor part of the business has had a tendency within a few years to become for the most part, ornamental.

Provincial Affairs.

[Moncton Times.]

Complaints reach us from time to time of the unsatisfactory condition of the roads and bridges in many parts of the Province. As far as some localities are concerned, the change of government at Fredericton has not resulted in any improvement, and in some cases the public highways have recieved less attention than ever before. That such should be the fact is a little remarkable in view of all the circumstances. Mr. Blair reached office as a reformer. According to the song he had been singing to the electors of this Province for so many years, things had been fearfully mismanaged at Fredericton and there had been frightful extravagances. Money that should have been expended on the roads and bridges throughout the country had been recklessly squandered, and if the people put him in power he would work a wonderful change. Well the people did put Mr. Blair in power. He has exercised his control of the legeislature in a most arbitrary manner. He has asked for and obtained power to get rid of the floating debt by fixing it permanently on the people instead of paying it off gradually as his predecessors were doing. An old claim that had been pending against the Ottawa authorities has been settled on the representations made by the late Government, and further concessions in the way of better terms have been obtained. Under such favoring circumstances and with the natural desire of a new Government coming into power on the strength of great promises to do something, a decided improvement in the condition of the public highways might reasonably be looked for.

The following were elected officers of the Provincial Sunday School Convention, organized at St. John last week:—

President—T. S. Simms, St. John;

Vice-Presidents—James Watts, Carleton; H. J. Thorne, St. John; I. B. Oakes, Charlotte; Albert S. White, King's; E. C. Freeze, York; Albert Palmer, Queen's; Archibald Baker, Sunbury; James Frier, Westmorland; John L. Steeves, Albert; R. B. Noble, Kent; Robt. Gordon, Northumberland; Wm. P. Ferguson, Gloucester; Geo. Haddow, Restigouche; Stephen P. Waite, Victoria.

Corresponding Secretary—Rev. T. F. Fotheringham;

Assistant Corresponding Secretary—Geo. A. Henderson;

Recording Secretary—J. T. Fletcher;

Treasurer—L. W. Johnston;

Executive Committee—S. J. Parsons, Rev. Kenneth McKay, Rev. Wm. Parker, James Woodrow, J. E. Irvine, William Peters, W. L. Robinson.

A BUDGET OF NEWS.

Culled, Clipped and Collected from Everywhere.

The Duke of Connaught with return to England from India in March.

For Bronchitis and Asthma, try Allen's Lung Balsam; the best cough prescription known. See adv.

Prince Bismarck has instructed the representatives of Germany at the Vatican to make no further approaches to the Pope.

Manchester is threatened with a water famine, and it is feared that the stoppage of mills and other industries will ensue.

The wages of the cotten spinners of Oldham, Lancashire, has been reduced five per cent., owing to the depression of trade.

Mr. Moody, the evangalist, is said to speak at the rate of over two hundred words a minute without any pauses between sentences.

The lady nurses selected for service with the Nile expedition all wear the silver grey cloaks and bonnets of the nursing sisterhood.

An old gentleman of 75 years, living in the vicinity of Lunenburg, N. S., entered the bond of matrimony last week, with a young woman of 30.

The Armstrong oil well at Butler, Pa., has given 8,000 barrels of oil during twenty-four hours, and is going on at the rate of 290 barrels per hour.

McLEAN'S VEGETABLE WORM SYRUP is a pleasant and effectual remedy for Worms in children or adults, it is a purely vegetable preparation.

A Baltimore doctor is reported to have cured St. Vitus dance by the use of scullcap tea, a wine glass of which was given three times a day.

It is stated the Egyptian army will be reduced to 4,000 men with eighteen English officers. The police force will be increased by 3,000 men.

The Scott Act was carried in South Huron, Dufferin and Bruce, three countries of Ont. last Thursday and defeated in Prince Edward in the same Province.

At the Acadia Iron Mines, Londonderry, N. S., one day last week, five men were killed by the hoisting machinery of the shaft giving way. Three of the number died instantly.

The faculty of Adelbert College, Cleveland, have created a commotion by an attempt to crowd out the female students and to prevent others entering the institution.

The movement inaugurated in Toronto for the abolition of tax exemptions has spread to Kingston, where it is proposed to form a committee to co-operate with the one recently appointed there.

One of the largest orange trees in Florida (if not the biggest) is a grove near Tampa. The trunk is six feet three inches in circumference and bears from 10,000 to 12,000 oranges every season.

The annual treaty payments to the Indians of the North-West Territories have been completed, to the great satisfaction of the natives, who have returned to their locations. Perfect quiet reigns throughout the territory.

It is understood that the Irish National League has decided to join hands with the promoters of the movement to abolish the House of Lords, with the double aim of at once depriving the peers of both their lands and power.

A colored woman who is in gaol at Covington, Kentucky, for threatening to murder her employer's family, is making a determined effort to starve herself to death, having taken nothing for thirty-three days but a little ice cream.

Sir Henry Gordon, Gen. Gordon's brother, will have an article in the forthcoming number of the *Contemporary Review*, in which he takes strong ground against the manner in which his brother has been dealt with by the Government.

An English woman came over a few months ago, landing in Manitoba a perfect stranger. Since then she has succeeded in getting a husband for herself and mates for 117 of her unmarried country women. She ought to have a monument.

The British barque Plevna struck on Bliss island, in the Bay of Fundy, while running for shelter during thick weather, caught fire, and was burned to the water's edge. Her crew of fifteen escaped with the loss of their money and clothing.

A grand exhibition of products of the colonies of the British Empire is to be held in London, under the auspices of the Prince of Wales, in 1886, for which special and liberal arrangements for exhibits from the Dominion will be made by the Department of Agriculture.

JOY AT LAST for the old Rheumatic. Every one who has tried "Sciaticine" will testify to its magic power over RHEUMATISM and Neuralgia, which it cures *permanently* and *effectually* by neutralizing the RHEUMATIC POISON in the BLOOD. For sale by all Druggists and general dealers.

A despatch has been received by the Governor-General from the Colonial Office expressing the thanks of the Imperial Government of Canada for the assisstance rendered in connection with the Canadian contingent to the Nile expedition for the relief of General Gorden.

A scientific observer claims that the flatness of the earth at the pole brings the polar ocean thirteen miles nearer than other portions of the globe to the central ball of fire, upon which he believes the earth to be built. Consequently the heat is so great that the water could never freeze over, and if there is sea at that spot at all, it must be an open one.

Of course, Mr. Beecher had no intention of including Canadian graduates when he said in his sermon last Sunday:—"Look at the way some young men shuffle through the academy and then double shuffle through college. They don't know enough Latin when they come out to read Latin in the diploma they bring with them. Half the men that go through college couldn't turn around again and enter at the other end."

An ancient pit dwelling has been found near Devizes, England, consisting of two intersecting circular holes about 5 feet in diameter sunk into the chalk. In height they are a little less than 6 feet, and bone ornaments, spindle whorls, loom weights, and several objects supposed to have been used superstitiously as helps to make water boil were discovered on the floor. Three stones formed a hearth; the ashes were still in their place and on them fragments of an earthenware vessel. The pit is said to have looked as if just abandoned.

Amos Hudgin, Toronto, writes: "I have been a sufferer from Dyspepsia for the past six years. All the remedies I tried proved useless, until Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure was brought under my notice. I have used two bottles with the best results, and can with confidence recommend it to those affiicted in like manner."

When the faculty and students of the institute at Worcester, Mass., met in the Chapel for prayers the other morning, it was discovered that a horse occupied one of the pews. The animal had evidently been taken up two flights of winding stairs the night before, his feet had been muffled to prevent discovery by the night watchmen. The professors were at a loss how to move the intruder and he was allowed to occupy the quarters all day. In the evening they sent for a veterinary surgeon, who, with a number of assistants, securely blanketed the animal, tied his feet together, blindfolded him and slid him down the stairs on skids. The boys gathered about in great numbers in the darkness to watch the proceedings and cheer the exit of the beast. They made so much noise that a squad of police were summoned to scatter the students. The buildings and grounds were securely guarded until the rescue was safely accomplished.

Few are the remedies whose beneficial qualities and real merits have made them so popular with the public, and increased from year to year their consumption, which, whilst possessing the most valuable remedial properties, are yet so simple in their compound, and so easy to take, as The Quinine Wine, prepared by Northrop & Lyman of Toronto. This article is prepared from the pure Sulphate of Quinine, combined with fine Sherry Wine, and choice aromatics, which relieves the Quinine of its bitter taste, and does not impair in the least degree the efficacy of its action upon the patient; while small doses, frequently repeated, strengthen the pulse, increase muscular force, and invigorate the tone of the nervous system, and thus, by the general vigor which it imparts, creates an appetite, which gives to the stomach tone and energy, and fortifies the system against all infectious diseases. Ask for Northrop & Lyman's Quinine Wine; sold by all druggists.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Newsy Notes and Notions of Everything.

It is said the Irish informers have founded a colony in Brazil.

When a man paints the town red he doesn't do it with water colours.

In California roses bloom without culture at all seasons of the year.

A Baltimore girl has become insane because she could not be a man.

Over $750,000 was paid last year as duty on patent medicines in England.

The round-trip expenses of an Atlantic steamer run from $46,000 to $70,000

It is asserted that about a third of the banking done in the world is done in the British Empire.

A statement emanating from the Imperial Office at Pekin places the population of the Chinese Empire at 280,000,000

About 100 Christian Chinese women have been married to Christian Chinese in the mission chapel at San Francisco.

Owing to the increased demand for canned salmon, the sardine packing business of Maine has failen off one-third this season.

There are at present twenty-seven vessels engaged in different parts of the world in laying cables and repairing old ones.

A Swiss statistician says that in the year 2000 the population of Europe will be 565,801,141, as against 306,000,000 at present.

A small bronze she-wolf, once a part of a Roman military ensign, has been found in a gravel pit at Tulette, France. Her head is turned as if to look at Romulus and Remus, who are nursing her.

The rector of a parish in London has not been seen within the limits of his parish for seven years. He receives a salary of nearly $6,000 a year, while his duties are performed by a curate, to whom the rector pays $700 a year.

The ten children of Joseph Pettijohn, of Prescott, W. T., are marvels of height and weight. A 17-year-old son is 7 feet high and weighs 265 pounds. The average height of the whole family is 6½ feet, and average weight 224 pounds.

The Rev. Father De Marzo of San Francisco, has invented an altar lamp which will burn for a long period, brightly at night and dimly in the daytime. The lamp is said to resemble a small engine and to measure nearly four feet in height.

Journalism is in a flourishing condition in the little kingdom of Greece. At this moment there are 122 printing houses, which produce annually about 1,000 different works. Nearly every village has its newspaper. In Athens there are fifty-four political papers.

A cough or cold taken between now and Christmas frequently lasts all winter. This is certainly the case with people who have weak lungs. The most convenient, reliable and inexpensive remedy is *Johnston Anodyne Liniment*. It is to be used internally and externally.

A journal some time ago offered a school prize for the best essay on "Honesty." Of the twenty-three responses received, a large proportion proved to have been stolen, and one, a poem, was stolen entire. He who preaches honesty, my friend, needs watching.

By a most careful series of levels, run by the United States coast survey, from Sandy Hood and the mouth of the Mississippi river to St. Louis, it has been demonstrated that the Atlantic Ocean, at the first mentioned point is forty inches lower than the Gulf of Mexico.

The other day a despatch was sent from Kansas City, Missouri, to an inland town of Scotland, and a reply was delivered to the message sender in an hour and ten minutes. There were three or four transfers on this side of the Atlantic and probably half a dozen on the other side.

Figaro states that $300,000 is the correct sum guaranteed Mme. Sarah Bernhardt for her forthcoming tour in America under the joint management of Messrs Abbey and Grau. This is a great improvement on the financial results of her first tour, when the great tragedienne took back only $40,000.

The eminent botanist De Candoll gave the age of an elm at 335 years. The ages of some palms have been set down at from 600 to 700 years; that of an olive tree at 700 years, of a pine tree at 720, of a cedar at 800 years, of an oak at 1,500, of a yew at 2,880, of a taxodium at 4,000, and of a baobob tree at 5,000.

People who don't want to keep rheumatism, neuralgia, erysipelas, lumbago, toothache, earache, hoarseness, croup, inflammation of the lungs or bowels, colic or cramps, should keep Minard's Liniment constantly in the house, and use it freely internally and externally.

Among other trinkets found in an Indian mound opened near Wheeling, W. Va., were a pair of copper earrings, rolled or hammered into thin plates and stamped or pressed into concave and convex ridges or rings. The rings resemble the ornaments seen in the ears of the figures cut on stone by the Maya people in Yucatan.

Here is a whole sermon in a few words "Of all the love affairs in the world none can surpass the true love of the big boy for his mother. It is pure and noble, and honorable in the highest degree to both. The boy who is a lover of his mother in her middle age is a true knight who will love his wife as much in the sereleaved autumn as he did in the daised springtime."

Lady Hope Grant has presented to the Museum of Science and Art at Edinburgh the golden jug or ewer which was given to her husband by the officers of the British army in China in 1860. It was purchased by them out of the "loot," of the summer palace at Pekin, It is of solid gold and stands twelve and a half inches high. The bullion value is estimated at nearly £300.

It is stated that Dr. Sir W. Gull recently received $5,000 each for two visits to Pau, and $7,500 for going to Perthshire and remaining a week with a patient. But the highest record—made in 1768 by Dr. Dinesdale—has yet to be beaten For inoculating the Empress Catherine and her son at St. Petersburg he received $60,000 in cash, a life pension of $2,500, and the rank of baron.

THOSE among us who are suffering with Bronchitis, or weakness of the throat or lungs, should not delay but take PHOSPHORIZED Emulsion regularly according to the advice of their Physician, or the directions on the bottle. Always ask for PHOSPHORIZED Emulsion, and be sure you get it.

The full strength of the cavalry force of Great Britain is 15,000 men and 10,000 horses. Deducting the permanent garrisons of Ireland and India these numbers are reduced to 6,000 men and 4,000 horses available for the field. Germany has, on a peace footing, 70,000 men and horses. France 66,000, and Russia 84,006. Any one of these countries it is said, can put in the field 100,000 trained cavalry.

Probably no one has reached a higher altitude by balloon assension than Prof. James Glaisher, who, with a professional aeronant, made an ascension in England to a height of 37,000 feet, or seven miles. He became insensible at the height of six miles, and his companion, who was so nearly frozen as to have lost the use of his limbs was obliged to pull the rope of the safety valve with his teeth to descend.

A Philadelphia upholsterer who foolishly kept his stock of round-headed steel pins in his mouth while carrying on his work, and careness allowed about a dozen of them at different times to find their way down his throat, has just been discharged from the hospital. During a two months' stay in the institution about half the number of pins worked their way out through his back: the others have not been heard from.

A carpenter says that when taking a building to put up, he reckons at a fair price every foot of lumber and piece of hardware, makes a good estimate of the time he shall spend upon it and the wages he shall pay to his workmen, and when every item is footed up he adds one-third to the sum total, and sets that sum as the lowest price for which he can do the work. Experience has taught him that small items, like bad weather, the breakage of tools, delays caused by tardily shipped lumber, and numberless incidental expenses that can not be counted, effectually use up the one-third extra.

A Great Mistake.

It is a great mistake to suppose that dyspepsia can't be cured, but must be endured, and life made gloomy and miserable thereby. Alexander Burns, of Cobourg, was cured after suffering fifteen years. Burdock Blood Bitters cured him.

FUN, FACT AND FANCY.

Five Minutes Light Reading for Everybody.

Sponge cake—any that may be on a free lunch table.

Sitting Buli has cleared $2,800 by selling his autographs.

Dr. Tanner the faster, has gone to Mexico to live on a ranch.

A Georgia girl who made a vow ten years ago never to speak again has just died.

In China young women are married at auction. In this country they are disposed of at private sale.

It makes a young man feel rather cheap to hear his sweetheart singing as he approaches the house, "Nobody loves me."

A French mother is credited with saying: "I could wish my daughters no worse luck than to wish for them to marry handsome men."

"Ah, isn't she a duck?" said an admirer, as the doctor's daughter passed. "No doubt," replied a mean wretch; "her father is a quack."

An electric railway between Sachsenbausen and Offenbach in Germany has been completed. The line comprises twelve stations and has been tested with apparent success.

There is nothing like a good definition as the teacher thought when he explained the meaning of the word "old maid" as a woman who had been made a very long time.

"Is your chum a close student?" wrote a father to his son in college "You bet he is, father," was the reply. "You couldn't borrow a V of him if you were in the last stages of starvation.

"Have you seen my new Jersey?" inquired the city daughter of her father from the rural regions, who was visiting her. "No, is it a bull or a heifer?" bluntly asked the old stock loving farmer.

"What is the chief use of bread?" asked an examiner at a recent school examination. "The chief use of bread," answered the urchin, apparently astonished at the simplicity of the inquiry, "Is to spread butter and jam on."

NEW YORK TO THE FRONT.—Mrs. Wm. Wise of New York city writes: "I used Minard's Liniment for malarial fever and chronic rheumatism and was cured. Send me 2 doz. bottles by express at once as my friends suffering from same trouble want it.

"What two beautiful children! Are they twins?" said an old bachelor to an Austin lady with two children.

"O, yes, they are twins," replied the lady.

"Excuse my curiosity, Madame; but are you the mother of both of them?"

A stranger in a small town, having lost his way, accosts a gentleman on the street.

"Please, my good man," he says, "tell me the way to the post office."

"I am not a good man," says the person accosted, with conscious dignity; "I am the Mayor."

He was a sorry fellow, a confirmed drunkard of many years' standing; but when they told him as he lay on his sick bed, that he would soon be in the land of spirits, he was not alarmed. On the contrary, there was something about the name of his future home which caused a smile of satisfaction to fleet o'er his features.

Bill collector—How about meeting this note?

Impecunious reporter—I don't know about meeting this note, but I'll tell what I will do.

"What do you propose to do?"

"Instead of meeting this note I'll just make a note of this meeting. That will do just as well, won't it."

"How nicely you carve that chicken, Mr. Crimsonbeak?" said the boarding house lady at Sunday dinner. "It must be very tender, you do it so easily."

"You think so!" replied the carver, stoping for breath. "You see this kind of work comes easy to me. I'm a stone carver."

It so quiet that you could have heard a gum drop.

Mistress—I dislike to find fault, Jane; but you must not have so much company in the kitchen.

Jane—That's just what I was thinking mysetf, mum. The kitchen is too small, mum.

Mistress—Well, I should say so.

Jane—Yes, mum; but what can I do, mum? The evenings is getting cool, mum, and there ain't no heat in the parlor.

Boston school-class in history:

Teacher—"Johnnie, what was the most notable ship that ever landed on the New England coast?"

"The Mayflower, sir,"

"Right, my bright little man. Now, Willie, what noble idea was brought over in the Mayflower?"

"Pork and beans, sir."

"What makes you look so disgusted, Sharp?" asked one young lawyer of another, the other day?"

"Why, you know that old skinflint, Jones, don't you!"

"The millionaire? Yes."

"Well, he died yesterday, without making a will, and here are half the lawyers in town starving to death. His heirs will probably get every cent, the confounded old hunks."

First Thief—"You're a lucky dog. I didn't expect to see you out so soon. So the jury didn't convict you?"

Second Thief—"No."

"And yet there you stood before them with the stolen money in your pocket. It's lucky they didn't search you."

"They did."

"They did? Then didn't they find it?"

"No. I didn't have it."

"Why, what had you done with it?"

"Paid it to my lawyer."

Jas. Shannon, Leaskdale, writies: For many years my wife was troubled with chilblains, and could get no relief until about two years ago; she was then not able to walk, and the pain was then so excruciating that she could not sleep at night. Your agent was then on his regular trip, and she asked him if he could cure her. He told her Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil was a sure cure. She tried it, and judge of her astonishment when in a few days, the pain was all allayed and the foot restored to its natural condition. It is also the best remedy for burns and bruises I ever used.

A rich man was approached on the street and asked to contribute to a charitable purpose. He declined on the plea of hard times.

Just then a third party appeared. He was a newspaper reporter.

"Are you meeting with much success?" he inquired of the collector.

"I am doing splendidly," was the reply; "just look at that list of names."

"May I make a copy of it for publication."

"Certainly."

"I guess you may put me down for say $50." whispered the rich man.—"

A newly married New York lady rebuked her husband in the following terms:

"Before we were married, George, you used to call and see me every evening, Now you go off to your club and get drunk. You have entirely a different mode of life now from what you had then."

"No, Emiline, my mode of life is not changed, only I have reversed things. Before I was married I used to call around in the evening to see you and I went to the club room and got tight, but now I go to the club room first, and get tight, and then I come to see you."

A Step in the Right Direction.

We are much gratified to learn, from an authentic source, that the Board of Cavalry Equipment of the United States Army, comprising experienced and able Cavalry officers, has concluded to recommend for exclusive use in the Service, the Specific Veterinary Medicines made by the Humphreys' Medicine Company. This determination has been arrived at only after a most thorough and exhaustive examination of the subject. The above Board of officers, in the line of duty, applied to this Company for information upon the subject more especially referring to two points—the relative loss of stock and the cost of treatment. The Humphreys' Company simply referred the Board to various horse horse railroad, express and other large stock owners for information, and the result of the inquiry was such that the Board has recommended these specifics and the recommendation has been approved by the Quarter-Master General and the General of the Army, and the Specifics are being duly issued to the various Cavalry Regi